G'Bes

POCAHONTAS COUNTY BICENTENNIAL

Vol. 1

G.L. VAUGHAN

POCAHONTAS COUNTY BICENTENNIAL

all of us Rillbillies that were born-

POCAHONTAS IN APPALACHIA

staffings of Possbontas "THE POCAHONTAS TIMES "

January 1, 1976 to December 31st,1976. With some extra pages from the desk and files of the writer.

our memories backyol. The times of our early of Four. ombers all the wonderful men and

1St. Book for writer.

2nd. Book for Editor Times.

3rd. Book for Process. ANNA FISHER.

4th. Book for Meade Waugh's Family collection. om dur elders on survival in

Note: It is expected that I might collect Four books this Bicentennial year and distribute as above. Poin Ribe For, Galvin Tarice, U.D. McKelll, Ro.

Manureson, Er. C.J. Binterdami, (2) Smiley school Glen L. Vaughan Lt. U.S.N. (Ret). 400 Melvin Avenue Annapolis, Md.
21401 promis too - as there were many who were always

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POCAHONTAS IN APPALACHIA

All of us Hillbillies that were born and grew up on the ridges, in the valleys, hills and hollows, the Greenbrier Valley and river - especially in the confines of Pocahontas County can never forget the states Magazine, "Wonderful West Virginia, Almost Heaven",

All the scenes and views of their early teenage years and on through manhood. There is something wonderful there that forever brings our memories back to the times of our early years.

One remembers all the wonderful men and women who helped us over the rough spots, our Sunday School teachers, Graded and High School teachers and staff.

Especially us young teenagers who needed advise and help from our elders on survival in the woods on hunting and camping trips. Many of these men will be mentioned in detail later in this set of books.

Men like Mr. Calvin Price, G.D. McNeill, Ed. Richardson, Mr. C.J.Richardson, (My Sunday school Teacher), Mr. Ira Brill, Ed. Moore. S.N. Hench. Clawson McNeill, Dr. O.H. Kee, J.W. Yeager, Dr. Norman Price, Mr. David Lang. J. Buckley and his Brother Ralph. These and many more that will come to mind during the coming months. There will be women too - as there were many who were always ready to help young people.

Some present day writers write that us mountain people always have to be ready to prove to our neighbors and those on the outside that we are capable in our chosen fields - my way of thinking is that all we have to prove is to ourselves that we can stand on our own feet. Believe in yourself is all thats needed.



This is a picture of the Boy Scout Troop in the 1917 Fourth of July Parade.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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THURSDAY, FEB. 12, 1976

Donation

Lt. USN (Ret.) Glen L. Vaughan has sent to us a thick notebook filled with copies of his large historical collection of papers concerning the Waugh family, things relating to Pocahontas County, and items connected with his long and honorable service in the U. S. Navy. These will go in the Pocahontas County Historical Museum.

He is preparing to make an additional donation of books to the Pocahontas I County High School library

We have a 1922 Oddfellows picture Mr. Vaughan sent that needs some people identified. If someone is familiar with those people, please come in and help us.

As we were glancing through the book our eyes found this item which is appropriate for Boy Scout week

"When I was thirteen Mr. Calvin Price (we never called him Cal like every one else) and Mr. Douglas McNeill organized Pocahontas County's first Boy Scout troop. I belonged to the Beaver Patrol along with Denny Lynch, Guy Yeager, Clark Carter, Walter Mason, Winfield Hobart, Charlie Camper, Lawrence Kennison. We met in the basement of the Presbyterian Church weekly and one of our first tasks was to earn the money for our outfits, uniforms, handbook, knife, etc., all this came to the grand total of \$12.75. All of our field trips and camping expeditions up and down the river were on foot." (Ed. This must have been 1915.)

TIMES

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EDITOR

2, 1976

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Marlinton Graded School 1907 - 1914

I started in the Marlinton Graded School in the fall atered at the Post Office at Mar-term of 1907. The first few sees, West Virginia 24954, as weeks (2-5) of the first grade were held in the dining room of the old Creek bank across the JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR street from the Methodist THURSDAY, NOV. 20, 1975 Church. Then we transferred to the new building without its outdoor plumb-The First Grade teacher was Miss Anna Wallace; many, many people of Marlinton owe their start to this great teacher. This was the second room on the left going in, at the bottom of the stairway leading to the second floor.

1908 and across the hall to the Second Grade to a Miss Beckett, a small, stout lady but a good teacher.

1909 the Third Gradefirst room to the right on entering, teacher was Miss Sally Cromwell, whose father was also a teacher. She was married around 1911 or 1912. The Cromwells lived in the Andy Thomas house on Lower Camden Avenue, across the street from where Clyde Moore lived.

1910 and across the hall to the Fourth Grade which was taught by Miss Anna Lee Ervine, a sister-in-law of Dr. Kramer, the dentist. Miss Irvine was a fine teacher but strict.

1911, upstairs to the Fifth Grade, first room at the left of the stairs and Miss Catherine Ervine, one of my best teachers, so far. Miss Ervine had classes one night a week in her home for the pupils that needed help. Miss Ervine started me off on history research and geography.

1912-1913-1914, the auditorium had been divided into two or three rooms by then and three years in these two rooms with teachers: Mr. Elliot Smith (son of Grant Smith); Mrs. Faith Baxter, who I believe was a widow in her early thirties, and both rooms were supervised by the great "George Douglas Mc Neill." Mr. Elliot handed out the punishments and many were the students that had to attend school in the Methodist Church, taught by Rev. Bean and later by Rev. Keen, father of Clark, William and Ruth.

Much later when the High School was built, the Eighth Grade was held there with Miss Sudie Chambers, from Kentucky, as teacher.

Just a note to Mrs. Ward's article-Miss Minnie Jane Merrell was also head football coach as well as principal. She won a few games, too.

Lieut. Glen L. Vaughan, U. S. Navy (Ret.)

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THURSDAY, JAN. 22, 1976

Pioneer Days-July 9-11, '76

Madam Editor of the Pocahontas Times!

I have been so happy to see the historical sketches in the Times, especially regarding the Marlinton Graded School and the reference I found to my mother in Ret. Navy Lt. Glen Vaughan's letter: "1908 and across the hall to the Second Grade to a Miss Beckett, a small, stout lady but a good teacher."

My mother died when I was very young, but her pictures always showed her to be small and slender, with curly black hair... which I deeply regretted I didn't inherit. I've wondered who in Pocahontas County still living might have gone to school to her, or remembers her.

I've met one of her students: Pleas Richardson (Mrs. Roy Campbell of Huntington) had my mother as her third grade teacher, and went home with her to Pickaway in Monroe County for a visit during summer vacation. What a thrill it was to hear a firsthand account of her these many years later, from Mrs. Campbell who also told me of meeting my mother's beau that summer. He later became my father. I was pleased Mrs. Campbell had thought my

mother was so pretty. I walked into C. J. Richardson's Hardware Store about four years ago and asked Mr. Charles if he remembered my father-Mr. Bob Steele from Alderson who sold V-C fertilizer through southern W. Va.... and into Pocahontas Co. He replied, "Your mother... she stayed with us the two years she taught in Malinton...in the house that's now the Pocahontas Co. Museum.

Several people, even in the Historical Society, told me that was a mistake—the Richardson's house was next door...they didn't know that the Richardsons lived in the Museum house while their present home was being built.

My mother's only sister, now 87, living in Dayton, told me mother rode the train from Ronceverte to Marlinton...and taught in the new school building there.

Some of you know how I wished that old building could have been preserved as a historic landmark, useful as a community center or for shops, farmers' market or business offices, continuing Marlinton's beautiful old red brick distinctiveness. It's gone now. We'll have to rely on word pictures for the past, and thanks to Lt. Vaughan for his contribution.

Virginia Steele
(Teacher of Homebound and Hospitalized Students, Kg through 12th grade, Berkeley, California, and trying to get back to Pocahontas County)

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OCT. 30, 1975



I read with interest recollec-"Miss Pearl's" tions of the Marlinton Grade School. I'm sure that by now someone has remembered that Mr. B. B. Williams was a principal prior to Mr. Grant Smith, Mr. Williams was in charge in 1919. He was my first principal and he made quite an impression on me my first day of school. Grant Smith was my last principal. There may have been one or more in between, I can't recall. I am looking forward to Miss Nancy's article.

Best Wishes, Meade L. Waugh Marlinton Graded School

The Marlinton Graded School brick building was erected in 1906 and last week the ground was leveled after the building had been torn down by Tom Pritt.

We have been trying to get the history of the school. Pearl Carter Ward was a student in the "new" school and we asked her to remember all she could.

Nancy McNeel Currence, always a good source of information, has jotted down all the things she remembers and was told about Marlinton School.

From Mrs. Ward:

The first schoolhouse in Marlinton was a one-room building on the bank of Knapps Creek, about where the old Wimer building stood. Mr. John S. Moore, father of Mrs. Mabel Hudson, Mrs. Majorie Roberts and the late Mrs. Lura M. Brill and Clyde Moore, was teacher.

Mrs. Grace (Andrew)
Price conducted a private
school in her home. She
had two daughters, Margaret and Agnes, whom she
was teaching. With her two
daughters, she added six
others to her group: Pauline Schumaker, Katherine
Irvine, Arden Killingsworth, Gertrude Wilson,
Pearl Carter, and another
girl.

When the Marlinton Graded School was built, comprising of six rooms and one large auditorium reaching across the front of the building on the second floor—stage facing the hill, the one room school was closed and Mrs. Price discontinued her classes. All these pupils entered the Marlinton Grade School.

Some of the early teachers were Miss Anna Wallace, a Mrs. Johnson, wife of supervisor at the Tannery, Miss Sallie Wilson, a Mr. Chapman, Miss Virginia Shields, Mr. Lanty Moore, Mrs. Nora Burns, Miss Anna Sullivan.

Principals were: Mr. L. W. Burns, 1907—1912; Mr. A. D. Givens, 1912—1913; Mr. C. B. Cornwell, 1913—1915; Mr. T. M. Martin, 1915—1916.

Miss Minnie Jane Merrels was principal while
high school classes were
held in the Court House
and probably was principal
of Graded School also. If
anyone knows of another
principal before Grant
Smith, please let us know.

After Grant Smith was William Smith, then J. Z. Johnson, N. E. Whitman, Alice Waugh, and Robert Keesee at the present time.

E. D. King was the builder of the Marlinton School Building in 1906. The Board of Education president, A. E. Smith, J. E. Barlow, J. H. Patterson,

secretary.

Mr. L. W. Burns and Miss Blanche Smith taught subjects required for two years high school. These classes were held in the auditorium. Desks were arranged on the stage for classes, then removed for any type of entertainment. Among those students were Paul Overholt, Arden Killingsworth, Charles Richardson, Pauline Schumaker, Katherine Irvine, Wilbur Sharp, and Grace Sheets.

In 1914, the auditorium was replaced by three classrooms. Mr. Cornwell conducted high school classes. Miss Lucille McClintic taught languages.

At the end of the two year course, those whose parents were financially able sent their sons and daughters to various col-

leges.

In the spring of 1916, four students, Amy Burns, Joe Burns, Pearl Carter and Clyde East, were graduated from a three-year high school course, the first graduating class from Marlinton High School as well as the last.

In the spring of 1916, a bond was floated to build the Edray District High School Only one of the four graduates, Pearl Carter, was left to enter the fourth year offered by the new school. (Amy began teaching, Joe entered the seminary to study for the ministry, and Clyde had finished school.)

In the fall of 1916, Miss Minnie Jane Merrills assumed the principalship of the high school. School was conducted in the County Court House. During terms of court classes were held in the basement of the Marlinton Presbyterian Church.

Classes were conducted in 1916-1917 by Miss Merrills, Miss Dorothy Guy,

and a Mr. Harvey.

Two graduates emerged in May 1917, Pearl Carter and William D. Keene, the son of the Methodist minister. These were the first two graduates from Edray District High School.

Prior to the one-room school a private school for the family of Mr. Andrew McLaughlin was conducted in the McLaughlin home which is now the apartment property of the late Arden Killingsworth. Miss Anna Wallace was the private teacher. There were one or two other students besides the McLaughlin family—the late Mrs. Lena Moore Baxter and Mrs. Levia Gibson Carter.

Son Carter.
Next we will print Mrs.
Currence's recollections.

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, NOV. 6, 1975

Pioneer Days -July 9-11, '76

From Mrs. Currence: In 1890 Col. John T. McGraw, of Grafton, purchased farms known as Marlins Bottom for the He was a town site. promoter and it is interesting to read of the fight to move the County seat from Huntersville to Marlinton. They didn't know whether the B&O or the C&O would

go through Marlinton. 1891. Town laid off in

lots.

1900. Town incorporated and Andrew Price first mayor.

1900, C&O train.

1899, First bank-Bank of Marlinton.

1880, First school established in Price Hollow, on land given by Andrew Mc-McLaughlins, Laughlin. Moores, Kees, Prices and Johnsons attended the school. Some of the teachers in that school were: Judge George W. McClintic, Dr. William T. Price. Montgomery Matthews, Miss Emma Warwick, J. W. Price, John McLaughlin John S. Moore, Uriah Bird, and Charles Cook. (Charles Cook was a graduate of Brown University and came south during Civil War as one of Mosby's Men and married in Edray.) Teachers received \$18 to \$25 per month for a three or four month school. School was often held in summer months,

Early 1900's, the "new school" was built and was the building across from the Marlinton United Methodist Church which was recently torn down.

1897, \$2,759 paid all the teachers in the District.

Among the teachers in this school were: Mrs. Verdie B. Mann, Mrs. Rella F. Yeager, Dora Brownlee, Annie V. King, J. E. Tipton (Washington and Lee graduate), Horace Lockridge, John Sydenstricker, Mary Frances McNulty (Mother of Nancy Currence), T. D. Moore, Davis Barlow, Sallie W. Wilson, and Judge Summers H. Sharp.

1890-91, A. M. Byrd established a school to teach advanced studies. He ran it like a military school and they used Confederate uniforms and muskets in their drills. It was in the old Harlow Waugh building that used to be near the river bridge across

from the Hospital.

1906, Brick Marlinton Graded School was built.

1907, L. W. Burns established first High School. Two year course. This was held in the old Marlinton Graded School auditorium. The auditorium at that time was the two front rooms on the second floor: the stage was on the side toward the hill. The two teachers were L. W. Burns and Miss Blanche Smith (Mrs. S. R. Neel). Mr. Burns was paid \$125 and Miss Smith \$50. so Mr. Burns paid her \$15 extra out of his salary. The next year the Board paid her \$75. (Mrs. S. R. Neel told this to Nancy Currence many years ago.)

the count was with live STATE OF BUILDING Principals of High School were L. W. Burns, A. D. Givens, of Parkersburg, one year, C. B. Cornwell, of Jackson County. In 1914 T. M. Martin, of Martinsburg, was principal and he left to join the army. Miss Minnie Jane Merrells, of Buckhannon, V. G. Emory, Wheeling, C. J. Ramsey, G. D. McNeill, H. A. Yeager, Fred Smith, who was also principal of the new Pocahontas County High School.

Teachers in the High School included Miss Elizabeth Roads, Miss Thea Seymour, Miss Lillian Louks, Ethel Shugrow, who taught music for \$20; she was from Ronceverte and gave private lessons, too; Miss Guseman, Home Economics, and Miss Emma Myers, Commerce.

1916, Citizens voted 359 to 188 to build a new high school, cost not to exceed \$10,000. During this time, high school classes were held in the Court House.

1916, First graduate. 1926. New addition to High School built, \$40,000.

At one time, a dormitory for female students and teachers was planned but didn't get past the discussion period.



farfrates, W. Va. (New School Buffilling.)

Elliot Smith was principal of Marlinton Graded School during World War I, then T. E. Walker for one year and then Grant Smith, Mrs. Lena Kennedy tells

T. E. Walker was principal of Marlinton Graded School in 1920-21, the year before Grant Smith became principal, according to Mrs. S.H. Barlow.

More History

I was reading in the Times about the School Building being torn down. I have some recollections of that myself.

First I went to the School in the building over near the Creek to Miss Georgia Shearer, then to Miss Sallie Wilson; I remember that so well-she used a ruler on my hand. Also Davis Barlow and Summers Sharp taught there.

I also remember when some of the boys from the west side set tacks in Mr. Barlow's chair.

I went to school to Miss Virginia Shields in 1910, and finished Free School under Mr. Moore. There were 23 girls and 3 boys in the class: a boy- I don't remember, Clyde East and myself, solf falmonist

I have been thinking of, adding a little to the writethe officers in 1900.

Mother had a flock of geese that she brought down from the Big Spring property, that is where the upper fish hatchery now is.

Police Anderson's first act of policing was to take the geese to the lockup, and Mom told him he could keep them; the next morning the geese were home.

While I am in the mood I have been thinking about a story about some man you mentioned a while back seeing a panther on Gauley Mountain.

In 1905 or 1906 Mr. Brown Yeager went to my Dad to get a rig to haul a surveying crew to near Slatyfork, to survey Gauley Mountain for West Virginia Pulp and Paper Company. Dad had no drivers available, so he put the crew and supplies in a 3 seat rig and put me in as driver. We went to the run that goes off 219 to Sharps Knob, went to the head of the hollow, pitched camp, and about 9 p.m. a panther came down and put on a screaming show that stood my hair on end, and a colored cook was whiter than snow; the horses charged and snorted until one of the men had to get out and hold them.

Next morning I was so glad to get out of there; they got me hooked up and started; I went down to the river, had to make a short turn right to get up in to the road; there I upset the rig. tied the horses to a bush, walked back and got the men to get me into the road.

Jane, I am convinced there are no panthers in these mountains now, as I have driven all of them at all hours, and there are hundreds of people camping in every hollow in all the woods in the State. Have never heard of a panther screaming that any one ever mentioned.

Four of us kids went to Tea Creek fishing in 1910 or 12 and lay out one night. A panther came off the mountain and gave us a concert, we yelled, threw fire sticks, shot up a box of 22 short shells, and never slept, but moved fast the first sign of light.

Claude E. McLaughlin 211 Church Street Lewisburg West Virginia 24901

Recourd Harrison, of At lantic City, was here this week to visit his cousin, Mrs. Paul Overholt. He stopped by the Times Office and we had a most interesting talk. His father, A. M. Harrison, had a general department store beside the Royal Drug Store and old Bank of Marlinton. The store was destroyed by fire in 1902 when most of Marlinton burned, then was rebuilt, and they sold out to Kleins in 1909, and this was later Schuchats Store. The elder Mr. Harrison worked for Paul Golden, who was his brother-in-law, for six months before he opened his own store. Bernard Harrison has two brothers and a sister who were born in Marlinton. Mr. Harrison himself was born in Baltimore; he attended school in the home of Mrs. Andrew Price and then in the school by the creek. He remembers a mouse running around in the school by the creek with Mr. John Moore teacher, and also the stage curtain catching fire at a Christmas program in the 'new" Graded School.

Your editorial in June 26 Times was very interesting. My mother, Mrs. Ada Grimes, of Huntersville, gave the Bradshaw Bible to William T. Price several years ago when he was writing the history of the County residents. Bradshaw's daughter, Mrs. Samuel Hogsett, was my great-great-grandmother, the mother of Renick Hogsett, of Huntersville, who still owned two farms on Browns Creek, formerly owned by his grandfather Bradshaw; the land around Huntersville and on Browns Creek for many years was owned by Bradshaw's relatives, Moores and Mc-Laughlins. I am 73 years old now, but when I was a kid almost everyone I knew was a cousin. Charlie Moore, our nearest neighbor on Browns Creek, married a tiny woman who gave him fourteen children; three of his daughters were the only school teachers I ever had (Grace, Beulah and Madge). In those days we never had any newcomers to the community of farmers. I am surprised and distressed at the crime reported in the Pocahontas Times, now. In the old days nobody locked their doors. The only stealing I ever heard of was shortly after my folks had made their cane molasses; some one took a gallon or so from the cellar. Mother was very distressed, not by the loss but by the fact the part they stole was to be improved by more boiling; if she gave anyone anything or if they stole it she wanted it to be the best.

Estator of Pocusion of these

The old schoolhouse on Browns Creek (now probably gone) was the scene of many revivals. The old time Methodists were strict, but nosiy, when the shouthing began. Lamps were hanging from nails in the wells and candle flies or moths were having a field

discount to the second one old preacher who yelled county. and threw his arms like was not a church man; crazy, got choked on one; he vomited on the pulpit. My father who was also a Methodist minister, was sitting on the pulpit. I asked him after we returned home why he did not laugh like everyone else; he said, "You laughed enough for During the us both." confusion my sister played the organ (a foot pump type), asked the choir to sing and eventually everything got back to normal. In those days we children were not allowed to go any place except church. My grandfather, once a year, sneaked me to Marlinton to a circus; he loved the clowns (and the oranges which could only be bought on trains and at the circus). return home, and many the wonders of all the prayers were offered for beautiful caverns in Virginour sins. I loved the circus ia. as any nine year old would. necklaces and other trinkand picked up the neigh-Marlinton. One of the the conversations after Joe Buzzard joined us riding his mule. He was a great church man and political Falls Church, Va ambitions had acquainted Thursday Nov. 18 41 5

My grandfather although his brother, Wellington Hogsett, who lived at Mill Point, was a preacher, grandfather did not believe in anything he couldn't see, and didn't believe in some things he could see. He was never convinced the first airplane that crossed the mountains near his home in those early years was carrying the mail. He saw the dust storms after the first World War but he never believed they were coming thousands of miles from the wheat fields of the West. He never believed there were caverns that people could walk in. He lived to be almost 90 years old. I regret now that I did not take him to Front Royal We were in disgrace on our Virginia, and let him see

NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE

I am a widow now, I live I came home with seashell with my daughter who works for NBC in broadets (no dime stores any- casting here in Washingwhere then). We went in a ton, D. C. My other road wagon, took our lunch, daughter is a supervisor with Allegheny Airlines at bors and their children as Washington National Airwe drove the ten miles to port, and my son has 2 music stores and sells highlights of the trip was Hammond organs and pianos.

> Vera Ritchie 7423 Allan Ave.

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THURSDAY, DEC. 4, 1975

Pioneer Days-July 9-11, '76

County History

We got started on Marlinton school history, then came the opera house, and this week we have some more recollections.

One of the Bicentennial Committee's projects is to bring Pocahontas County history up to date. We ask that every community gather together what history has been written and bring it up to date. We will print it in parts as you seek to get it or when it is finished.

This is a history of Marlinton printed in the Pocahontas Times in 1923.

First Things in Marlinton

The first settler was Jacob Marlin, and from him the town got its name. He was here in 1749, and nobody knows how much earlier. The place was first called Marlins Bottom. Changed in 1887 to Marlinton at the request of a Mrs. Skyles who moved here from Baltimore and who objected to the word Bottom as not being a nice word. The old timers were horrified when they found that the name had been changed on them over night, so to speak, but the damage was done, and all appeals to Congress failed to undo the harm. The lady soon afterwards moved away but she left us christoned with a new name.

About twenty years ago the town almost unanimously petitioned Washington to change the name to MeGraw. This change of name was refused because there was a postoffice in West Virginia by the name of McGraws. And so the name continues to be Marlinton, and it would be a bold bad citizen who would suggest a change of name now that a large and important town has developed under it, and has succeeded in acquiring more "good will" than any of the important centers of West Virginia.

The first court that I know of being held here was under an oak tree on the west side of the river above the bridge by Squire G.M. Kee. The first lawyer ever heard plead in Marinton was F. J. Snyder, a noted lawyer who lived in Huntersville. And he was opposed that day by L. M. McClintic, who is still with us, and who was just starting on his professional career.

The first term of the Circuit Court was held in June or October, 1893. The election to move the county seat from Huntersville to Marlinton was held in the fall of 1891, and a building at the corner of Fourth Avenue and Ninth Street was erected which is still called the Temporary Court house. The judge was Judge A. N. Campbell, of

Directly formation in

Monroe county. He was a great lawyer. He was of commanding appearance. Over six feet tall, with a heavy black beard. He weighed three hundred and fifteen pounds.

The first sheriff of the county lived here, Major William Poage. His house was near Eleventh Street on Camden Avenue. In this house was born James A. Moffett, who was in his lifetime the president of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana. The first postmaster was James Ataly Price. The first student to go to college from this place was the late Rev. Wm. T. Price, A.B., A.M., D.D., who was born here in 1830, and who departed this life here at the age of ninety-one years.

The first recorded land title was 480 acres taking in a great part of the level land which dates from a survey made in 1751, by Gen. Andrew Lewis. This land is mentioned in his will as being at the mouth of Ewings Creek, by which name Knapps Creek was first known. Too much cannot be made of this fact that Gen. Andrew Lewis owned the heart of this town from 1751 to his death some thirty years afterwards. He was a great general of the Revolutionary War, and George Washington was his fidus Achates. In those early days of Washington's life, there can be no doubt that this was one of his most familiar haunts.

The first bank to be established was the Bank of Marinton, followed in a few weeks by the Pocahontas Bank, which afterwards became the First National:

The first newspaper was
The Times. The first store
was opened by J. R. Apperson in a house now occupied as a dwelling which
stands directly opposite the
entrance of the bridge on
the west side of the river.

The first business of any kind established here was a combined sawmill and carding mill built by James A. Price before the Civil war and which was located in the low place called the slough along the boulevard leading to Campbelltown, just opposite the home of

A. C. Pifer.

It was run by water power, and the water came from Stony Creek. An effort to augment this power by water from the Greenbrier River from an intake just below the mouth of Stony Creek failed, and the plant itself was washed away in the flood of 1877, which is the highest water of which there is any authentic rec-

ord. This mill was in charge of a man by the name of James E. A. Gibbs, who was a man of the tenant class, and who barely made a living for himself and a large family. In fact the main remembrance that the older people had of the family was the struggle that they had to keep from starving. It was during this time that Gibbs was working on his model for a sewing machine. He fashioned a working model out of wood from a laurel root. which developed the idea of the chain stitch sewing machine, which entitles him to the claim of being an inventor of first order. The lock stitch idea was advertised some few years earlier, but it did not entitle the inventor to the distinction of being the inventor of the sewing machine, for the people of this vicinity know the Gibbs' idea antedated the lock stitch, and was on a different idea. Gibbs carried his invention to the north and formed a partnership with a mechanic by the name of Wilcox, and the manufacture of the machines began. Gibbs returned home, the Civil war broke out, the Gibbs family starved almost and at the end of five years Gibbs got back to Delaware, and found that Wilcox was turning out sewing machines at a great rate, and that the share of Gibbs had been put to his credit regularly in a bank, and from that time Gibbs was rich. In the nineties Gibbs came back for several visits. He was a very tall man-about six feet and seven inches, think, wore a silk hat, and had the biggest nose that I ever saw on a human being. He said at that time he had taken out some one hundred and sixty three patents. The Wilcox & Gibbs sewing machine is still one of the standard machines offered to the public, and I believe it is considered the very best for heavy sewing, such as leather. I am not sure about this.

One of the earliest stores was opened by Paul Golden who is still with us though not in the mercantile business. A sign that he had painted on the store in his early days caused some hilarity among the nations in the world. It read: "Go no farther to be Cheated." The language is loose and capable of two constructions. Anyway it has the right to be grouped under the head of Commercial Candor.

The first school of which there is any authentic record was opened in a log cabin that stood near Riverside. It closed after a session or two. It was a private enterprise. There must have been some school earlier than that for one of the fields on Stony Creek has always been called the School House Meadow. Up to the eighties, the nearest school was Huntersville. In the eighties, the free school system having been established, a one room frame building was put up on the Price Run where the house of William Stewart now stands. Miss Emma Warwick, Judge Geo. W. McClintic, County Superintendent, W. M. Mathews, Rev. Dr. Price, Squire Charles Cook, from Rhode Island, were some of the noted persons who taught in that little school house. The next school was a two room building, still standing, as the Ira Irvine building on the banks of t Knapps Creek. The next was the present graded school building, a substantial brick, which has become too small though augmented by a still finer high school property. We had a great time building that eight roomed brick graded school, and there were many that predicted that there never would be a time when there was need of one half such a building. In fact even in that comparative recent time, it was very

TWO LINES MISSING.

The first teacher's institute was held in 1886 in the Presbyterian Church. The first church built was the Presbyterian church on the site of the present building. The first resident judge of the court, Judge S. H. Sharp. The first mayor of the town, Andrew Price. The first state senator, N. C. McNeil. The first Presidential Elector, Col. O. H. Kee. The first delegate to the legislature, L. M. Mc Clintic. The first member of the county court, Dr. N. R. Price. The first chief of police, J. A. Sharp.

The first train to arrive at Marlinton was in the year 1900, on the completion of the track laying to this point. It was made a public ceremony and some thousands gathered here and they barbecued beef and had a celebration. They told at Ronceverte that night that when the train got here that the great crowd gathered around the locomotive, and that the engineer requested them to give him room to turn his train around and that they cleared a space of some acres. It was not true. Not even an original lie. Only a localized anecdote.

But for excitement over first events let me refer you to the first jail delivery, when Armstrong and Cumberland got out of jail at dusk one evening in the nineties. The jail had been completed and it was the modern idea of a strong jail, and it was confidently expected that it would hold anybody. The county had suffered a series of bold robberies, and suspicion had attached to Alex Armstrong, an intelligent colored man, a native of this county, who had removed to an Ohio town. It was thought that he raided this county regularly, and that he would come to the nearest railroad station, and make a quick trip into the county and return with his booty. This belief was so sure that the authorities waited and watched for him to return, and he showed up one winter day travelling incognito with a big burly strange negro. R. K. Burns arrested them and they were indicted and afterwards convicted of the robbery of Capt. A. M. Edgar, held up at the point of a revolver in his own house after nightfall.

They lulled the jailer into a sense of security and when they got between him and the door of the cage, they shut the door and left and got away. A large force of volunteers assembled in an hour or so and patrolled the roads all night, and found nothing. But the elements warred against the fugitives. It was summer time, but the night saw one of the heaviest rainfalls that this country ever experienced. The accused travelled many miles that night but they lost their way and daylight found them about two miles from town. They had wandered all night, confused by the great tempest and the network of streams. They were exhausted. They took cover in the old Hamlin Chapel, on Stony Creek. They got as far as Laurel Creek about ten miles from Marlinton and surrendered to a volunteer posse and were brought in. They were pretty well starved.

Some of us old residenters have never had a residence in any other town or city. And we feel that the only way that you can really know a town is to see it built. With the exception of the toll house and the McLaughlin house, I have seen every house built in this town. If I have not overlooked some odd house or two in a hasty mental survey, Yes a part of the B. M. Yeager house is older than that. That is a good deal to say for a town as substantial as Marlinton, with its court-house, bank buildings, school buildings, and churches. Especially the Methodist church now in the course of erection which will be one of the notable buildings of the

State I often think of one of my boy friends many years ago saying that he had had a dream. That he seemed on top of Elk Mountain looking down over Marlins Bottom, and the bottom appeared to be roofed over. That is one dream that has come to

pass.

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POCAHONTAS TIMES

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, JAN. 15, 1970

Reprinted from November 1934 Times

Green Bank Land Grants

Green Bank, W. Va. October 23, 1934

Dear Cal:

Some time ago you asked me to write you a list or something concerning the original patents or land grants of the Green Bank community; I have forgotten which particular grants you mentioned, but, however, I will give you a list of the original Land Grants that are adjacent, and contiguous, and run with common lines, and are situated on the waters of the North Fork and Deer Creek, and should figure largely in the local history of the Green Bank community.

We don't know the exact date, but sometime long before the Revolutionary War, a dauntless band of pioneers possessed of adventurous spirits

lett. Thursday Dobes

crossed the Allegheny Mountains and from the summit of one of the loftiest peaks, where until then the foot of a white man had never trod, they view ed the vast expanse of the level land and forest of the Deer Creek Valley: returning probably to quaint old Williamsburg, they told of the wonderful discovered country which is now the Green Bank com munity, and thus opened the way for the venturesome pioneer who was destined to over come difficulties and build homes in the Deer Creek Val-But several years had passed when one day abou 1765, the figure of a stalwart, broad-shouldered man could have been seen standing top of the wild and rugged knoll, which reach its rocky bluff high above the North Fork Creek a short distance east of the junction of the North Fork and Deer Creek He no doubt was alone save for the companionship of a long rifle which he leaned upon as he contemplated the glorious scenes that stretched before him, as he forecast the future of the beautiful landscape. This lone pioneer was John Warwick. was one of those daring men who, as the tide of emigration started westward, had left his friends and family and after many days of hunting and exploring, reached the junction of North Fork and Deer Creek

The scene so impressed John Warwick that he concluded to build a home and found a settle ment on the waters of Deer Creek. After taking a tomahawk right or possession, which consisted of blazing a few trees and building a rude shack, he set out for his home in East Virginia to tell his people of the magnificent country he had discovered.

In fire from the enemy. The white oak walls bristled with post holes and surrounded by a stockade fence presented an almost impregnable defense. This fort was used as a home for some of the settlers who often lived for weeks inside its walls.

For many years it remained a famous Fort on the frontier, having withstood several In-

Immediately with his three sons, Andrew, John, Jr., and William, he persuaded a large number of settlers to accompany him to the Deer Creek Val ley; the country through which they passed was one tangled almost impenetrable forest; the ax of the pioneer was never sounded in this region where every mile of the way might harbor some danger from the Indians; these pioneers knew not the meaning of fear; the war whoop of the Indians and the twang of the bow and arrow were familiar sounds to them. The old pole ax wielded by strong arms soon cleared some land and reared stout log cabins within the radius of three or four miles. Then new settlers moved in and the settle ment began to grow and flourish, and the Red men began to be troublesome; some settlers were shot, and bands of hostile Indians prowled around and made it very dangerous.

An attack from the Indians was apprehended and the settlers determined to build a Fort as a defense for the infant settlement which was planned by Jacob Warwick and named for him, but was built by the people of the community; as a rule the old Indian Forts were built in the shape of a parallelo gram. Peter Warwick told me that his grandfather said this fort was in circular form, and that the roof was covered with sods and dirt to prevent fire from the enemy. The white oak walls bristled with post holes and surrounded by a stockade fence presented an alimpregnable defense. most This fort was used as a home for some of the settlers who

For many years it remained a famous Fort on the frontier, having withstood several Indian attacks. The fort was situated in the forks of North Fork and Deer Creek on an elevation of ground that com-

manded a fine view of the surrounding country; now in west end of a field of F. H. Warwick; Mr. Warwick told me he had hauled several wagon loads of rock from the foundation and chimney of the old Fort.

The month of June 1780 must have been a very busy time for the early settlers of the Green Bank Community, due to the fact that they were surveying out their lands to secure grants or patents. It appears that there had been no surveying done prior to the Revolutionary War, June 7, 1780, is the date of the first sur vey as shown in the Augusta Grant Book No. 1, in the Auditors Office at Charleston, which was made for Jacob War wick for 340 acres, June 8, 1780, James McCartee, 215 ere: June 9, 1780, William Nottingham, 300 acres. June 10, 1780. James Rucker, 361 acres June 11, 1780, James Rucker, Jr., 345 acres June 12, 1780, Jacob Gillispie 400 acres; June 12, 1780, Thomas Jarvis, 400 acres, June 13, 1780, Thomas Cartmill, 358 acr s. August 8, 1782, William Warwick 900 acres; Abraham Ingram, November 15, 1785, 138 acres. William Taylor, 1785, 230 acres. Godlip Hartman 1795, 313 acres. All these grants are recorded in Augusta County Grant Book No. 1; and Grants issued to James McKamey, James Kerney, John Warwick, Joseph Wooddell, Thomas Coberly, Thomas Wooddell, William Warwick, Daniel Kerr, James Munsen, Benona Griffin and Samuel Tallman are found recorded in Bath County, Book No. 1. This brings us up to 1795, when the speculators and land sharks began to secure grants for large tracts of land in the Allegheny Mountains bordering on the new settlements. which was Bath County at that time. A grant for 44,000 acres was issued to Thomas Wilson in 1795 This tract of land lies between the town of Marlinton, including the town of Dunmore and near the site of the old Cross Road School House below Green Bank and running through the loops of Deer Creek above Cass; most of it being on the East Side of the Greenbrier River. This entire tract was sold for a direct tax being levied by the Federal government, on the 14th day December, 1802, by the United States Marshall for the District of Virginia, and bought by Sampson Matthews for the sum of five dollars and one cent. On November 1, 1817, Sampson Matthews employed Samuel D. Poage to make a division of the 44,000 acre tract, the line to begin at a point on Arthur Grimes land, pass a high point of rocks on Michael Mountain which is about three hundred yards west of the Lookout Tower on he Michael Mountain and passes near the CCC Camps on the Browns Creek road on July 1, 1818, Sampson Matthews conveyed by deed the west end of the survey of 9500 cres to John Moore, Andrew Ervine, James Waugh. Arthur and Charles Grimes. The east end of the tract was d sposed of by the Matthews and Jacob Warwick.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Meeks, of Fredericksburg, Pennsylvania, visited her parents. Mr. and Mrs. Oren Waugh, and her grandmother, Mrs. Maude Waugh, during the holidays. They were omitted from their list of guests in last week's paper.

Fred Smith, Leslie Montgomery and Vearl Haynes were another group that attended the Peach Bowl game in At-

lanta.

POCAHONTAS TIMES (Page 2)

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THURSDAY, FEB. 19, 1976

Pioneer Days -July 9-11, '76

History of Hillsboro Community

(Pocahontas County By Mary Isetta Wallace The town of Hillsboro is located in a rich and beautiful valley. It is two and one-half miles from the nearest railroad station called Seebert and named in honor of a family by that name which settled there in he wilderness in the early lays. Hillsboro was named or Richard Hill, the pioneer from North Carolina, who built his home on a good farm in the neighboring Lobelia. His house was an unusually good one for that age. Simon Girty, the renegade, told that Indians were so impressed with the fine display of the home of Mr. Hill that they called him white man's king.

The house was built of hewed logs, and the space between filled with wood. mortar or mud, and then white washed. It had three porches, two tall chimneys, and eight rooms. Hills Creek was named for Mr. Hill and, because of his sterling worth, "will sing his requiem as long as its waters flow." The creek flows through a narrow channel which increases its velocity until it plunges over a precipice sixty or more feet high forming a perfect spray and creating the beautiful Falls of Hills Cre k

Bruifey's Creek named after the first settler, John Bruffey, son of Patrick Bruffey, the pioneer, revolutionary soldier under General Wayne, unites in time of flood with Hills Creek where their waters sink under Droop Mountain to appear again in the lower end of the Little Levels. Hills Creek forms Locust Creek and empties into the Greenbrier River. Bruffeys Creek forms Hughes Creek and after sinking and partly sinking for two miles, empties into the Blue Hole. Many of the numerous progeny of Richard Hill founded their homes in the Hillsboro Community.

The majority of the people of Hillsboro Community are of Scotch-Irish descent, their chief pursuits being agriculture and stock raising. Many fine herds of cattle and sheep, from time immemorial, have been prepared for the eastern markets and at the present time under the stimulus of our county agent, Mr. H. C. C. Willey, the farmers are becoming thoroughly aroused to the importance

of purebred stock.

As the traveler ascends by an easy climb and gentle undulations the winding road cut on the face of Droop Mountain he beholds a panorama of unsurpassed loveliness when the sun pours his effulgent warmth and brightness over the mountains, plains, valleys and hills as they unite in proclaiming "The Lord reigneth, let the earth rejoice." He also beholds

historic ground, for it was at the foot of Droop Mountain where General Averill with 5000 men pitched their tents before the Battle of Droop Mountain which began on November 6, 1863.

Hillsboro has always been a religious and educational center. John Jordan of pioneer fame gave a building site to the Methodist church which was destroyed by fire and they have since built four other churches in the community and now worship in a very comfortable, commodious building in the town of Hillsboro. In extracts from the journal of Rev. Francis Asbury we find that in the years 1788, 1790 and 1796 he had made three evangelistic tours through this section of the country coming up through Greenbrier County each time and being entertained and preaching at the home of McNeel in the Little Levels, going from there to the Drinnon home where he was received "gladly" and entertained "kindly" in the Edray neighborhood. His course led from there to Cloverlick down through Tygarts Valley in Randolph County enroute to Morgantown. At the McNeel home lively religious discussions were indulged in by the whole community.

Oak Grove Presbyterian Church was organized in the year of 1793. The early records of the Church were lost and no one remembers when it was built. substantial brick structure in which this sect worshipped for many years was later built southeast of Hillsboro, where the cemetery is still kept up. In 1830 the Church was reorganized and Josiah Beard, Davis Poague, and John Jordan were elected elders. most distinguished ministers who served this Church from 1820 to 1872 were Rev. Joseph Brown, Rev. Wm. G. Campbell, Rev. John S. Blain, Rev. Mitchel B. Dunlap, and Rev. D. S. Sydenstricker.

A new church, a frame building, was built in the town of Hillsboro, where the present church is located, in the early ministry of Dr. D. S. Sydenstricker. He was succeeded by the present pastor, Rev. J. C. Johnson. The frame church was torn down in the year of 1910, as it was deemed advisable to repair the old church with a new one. A new brick building occupies the site and bears the name of "Oak Grove Church" in memory of the pioneer church although surrounded by a maple grove. The two prevailing denominations, Methodists and Presbyterians, have been signally blessed in securing ministers of great spiritual vision and consecration, for which is expressed their gratitude and appreciation.

In the early part of the eighteenth century a very important educational work flourished in what was then the village of Hillsboro.

Under the supervision of Rev. Joseph Brown the brick Academy was built and contained one large central room with two wings. The name of Hillsboro was abandoned in deference to that of "Academy," so strong was the impress of the school's influence on the minds and the hearts of the people. In recent years the old name of Hillsboro has been restored to the town.

of Chicago St-Nowl the flow, Symptoms In this feet

M. A. Dunlap of Ponca City, Oklahoma, has contributed some recollections of ante bellum days from his remarkable memory of conversations heard in the home of his uncle, Rev. M. D. Dunlap. He thinks the first teacher ever in Hillsboro community was a man by the name of Keenan who taught more than a hundred years ago. teacher was considered a very learned man from the fact that he could write and read and had figured in the arithmetic as far as the rule of three. The next teacher was Rev. John S. Blain, a Presbyterian preacher, a teacher, and a physician. He is described as a large, lean, strong, man possessed of a kindly face and gentle heart. The description is somewhat contradictory as he is said to have whipped 13 boys the second day of school, 21 the third day, and 5 and 6 each day for about a week. After

that no further trouble was experienced. But the school had an unsavory reputation that had to be disciplined, and he used the means within his power. The wife of Dr. Blain was a Miss MacRoberts. sister of Archibald Mac-Roberts, who made his home with them and told that panthers would sometimes enter their spring house and drink their milk Mr. MacRoberts, whose father was a Randolph of Roanoke and descendant of Pocahontas, was the next teacher. He was well educated and a man of great talents that he used only under compulsion. He was a Whig, and in a campaign then being conducted between a Whig and a Democrat-in which the Whig was defeated in the argument-Mr. MacRoberts became so disgusted that he followed them to the next appointment and so completely routed the Democrat that he made it suit to steer clear of his antagonist

The next teacher was Rev. Joseph Brown whose gentle, Christian character greatly endeared him to the people; and it is to be taken for granted that as he was instrumental in the building of the brick Academy he must have been the first teacher within its walls.

Rev. M. D. Dunlap succeeded him and taught from 1835 to 1845. school had a wide reputation among his pupils and enjoyed the patronage of the Lewises and Irwins of Kanawha County: Tyrees and others of Fayette County; the Hayneses and others of Monroe County; the Johnsons, Bears, and others of Greenbrier County; the Bensons, Lightners, and Ruckmans, of Highland County, Virginia. taught throughout the entire year and sought the help of the more advanced pupils, notably Rev. Wm. T. Price and Rev. James Haynes. It was his opinion that about eighty pupils were as many as one

Name and Address of the Party o

man could handle. Mr. Kelso, of Pennsylvania, and Miss Priscilla Ramsey, of Augusta County, Virginia, taught one session, and after the close of school were married and went to western Pennsylvania to conduct a boarding school. Rev. Daniel A. Penick filled the position of teacher one year, boarded at Colonel Paul McNeel's, and the following autumn married the latter's eldest daughter. Rev. Mr. Emerson taught two sessions, boarded at Colonel Mc-Neels, and made a compass that ran a perfect line from the McNeel gate to the Academy. Mr. Emerson was said to be a relative of Ralph Waldo Emerson and a native of New England. Miss Mary S. Loverage, of Connecticut, taught in Hillsboro at the same time, but in a different building. Mr. Emerson became one of her most ardent admirers, but her choice fell to Mr. Henry Clark. Dunlap is under the impression that Mr. Emerson never married, which is an erroneous one because he established a school for young ladies at Shemariah. Augusta County, Virginia, in which he was assisted by his wife. Miss May Sprinkel taught in the home

this community to be killed Church. by the Northern soldiers in

mention. who knew him. Mrs. Carrie John McNeel residence. Stulting Sydenstricker, a

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said he was such a heads-me you -

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a boarding and rooming house.

of Colonel McNeel the first daughter in the family, year of the Civil War and gave her life as a missionwas betrothed to John Bur- ary to China, being sent as gess, the first man from a member of the Oak Grove

Rev. J. S. Kennison, a their initial raid through the minister now in Albemarie Presbytery, N. C., is anoth-From the foregoing inter- er worthy representative in esting data it is easy to the Master's cause from understand why so many the same church. The first noble and worthy lives were permanent settler in the moulded in this fine institu- wilderness of the Hillsboro tion of learning. The lives Community was John Mcof Mr. Harmanius Stulting Neel, of Frederick County, and family deserve special Virginia. He was of a They were na- pugilistic temperament tives of Holland, and to and, in the fear that he had escape religious persecu- slain an antagonist, fled tion, braved the perils of from his native land and the deep on the rude craft became a fugitive who folof that day and came to lowed the trend of the dwell among us when the Alleghanies. After spendcountry was in its infancy. ing some time in their They were valuable addi- gloomy depths he emerged tions to the social life of the into this section of the community and through country and was so favortheir devoted piety ac- ably impressed with the complished much good in fertile land, fine timber, this the land of their adop- and the general outlook of a tion. Mr. Cornelius Stul- goodly place in which to ting, eldest son in the dwell, that he cast his tent family, was a fine teacher on the gentle slope between for many years and died where are now the gate at recently, mourned by all the road and the Matthew

Vice Presidents Cabor Walnut and

Teachers in Pocahontas County

Much has been written about the school teachers of various schools in Pocahentas County from early times to the present. The following is in my opinion one of the best of all, my Father.

In the mid 1850's three Vaughan Brother's left Brunswick
County, Virginia headed West. One made it to Missouri, (the forerunner
of Gen. Harry 'Icebox' Vaughan, under President Trueman. One stopped
in Kentucky - while my Grandfather Burrell Vaughan settled near Lewisin Kentucky - while my Grandfather Burrell Vaughan settled near Lewisburg, in Greenbrier County. From then until after the Civil Mar hauled
salt between Kanawha and Greenbrier County. Burrell finally married
salt between Kanawha and Greenbrier County. Burrell finally married
Maggie Anderson and raised eight of nine children in Greenbrier and
Naggie Anderson and raised eight of nine children in Greenbrier and
Focahontas Counties. They settled and built their log house on
Focahontas Counties. They settled and built their log house on
Focahontas Counties at Lewisburg states he was born Sept. 25, 1873,
in the Court House at Lewisburg states he was born Sept. 25, 1873,
listing his name as Elijah Burrell Vaughan.

E.B. Vaughan was educated from the Bible, home study and the one room log school at Loblia. From there he entered the "Academy" for a full term. Three of his classmates were Summers and George Sharp and full term. Three of his classmates were Summers and George Sharp and full term. Three of his classmates were Summers and George Sharp and full term. Three of his classmates were Summers and George Sharp and Father a Mr. L. MacCarthy who in his late years told me much about my Father. Then he was lame and used a cane. Judge Sharp also told about my Father during a talk we had after I had visited his brothers grave in Golon, Panama, where he had died with fever while digging the Panama Canal.

In 1892 Father finished the "Acadeny" and started working on the C. & O. R.R. in summers and attended Teachers College during the Winters from which he graduated in 1895. Then he started teaching full time in Huntersville. Pocahontas County records state that on April 22nd. 1896 he and my Mother Fatima Susan Waugh were married by Rev. 22nd. 1896 he and my Mother James H. Vaughan was born in Huntersville on Jan. 5. 1897, George Beard Vaughan born Huntersville on March 7, 1899. That Spring my Father must have resigned after the school term and returned to the Railroad as I was born in Roncervert, W.Va. on Feb. 16,1901. Thus Father must have taught school for four full terms. The Assistant Vice President-Labor Relations Board of the C. & O. R.R. Archives in Richmond Va. advised me Father was killed cleaning up a wreck early in the morning of May 1, 1906 at Handley, W.Va. He was full Foreman of the Huntington Division at the time.

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Mrs. Libby King, (Wife of Mr. Ed. King), an old friend, daughter of Uriah Bird who had a boarding and rooming house below Bird run, often told me about the Teachers meetings when My Father would ride horseback from Huntersville and stop with them for lunch. She sought his table because she said he was such a handsome man - pause - then she said in that shy way or hers 'Your Father was such a handsome man its a shame none of you three boys look like him.' - anyhow you have his bearing and good manners. (THANKS LIBBY).

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History of Hillsboro Community continued He came here in the year 1765. After he began to occupy his tent or camp, padded, muffled, footsteps were heard circling the camp at night. He feigned sleep, keeping his gun near at hand, until he heard something stealthily creep upon the poles forming the roof. When he looked in the direction of the sound he beheld, by the light of the camp fire, the fiery eyes of a panther. He lost no time getting rid of the unwelcome visitor.

One day while out hunting for venison and fish he met Charles and Jacob Kennison, natives of his home land, who proved angels in disguise in bringing to him the glad tidings that the man he thought he had killed had recovered and was in good health. Imagination fails to convey the great relief and gratitude that filled his heart to know he was not a murderer, of which his future life gave convincing evidence. He invited the Kennisons to share his camp and aided them in selecting a home site adjoining his tract. About this time John Mc-Neel must have built himself a cabin in the rear of the Matthew John McNeel residence, near a wonderful spring in that locality. These three men soon returned to the lower valley of Virginia. It was on this visit that he married Martha Davis who was born in Wales in 1740. Soon after their marriage they came to the Little Levels to make their home. They brought with them a Welch Bible now in the possession of Joseph S. McNeel, son of Captain William Lamb Mc Neel.

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Joseph McNeel is the man who offered, free of charge, marble or granite to build our new State Capitol. This stone exists in great abundance within the beautiful hills that encompass our mountains and that shelter our valley on the West. It has been a source of great disappointment to many to have such a generous offer rejected and one that, if it had been accepted would have filled the heart of every citizen with a just and civic pride.

John McNeel was so deeply impressed with a sense of God's providential care that, in gratitude to Him, he built the White Pole Church on the hill set apart for the McNeel cemetery, the first Church in the Community. These three men joined the expedition to Point Pleasant in October 1774. They were spared to return home, but only for a

short time, as they enlisted in a company formed in Frederick County, Virginia, during the Revolution. After that experience they returned to this country and resumed "the even tenor of their lives."

A pathetic tradition informs us that while John McNeel was at Point Pleasant a child was born and died before his return, and that the mother, with her own hands, made the coffin, dug the grave and buried the child. This was the first grave in the McNeel cemetery, near the White Pole Church, which spot affords such charming landscape views of the surrounding country.

And now we come to the northern section of the Hillsboro Community, which is Mill Point, a charming little industrial village including within its limits proper a store, a blacksmith shop, two flour mills, and three homes. Many more homes are close by built on the hills and nestling coves and glens. Tourists exclaim over the majestic sweep of the hills and their graceful contour as they converge toward the village enclosing a scene of entrancing beauty. Surely we can endore the Psalmist and say, "The little hills rejoice on every side!"

DECARDETES TIMES

Just above the village a picturesque spring is found tucked away in a sheltered nook among the lovely foothills that dip their feet into the laughing waters of Stamping Creek. spring gushes forth so abundantly from its source as to form a miniature cataract. The water is so pure and cold that it is called the Blue Spring. There is a tradition that herds of buffalo formerly gathered in the valley facing the spring to drink from its pure, crystal water and that it was from the stamping of the buffalo that "Stamping Creek" derived its name.

Two of the tribes of Indians that frequented this region were the Ottawas and the Shawnees. Pontiac and Cornstalk were among their leaders. The death of the Bridger boys is the most dramatic story of Indian cruelty we know in connection with the Mill Point Fort. Nathan, a colored boy, belonging to Lawrence Drinnon was sent to the Levels for help when Henry Baker was killed, one mile above the mouth After of Stony Creek. burying the dead and remaining long enough to learn that the Indians had decamped, the rescuing party debated among them-

selves as to the wisest and safest way to return. All except the Bridger boys and Nathan agreed to come down by the Waddell place situated in the Marvin neighborhood, as the road was more open. The three boys took the mountain trail through "The Notch" on the Auldridge Mountain. Both of the Bridger boys were killed and buried at the Mill Point fort on the knoll now occupied by the Isaac McNeel residence. The colored boy was saved by stopping to tie his moccasin. The whoop of the Indians was heard signaling from Gillilian Mountain, the Auldridge Mountain, and the head of Stamping Creek informing each other that the whites were aroused and that they must flee. The people who live in this community are the McNeels, Beards, Clarks, Morrisons, Clendenins, Bruffeys, Hills, Moores, Clutters, Auldridges, Harpers, Kennisons, Wades, Lewises, McCartys, McCoys, Smiths, Cackleys, Ruckmans, McLaughlins, and others.

Pearl S. Buck Birthplace Second Annual St. Nicholas Day

Once a year back in the late 19th and early 20th century, many residents in this small, rural Appalachian community would take leave of their pressing chores to walk the short distance to the "Stulting House," the home of Pearl Buck's mother's family and the spot of the famous author's birth in 1892. The neighborly visit always took place on December 6, St. Nicholas Day, the big holiday of the year for the Stultings who had emigrated to America from Holland in 1847.

According to Dutch legend, the day was named in honor of the old, wealthy man in Holland who gave candy and cookies for the poor during the Christmas season. In that tradition, Pearl Buck's forbearers made cookies and candles for their numerous visitors to enjoy.

For the second year, the festive and religious flavor of St. Nicholas Day will live again from December 4 through 7 at the Pearl S. Buck Birthplace Museum near Hillsboro. The historic house will be decorated for Christmas and free cookies, traditional almond bars, jan hagles and St. Nicholas cookies will be given out at the end of the tour. On Sunday, Santa Claus will greet the children and the day will be culminated with a bonfire at 5 p. m. Also, on Sunday, Lorraine Vandevender, of the Our Place Shop, Bartow, will demonstrate making old fashfoned Christmas wreaths. The general public is cordially invited to attend. The Museum is open from 9-5, Monday-Saturday and on Sunday, 1-5 p. m. Admission is charged and group rates are available upon request.

Of special interest to Christmas gift hunters, the Museum's gift shop will feature many hand-crafted products made in Pocahontas County, including handmade Christmas Tree ornaments and wreaths. MARCH 4, 1976

Pearl Buck Museum
The Buckhannon Public
Library has donated a copy
of Pearl Buck's book, "My
Mother's House," autographed by her in both
Chinese and English, to the
Pearl Buck Birthplace Museum at Hillsboro, Mrs. J.
W. Reynolds brought the
book to Hillsboro and presented it.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, SEPT. 16, 1965

Famous Price Family

The death of Dr. Norman Randolph Price on May 12. 1965, aged sligthly more than 90 years, calls attention to possibly the most famous family of Pocahontas County, long established in Marlinton. Dr. Price's mother, Anna Louise Randolph, of Richmond, Virginia, was descended from the Indian princess Pocahontas. The Welsh name Price means "son of a man," which fits the family perfectly.

So in 1895, when William T. Price, oldest son of James Atlee Price, who had settled in Marlins Bottom, married Anna Louise Randolph, lady and poet with a little Indian blood, there was a happy and fruitful conjunction of ancestral strains.

The medical strain appeared in Thomas Price, ancestor of the Pocabontas Prices and son of the original Welsh immigrant, Samuel Price, who had settled in Augusta County, Virginia. Thomas acquired knowledge of medicine and surgery, and wrote a book on medicine, dated 1790.

From the marriage of William T. and Anna Louise Price came three well-known physicians: Doctors James W., Norman R., and Susie A. Price. Dr. Susie was clearly a pioneer woman physician, long employed by a Virginia institution. Her brothers built enviable reputations at home. From personal knowledge I know that Dr. Norman was an excellent letter writer and in recent years he composed a memorable autobiography, not yet published.

An older son, Andrew Price, ecame a prominent attorney, public official as postmaster, letter writer, and creditable poet along with his mother, and every inch a manly man to be trusted and admired. A younger son, Calvin W., as life long editor and publisher of the Pocabontas Times, first County newspaper, founded at Hunt ersville in 1882 and transferred to Marlinton in 1892, won a national reputation as a country editor and a host of friends by his uniform kindness and interest in people, which were distinguishing traits of his parents. A daughter, Anna Virginia, married a Marlinton banker, Hunter, and as a widow survives him. Another child Willie appears to have died in his youth.

The father, William T. Price, born in Marlinton in 1830, graduated from Washington College, now Washington and Lee University, in 1854, and from Union Theological Seminary in 1857. For 40 years or more, chiefly in Pocahontas County, he was a faithful and beloved Presbyterian pastor.

About 1890 he began his historical and biographical researches, and in August, 1892 in the Southern Historical' Magazine, he published first long account of Jacob Warwick and his decsendants. Then followed many sketches on Pocahontas pioneers in the Pocahontas Times, which as a boy I read and enjoyed. In 1901 these sketches were revised and published in book form in Marlinton in a 600page volume, named Histori-Sketches of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, which is a treasury of Pocahontas history and the author's masterpiece, hardly surpassed, and classed with Weddell's Annal's of Augusta County.

Virginia.

Sincerely. Amos L. Harold 1209 W. Sth St., Austin, Texas

-- POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1975 Pioneer Days-July 11-13, '75

Two Hundred Years Ago

Pioneer Days starts the Bicentennial Celebration this year by honoring the men from this area who served the cause of freedom as Indian scouts and

Revolutionary soldiers.

We print this week the testimony of John Bradshaw, as recorded at the Court House and printed in the Pocahontas Times in 1904. If you have other records and stories about Pocahontas people, we will be glad to print them. Also, we will print the names of those in Pocahontas today who are descended from those who served from what is now Pocahontas County.

Military Services of John Bradshaw

John Bradshaw lived in Pocahontas County, in 1833. On the 7th day of May. 1833, he appeared before the County Court of Pocahontas and made oath to his military service in order to obtain a pension under the Act of Congress passed June 7, 1832.

He died on the 30th day of December,

He entered the service as an Indian spy in the spring of 1776. He was then seventeen years old. Before that he belonged to a company of Militia under Captain John Henderson. His home was in Monroe County, then Botetourt County. He took the oath of a spy. His term of service extended from May 1. 1776, to November 1, 1776, when the seasons for Indians closed, and their depredations having ceased and they having retired into winter quarters.

In 1777 he performed a similar service for six and a half months. Also in 1778 and 1779.

The nature of his services as and Indian Spy was to leave Cook's Fort on Indian Creek, now in the county of Monroe, and be out from three to four days each week, and then return, when others would go, for the same length of time. The practice was for two to go together, and when they returned another two would start out. companion who was most with him was a man by the name of James Ellis. He sometimes went in the company of the fate Colonel Samuel Estell, of Kentucky The country he covered as an Indian Spy was in the gaps and low places in the chain of mountains between the William Tafferty plantation on New River and the headwaters of Laurel Creek where they met the spies from Burnside's Fort. They traversed the Big and Little Stony Creek, Indian Draft, a branch of Indian Creek, and the headwaters of Wolf Creek.

The beat was supposed to be about thirty miles. In performing the duties of spies they had to carry their provisions with them, it being against the nature of their oaths and instructions, and also jeopardizing their own safety, to make a fire at night no matter how inclement the weather might be. During this time he was engaged in no civil pursuit.

He was drafted as a soldier of the Revolutionary War in January, 1781, from the County of Augusta. regiment was commanded by Colonel Sampson Matthews and his company by Captain Thomas Hicklen. He marched across the Blue Ridge Mountain at Rockfish Gap, thence to the city of Richmond, thence down James River to Lundy Point. His company crossed the river and marched to Camp Carson, an encampment in what was called the Dismal Swamp near a place called Portsmouth.

In the spring he marched with the army to Murdough Mills, still nearer to Portsmouth, and was discharged April 9, 1781, after three months service.

JULY 11-13, 75

During this term of service, he was in one engagement at or in sight of Portsmouth. Captain Cunningham, from Rockbridge County, Virginia, was wounded in the groin, as he was standing a few paces from in front of Bradshaw. And a soldier was wounded near him in the leg and borne off the field in a carriage. These were the only injuries received by the American Army. He was several times engaged in routing the enemies picket guard during the aforesaid time. He was sergeant and acted as such during the three months.

He was again drafted in the summer of the same year and was under the same captain but was attached to a regiment commanded by Colonel Samuel Vance. He was marched through Rockfish Gap, thence on by a place called Bowling Green, thence on by Poge's warehouse, and then on to Little York, where Lord Cornwallis with his

army was then stationed.

He was at the siege of York and the taking of Lord Cornwallis. The British army was marched out between the lines of the American army to the place where they laid down their arms and then they returned through the same lines to their encampment in Yorktown and on the next day were marched out with their knapsacks on, and then took up their line of march under a strong escort or guard of the American soldiers to the barracks at Winchester. Virginia. Bradshaw was one of the guard that escorted the British prisoners to Winchester where he received his discharge.

He refers to John Slaven who served

with him in the same company.

Rev. John S. Blain, a clergyman of Pocahontas County, and William Mc-Cord certify that they are acquainted with John Bradshaw and that he is reputed and believed to be a soldier of the Revolution.

John Slaven testifies to his services as soldier at Portsmouth and Yorktown.

The members of the court include John Bradshaw, together with Joseph Moore, Sampson L. Matthews, and Jacob Lightner, gentlemen. John Bradshaw received his pension and died the following year leaving the following children and no widow: James Bradshaw, William Bradshaw, John Bradshaw, Thomas Bradshaw, Mrs. Levi Cackley, Mrs. John Guinn, Mrs. Thomas Gammon, Mrs. Samuel Hogsett.

From Prices History we record a little more about John Bradshaw:

Mr. Bradshaw owned the lands now held (1900) by William Curry, Amos Barlow, that recently held by the late William J. McLaughlin, the site of Huntersville and from the James Sharp property on Browns Creek to Dilleys Mill. He donated and deeded the site for the public buildings of Pocahontas County, without reservation. In a lottery venture he drew a prize of ten thousand dollars, which made him one of the money kings of his time.

In appearance his personality was striking, large and portly and scrupulously neat in his dress. He used a crutch that was profusely ornamented with silver mountings. His manners were those of an elegant gentleman of the old

school.

About the time of Tarleton's raid to Charlottesville, he was drafted into the service. Late Saturday evening the notice was served on him to be ready for duty Monday morning. His young wife was equal to the emergency. She cooked, washed, cried, and prayed all day Sunday and had him ready for the war early Monday morning, and by night he was in Staunton on his march to Yorktown, where he said he fought in blood "shoemouth deep."

He died suddenly in 1837 (?). His grave is marked by the wild cherry tree in the old Huntersville cemetery, that is said to be growing directly over his

grave.

Special Report Western Union Rushes Death of 'Old' Telegram

Chicago Daily News

The telegram, as it has been known for more than a century, is practically dead. And Western Lision, for one, wouldn't mind rushing the funeral,

WU President Russell McFall says he would like to see a hefty premium charged for hand delivery of telegram-perhaps \$10 to \$20 or more, In today's world hand delivery is an "elite sersice" that should involve an elite charge, he feels,

Not that Western Union, despite its increasing reliance on commercial-data transmission, wants to get completely out of the public-message business, Rather, according to McFall, the cornpany wants to redesign its service to achieve a compromise between the need for relatively fast written communications and today's cost of labor.

THE MOST PROMISING proposal for a substitute for the telegram is the mailgram, a telegram sent by teleprinter to a post office near the recipient and then delivered overnight by regular mail. Although mailgrams can now be sent only from New York City and Los Angeles, Western Union plans to expand the service. It recently estimated that mailgram volume might total 150 million a year by 1975. About 16,000 mailgrams now are sent daily and the total this year is expected to be about 4.5 million.

The mailgram may be the efficient messagemover of the future, but the telegram will be a tough act to follow - in terms of its effect on an infant nation growing robust, the humor and poignancy it carried, the joys and too-often-tragic announcements that clicked over its wires and reached their destination clenched in the fist of a nervous boy pedaling a bike furiously between the local Western Union office and home after home.

His appearance at the front door always meant a moment of panic. Too often it was justified.
("The War Department regrets to inform 300 . . . ")

But sometimes it bred joy. ("I am coming home,") Or it meant a dozen rosex telegraphed by an admirer. Or birthday greetings, sometimes sung off-key.

THE RIGGEST SINGLE extrouring of telegrams occurred in 1952 after Richard Jones. made his farnesia "Checkern speech" in response to charges about his campaign fund. Some 500,000 telegrams in support of Nixon assured his spot as vice-presidential cardidate.

One of the most dissistrant uses of a telegram occurred in 1941. A warning from Washington of a possible Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor was seet to Hawas military commanders by exemcary communications. The affack was under way when the telegram arrived.

The telegram first became a tool of battle during the Civil War - and both North and South began tapping telegraph lines to spy on entray plans. That was only 20 years after portrait painter Samuel F. B. Morse sent the first mesdage - "What hath God wrought," from Washingion to Baltimore.

Western Union, incorporated in 1851, was a glamor company of its day. But it blew its higgest opportunity: in 1877 it turned down an offer to acquire for \$100,000 the patents for what would

become the telephone.

BUT EVEN as the telephone grew so did the telegram and it was big news in 1937 when Western Union informed the nation that it would henceforth use punctuation in its telegrams. No. longer would a message include "stop,"

PO. TIMES -

Say It Now

I would rather have one little rose From the garden of a friend Than to have the choicest flowers when my stay on earth must end. I would rather have a pleasant word In kindness said to me, I'd rather have a loving smile From friends I know are true, Than tears shed around my casket When this world I'll bid adieu. Bring me all the flowers today Bither pink or white or red, I'd rather have one blossom now Than a truckload when I'm dead.

Sent in by Obie Alderman IOOF Home Elkins, W. Va. 26241

Say It Now

I would rather have one little rose
From the garden of a friend
Than to have the choicest flowers
When my stay on earth must end.
I would rather have a pleasant word
In kindness said to me,
I'd rather have a loving smile
From friends I know are true,
Than tears shed around my casket
When this world I'll bid adieu.
Bring me all the flowers today
SEither pink or white or red,
I'd rather have one blossom now
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Sent in by Obie Alderman IOOF Home Elkins, W. Va. 26241



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CALVIN W. PRICE. EDITOR

THURSDAY, JAN. 10, 1952

A Sharp Family

Charles H. Sharp of the Army, writes in from Provo, Utab. for me to give him his family line. As what I may write for him, may be of interest to his many kin people. I will publish it.

To begin with there are two lines of descent in the family name of Sharp, William of Huntersville, and that of John Sharp, the pioneer of Frost. John Sharp, native of North Ireland, who came here about 1790. There is unconfirmed tradition that John was a nephew of William. It is the William line that the young soldier is interested in.

William Sharp came to Huntersville prior to the Revolution, about 1773. He probably was from Augusta County, near Staunton. His wife was Mary Meeks Sharp. He was a scout and a soldier. One of their sons, Wiliam Jr., married Elizabeth Wadlell of near Mill Point. They setled in Verdant Valley. Edray District, near Fairview.

One of their sons was John who harried Sally Johnson, who lived a Jerico Road, the old Ewing lace, present home of Loy Sharp.

One of their sons was Ewing,

ho married Ann Malcomb.

One of their sons was Warwick who married his cousin Mary harp.

One of their sons is Charles ack, who married Ora Thomp-

One of their sons is Charles H, e soldier who married Norma arris, and who writes me from tah for to give him his line of cent from William, the ploneer d Revolutionary soldier. There is the romantic tradition that William, Jr. met Elizabeth Waddell at the home of Thomas Drinnen, who lived at Edray. She was there spinning flax. A preacher came along, probably Bishop Asbury, who can well be accounted the founder of the Methodist Church in America. Thomas drummed up a congregation, and one of the worshippers was William Jr., who came dressed in a coonskin cap.

When the young lady had returned home she made some funny remarks about the homely young man she had seen at the meeting and his furry cap. Her mother remonstrated, and said the young chap would probably be calling around the first thing she knew.

Sure enough he did come soon and on a busy wash day. He found the young lady resting up, performing on the spinning wheel in short petticoat, chemise and bare footed. It was love at first sight, and they became engaged that very day.

William the pioneer had his home near the junction of the Browns Creek and Huntersville Roads. He went with Augusta troops in the fall of 1774 to Pt. Pleasant. the first battle of the Revolutionary war. I am under the impression he was not in the battle. If I am right in this surmise, General Lewis bad sent him from Charleston to go up Elk River and cut across country to the Army of Governor Murray, Lord Dunmore, who was coming down the Ohio River. They were to meet at the mouth of the Ohio. Mr. Sharp carried the message that General Lewis was on the way. They still tell tales reflecting on the integrity of Lord Dunmore for dragging his feet as he came down the Ohio. Anyway, the Indians started the battle before the other army could arrive and got themselves terribly defeated.

The complined forces did go on across the Ohio to Pickaway Plains, to receive the Indian surrender under the still standing Logan Elm.

Incidentally, the first declaration of American Independence was written and circulated at the Camp on Pickaway Plains, in December, 1774. This beats the one at Charlotte, N. C., of May 23, 1775, by several months. This in turn predated the real one at Philadelphia on that glorious Fourth of July 1776.

I will look up the first declaration of American Independence
and publish it some of these weeks
The gist of it was Virginians by
right and circumstance were and
should be free, and if any body
wanted to take up the banter the
recent successful encounter with
the Indians at the Point proved
them a dangerous force to deal
with,

So far as I have ever been able to find out, this fine resolution was adopted at a mass meeting of the Army, and nobody ever sign ed it.

Along in the early 1830's William Sharp, the scout and soldier made affidavit before the County Court of Pocahontas County as to his service in the Revolution. The next time I am at the Court House, I will pay Clerk Arling McLaughlin for a certified copy, and print it again. This is enough off hand writing on so important a matter as a man's family tree. There is alway present the temp tation to slide from fact to fancy.

POCAHONTAS TIMES (Page 2)

utilished every Thurs last work of the year. West Virginia 24954, as

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, NOV. 27, 1975

Pioneer Days - July 9-11, "76

More About Marlinton John Hayslett was set to remembering about the old Opera House and came into

the Times Office to share some recollections:

He remembers several plays in the Opera House, all brought in-"Seven Nights in a Bar Room," "Face on the Bar Room Floor," also a hypnotist; for advertisement they put a hypnotized man in the drug store window, claiming no one could wake him; Dr. Howard stuck a needle in his heel and brought him out of it.

When Kelmenson's Store (located where People's Store is now) burned about 1916, his stock was stored in the Opera building. Darley Williams was

fire chief.

There was a big door into the basement on the south side; there was nothing in it but the boys played in theres

It caught fire one time and the fire went up into the gable; the firemen put a ladder on the balcony and went up to put it out. Paul Overholt was fire chief. Lee Cole, Reed McNeill, John Guthrie, the Grubbs boys, Barney Slaven, Willard Eskridge, Kyle Mc Carty and John were the firemen as he remembers.

There was a building where French's Diner now is that went from street to alley. It burned-that was a good piece of fire fighting that saved other buildings.

Below that close to the railroad was a mill. nally first had the mill. He lived across from the school where Joe Roy, Jr. lives. Tate Hiner next had the mill and lived in the same house.

John noted that the Frank Hill family is the only family living in the upper part of town that was there 50 years or so ago.

He thinks T. D. Moore had a store above where Peoples Store is that burned. He then had a store on Main Street before building the store where the liquor

store is .

Where Mrs. Mae Morrison recently built her home, there was a long one-story building. Several people had a laundry business there. John Jackson, s tall, tall man had a shoe

shop there.

The first picture show he knows of was in the J&P Furniture Store building. The show cost a nickel and they called it the "Nickelodeon." They were silent pictures, of course, many of them serials. He remembers "Diamond in the Sky" as a serial. It was owned by Mr. Morgan, who had a store at the back and lived where Mrs. Jennie Sharp lives in the 600 block on Second Avenue. There were two buildings where the Municipal Building is, built by John Alexander and his son, Dwight. They also owned the hotel. John Alexander built the home where Mr. and Mrs. Emerson Sharp live. Back to the two buildings. The upper building had a pool room, three tables, and the lower building had a bowling alley, two alleys. There were palm trees in buckets

sitting around-a beautiful place. They later put the bowling alley in with the pool room and built a swimming pool in the lower building. The pool was still there under the building when it was torn down a couple of years ago. There was a theatre in the same building, either before or after the bowling alley. It has been a grocery store. used by the Holy Rollers. and later was Brumagin's Furniture Store.

There was a big fountain in a fenced in court between the hotel on the corner of Main Street and the store on the other corner, which was T. D. Moore's Store, Mrs. E. G. Herold's Waffle Shop, and Wilbur Sharp's Store, before being torn down.

J. A. Hoover had a tailoring store where Curry's or Shrader's Store is.

Harlow Waugh had a store in building next to the Presbyterian Church. Amos Staton had a hotel in this building.

R. C. May (father of Edith May, Edna Bear, and Clarence May) built an office across from the Tannery gate. He was an agent for Standard Oil and then the office was turned into a store. The Mays lived on Third Avenue by E. H. Williams.

Stanley Wooddell's house belonged to Allen Gay's family and was moved from Second Avenue to Third Avenue where they built a brick house (now owned by Lee McGee).

Forrest Malcomb lived in the first house on the 600 block where Gib VanReen-

en lives.

G. W. Clark built the house above Benwood Market for a hotel. He also had a stable. Wise Herold lived in that house, then it was a home for hospital nurses, now is the Sharp apartment house.

The house where Melvin Anderson lives was built by

Mr. Campbell, of the Campbell Lumber Company, and sold to Elmer Wade when they moved.

John's teachers were first grade—Anna Wallace; second grade, Anna Sultivan, third grade, Anna Lee Ervine, fourth, Anna Sullivan, fifth, Gladys Poling, sixth, Catherine Ervine, seventh, Lillie Milligan, eight, Mr. Martin.

The main thing he wants remembered is the ninehole golf course in town. It started near the bridge where Claude Malcomb's Taxi building is. It went down the river to the point near the Mouth and came! up to where the brick Waugh house is, back! down to the point and back up to where Ralph Nottingham house is. There were six holes on the west side of the railroad, then it went across the railroad and No. 7 was where the Little League ball field is. No. 8 was where the McGraw home is, No. 9 was right next to where Alva Moore lives-there were no homes there, just an apple or-He remembers chard. Merle and Lucille McClintic played golf.

There used to be three fire companies—the Tannery Company, Downtown Company, and Uptown Company, Each had hand carts. There was a tall tower-like building to drain

the hose located near where the American Legion building is.

On the Fourth of July the fire companies would gather, at the corner of the Presbyterian Church and go up Main Street to connect to the fire plug to see which company could get water first. One Fourth a Syrian and his horse were struck and killed by the train.

Members of the Tannery Company (discontinued probably about 1930), as John can remember, were Ernest Dennison, Sam Withers, Ike Withers, Pete Spitzer, Howard Crable and Albert Moore.

John and his family

moved here in 1908 from Millboro, Virginia, and lived where S. B. Wallace Company is today. The house burned about ; they then moved into a tannery house; they also lived in the Red House on Seneca Trail, the house above Peoples Store (it burned when Kelmenson's Store burned); and also where Mrs. Clarence Kellison lives by the Coca Cola plant.

Tom Mason first had a pop shop in the old frame First National Bank building, which was later the Home Products Market. South of that was Gay and Carter Feed Store. Next to it was a building that E. C. Cunningham had a restaurant or tavern; next was R. B. Slaven's Tin Shop. Where Williams Supply Store is now there was a livery stable run by G. W. Clark and Rex Kincaid.





Marlinton's Old And New Post Offices

crude sawmill shanty located | A sign on the building read; | "Letters One Cent." Marlinton's | a modern government building crude sawmill shanty located | A sign on the building read; | present post office is located in | which was completed in 1907.

Former Confederate Army Captain Was First Marlinton Post Master

served terms after being ap-his home in Richmond, Va.

Ry JANE KINCAID in the Toll House pear the end of its Memorial Hospital and owned the bridge across the Greenbrier and operated by Mr. and Mrs. Pear 1953 marks the seven-anniversary of the establishment of a United States post office which is still standing, has been and resigned to go east with her the appoinment of a postmas- remodeled and is now occupied by husband, but during that year she the Toll House Restaurant. After changed the course of local hising these 70 years there serving one year as postmaster, tory. This is how; been 13 postmasters who Apperson resigned and returned to

rilinton's first postmaster was ever to serve as Marlinton postmaster, was appointed by President Graver Cleveland. The post office was president Graver Cleveland, then located in a hotel located on first post office was located. He present site of the Porabon-

and resigned to go east with her

History books show that in the ted by the different presidents.

The second postmaster appointment was given to Mrs. Thomas and the fourth ment was given to Mrs. Thomas B. Skyles, the former Miss Jane Baldwin of Baltimore, Md. Mrs. Skyles, who was the only woman section from Virginia Than bulk a section from Virginia Than bulk a section from Virginia Than bulk a section from Virginia. They built a cabin on what is now the present site of Marlinton.

> Although Marlin and Sewell were the best of friends, they could not agree on the subject of religion and found it more agreeable to live apart. One of the men remained in the cabin while the other took up his abode in large hollow sycamore tree which stood nearby.

Col. Andrew Lewis found the men thus living apart when he came to what is now Pocahentas County on a surveying trip for the Greenbrier Land Co. in 1781. Sewell eventually moved further west and was killed by Indians on the mountain which now bears his name. In the meantime, Marlin returned to Virginia, but left his name on the settlement which he had helped form, as later set-tiers called the community Mar-lin's Bottom.

Mrs. Skyles decided that the sound right, so she inaugurated a campaign to have the town's name changed. It is said that she met with opposition on all sides. Even though she was bitterly opposed by most of the older members of the community, she used all of her influence in her campaign and was successful in get ting the town's name changed from Marlin's Bottom to Marlin

Although the town of Mariente has had its name since the late 1800's, there is still confusion the spelling. Persons unfamili with the proper name often p ing it "Marlington," Much of mail coming to the local post a fice is addressed thus. To aid correcting this impression, 13 late Andrew Price, Marlinton ha torian and attorney, once wrote poem entitled "There Am't No in Martinton." This norm ! been widely quoted and is Ism

to most all Marlinton residents. Sheriff Sam Gay was Mars ton's third postmarter. He was pointed in 1887 by President Ch land and served until 1809. Dr. vin W. Price, editor of the cahontas Times, from whom names of the Marienten per ters and the dates of the were recured, says there three local residents of Sam Gay at that till

It was during Sheriff Sam Gay's term as postmaster that Marin-ton had its first post office building. The office was moved into an old sawmill shanty on Price Run

old sawmill shanty on Price Run on the Jerico Road, where it remained until 1839 when Gay resigned to become a candidate for another term as county sheriff.

With the change in presidential administrations, Marlinton's fourth postmaster was the Rev. Madison Boggs, a Negro preacher. He was appointed in 1889 by President Banjamin Harrison. As the Rev. Boggs jamin Harrison. As the Rev. Boggs was also keeper of the toll house at the Marlinton bridge, the post office was moved to the Toll House again.

Before the coming of the railroad into Pocahontas County the a week by horseback and stage-coach. It came into the county over the Lewisburg-Marlinton Turnpike, A few years later the mail was brought in three times a week. It was customary for the carrier to bring the mail from Lewisburg one day and make the return trip on the following day. During the stagecoach era, the mail coach also served as a con-veyance for passengers.

After the stagecoach era the mail was carried in a two-wheel cart in which one or two passengers were often accommodated. Three Pocahontas County residents who had mail contracts during this period were Valentine Perkins, Thomas Hogsett (grandfather of Lanty Hogsett of Marlinton), and Joseph Pennell (father of Add Pennell, also of Marlinton). Charles E. Hevener served

Marlinton's fifth postmaster. Re was appointed in 1890 by Preddent Benjamin Harrison. The office was still located in the Toll

The sixth postmaster was Henry A. Yeager, who was appointed by President Cleveland during his second term in 1893. During Yeager's term as postmaster, the office was located in the Staten Hotel building. This structure, which is still standing, is being purchased by the Marlin'on Presbyterian Church and will soon be razed to make room for church expansion.

W. W. Tyree was appointed as the seventh Marlinton postmaster. He received his appointment from President William McKinley in 1897. During Tyree's term, the office was moved to a location where the People's Store now stands. Later the office was cupied the site of the present post office.

The eighth postmaster was N. Clausen McNeill, who was appointed by President Theodore Roosevelt in 1901. Again it was pick up the mail bags and move. This time the office was moved into the First National Bank Building to the room where Buzzard's Barber Shop is now located.

A. S. Overholt was appointed as the ninth postmaster by President Roosevelt in 1905. He was reap-pointed by President William H. Taft in 1909 and served until 1913, The office remained in the bank building.

The tenth postmaster was Andrew W. Price, who was appointed by President Woodrow Wilson in 1913. In 1917 Price was reappointed by President Wilson and served until 1921. It was during Price's tenture of office that free house in bours mail delivery was house-to-house mail delivery was insugurated in Marlinton. The town is one of the smallest communities in the nation having this service. The man who carried the first mail over Marlinton streets was Edward Moore, who still serves as one of the town's carriers. The office remained in the bank building.

The state of the s

J. E. Buckley was the town's eleventh postmaster. He was ap-Harding in 1921 and reappointed by President Calvin Coolidge in 1923. Buckley was the first postmaster to receive a third appointment, his appointment coming from President Herbert Hoover in

By 1929 the town's population had grown so that post office quarters had to be enlarged. A partition in the bank building was re-moved so that the office could also occupy the room now used by the Style Rite Beauty Shop. The post office remained in these rooms while the present modern post office building was being con-

Dr. E. G. Herold was appointed in the town's twelfth postmaster in 1934 by President Franklin D. Roosevelt. Herold served until his death in 1937.

Mariinton's thirteenth and pres ent postmaster is Kerth Nottingham. He was appointed in 1937 by President Roosevelt, It was in this year that the post office was moved into the present modern building and the office's first permanent home.

In 1942 the appointment of postmasters was brought under Civil Service and it was in that year that Nottingham, having taken a Civil Service examination, was appointed as postmaster under the new law.

There have been many changes in the American way of life as well as the U.S. Postal Service since Marlinton's crude frist post-office was established 70 years ago, but the traditional although unofficial motto of the mail service is still in effect: "Neither snow, nor rain, nor heat, nor gloom of night stays these couriers from the swift completion of their appointed rounds."

(Since this is the first written history of the Marlinton post office, the writer is indebted to the following persons for facts contained in this article: Dr. C. W. Price, Dr. G. D. McNeill, J. E. Buckley, Kerth Nottingham, and Mrs. Richard Currence.)

FROM SOUTH AMERICA

Puerto Castilla, Honduras,

May, 3, 1925,-We left Balbon two weeks ago and went to Cartagena, South America. After four days there we started for Port Limon, Costa Rica, but while underway we received orders to, relieve the Denver bere in Poerto Castilla. The trouble is all over now and tomorrow we leave here for Port Limon, C. R., then to Colon on the 12th of the month. This suits me because I like to travel from one place to another, and this is a good trip to four countries in Central and South America.

Cartagena is one of the most intering places I have been. It is one of the foldest cties in South America, founded by the French and Spanish. It is mostly convents and churches. The wall the Spaniards built and the forts are all littact and in use although the city has outgrown the wall today. Lawrence Washington, George Washington's brother captured it about the time of the Revolutionary War. There many things of interest here but I haven't time to write of them now.

Port Limon, Costi Rica, May 10. I have just rettined from one of the most wonderful trips I ever hoped to make. Upon leaving Puerto Castilla. we went to La Ciba, Honduras, for a day and night then we came to Fort Limon.

Refore we arrived we were notified by radio that the Costi Rican govern-San Jose, the capital, which is 103 miles inland from Port Limon, to a limited number of officers and men, and all men having a clear record were given first chance and I did not miss it. It is not very often that men in foreign countries are given trips like this, therefore they are looked upon as rare treats.

We left Port Limon at seven a. m. Friday by a special train and arrived at San Jose at 12:30. The trip up is owned by the government and is practically run by Americans, is a very modern one with the exception that it is narrow guage.

For thirty miles after leaving -ort Limon the railroad runs along the coast under giant coconut paims with a splendid view of the beach. Leaving the beach it starts inland through the plantations. Here we saw bananas, oranges coconut palms, coffee, cocobeun trees, lemons, limes, tobacco and many other tropical fruits and crops of all kinds. Leav. ing the plantations, we started up a entain river that has many water falls, and every time we would cross

on one of the many bridges is re-

San Jose being so high in the mountains, we were wearing our blues. At first it looked funny putwere wearing our ting our blues on in the tropies, but when we started climbing the mountain they felt comfortable.

The beautiful views continued all the way to San Jose and the trip up the mountain was as beautiful as any. Sometimes the grade was steep and by darting in and out of big cuts and a dash across a revine on one of the numerous trussels we finally reached the top and then down the other side to the Capital City of Costi Rico.

Here we were taken to our hotels in American made cars and were given the best service to be found. Up in the mountains are large farms and cattle range and everywhere we went it was a reminder of the larger farms in the states because all the work here is done by the latest farm machinery.

One could hardly believe they were in the tropics with the night chilly and wearing heavy clothes, we forgot allabout our buddles back in Port. Limon only sixty miles away as the crow, flier, suffering in summer clothes form the heat of cld king Sol. The many crooks and turns the rail road has in a cending the mountain make the extra mileage.

We spent the day and night aight seeing-visiting the national places of interest-I don't think we missed a thing of importance unless it was the volcanos about thirty miles out ment was going to give a free trip to of the city. The population of the city is around forty thousand and the city is directly connected with New Orleans by a large radio company. We met a few American tourists there. They were paying a big price for guides and other things we were getting free, and we were seeing the city in our own way What we didn't know we asked about in the little Spanish we had learned here and there.

There were hundreds of things I was wonderful. The railroad which saw of interest but haven't time to write about. On our trip back we Stopped at several towns and bought souvenirs from the Indians. Costi Rica is one of the few Central American countries that have not mixed with the negroes and Indiago and the bigger part of them are white. Most of the negroes (there are not many) came here from Jamacia and can all speak good English.

We are leaving here tomorrow for the Canal Zone. This month's cruise has been the best of all, and I hope take another and not have to stay to Balboa all the time until August, when we start for New York

Glenn L. Vaughan

BALBOA, CANAL ZONE

May 14, 1924.

The last letter I wrote was from the Atlantic coast, and this is from the Pacific side. Balboa is very much like Cristobal but not quite as large, and being an American Port, is dry. It being dry doesn't hurt things a bit because Panama City is "just around the hill" and lifty cents will take you over. These two cities are separated by Ancon Hill.

It may seem strange to you, as it first did to me when'I had my first day ashore, I thought that most of people here, especially the Americans, would be drunk, but such is not the case. I don't know why it is, but outside of two or three cases I have not seen a drunk person down here and I think I have been in the places where one would find or expect to

find over-loaded persons.

Sunday we came through the Canal and although it rained most of the day. I was able to see many of the wonderful sights to be seen while going through. The Locks are wonderful and to watch them work is more wonderful. They are operated by electricity and by pressing a button the huge gates will close and water is is forced into the Locks from the bottom and it takes from seven to ten minutes to raise the ship thirty feet. There are three sets of locks-Gatun Locks on the Atlantic, Pedro Miguel and Miraflores or Pacific Locks on the Pacific side. Twelve to fifteen is the average number of ships to go through a day.

Two of us were transferred to the Denver this morning, but will be here until we meet another U. S. S. ship and I don't know when that will be. The Navy Transport U. S. S. Argone arrived here day before yesterday. I think she brought the mail down. It takes ten days for mail to come down on transports, other-

wise it would take longer.

The Argone had aboard about fourteen hundred soldiers, sailors and marines, with about fifty women, bound for China. They stopped here to give them a two day's rest before going on. This was their first stop. We had a great time with them too. They left this morning for San Francelsco.

Here at Halboa there is a Club house. a Community house, and a Y. M. C. A. and we make good use of them. Halboa is owned by the U. S. and nearly all the people living here are from the States. Most of them are working for the Government and make big money. The Police Department is all American and U. S. money is accepted everywhere.

Oh, I forgot the best thing that has happened lately. Four boys from my class at school were on the Argone, and with the nine of us here it brought nearly all our class together again, and we sure had a time that wil be remembered by all of us. They are gone now and we are staying here for six weeks unless we are called to Central America.

There are many things here that are mighty interesting but like most things are hard to describe and have to be seen to be appreciated. Of codrse fruits and many other things that one would expect to find in the tropics, are most plentiful and can be bought everywhere. The streets are as good and in most cases better than some cities in the States. One thing that seemed strange to me was the left hand traffic law. Instead of keeping to the right everything goes on the left side of the street.

on the left side of the street.

In Panama City the people are mostly Spaniards, Negroes, and Spicks, which are a mixture of everything. The middle class are always dressed in white—unless they have on mourning—and are surprisingly clean. The poorer class and the Spicks are more like Mexicans, and are dirty all the time. Their children most always go naked until they are about eight years old.

The shop owners and business men are somewhat like Americans. They all dress well and have cars. There many cars made in the U.S. in the jitney business here, and are cheaper than in the States.

Although this is not supposed to be the rainy season here, it has rained every day for more than a week.

I am well and getting along line and if I am unexpectedly transfered will send cable or radiogram telling name of ship I am on.

Gien L. Vaughan, U. S. S. Rochester, January 1950





Volume 67, Number 24

MARLINTON, POCAHO

Along The Way

By Susan A. Price, M. D.

John Weaver, from up along the Flats of the Chicabominy, recently brought a turkey to a neighbor. They were not at home so he left the turkey with me, until they did get home about dark. We put it on a table and it spread well over, both in length and in width. A lady from Rich mond who was visiting me that day said it was a wild turkey and so it was—shot that very morning—one of the few wild turkeys I had ever seen.

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Years and years ago, I went to spend a few days with cousin Emma Warwick at "The Cabin" on Stony Creek. It was Christmas and the country was snow bound in the old time winter. The two boys, John and George, were home from military school. They had killed a wild turkey up along the cliffs. By the time I came the turkey had reached the breakfast hash stage. From my pleasant memory of the taste of cousin Carrie's het turkey hash on those cold winter mornings, her recipe would indeed be a popular one could it be recalled.

had forcer elections, work

My littlest neighbor, aged about three, came in to tell me of her Christmas gifts. She said she got a snow shoot, some bed rid sippers, a doll, a coes line and ever pins; also very slowly with deep emphasis, "I had the chickchicken pops."

The great wave of Christmas high tide is subsiding -back to the deep and unknown sea of the future one might say. It was a busy out pouring of peace on earth, good will to man. With it all was the most marve ous weather for the Christmas season hardly ever remembered hereabouts. Spring like it was indeed, carning much comment. However, there is always something each Coristmas season to cause mankind to rise above and beyond earthly things and every day conditions, although many hold to the belief it is still too much of an earthly affair, if there be such a condition to us earth borne creatures. We are reminded of these lines from Preston's First Christmas:

Peter was a fisher boy,
Helping with the haul;
Pilate was a shave tail,
Leading troops in Gaul;
Judas was as innocent.
As little child could be;
The wood that made the Crucifix
Was still a growing tree;
Unminted was the silver,
That made the traitor's pay;
And none had yet commercialized
The spirit of the day.

A Happy New Year to all.
Susan A. Price, M. D.
Williamsborg, Va.

Cass

The Old and the New

Tourists come for miles by the car load and by the bus load, to ride the train to the top of the mountain, to see the beauty of nature and to see the old Cass Mill and the Company store. In my mind I go back several years and see a different Cass from what it is today. Cass was a town of hard working men, women and children, striving to keep the old mill running. I can hear the mill whistje blowing loud at 5:30 A. M., telling the men face a new day. Cass seemed to come alive in one split second when that old whistle started blowing. Lights came on in every house for the women had to prepare a hot breakfast and pack lunches. Men had to put on their work clothes, eat a hearty breakfast and be on their way to the mill, shop, trains, or any b they happen to have. If you were one of the early risers you could see men come out their back doors and walk out the alley or out their front doors and walk up the board walks, some would fall in step with their neighbors and talk as they walked, and some would walk alone, just thinking about the day ahead or days gone by. At 7:00 o'clock the whistle blew again, telling them it was time to start up the wheels of progress. Later he school bell would ring just about as loud and long as the mill whistle. Children came from all directions, out the streets, across the old swinging bridge, up from Slab Town and Deer Creek, all would be carrying school books and some would be carrying a lunch pail or paper bag. A small group would be on their way to school because their parents made them go, but most of them went because they liked chool and were interested in etting an education, Soon an-

other bell rang telling the children it was time to take their seats and get classes started.

Most of the classes started their day with the Lord's Prayer or a Bible story. The small-er classes would then have a "classmate health inspection." Usually they found me with dirty elbows for that lye soap didn't seem to get my elbows clean. Some would have dirty bands. Once in awhile someone had forgotten to comb his hair. About twice a year there uld be a few sent home with lice. It was no disgrace to get lice, but it was awful uncomfortable to keep them. After inspection everyone settled down to studying reading, writing, arithmetic, and other ubjects necessary for a good education. At noon the school

bell rings, the mill bell whistle blows, telling the mothers to get the dinner on the table for those close enough to go home. the others to get out their lunch boxes and eat and relax. Some children used the noon hour to go to the post office or to the store to do a little shopping for their moms or a neighbor. The men would hurry to the store to buy a bag of Five Brothers tobacco, a plug of Browns Mule chewing tobacco, a new pair of gloves, or to sit on the store steps, leaning up against the heating units in the store (depending on the weather) to just talk and relax. Back to school and work for the afternoon. Four o'clock brings the sound of the school bell and mill whistle again. Children and fathers hurry home for a bot meal and to do the chores necessary to start in the routine of the next day. Mondays one could see line after line of clean clothes hanging out to dry. Tuesday was ironing day. Mothers were busy too; they had house cleaning, cooking, mending and all the little things a mother has to do to keep a family happy. The yards were

clean in summer months. In winter months the snow was shoveled off of the porches and sidewalks. The maintenance crew could be seen painting houses or mending fences and sidewalks. Some of us, whether we lived in town houses or

priyately owned homes, almos knew how many boards wer in each sidewalk, how man trees, and what kind were i each yard, who had dogs an who had cats. We could hea the passenger train coming up the track, knowing that it would stop at the old Cass Depot, bringing some new people and some we already knew. Time for a mad rush for the post office to get the County paper which always came on Thursday, or to see who got the biggest package from Sears Roebuck or Montgomery Ward, some to get a new mail order catalog. The train went on up to Durbin and back down again in the afternoon with more mail and passengers. Soon a freight train could be heard coming in to bring supplies and to take out lumber. In your small mind you wondered how the freight and passenger train could be on the track and not run into each other. Somewhere in and around all this the sound of the log train could be heard bringing in logs olf of the mountain to be sawed and planed at the mill. Friday and Saturday the men who cut down the trees in the mountain were in need of a bath and clean clothes, so they would ride the log trains in for a weekend with their families At nights the church be ll would ring at one of the three churches, telling people there was a revival going on, choir practice,

ticing for a Christmas or meeting. On Sunday mornings the bells from all three churches would ring for Sunday School and preaching services. People could be seen going up the street or down the street, going to the church of their choice. The town doctor would start out early to make house calls, to ease a small child's pains, an elderly person's aches, or on a rush call to bring a new baby into the world. He would go back to his office to find it full of patients, some were real sick and some only needed an aspirin and a pep talk. Some needed a broken bone mended, some needed a tooth pulled. Our doctor was a medical doctor, dentist and a counselor, all in one big jolly man. He was mother, father, and doctor to us young people. It was a sad day in Cass when he died.

We must not forget our Town Cop. He could be seen or found somewhere in Cass 24 hours a day. He made his regular rounds, sometimes taking a fellow home who had too much to drink and locking up some who refused to stay home after he had taken them home,

checking up on the young people, making sure they had a good time, yet keeping out of trouble. On real dark nights or cold nights he would walk bome with some of the children or young people if they lived out of town limits and had no street lights. He kept a close watch on the one restaurant we had, where young people could go to dance, drink cokes, or just enjoy the com-pany of other young people, and of course he had to keep an eye on the heer joints to keep the men and some women from drinking more than they could handle, and separate the fighters. He was a busy

If you walked through the streets or back alleys when school wasn't open, you could see children, black and white, playing together, shooting marbles, playing pen knife, jumping rope, sleigh riding or ice skating, depending on the weather or season. The black men and white men worked together at the mill, swapped jokes, shared their chewing tobacco and called each other by their first names.

The Greenbrier River was a sight to see, both in winter and summer. In winter the ice would freeze from bank to bank. It was then time for the chil-

dren to ice skate or take their sleds on the ice. Sometimes we would get ice from the river and make a freezer of ice cream if we could afford the cream, sugar and eggs. When spring came it brought warm rains and the ice began to melt, When the ice started out it took everything in its way. with it sometimes outdoor toilets, hog pens, chicken houses, and maybe a rooster sitting on top of the chicken house, crowing as if it were early morning. The swinging bridge would usually be pulled loose from its anchors on the bank and would have to be rebuilt. People along the river banks had to move out to higher ground so they would not be caught in the high water. It would not last long, soon the river would be back to normal. Toilets, chicken houses, etc. were re-built again. Soon afterward one could see smoke rising here and there from small fires, where people were cleaning their yards and gardens, getting ready to plant garden or just watch the grass and flowers come through the earth. Boys would begin to talk "fishing" and girls began to talk "swimming." Oh yes, we fished, swam and took Saturday night baths, and just waded in the Green

Continued on Page 5.

brier and Deer Creek waters. One can't go back and rebuild Cass as it used to be and no one wants to, we can enjoy the Cass that has been re-born into a tourist attraction. Some of the old timers are not there anymore. They have gone to the Big Lumber Yard in the Sky. Some have moved away, and some are still around and if they can get someone to listen they like to share their memories of the years gone by, their work on the mountain, the train, mill and lumber yard. The younger people of our day have either moved away or built new houses in or around Cass and have established a new and happy life for themselves. Some like to watch the tourists come and go. Some like the new Cass and others don't. As the world changed, so did Cass,

but I'm glad some of the people stayed around and helped in the rebirth of Cass as a where people can come and see the beauty of the mountains which only God could create. They can look around and see where the logs came from and where they were sawed into lumber. The tourist can look around Cass and look back through the years and may "There were once some hard working people here with lots of love and laughter, heartaches and pain-all the ingredients to make a small town prosper. Maybe when they get home they can look at their house and say "You know, maybe some of the boards in this house came from that old mill in Cass, West Virginia.

> Mrs. Oliver Sprouse Dunmore

The following article was taken from the Pocabontas Independent (March 21, 1912), and brought to us by Miss Alice Waugh.

Proparation
(Save Superintendent

(Says Superintendent
Williams in Public Letter)
Also recommends that
Libraries be placed in more
schools in the County and
that school house yards be
fenced and cleaned up.

"I do not wish to be understood as always complaining about something or that I am never satisfied with anything, but there are a few things in connection with the free schools of Pocahontas County that I would like to see adjusted. The first is we have to use too many teachers from other counties many of whom are not personally interested in the children of our county and consequently we are not getting justly ours. Then again a few of those teachers at least belong to the traveling brigade and never teach or expect to teach but one school in a place, and some do not finish a term of six months but quit at once, two or three months on a frivolous excuse of "called away," "sick," "do not like it here" and many other excuses that happen to enter the mind at that particular time and the trustees and secretary will sign up for him and he will go his way rejoicing.

Then, there seems to be another idea prevailing in the minds of the school officers as well as some people of this county, that a teacher who proves unsatisfactory, or in other words neglects his duty or is incompetent or spends his time when not in school in riotous living must necessarily spend the six months or the time for which he was hired before the matter can be adjusted. Then the only recourse is not to hire him again, which in my mind is an outrage on the children and taxpayers of our county. If the free

school system permits such work as that to go on unnoticed we had better get our eyes opened to the situation.

"I have taken in the situation as honestly and carefully as I know how and in my opinion about 75 per cent or three-fourths of the teachers in this county this year have done and are doing most excellent work, work that will never be compensated for in this. world in dollars and cents no matter what their salary might be. These teachers will never receive their remuneration until the Great Books are opened and they hear that plaudit, "Well Done," then they will receive their back pay.

"Then about 20 per cent or one fifth of the teachers of this county this year are doing medium work not being accused of doing very much or not entirely excused as to doing their whole duty in all things. For this class there is some excuse for consideration and patience. We hope to see improvement among this class another year. Shall we see it?

"Then that other 5 per cent of teachers who show no conception of their duty toward their schools, the children under their charge or the people in general, who only live for Friday evening and pay day. For this class I have no patience. I exercise no consideration whatever for this class, and in my opinion the only remedy for this class is to turn them out as fast as you find one. If it were in my power I would not permit such a teacher to finish the day before being dismissed.

"In another article I have shown that only three out of every four pupils of this county are in school this year, that only thirteen school grounds are fenced out of a total of 110, that out of 132 teachers we have one professional and two primary certificates, that 34 schools are without libraries and that 47 out of 132 are teachers from other counties, and that those teachers are holding the most lucrative school positions in our county and we are glad to say holding them to the gratification

and profit of the patrons and children. Why do they hold them? Because we have not got the right talent or enough of the right talent? No not at all. The answer is apparent. We are not qualified and do not show enough interest in our preparation to hold those positions of trust and profit.

Our school officers are ready to employ native teachers when they know they have the talent in the county and that talent is properly prepared. Ask yourself how many schools in this county that pay above the average salary or the graded and high schools in other words, are in charge of county teachers.

"In consideration of the above named facts I would ask every teacher and those expecting to teach (and I hope there are many) to take advantage of the educational advantages offered in this county at the present time. We have a normal in session at Buckeye at the present time and will possibly hve a spring normal at Academy this spring and the Marlinton normal school will open April 29 and continue ten weeks.

"Each of these schools will be in charge of competent instructors and it is hoped that our people will appreciate these opportunities and avail themselves of the benefits there derived.

If you should be inclined to leave our county for instruction we have six normal schools in the state and one first class university besides several other schools of prominence that will be glad to receive you.

and school officers are not satisfied with three-fourths of the pupils of our county in school and that we will have a united effort next year in getting more children in school.

"Is it not best to have all our school grounds fenced and cleaned up, and to have a good useful library in every school house?

"Is it not in our power to have more county teachers better qualified and with a determination to be in the first class mentioned in this article?

"Have the patrons not a right to ask that we have more primary teachers who make it their business to do that kind of work and do it right that the children may be started in the right way?

"If these things are ever accomplished it will be largely through the efforts of the teachers and school officers and public sentiment.

"I realize how vain are the efforts of a county superintendent in doing anything in particular except to answer letters, growl occasionally and draw his salary quarterly.

I am yours truly, B. B. Williams"

"The following educational statistics for Pocahontas County for the 1911-1912 school year were compiled by County Superintendent B. B. Williams: TEACHERS

"Number employed up to the present time, 132; number county teachers, 85; number teachers from other counties, 47; number home county teachers holding No. 1 graded school certificates, 27; number home county teachers holding No. 2 graded school certificates, 8; number home county teachers holding No. 3 graded school certificates, 1; number teachers from other coun-

ties holding No. 1 graded school certificates, 19; number teachers from other counties holding No. 2 graded school certificates, 0; number from other counties holding No. 3 graded school certificates, 0; number home county teachers holding elementary No. 1 certificates, 6; No. 2, 26; No. 3, 16; number home county teachers holding primary certificates, 1; number teachers from other counties holding elementary certificates; No. 1, 6; No. 2, 15; No. 3, 5; total, 26: number teachers from other counties holding professional certificates, 1: number teachers from other counties holding primary certificates, 1; number teachers doing high school work (either wholly or partly), 5; number teachers studying reading circle course in some way, 108; number teachers not studying reading circle course in any way, 24; number teachers teaching in dirty school houses, 10; number teachers trying to teach without any order or discipline, 15; number of teachers reported to board for neglect of duty, 4.

LIBRARIES

"Number volumes in the schools of the county, 5,895; number of schools having libraries, 76, number schools without libraries, 34.

GROUNDS

"Number school grounds fenced, 13; number school grounds not fenced, 97.

PUPILS

"Number pupils enumerated in the county, 4,100; number pupils enrolled in schools on my visit, 2,976; number pupils who graduated the first common school examination this year, 52; taxes levied for the support of schools this year, \$67,091.54; cost per pupil for a term of six months based on enrollment, \$22.54; cost per pupil for a month of 20 days based on enrollment, \$3.75; number pupils enrolled 1st grade, 755; 2nd grade, 369; 3rd grade, 422, 4th grade, 490; 5th grade, 375; 6th grade, 198; 7th grade, 164; 8th grade, 146; high school, 57.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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THURSDAY, NOV. 18, 1975

Pioneer Days - July 9-11, '76

Old Opera House

By Frances Eskridge

Several months ago, I ran an article in the Times asking for any information anyone might have on the history and activity of the Opera House in Marlinton. I received many interesting and enthusiastic responses about the old place and what a center of community life it was in the early 1900's. I would like to report to you what I have heard and hope you will add or correct any information you may have.

The Opera House was built by J. G. Tilton in 1909 or 1910. Mr. Tilton came to Marlinton from Mt. Vernon, Ohio, and was a court reporter and later served as clerk. He was married to Mary Eveva Dilley, Floyd Dilley's sister. Mr. J. G. Tilton died in 1945 and his wife in 1973. The Tiltons had three sons, Virgil Tilton, deceased, Curtis Tilton, and Charles Warren Tilton, of Charleston, and one daughter, Lillie Tilton Miller, deceased. Curtis N. Tilton is the present owner of the opera house.



The Skating Rink

In an interview with Mrs. H. P. Spitzer, of Marlinton, I learned that three men who worked on the construction of the building were Andrew Moore, brother of Mrs. Guy Faulknier, and Dempsey Johnson. Mr. Moore and Mr. Johnson did the cement work and railroad rails were used to reinforce the concrete. It was also reported that Bob Jordan, Betsy Edgar's father, did the carpentry work. Much of the fine carpentry work done in Marlinton was done by Mr. Jordan.

Mr. and Mrs. Tilton lived upstairs in the building next door to the opera house. One son was born there, Mrs. Spitzer remembers.

Harold Dilley, a nephew of Mrs. Tilton, remembers that the Dilley Hotel was across the street from the present Marlinton Methodist Church. This was a three story frame building. A. H. McFerrin, Mr. and Mrs. Tilton, and the Floyd Dilleys were some of the folks who lived there. Harold Dilley was born there and remembers that

HIS FATHER

DAD OPERA HOUSE

Tilton was born This was around because that was the of the flood and Harold was a haby and had taken out of the house was put on a horse with

Was the Old Opera House Used?

pparently, opera es were built all over country to be used in a sty of ways for enterment and community

round 1912, Mr. J. G. diies. sn was editor of a ublican paper similar to Pocahontas Times. It a weekly paper and called Marlinton Mesr married to Gary worked up in this opera activity. ling

basketball team was the games were played view with the late Paul s of the players:

Mrs. H. P. Spitzer recalls the days of the skating rink when the young people met to skate much as they meet for dancing today. She thought it was 25 cents to rent skates for all evening. Paul Overholt remembered being a skate boy and used to put the skates on the girls. Sometimes, a small band played and some of those in the band were Mr. H. P. Spitzer, drummer, Frank Anderson, and Bob Kramer, who played bass horn. Often, fancy skaters were brought in to give demonstrations. There was a stage across the front of the building and run-ways were built down for the er. Mrs. H. P. Spitzer. performers to skate on to ears old, Lena Jordan, the floor. My mother, Mrs. Lura Brill, and my aunt, gs, and Nola Buzzard, Mrs. Mabel Hudson, reto Jim Baxter, were membered skating at the girls who set type for opera house and Floyd paper. This paper Dilley was in charge of this

Theatre Activity

Of course the original nized for Marlinton idea for the opera houses was to bring artists and also e opera house. In an put on local plays. There was a large stage at the holt, I gained much front of the room, which is mation about these ac- still there. A balcony runs es. Mrs. Orion Gum, around the sides and back nton, sent me a picture of the room. Seats were is ball team and the fastened together with slats and were moved out for

performances.

Some of the plays which were given were: Madame Butterfly with Guy Bratton and Paul Overholt. So Long Mary which starred Paul Overholt and Fanny Overholt. The plays were practiced at Michael Pue's house so as to free up the building for other activity. Minstrel shows, Lyceum Courses, and solo artists, all were part of the theatri-cal world of this period.

The first movie there was "The Diamond From the Sky," starring the three Pickfords, Mary, Jack, and

Alice Moore and Nancy Currence remember the production "Pied Piper of Hamlin," around 1916. Alice and Nancy were rats in that production. Warren Arbogast and Margaret Moore wrote from Sweet Springs, that they too remember this production.



Front row (l to r) Paul Overholt, sub center, Arden Killingsworth, center, Drew Rucker, guard. Back row (l to r) Leland Shoemaker, Mgr., Clayborne Nelson, forward, Orion Gum, guard, and Henry Hiner, forward.

Paul Overholt told me that the old opera house floor was the largest basket court in the State for a while. The team beat Davis & Elkins College. Paul Yeager was a big star attending Hampton Sydney College, and he would come in and play with the Marlinton boys.

DLD OPERA HOUSE

They mentioned the following people that were in this play or some other in the opera house: French Moore, Hull Yeager, Clair Haught, Fred Hobert, Lula and Rita Herold, Hazel Shrout, and Helen Moore.

Betty Clay Sharp remembers how impressed she was with the stars in evening dress, performing on this stage. She said to her, they seemed like characters out of a book in fancy

Mrs. Violet Markland (formerly Violet Sharp) writes, 'My sister, Ada Sharp, from Slatyfork, gave a recital in the old opera house. She had graduated from Wesleyan College in Buckhannon in Expression or Elocution, then went on to Boston, Massachusetts to the Greely Institute for further training. She was in some plays with Roy Rogers; he had a rope act. When she was home for a visit, she gave a free concert in the old opera house, about 1914. She married and lived in Baltimore until her death in 1956. One of her daughters is Helen Hannah of Slatyfork.

The Presbyterian Church In 1916, when the old Presbyterian Church in Marlinton was torn down and the new one was being built, services were held in the Opera House. Alice Moore remembers the signs around the room the skaters: "No spitting the floor," etc., and she said her brother, Hunter, was amused by these signs during church. Her mother was not amused by his behavior.

Other events remembered were a forest festival, a kind of county fair. Betty Clay Sharp remembered the exhibits, both inside and out. She said she had a pig for a project one time. In 1918, the High School burned and many school activities had to be held in the opera house building. That is a school story and has come out in a school history.

Those Were The Days

Wouldn't it be fun to relive the days when the community had a center of creative and wholesome activity? If you have memories of these days and this place, the Old Opera House in Marlinton, write them to the Pocahontas Times and let's revive this spirit from the past.

Here is a quote from an interesting letter from Ralph Michael of Elkins. Ralph is the son of Mrs. Nellie Shrader and taught in Pocahontas County for several years. This letter was written to Frances Eskridge.

"I read in THE paper that you are pursuing an interest in the Old Opera House in Marlinton. I am glad to hear this. I didn't know that anyone else had ever given it a second look. I have often looked at it and I feel sure that I have over romanticized it in my mind. I used to have my car repaired there when it was Pifer's garage. I would go in waiting for the car and look up into the balcony hanging with mufflers and tail pipes and see a balcony full of people with eager and expectant faces glowing in theatrical lights from mysterious sources.

While I don't think the building is outstanding architecturally, it is an impressive size, and I do think the Romanesque arches of windows and doorway are rather grand.

I don't know that historically or architecturally it could be placed on the National Register but it might be worth a try.

Good luck! Wouldn't it be great it the county-town would convert it into a theatre, movie house, community auditorium, or "what-have-you."

KNAPPS CREEK

Homes - The pioneer homes have mostly been replaced by new modern buildings. A telephone line reaches nearly every one. Many of the houses have been provided with water system and light plants.

The only brick residence in the valley is the one where I. B. Moore dwells. Mr. Moore's father had this house built. The man who had the contract burned the brick and did all the work for the consideration of two sorrel horses. The home has been well preserved to this day.

Conclusion—In conclusion I wish to say that Knapp's Creek Community has furnished to the world ministers, college professors, a judge, doctors, lawyers, civil engineers, teachers and people of many professions. Seven teachers have come from Douthard's Creek School alone since 1910.

We are all very much indebted to Rev. Wm. T.

Price for the history he recorded and left us. It is to be hoped that the people of each neighborhood will follow his example and keep a record of future events in a more accurate manner than they have in the days past.

The Moore schoolhouse first stood on the east side of the creek at the foot of the Allegheny Mountain, a short distance above Coe Beverage's, as the road was there at that time. Later, after the road was changed the schoolhouse of this sub-district was built further up the valley above C. D. Newman's. When it was decided that this structure could not be used any longer the house in which school is taught at this time was built.

The first school taught at Cove Hill near Frost was approximately in 1894 by J. M. Barnett.

Douthards Creek schoolhouse was built in 1910. It has also been used for preaching services and Sunday School.

A one-room building was first at Minnehaha Springs.
It was probably erected twenty-five years ago. The two-roomed building was put up in 1915. W. L. Herold was the contractor.

OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER,

e of Ratification

ing ended crisis

What had to be worked was the Treaty of Paris, for two years laboriously pounded out in that city by John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, and John Jay. The last article of that document required its ratification within six months. By mid-January of 1784, there were at two months left, and ame had to be allowed for Congressional presentation and argument, plus getting the signatures back across the Atlantic in mid-winter.

What was going on with the Maryland delegation was typical. Its representatives were James McHenry, who, more than any other man, was responsible for bringing Congress to Annapolis; he left Congress the last week of December Samuel Chase did not attend sessions at all. Thomas Stone did not show up until March, John Hall, who resigned in February, also never had sat, being ill at home the whole time. Only Jerimiah T. Chase, also the city's new mayor, was on hand.

Under the Articles of Confederation, nine states two-thirds — of the thirteen had to be represented for a quorum. Only seven were so represented on Jan. 12.

The next day, the two delegates from Connecticut showed up, having been delayed by the heavy snows that continued to blanket the region.

A quorum was still lacking, so Thomas Jefferson urged another day's wait upon a nervous Thomas Mifflin of Pennsylvania, serving as president of the Congress.

On the 14th appeared Jacob Read of South Carolina. This arrival made all the Congressmen extremely happy, as they had at one time even seriously considered traveling en masse to one ill member's bedside (until he showed up) to ensure a vote.

Scarcely had Read taken his seat when Mifflin called the session to order, and passage of the Treaty of Paris was rammed through in record time with a unanimous vote, much to the relief of everyone concerned.

Not satisfied with that, however, an additional pair of copies were drawn and signed, and dispatched forthwith in the hands of two other messengers via two other ports. Nobody was taking any chances on the treaty's not getting to. England on time.

Jefferson, who apparently kept no diary, but did keep a sort of expenditures daybook, noted of the day merely that he gave Bob to buy 2 blankets 30 shillings.

Other Congressmen, having done their good work, thereupon began, as their first semiofficial act of independence another old Congressional tradition disappearing immediately afterward.

Thus we shall, for the 188th time, celebrate Ratification Day in Annapolis today, with only a handful of Congressmen on hand to witness the true anniversary of American independence.

Tradition dies hard.

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THURSDAY, FEB: 26, 1976

Proneer Days-July 9-11, '76

A Bicentennial Patriotic Program is being planned for the

Bicentennial in Hillsboro

After listening to an inspiring Revolutionary War song
entitled "The Battle of Trenton," Hillsboro's Bicentennial
Committee began to pian a
splendid program for 1976.
A colorful parade, top-notch
lecture series (including a session devoted to the history of
Hillsboro), Bicentennial Community Picnic and an old-fashioned crafts demonstration day
at the Pearl S. Buck Birthplace
Museum are several of the
events being planned.

For the celebration. Mrs. A. E. (Louise) McNeel and David H. Corcoran were named General Chairman and Secretary, respectively. Other chairmen and their committees are as follows: Edgar-Starks- Parade Committee, Johnny B. Hill-Crafts, A. E. McNeel-Local History, Pastor and Mrs. Jack Arbuckle-dinner, Lawrence Workman-Clean-up, fixup, and David H. Corcoran-Publicity and Lecture Series.

According to Corcoran, the Bicentenniai presents a rare opportunity for uniting the people of Hillsboro. "We can grow close," he said, "by discovering together and identifying with our rich history. Concurring, Edgar Starks said: · Our committee invites the people and clubs to participate in order to make 1976 our great est year yet." Louise McNeel announced that Mayor Johnny Kinnison and the Town Council were also supporting the project. The Mayor is said to be "enthusiastic" about the prospeer of Hillsboro being named as a "Bicentennial City,"

The first planning meeting was held on last Monday night February 23 at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. McNeel. Refreshments were served after the meeting.

To volunteer for service on a committee, or for further information contact either Louise McNeel at 653-4814 or David H. Corcoran at 653-4430, or anyone of the committee chairmen listed above.

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(Page 2)

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, FEB. 26, 1976

Pioneer Days-July 9-11, '76

Origins of the Episcopal Church in Madison Parish, Pocahontas County. West Virginia by George J. Cleaveland

Madison Parish

The Diocese of West Virginia was formed of parishes which prior to 1878 were within the Diocese of Virginia. A parish is an ecclesiastical unit within the structural organization of the diocese. In the Diocese of Virginia and of West Virginia a parish is an area of land in which the members of the church dwell, marked off from other similar areas by metes and bounds. A minister and Vestry have ecclesiastical responsibility for the work and well-being of the church in their parochial area. Before the creation of the Diocese of West Virginia the annual council of the Diocese of Virginia created Madison Parish coterminous with the boundaries of Pocahontas County. The parish was named for the Rt. Rev. James Madison, P.D., first bishop of the Diocese of Virginia, who was also president of the College of William and Mary, and Minister of James City Parish. The Episcopalians of Pocahontas County are members of Madison Parish and the Episcopal churches in Pocahontas County are churches of Madison Parish. Madison Parish was one of the founding parishes of the Diocese of West Virginia of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Pocahontas County By Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Virginia, March 1821, the county of Pocahontas was created. It was formed of land taken from the counties of Bath, Pendleton, and Randolph. Three years later sixty square acres of land taken from Greenbrier County were added to Pocahontas county. Huntersville was

birthday. I broke him in in the log woods when he was just a boy.

There is an old man at Huntersville, I guess he doesn't want his age told. He is the man that killed the twenty eight pound turkey last fall. I believe Charley is older than me.

made the county seat. The first court met March 5,

1822In his History of Pocahontas County the Reverend Wm. T. Price, D.D., has indicated that twentyone years before the formation of the county some 152 people inhabited the entire region but by 1830, or nine years after the formation of the county, it had a population of 2,542. The Warm Springs-Huntersville Turnpike was completed about 1838, the Staunton-Parkersburg Turnpike which crossed the upper part of the county was built about 1842, the Lewisburg-Marlinton Turnpike was located about 1854 and the Huttonsville-Marlin's Bottom road was completed about 1856. The creation of these roads made easier the ministrations of the Episcopal, Methodist, and Presbyterian clergy to the members of their respective churches, as well as to all others who would avail themselves of their services. At this period, as will be seen from the recital of later facts, a spirit of mutual assistance and Christian charity existed among the ministers of all three churches.

The Clover Lick Fort As pioneer settlers entered the territory of what became Pocahontas county they built forts for their protection against Indian attack. One such fort was Warwick's Fort, built on the land of Jacob Warwick in the region of Dunmore and Greenbank. The fort derived its name from its builder, Major Jacob Warwick. He had served in Dunmore's War in 1774. He purchased the Clover Lick land from the Lewises and built a large house at Clover Lick. Both the Warm Springs Fort and the Fort at Clover Lick were commanded by Col. Andrew Lockridge during the Revolution from 1777 to 1779. Col. Lockridge fought at the Battle of Pt. Pleasant in Dunmore's War under Col. Charles Lewis, and after his death under Col. Wm. Fleming. Clover Lick was an important place along the route from Maryland and Pennsylvania to what was then the Virginia coun-

ty of Kentucky.

Early Services of the Church Shortly after the settlement of the county, clergy of the Methodist, Presbyterian and Episcopal Churches held services in Pocahontas County. We do not know when those first Episcopal ministers came or where they held services. The Rev. Dr. Price, History of Pocahontas County, page 596, has written that for many years services were held in the court house and then after the Academy was built (1842) Episcopalians, as well as Methodists and Presbyterians worshipped there. He further states that after the Presbyterian Church was built in Huntersville in 1855, all denominations used it for purposes of worship. Bishops Moore and Meade in passing from Warm Springs into the Western part of what was their diocese may well have paused in Huntersville seeking their people, as they did elsewhere in what is now West Virginia, and finding some administered unto them. It may be that the ministers of Bath county ministered in Pocahontas County as we

know of record that the Rev. R. H. Mason, minister of the Warm Springs Church did prior to 1869.

Driscol In 1869 the Rev. R. H. Mason reported to the Council of the Diocese of Virginia that he had visited Pocahontas County in 1868 and that he had made prior visits to the churchpeople there. As he came to Pocahontas County he traveled over the Warm Springs-Huntersville Pike and came first to Driscol. The first recorded work of the Episcopal Church began in the home of zealous family" in Driscol. That family was the Lockridge family. Lancelot (Lanty) Lockridge and his wife, the former Miss Elizabeth Benson, established their home on a farm in the locality soon called Driscol and now Minnehaha Springs. Both Bishop Whittle and Bishop Peterkin record their gratitude for the hospitality shown them by that "zealous family," and both record holding services of worship in their home.

The children of Mr. and Mrs. Lancelot Lockridge were, Andrew, Matthias, Lancelot (Lanty), James T., Elizabeth, Nelly, Harriet, Rebecca, and Martha.

Colonel James T. Lockridge, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lancelot Lockridge, (the pioneer family) was a prominent man in his day. Dr. Price records that he was colonel of the 127th Virginia Militia, a member of the house of Burgesses, a merchant, magistrate and sheriff, and both the Journals of the Diocese of Virginia and the History of the Diocese of West Virginia by Bishop Peterkin show that he was a vestryman and warden of the parish and also a delegate from Madison Parish. Pocahontas County to the special conference of clerical and law delegates which brought about the separation of the Diocese of

Virginia and the creation of the Diocese of West Virginia. In his home Bishop Whittle and Bishop Peterkin and the Rev. Mr. Mason held the services of the church for him and his family.

Col. James T. Lockridge married Miss Lillie Moser of South Carolina and they lived at the Lockridge homestead at Driscol. Their children were: Horance M. Lockridge of Huntersville, Florence (Mrs. James W. Milligan of Marlinton), J. B. Lockridge, M.D., of Driscol (now Minnehaha Springs), and Mrs. L. W. Herold. In later years, after her husband's death, Mrs. James T. Lockridge made her home in Marlinton with her daughter, Mrs. James W. Milligan. Mrs. James T. Lockridge was a delightful Christian lady and the writer of these lines, when a young minister in Pocahontas County, conducted her funeral service, and read the Words of Committal from the Book of Common Prayer as her remains were interred in the family cemetery at Driscol.

As has been indicated Miss Florence Lockridge became the wife of Mr. James W. Milligan of Marlinton. Their children were Mabel and Lillie Milligan. Mrs. Milligan and her daughters were members of the Episcopal Church. Miss Mabel Milligan became the wife of Calvin W.

Price, Editor of the Pocahontas Times, member and
Elder in the Marlinton
Presbyterian Church and
son of the late Rev. and
Mrs. Dr. Wm. T. Price.
After many years of work
and worship in the Marlinton Episcopal Church, Mrs.
Calvin Price transferred to
the Marlinton Presbyterian
Church to join her husband
in the work to which he was
deeply committed.

As has been previously indicated services of the Episcopal Church were held in the home of Col. and Mrs. James T. Lockridge. As St. Paul wrote to Philemon concerning "the church that is in thy house" so "in the church which was in that faithful house' at Driscol the Episcopal Church began its entrance and life in Pocahontas County. At the head of the list of wardens and vestry men of Madison Parish Pocahontas County, which includes the names of C. P. Bryan, M.D., John Ligon, M.D., Samuel B. Lowry, James W. Warwick, H. M. Lockridge, W. C. Gardner, R. S. Turk, Blake King, J. W. Hill, Dwight Alexander, M. E. Pugh, and Edward Wilson stands that of Col. James T. Lockridge of Dris-

Visitations of the Bishops and Ministrations of the Clergy of the Diocese of Virginia in Pocahontas County before the Formation of the Diocese of

West Virginia We have no record to prove that either Bishop Moore, Bishop Meade, or Bishop Johns ever visited Pocahontas County. However Bishop Meade reported to the Diocesan Council (May 11, 1861) that he had visited all the churches in Western Virginia. On July 25, 1861 Bishop Johns reported "Accompanied by the Rev. R. H. Mason I entered on a visitation and missionary tour in the counties of Bath, Greenbrier, and Monroe." The Rev. Mr. Mason was the minister in charge of the churches in Bath county and the entrance into Western Virginia from Bath county was along the Warm Springs-Huntersville Pike, from Huntersville to Marlinton and thence to Lewis-

burg. Greenbrier county falong the Lewisburg-Marlinton Pike.) It would appear therefore that in 1861 Mr. Mason and the Bishop stopped in Driscol and in Huntersville, held services there, and then went on down to Greenbrier County. It is a recorded fact, however, that the Rev. R. H. Mason reported to the Council of the Diocese of Virginia that prior to 1868 he had made several visits to Pocahontas County. He also reported "Pocahontas is a very interesting field." Bishop Whittle reported that on September 12, .1869, after preaching in Warm Springs he had visited Pocahontas County with the Rev. Mr. Withers and the Rev. Mr. Mason to keep an appointment in Huntersville scheduled for the thirteenth. On arrival he found the appointment changed to a place fifteen miles distant (Dunmore) and that there were no candidates for confirmation. Therefore he remained in Huntersville with Mr. Withers visiting among the people and that the Rev. Mr. Mason went on and preached (at the changed appointment.)

This is the first recorded visit of an Episcopal Bishop to Pocahontas County. The visit was productive.

In 1870 the Rev. Mr. Mason was able to report that he had been holding services in 1869 with regularity in Pocahontas County 'with some encouragement not only from the few members of the Church so warm in their attachment, but from others also." On August 17, 1871, Bishop Whittle again came to Pocahontas County reported that he had preached in the Presbyterian Church at the C. H. (Court House in Huntersville) and confirmed one person and then rode some 48 miles to where he Lewisburg where he preached the following night.

(This history will be continued in another issue).

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, NOV. 28, 1974

Chanksgiving Day

Thanksgiving-day; Thanksgiv ing-day;

Oh, it has come once more; And does our thankfulness keep pace,

With basket and with store?

Bread daily given, waters sure, Health, comfort, friends and home-

Not from the ground to us arise,

Whence do these mercjes come?

ift up our eye and view the Hand

Supplying all our need;

And think! One day of giving thanks,

Is small return indeed.

Surely, in church, at home, afield,

We hait Thanksgiving-day, And bless our gracious Lord above

Who brings us on our way.

sensitive and studyous-

hin A. B. degree at

Antinnau Universey

Anna L. Price, 1913

Bicentennial Historian

John Alexander Williams, writer, historian, and descendant of generations of West Virginians, has agreed to write the volume, West Virginia: A Bi-centennial State History, in the forthcoming Bicentennial State Histories series, The States and the Nation.

Professor William's volume will be an interpretive essay. characterizing the people of West Virginia historically and showing the relationship of their state's history, their particular experiences, their applications of democracy, and their values, to those of the nation as a whole.

Professor Wifliams is amply qualified for the task. He grew up and attended public schools West Virginia, graduating at White Sulphur Springs in 1957. For the past decade, his research and writing have cen-tered around Appalachia, with special attention to West Virginia, where his family has lived for many years. Mr. Williams was born in Galveston, Texas, in 1938. He earned the bachelor of arts degree, with honors in history, from Tulane University in 1961, having interrupted his studies there to spend a year (1959 60) at the London School of Economics at the University of London. He holds the master's degree (1962) and the doctorate (1966) from Yale University. He also attended the Interuniversity Consortium for Political Research at the University of Michigan during the summer of 1968. Professor Williams spent a year (1965-1967) as assistant in instruction at Yale, five years (1966-1971) on the faculty at Notre Dame, and one year (1971-72) on the facplty of the University of Illinois at Chicago Circle, before returning to West Virginia.

Since 1972, he has taught United States history, West Virginia and Appalachian history at West Virginia University, handling both advanced and graduate courses and being chiefly responsible for a huge introductory state history course required for certain stu-dents of West Virginia University.

Mr. Williams was awarded a Gereral Motors Scholarship (1957-61); Woodrow Wilson Fellowships (1961-62 and 1964-55); a University Fellowship (1962 63); and a Danforth Teaching Assistantship (1965-66). He is a member of the American Historical Association and the Organization of American Historians.

His writings include West Virginia and the Captains of Industry: The Politics of a Colo nial Economy in Appalachia, scheduled for publication in 1975 by West Virginia Univer-sity Library Press; an essay en titled "West Virginia" and several biographical articles commissioned and accepted by the Crowell-Collier Company for an encyclopedia; and a variety of articles and reviews in such professional publications as The History Teacher, the Indiana Magazine of History, Research Reports in the Social Sciences, Maryland Historical Magazine, Journal of the Folklore Institute, Review of Politics, and West Virginia History.

Mr. Williams is the son of Mrs. John A. Williams and the late Mr. Williams and grandson of the late A. D. and Luis Waugh Williams, at one time of Pocahontas County. He is a cousin of Miss Alice Waugh, of Marlinton, and visited here much.

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AHONTAS TIMES

at the Postoffice at Marlin-

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VIN W. PRICE, EDITOR

2SDAY, JUNE 24, 1954

r. McNeill "Retires"

forty-nine years of teachl but one in the state of
irginia, Dr. G. D. McNeill,
professor of Social Sciences
s and Elkins College, left
yesterday for the farm
ickeye, Pocahontas county
hich he was born on May

leNeill's accomplishments
een many. His life story
the kind that is rarely met
ays. By the turn of the
he had earned the degrees
elor of Laws and Master
from National University
hool in Washington. In
young lawyer was elected
ing attorney on the Reticket in Democratic
tas County.

came a "hitch" in the tates Navy during which McNeill made the trip ne world with the "Great set", 1907-09. Hundreds residents have heard Dr. graphic description of ige through the Straits an.

lischarge from the navy
of lumberjacking in the
t, young McNeill came
Pocahontas county and
he career he loved most,
working and studyinghis A. B. degree at
College. There followed
Cincinnati University
A. degree from Miami
iversity.

sure that our readers join us in wishing the McNeill's many pleasant years, in what he so aptly calls, "semi-retirement".

-Randolph Review

In 1919 Professor McNeill entered the political arena the second time, on this occasion as Republican candidate for Pocahontas County Superintendent of Schools. He was elected with more than 800 votes to spare, which, as Dr. McNeill loves to point out, was a considerable improvement over his 1904 majority of a slim thirteen votes.

In 1923 came the principalship of Marlinton High School from which eighteen years later Principal McNeill "retired" in 1941 to begin thirteen years of valuable service to Davis and Elkins College, which was recognized in 1951 when the college awarded him a Doctor of Law degree. Though a Methodist by conviction he long taught an adult Bible class at the Davis Memorial Presbyterian Church.

Dr. McNeill has been the author of many articles and stories upon West Virginia, the best known of which are found in the volume, "The Last Forest, Tales of the Allegheny Woods," published by Fortuny's in 1939.

Not the least of Dr. McNeill's accomplishments has been the rearing and educating of four fine children, two sons and two daughters. He and Mrs. McNeill celebrated their golden wedding anniversary last year.

Call Dr. McNeill what you will,
-teacher, author, sailor or politi
cian-the word which describes him
best is "friend". By this term
he has endeared himself to thousands of former students and
numberless associates who have
profited through contact with him,
-from the days back in 1897 when
as a young graduate of Droughan
Institute, Nashville, Tennessee,
he taught at Texarkana, Texas,
-to this past year at Davis and
Elkins.

Dr. McNeill, still vigorous in mind and body, will devote his time at Buckeye to writing tales he has long had in mind. We are

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POCAHONTAS TIMES

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, FEB. 23, 1961

Poet Laureate

The townspeople of Keyser, where Dr. Louise McNeill Pease is a professor at Potomac State College, last week purchased space in the Hillbilly to support their proposal for the naming of Louise McNeill as the Poet Laureate of West Virginia And we, of her native Pocahontas, gladly add our voices for a vote of acclamation. Dr. Pease, writing under her maiden name of Louise Mc-Neill (she is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. G. D. McNeill of Buckeye) is the author of the book of poems, "Gauley Mountain," and many others that have been published in nationally-known magazines. She knows the history of her people and is a fitting candidate for the honored title.

MARCH 26, 1954

George Douglas McNeill

George Douglas McNeill, 86, of Buckeye, died at his home Sunday, March 22, 1964, after

Born at Buckeye May 22, 1877, he was a son of the late James and Frances Perkins

His wife, Mrs. Marietta Grace McNeill, died July 1, 1961.

He was a member of the Marlinton Methodist Church and the Masonic Lodge at

Mr. McNeill spent 42 years in the school system of Pocahontas County, first teaching when he was 17 years old at Buckeye, He was County Superintendent 1919-1923 and then served as principal of Marlinton High School until 1941, when he became professor of history at Davis and Elkins College. He retired in 1955. A vast reservoir of historical fact, he was the author of "The Last Forest" and "Tales of Pocahontas County"

Mr. McNeill attended Draugh on's Business College and received his LL. B. and LL. M. degrees from the National University Law School in Washington. He served as prosecuting attorney in the early 1900's. In 1906 he joined the Navy and went on the "Round he World" tour of the U.S. leet. For his tales of this xperience "G. D." was best nown to his many strdents. e had a B. A. degree from oncord College, an M. A. egree from Miami University thio) and an honorary LL. D. gree from Davis and Eikins. Survivors include two sons, mes McNeill, of Buckeye, d Ward K. McNeill, of Conbus, Ohio; two daughters, s. C. P. Dorsey, of Morganon, and Mrs. Roger Pease, Athens; four grandchildren three great-grandchildren. uneral services were held inesday afternoon in the linton Methodist Church he Rev. George McCune

the Rev. Ezra Bennett. al was in the Buckeye

Mrs. G. D. McNeill

Mrs. Marietta Grace McNeill, 82, of Buckeye, died at the Pocahontas Memorial Hospital on Saturday, July 1, 1961, after a long illness. Mrs. McNeill was born at Buckeye on January 22, 1879, the daughter of the late William C. and Susan Buckley McNeill. On January 29, 1903, she was united in marriage to George Douglas McNeill, who survives.

In her youth Mrs. McNeill was a teacher in the district schools, and throughout her life was a professing Christian and a member of the Buckeye Methodist Church.

Surviving are: her husband, G. D. McNeill of Buckeye; two sons, Ward K. McNeill of Columbus, Ohio, and James W. McNeill, of Buckeye; two daughters, Mrs. Carleton P. (Elizabeth) Dorsey and Mrs. Roger W. (Louise) Pease, both of Morgantown. Also surviving are her sister, Mrs. Edna M. Kellison, of Beard; her brother, R. S. McNeil, of Marlinton; four grandchildren: John D. McNeill, Fresno, California; Blix and Cheryl McNeill, at home; Douglas Pease, of Hanover, New Hampshire; and two great-grandchildren, Larch Ann and Rosemarie McNeill, of California.

Funeral services were held at two o'clock, July 3, at the Swago Methodist Church, with the Reverend Ezra Bennett in charge; interment followed at the family cemetery at Buckeye.

"Strength and dignity are her clothing . . . and the law of kind-ness is on her tongue . . . She looketh well to the ways of her household . . . Her children rise up and call her blessed; her husband also, and he praiseth her . . . Give her the fruit of her hands and let her works praise her in the gates."

1959

G. D. McNeill to be Hanored

Dr. G. D. McNeill will be be cred this year at the conclusions the "Pocahontas Beautiful" and the "Pocahontas Beautiful" and ade on May 2. A pink dogward tree will be planted on the land tree will be Marlinton H gh Related of the Marlinton Hgh School where he was principal for so that where he was the many friends by years, and the many friends and former pupils of Dr. McNell and former pupiling former pupiling at the dedication services join in the dedication services

In line with Dr. MeNelly many years of service in the teast ing profession, in the County ben and as a professor at Davis and Elkins College, a marker will be placed at the Fair Grounds when Henry Baker, the first school tea cher in Pocahontas County, was killed and scalped by the Indiana as he had gone to wash in the Greenbrier River. This was in 1786 at the site of Lawrence Drin. non's cabin.

The parade promises to be good as Leo Davis, parade marshal in working hard on it again this year All businesses and organization are urged to make an entry to make it the best yet. The parade will be at 2:00 May 2.

This parade and dedication and the highlights of the two-weeks period set aside to help every per. son in every part of Pocahontal County to realize the need to clean up and keep our County clean and beautiful!

to hear from your of the Busin which is rught, I've be geed 12th I sow in magazine which that her Try array munimy in the centralist There has I recent they some to from I have haile, I am free for a fine minutes house he had for depent the much The has been a year of name and The last som - Jim - moster The forms. ales she to pust non composing a soul The second girl does some holding. It bear, where he weiter see ago Wheelener, hower, mesones bespect and is at marganism Columbus for sport; the udust que Mysbull Dobon. March - myselvest beay - has been me Heaps, had swee probably be going ent my fortunes, au shee se merlinken There is been to report or to are queling into according, so there were they can do except took are found to making meet, the faces, there BK. A number of beegs from high below from . Has get to how she year were The back were mineral yestering west am residency a pensie note. For mant of Convenient free our my de mi Manghan.

Datis and Elkins Callege

MILLIAMS

Buckeye mo

Friend Vaughan, - The M'Neice Ranger article was interesting and appreciatel.

Nothing new with me. Hefe is not well, and I am still fammed up. Many deer being killed, weather bad. Ward is thomset for some twenty hunting. Thank you for the Mc Hace article. They lame from Dame family as my ancistors 5-6 generations lead.

Fortheise

Book Donation

February 27, 1974

Superintendent P. C. H. S. The enclosed book, "The Great White Fleet," is being sent to your school library in memory of the late Dr. George Douglas McNeill. Dr. McNeill was my teacher in the sixth and seventh grades-with the late Dr. Calvin Price he was my Scout Master and more than that, a life long friend. I hope you will place this book in the school library for everyone to use and you could mention it to the Pocahontas Times so his children still in Pocahontas County could read it also. His two daughters in Morgantown have read it there.

Although the book was published in 1965 it is now out of print and very scarce. The U.S. Naval Academy here in Annapolis only has one well worn copy. Dr. Pease is presently writing a book on her father's life.

I remain, Sincerely, Glen L. Vaughan Lt. Ret. U. S. Navy Annapolis, Md.

Mr. Fred Smith, the principal, and Miss Peggy Smith. librarian, greatly appreciated the gift of the book and some clippings and poems about "G. D." Mr. McNeill sailed with the "Great White Fleet" around the world on a good will tour.

pr. Louise Rolle 21 Penne, Ph.D.

---- starting on page four, Sler 5.5. Glacier and he went in late 1907. I was very Pleased

see in the Pocalondos

memorel gift ter 2 He Great White theet for id had

I. D. " " y. D. " would greatly

Exprecate it too de la am owe the High School will Ded kids.

my family. I thought the lines na big The Wary men not relief. They would down

Rog and I are fine and hope for and Jenne are 2/80.

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again, thank you. for se

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poetry can deal validly with social criticism. I'm not a protestant, but I'm not ashamed to try something along this line. I see no reason for poets to be so fine fingered."

Academians, and sometimes poets themselves, often attempt to set down rules for poetic subject matter. Miss McNeill objects. She says she never places limits on what poetry should or

can deal with.

"I once heared Allen Tate say that no one should write a poem about his mother. So I have deliberately written one about mine," she said.

"Paradox Hill" is divided into three sections—"Appalachia," "Scattered Leaves" and "Lunar Shores." Each deals with aspects of Appalachian life... from the traditional to the futuristic.

The book is full of the kind of poetry that Stephen Vincent Benet, in his foreword to an earlier collection of her poems, "Gauley Mountain, also published by McClain Printing Co., described as simple, direct and forceful. Many of the poems are laced with humor, some are tinged with sorrow, others are filled with outright rage.

Many of the stories spun in Miss McNeill's ballads were told to her by her father, Douglas McNeill, who was a writer, teacher and one-time sailor. He too wrote about West Virginia in a volume of short stories called "The Last Forest."

Faps: Thars It -

Like a voice fold of bearing

That saddest, and popularity most beautiful

"G.D", died Sunday Forth

Sometimes she is inspired by conversations she hears in public places. Two of the most poignant poems in "Paradox Hill" are entitled "Overheard on a Bus."

At the age of 18, Miss McNeill began to write seriously, and two years later her first poems were published in a Dallas, Tex., magazine, Kaliedograph. Since then, she has published three volumes of poems and several short stories.

"I often will write a poem in a few hours," she observed. "The poems that turn out right are the ones that are written rapidly. Sometimes if I fail to get it down the first time, I can go back to it later but that doesn't happen very often."

She is a great believer in form. When she decided to write seriously, she studied form, pattern and rhythm. She rarely writes in free verse form.

Miss McNeill works very hard at finding the right words and perfecting the images in her poems. She throws away two of every three poems that she writes.

Dr. Ruel E. Foster, chairman of the WVU Department of English, thinks one of Miss Mc. leill's greatest virtues is her

complete lack of affectation.

"You'll find none of the big, dramatic rhetoric of Shakespeare or Milton in her poetry," Dr. Foster said. "She's contemporary, yet you'll find none of the tortured rhetoric that many modern poets fall prey to.

"She is part of a great tradition in American poetry," he observed.

BF B BOD

twas a cold and blustery Fall day in November 1963 when I made what turned out to be my last visit with "G.D.", on his farm below Buckeye, as on all my trip's home these visits were a must.

A gentle "Come in", answered my knock - when entering "G.D", started to stand until I spoke - recognizing my voice with a warm

'come in - have a chair'.

Then I realized that he was almost blind. I sat in a rocking chair near him close to the fireplace. Soon the topics of the day were past and we settled down to talk and rock. There were many periods of silence as we reached far back in our minds to recall places both had visited and had memories of.

Now and again the logs in the fireplace would drop a burnt ember sending sparks up the chimney as though to prove something in the

room was alive.

Two old sailors - the teacher and his retired grade school student. We spoke of flying fish - porpoise playing tag around the bow at eighteen knots. Storms and calms - Northern Lights - Sunsets on the equator - Pizaros glass coffin in Lime, Peru, the Pampas of Argentina. Ships stores - tar and caulking hemp - belaying pins and marlin spikes - Jacobs ladder and the crows nest - flag hoists and yardarms - two block then execute.

Some thousands of miles West and we were in the South Pacific working our way North on the Asia coast and experiences on the China station. Crossing equator - King Neptune and Davy Jones Locker - becoming a shellback. More silence and then we moved from coal to oil burning ships - ships with composite hulls steel covered with wood which was then covered with copper to

retard fouling - barnacles and sea moss.

We had gunnery exercises off the West coast of Mexico and visits on the U.S. West coast - ships with mangers on berth decks to

clean chain as anchor was being weighed.

Out of nowhere "G.D.", said, its a long way from the Fo'c'sle to midships - to an officers stateroom aft - but you made it without college - must have been some hard work and study. Maury's charts and Knights navigational aids and seamenship. I can recall few students I have known that could equal your record. I stammered my thanks and said work and mork work - yes studies too.

I put a small log on the fire while we just rocked - going back home soon - tomorrow I answered and the hour is late and must be going. "Always nice to have you drop in Vaughan - come back soon". . we shook hands - no goodby's or farwell's. We had sailed the Worlds oceans several years in the space of a handfull of minutes.

As I walked down to my car little did I know that this would be our last visit. When I heard of his passing I prayed that a gentle breeze would come off the mountains to the West and carry his spirit across the seas to the Highlands.

"G.D". died Sunday March 22, 1964.

Taps: There it sounds with its quivering note, Like a voice full of tears, or a sob in the throat-That saddest, and sweetest, most beautiful call; How its notes hold the music, in rise and in fall,

Whenever I hear it I think of the day When for me they shall sound it-and I far away-And I pray that they'll say, "he has fought a good first," As the Trumpeter's bugle is saying Good Night.

By: Midshipman Wm. N. Porter, Deceased.

U. S. S. PHOENIX AT HOME

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WE SOUTH THE REAL

American Cruiser To Leave B.A. To-Day

APTAIN John W. Ran-C kin and the other officers of the U.S.S. Phoenix gave a reception on board the cruiser yesterday evening, to which three hundred and fifty persons had been in-

The guests were received by Captain Rankin and the executive officer. Commander James E. Boak.

E Blook.

Among those present ware: Mr.

& Pinkney Tuck. United States Charge d'Affaires. Mrs. Teck, and their daughter Miss Mariha Douglas; representatives of the Argentine Government and the Ministry of Marine; Messya. Geoffrey Wallinger and N.J. M. Cheethan secretaries to the British Embassy, Mr. J.A. Strong. Cheetham, secretaries to the British Embassy, Mr. J.A. Strong. Cheetham, secretaries to the British Embassy, Mr. J.A. Strong. Cheetham, secretaries to the British Embassy, Mr. J.A. Strong. Cheetham, secretaries to the British Embassy, Mr. J.A. Strong. Cheetham, secretaries to the British Embasses; Admiral Houards States Naval Attaches of other Embassics; Admiral Houards Samigli, commanding the Seventh Naval Division and the Commanders and officers of the two Italian cruisers now in port; Cap. Naval Division, and the Commanders and officers of the two Italian cruisers now in port Captain Guy Baker, head of the United States Naval Mission and Captain Agustine Gray, also a member of the mission; Major John Cannon, thief of the American air group of technical advisors to the Argentine Air Porce, and Mrs. Cannon; Lieut. Benno Edgar Fisher. Argentine aldo-decamp to Captain Rankin; Mrs. Carl Rapp, president of the American Women's Club, Mr. Monnett B. Davis, United States Constituted Mrs. Lowenthal and Mr. Delprat Keen
Light refreshments were served on the quarter-deck, and music was provided by the ship's bend The Phoenix was gally decorated with bushing for the occasion.

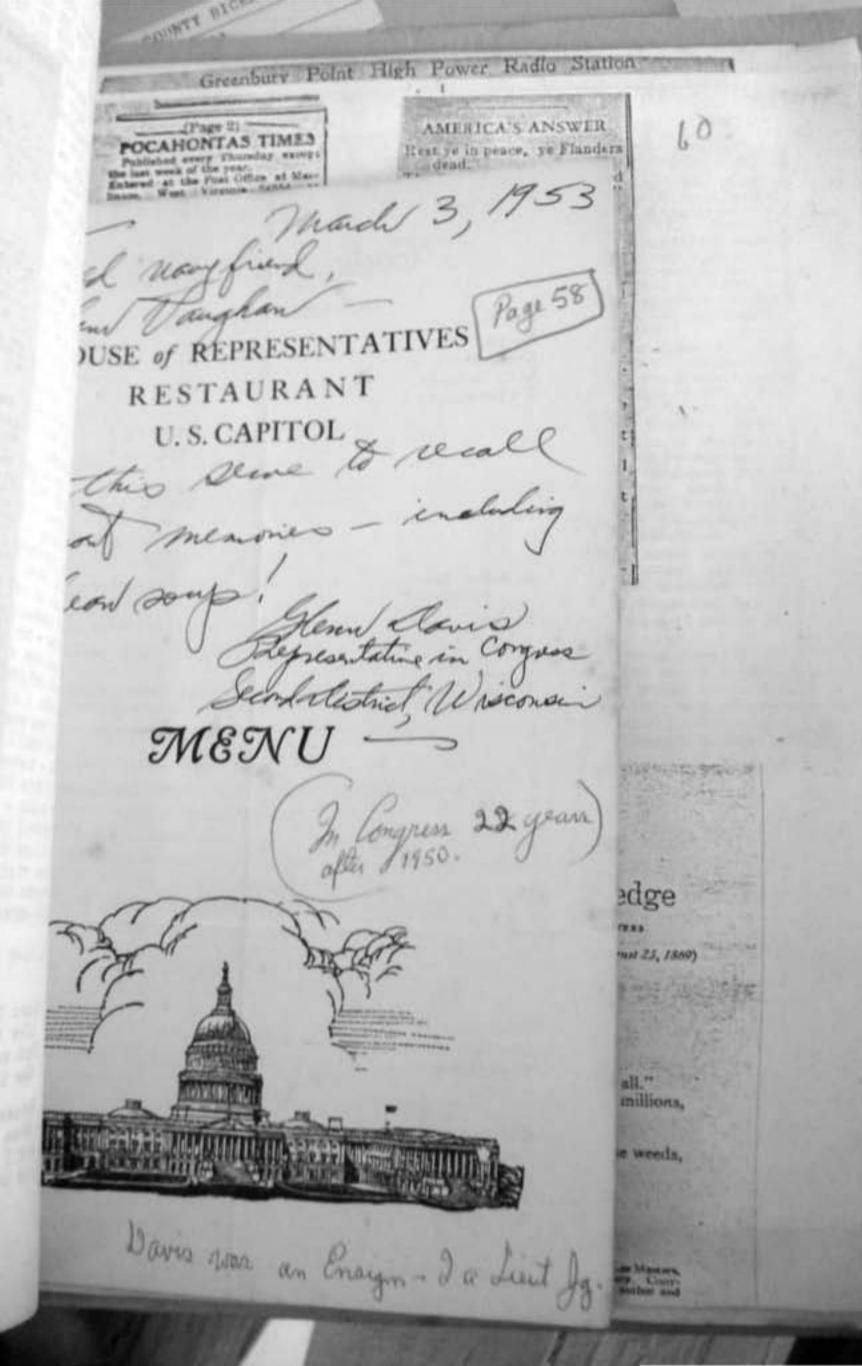
CRUISER SAILING TO DAV

CRUISER SAILING TO DAY

The Phoenix is leaving at 1020 o'clock to-day for Muniteviden.

Sunrama

Helped put this cruses War record - never saw WELL The Lucky Physimix.



(Page 2)

POCAHONTAS TIMES

Published every Thursday except the last week of the year. Entered at the Post Office at Mac-linson. West Virginia 24954, as second class matter

SUBSCRIPTION CHARGES In Pocadontas County \$2.50 a year, Elsewhere \$3.50 a year, In advance,

JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, NOV. 7, 1968

IN FLANDERS FIELDS

In Flanders fields the poppies blow

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Between the crosses, row on row.

That mark our place; and in the sky

The larks still bravely singing fly,

Scarce heard amidst the guns below.

We are the dead. Short days

We lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow,

Loved and were loved, and now we lie In Flanders fields.

To you from falling hands we throw

The torch. Be yours to hold it high!

If ye break faith with us who die,

We shall not sleep, though poppies grow In Flanders fields.

-John D. McCrae

AMERICA'S ANSWER

Rest ye in peace, ye Flanders dead.

The fight that ye so bravely led We've taken up. And we will keep

True faith with you who lie paleep

With each a cross to mark his bed,

And poppies blowing overhead, Where once his own lifeblood ran red.

So let your rest be aweet and deep

In Flanders fields. Fear not that ye have died for paught.

The torch ye threw to us we

caught: Ten militon hands will hold it high.

And Freedom's light shall never die!

We've learned the lesson that -ye taught In Flanders fields,

-R. W. Lillard

Notice



Ann Rutledge

EDGAR LEE MASTERS

(Born Garnet, Kansas, August 23, 1869)

Out of me unworthy and unknown The vibrations of deathless music; "With malice toward none, with charity for all." Out of me the forgiveness of millions roward millions, And the beneficent face of a nation Shining with justice and truth. I am Ann Rutledge who sleeps beneath these weeds, Beloved in life of Abraham Lincoln, Wedded to him, not through union, But through separation. Bloom forever, O Republic, From the dust of my bosom!

Page I

POAGES

part of an article on sage family in Virginia. others, Robert and John of their importation at yen charges' at Orange jouse in 1740. The Poss Peages are the dents of Robert Peage, tiled between Staunton ort Defiance. His wife insbeth Preston. An acolf the Peages is given in Historical Sketches of ontas County," but this gives some interesting intion—From a Stauntewspaper.

Poage family was a sent one in and near ton, Virginia, in the years ing the arrival of the first ers as pioneer settlers, undred and more years

of them, Colonel James, left Staunton, went to icky, and then to Ohio, he founded a new town led Staunton. Later the was changed to Ripley, aused us to do some perresearch at this end of le.

visited the old and new eries at Fort Defiance, associated with Old Stone yterian Church, to see many readable stones ad the graves of mem-I the Poage family. We too, that occasionally ime was spelled Poague. pointed out there are two eries at Fort Defiance: ne near the church and a older burial ground east present manse. Whether irly, frame church once near the older cemetery known, but normally ? tery usually was closely in relation to the chr this older cemetery losed with a stuand the grass sure well kep' s bearing to ons in fat'

Page 3.

ward purchasing the communion silver. Her gift caused other members of the congregation to make new and special efforts to contribute. The silver was saved.

Later Margaret's husband ordered six silver spoons from England for her; so her long desire was fulfilled. Five of these spoons are said to have come into the possession of Mrs. Augusta Harmon Pattie, of Waynesboro. The sixth went to a Poage from Texas. Since "P" was engraved on the spoons, the family agreed Mrs. Pattie should have them. She is a direct descendant in the Poage line.

About twelve miles northwest of Old Stone Church is a stone dwelling, now occupied by Mrs. Margaret Carroll, a descendant of the Poages. This house is said to be the original Poage residence in the Valley of Virginia.

End of series on the Poage family and its associations in the Valley of Virginia and in Southern Ohio. Page 2

It is believed the Presbyterians in the Old Stone Church area began to gather for worship about 1737, probably meeting in homes of the people, since no reference is found concerning an organized church until 1740 when Dr. Craig assumed the pastorate and the stone edifice was authorized to be constructed.

Old Stone Church was completed in 1747; dedicated in 1749; and the present wings added in 1922. It served as a fort during the Indian wars after General Braddock's defeat.

Information to this effect is contained on a bronze marker erected on an exterior wall of the church about 1925 by the Colonel Thomas Hughart Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution.

In the newer churchyard there are stones mentioning four Poages, as follows:

John H. Poage died June 13, 1870, 80 years, 11 months, and 7 days.

James Poage. (born) November 15, 1826, died at the age of 71 year, 7 months, and 12 days

Nancy S., wife of James Poage, (died) January 8, 1870, aged 57 years, 6 months, and 22 days.

538492 27 TH



Licut. Samuel K. Groseciose, in charge (Va.).
William J. Velkman, executive officer (Colo.).
Jahn Edward Toomey, chief radio man,
Charles E. Gerry, chief machinist mate.
Glen L. Vaughan, radio man, 1st class (W. Va.).
Raiph M. Shaver, radio man, 2d class (Pa.).
Culten E. Snyder, radio man, 2d class,
Maxmilliam C. Hancke, ships cook, 2d class,
Hareld Peterson, radio man, 2d class.
Raymond P. McIntyre, radio man, 2d class. Raymond P. McIntyre, radio man, 2d class John Jock, mess cook.

William H. Richardson. Presion F. Ellis, radio man, 2d class, William E. Eatmon, radio man, 2d class, Otto Lutzmann, radio man, 2d class (N. J.). Charles Irving Delp, electrician maie, ist class.
Ralph F, Sides, radio man, 1st class.
Gaddis I. Hendy, radio man, 2d class.
Earl A, Hoffman, radio man, 1st class.
Joseph L. Driscoll, water tender, 1st class.
Louis C, Zellnar, carpenters mate, 1st class.

Across the river from the Naval Academy, Annapolis, is the Navy's high power radio transmitting station. Here on a beautiful 180-acre reservation are 31 crack radio men, who, in time of war, might easily control the destiny of our nation...

Lieut. Samuel K. Groseclose, Southwest Virginian, commands the station. This young officer says he really should get, married for his assigned quarters are much too large for a ters are much too large for a lone bachelor. And why not? He's handsome, a good dancer, an Academy man and just a bit mysterious from three years in Asia

William J. Volkman, executive officer, grows reminiscent about Siberia—it's good food, lots of winter, and those pretty Russian girls. Bill's a crack shot and great golfer—when he hits the ball. And he, as chief execu-tioner of old goats, went out one frosty morning and shot Big Goat Billy, the Navy mascot, be-cause he was too feeble for service. . John Edward Toomey is chief transmitter and ah, but there's a lad for you! Bring out your superlatives. He knows all the good things about the crew and is friendly and accommodating to strangers. Handsome, tool...Charles E. "Monkey Wrench" Gerry, looks after the machinery-massages all the lawn mowers and tinkers with asthmic motors. He loves chil-dren and dogs—has five of each, a dog for each child, and he takes in all stray dogs.

Glen L. Vaughan, Pawpaw,
W. Va., is called the informa-

tion hureau because of his mem-ory. He eats big fat sandwiches all day long, at least five daily— nothing stops him, that's how

he came to be known as the "Five Sandwich Man."

"Five-Sandwich Man."

Ralph M, "Klicker" Shaver is jokingly termed the station gigolo, because he's a ladies' man. Last year Klicker won the Navy championship for elimbing those 610-foot steel radio towers. Cullen E. Snyder, Pennsylvania, frog hunter first class of the Navy, kills bullfrogs and eats 'em. Maximillan C. Haneke, "Sea Hag." or ship's cook, is the best bean jockey in the Navy and the worst pool shooter. Harold Peterson, "cheerful cherub" and official stenographer, is so friendly and helpful that the boys tell him all their troubles as if he were their "sky pilot.".

Raymond P, McIntyre upholds the high standards of Maine, plays second base on the hall team and is also a cham-Maine, plays second base on the ball team and is also a cham-pion wooden pole climber. He's the only man who can climb the slender 75-foot flagpole at the station . . . John Jock, Scotch mess cook, walks 10 miles a day, rain or shine. Never gets his feet wet. He walks so fast he misses the puddles. William H. Richardson is the best dressed man and the station's official correspondent to the submarine base—New London, Conn.

Preston F. Ellis is recuperat-ing from a serious illness, so he has lots of time to spoil his new has lots of time to spoil his new baby daughter, Charon Lynn, named for two Massachusetts towns...William E. Eatmon recently came out second best in a bout with a bus near Quantico. Bill woke up with 27 stitches on his head, but now both he and the bus are doing nicely...Otto Lutsmann recently caught 45 hardheads in less than three hours. And he'd rather walk hours. And he'd rather walk

to town than ride—thinks noth ing of a 24-mile atroll. beauty contest for men. But those jumping Navy mascot goats peater him to death—he's their official tender, you know, and Otto is threatening to put up a sign: "Goats, please do not jump the fence"...Jolly Charles "Jughead" Irving Delp is the life of the station but has is the life of the station, but has beat Campbell's speed record.
...Ralph P. Sides is a heavyweight athlete. Proud of his 5monthsold daughter. Mary
Anne, because she's so strong—
takes that after her dad, Ralph is manager of the station's ball team. And what a team! Never lost a game. Recently they "licked" Arlington Radio Station in a game referred by Big Bill Preitag, former Washing-ton-Jefferson College, football

Gaddis I. Hendy is a new man full of vim and vigor and so cager to learn his job he works overtime. Earl A. Hoffman is now serving his third tour of duty at the Station, He's the blues erooner and champion welterweight of the crew. Jo-seph L. Driscoll makes things merry with his harmonica. He loves old Irish songs, but you ought to hear him sing "Show Me the Way to Go Home"... Louis "Chips" Zellnar is a new man. The station's mystery man. He's been making a lot of picture frames. Why? No of picture frames. Why? body knows. Surely be's going to frame the radio to sages he sends. All the satiors are interesting, bitious and trustworthy he wouldn't be there"-that what the lieutenant said. i d.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

PURISHED TO PROPERTY STATES OF THE PARTY STATE

Over 80

F. M. Sution

I was been in Doddridge County in 1884, came in Paspherias when I was five years old, and have spent around greenty of my 50 years in Pospheritas Cronty.

I got all of my arbouling on Bearer Creek, getting to the gith grade, Mrs. Alice Brooks was my first teacher and John Moore was my next. Our actival terms were only I or 4 mentio long. I pretty well new my letters-my mother maybt them in me out of the Peralionias Times, Some of my four say "Why are you so interested in that paper-you don't know everybody in Pocanontax." But I am just foolish stonigh to believe I do know 85 per cent of them. I still love the name Pocabontas; it may he because I am about onethird Indian. I guess the reaate I love the Pocahontes hills is because I believe I have seen the top of every hill in the County That is what made me tough; I am still tough as a pine knot-I can walk five or aix miles and never catch a ing breath. I sometimes look ek to see if my grandson is

I worked on the farm until was grown, then went to the log woods. My first job away from home was with J. H. Bussard on the farm and on the mail route from Marinton to Dilley's Mill From there I went to the log camp in the white pine woods and on the log drives to Ronceverte, 1 think I worked on just about every logging job but one-that was Glen Galford's job. I worked on seven different logging jobs in Greenbrier County. so I guess the old saying is right after all, "A rolling stone gathers no mous,"

I worked from one day to six years on these jobs. I would quit a job and go to another for fifty cents more on the week. For about 19 years we worked in the woods for \$1,25 per day. When we got up to \$1.45, we thought we had it made. We worked from 6 until 6 for that. I came to Kanawha County to work on a 33-acre farm for G. G. Smith, He handled show horses and had three bundred thousand dollars worth of purebred horses, I worked five years for him and then moved to town of St. Albans. In 1959 my wife died and then I came. to Netro and still live here at 23-Slat Street East, Nitro. Thu is just a short sketch. I could write a book and not get tarted.

Twenty-Five Years Ago "The Pocahontas Times"

Fire tickets on the Town ballot. Running for mayor were:
\$\(\) W. Reynolds, J. M. Bear, Dr.
\$\(\) E. Frice and G. S. Callison on
two tickets. Also a Hallot For
and Against cowe running
at large in the Town of Marlinton
Deaths: Mrs. Salina Beard McNeel, Pimea City, Oklahoma.

The Seneca Trail-

The Semon Indians were the keepers of the Warrior's Road. At first they were the standing army of the five civilized Indian. nations. The term war path came from a young brave joining the Senecas and taking the war road, to demonstrate his courage and prowess. Under the treaty of 1732 between the British Crown and the Indians, this road marked the boundary between Indian lands of the west and British possessions on the cast. The road extended from Seneca Lake in New York to Northern Georgia. Traces of it can be seen in the campus of Davis & Elkins College at Elkins; on the hill near the residence of Dr. Norman R. Price and near the residence of the late George Kee, at Marinton Also at a number of places on Droop Mountain. It came by Mingo across Gibson's Knob on Elk Mountain, down Indian Draft to Campbells town, across Jerico Flat and down to Price Run, over to the Red House, up Kee Run to the Kee Rocks, across the flat to Buckeye, up the Bridger Mountain to Douglas McNeil's Seneca Trail Farm, through the gap where the Bridger brothers were kitled by Indians. On up the mountain to the High Rocks, around the top of Cranberry and Caeser to Droop, across Droop by the way of healing spring and Bear Town down to Spice Run; over to Little Creek, and thence to White Sulphur; up the draft to Monroe County and New River. Route 219 in a general way follows the Warrior's Road and for that Trail.

POCAHONTAS TIMES - APRIL 12, 1973-Page 9



SUE CROMER

r miles west of Cheat Bridge, where we lived Methodist Church and, although she suffered a log cabin until 1902, when we moved to at Bridge where she spent the rest of her e. She was the seventh of fourteen children in 1906 at the age of sixteen she started gying the mail by horseback from Cheat ige to Durbin and back. The Post Office carried it by horse and buggy. It was durthe time she rode horseback that she sufd frozen feet. Many of us did not know it that until her recent death. he was a rugged outdoors type of person and father, who was a surveyor and timber ser, frequently took her and two or three ur brothers on his trips in the mountains. year they spent a whole summer searching lines on the top of Cheat Mountain, campout at night. One younger brother was sent for supplies every day or two. She was with down Elk River and the Gauley Mountain areas year Mr. Slaymaker, owner of the Greenbrier, it & Elk Company (later the West Virginia Pulp Paper Company), sent Dad and his crew to th Carolina to estimate timber and Sue was of the group.

n 1923 Sue became Postmaster at Cheat Bridge, h position she held until 1949 when the Govent closed the post office and made it a l route.

She was a life-long member of the Durbin great deal of pain from several ailments, she was one of the most loyal members of her church I have ever known, missing only the last three Sundays of her life. She has many friends among the children in the neighborhood, as well as the grown-ups.

She was also a member of the Durbin Rebekah se. She rode a side saddle for several year: Lodge and served as Worthy Matron twice. She has one of the most alert memories for a person her age I have ever known. She could remember when people were born, died, or married-years ago or recently.

On March 23rd she received a Birthday Greeting from the President of our United States.

-Nary B. Cromer.

I know du when she at Cheate Bridge while It a Buy of the Cheat The hugh building 60 noon burnt many years age /2



Lewis' March

The descendants of the 1774 archers to Point Pleasant athered Saturday at Lewis-urg but with not as much show of force as their 1100 refathers 200 years ago. Sentor Robert Byrd and Congress ian Harley Staggers honored se occasion with their presence nd a memorial marker was edicated later and unveiled by wo young descendants, Virgin-Lockwood Walls and John tuart Arbuckle, at Lewis he first Bi-centennial observ-nce in the State, was sponsor-d by the Greenbrier Histori-al Society.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred McNeel, harp, Mr. and Mrs. Kyle eard, from Pocahontas. Rev. Seard, from Pocanonius, Rev.
and Mrs. Elwood Clower,
White Sulphur, C. E. McLaughlin and Mr. and Mrs.
Andy McLaughlin, Lewisburg,
the Arbuckle sisters Maxwelton, and Mr. and Mrs. Jack
Dunlan of Waynesboro, Virgin Dunlap, of Waynesboro, Virgin

L. were among those attending

of the Pocahontas connections. PRODUCTION STREET, STATE VALUE VIEW

Dunmore's War

Following is the roster of the men in General Andrew Lewis' Division who followed him to Point Pleasant in 1774, merching from Lewisburg. This division is one of several but it contains the names of the people who lived in what is now Focahontas County.

This Saturday, September 14, is the day of the celebration of the event at the State Fair Grounds.

last then Wood, with

FIRST

Lewis's Division, John Bailey, James Barnett, Jacob Baugh, Thomas Bell Alexander Breckenridge, Low Brown, George Carr, William Casey, John Cutright, Duncan Gullion, Samuel Handley. Thomas Hart, Benjamin Haynes, Edmond Jennings, Andrew Kishioner and father. John McKinney, Alexander McNutt, Brice Martin, Joseph Mayse (Maze), William Moore, Jacob Persinger, Andrew Reid, John Steele, Walter Steward, John Tipton, James Trimble, Jacob Warwick, David and William White,

William Wilson. John Arbuckle, William Arbuckle, John Arbuckle, John Bailey, Francis Berry, Blair, Moses Bowen, Rees Bowen, Curroughs, Hugh Cameran, Robert Campbell, Capt. William Christian, Clay, Alexander Clendennin, Charle Clendennin, George Clendennin, Robert Clendennin, William Clendennin, Leonard Cooper, Coward, Joseph Crockett, Lieutenant Dillon, Robert Dunlap, William Ewing, William Easthorn, James Ellison, Geroge Fin-

Jeremiah Friel, Lieut. George Gibson, John Gilmore, John Grim, James Hamilton, Philip Hammond, John Hayes, Lieut John Henderson, Hickman, Ellis Hughes, John Jones, Charles Kennison, Edward Kennison, Simon Kenton, Samuel Lewis, Thomas Lewis, Ensign Joseph Long, John Lyle, John McNeel, John Moore, Captain Morrow (Murry), Walter Newman, John Prior (Pryor), Alexander Reed, Lieut, William Rob-bertson, Robison, William Saulsbury, Capt. William Shelby, Gastran, Shelby, S Shelby, George Slaughter, Conrad Smith, William Stephen, John Steward, Lieut. T. Tate, William Tate, Robert Thompson, John Trotter, Isaac Van Bibber, Jesse Van Bibber, John Van John Van Bibber, Peter Vi James Welch and Ba

Edgar H. Williams

Edgar: H. Williams. 86, of. Marinton; died - Thursday. January 21, 1971; in a Summersville nursing bome following a long illness.

Born October 18, 1884, he was a son of the late Dr. Richard and Hannah Sharp Williams.

Mr. Williams was engaged, in lumber business for over 50 years and served as president of Marlinton Lumber Company and Williams and Pifer Lumber Company.

Pendleton County Bank at:
Franklin and was an honorary
director of the First National
Bank in Marlinton.

He was formerly a distributor of Conoco Oil and Ashland Oil companies. He also has served as manager and president of the Pocahontas County Fair, president of the Pocahontas Telephone Company, president of the Pocahontas Furniture Company, and a former merchant, and engaged in farming for over fifty years.

Preceding him in death were two sisters, Mrs. Lena Poage and Mrs. Molly Johnson, and one brother, Dennis Williams.

Survivors include his wife, Mr.s Rosa Poage Williams; two daughters. Mrs. Thelma Weber, of Tallahassee, Florida, and Mrs. Grace Virginia Sharpenberg, of Wheeling; one son, Moifest Williams, of Marhnton; one half sister, Mrs. Mamie Pifer, of Huntington, and five grandchildren. Roger and Richard Williams, Ann. Paul and Thomas Sharpenberg.

Funeral services were held Sunday afternoon in the Marlinton Presbyterian Church by the Rev. Don Wood, with burial in the Mountain View Cemetery. DR. RICHARD WILLIAMS WAS THE FIRST PERSON BURRIED IN: MT. VIEW CEMETERY. MARLINTON, W. Va.

Moore was built on land now owned by Mrs. Myrta

Mr. Moore was foud of hunting and would fraquently spend several days in the region of the Upper to a fire

THE POCAHONTAS TIMES - DECEMBER 13, 1975

Moore,

History of Knapps Creek Community

Consisting of "The Hills," Frost, Knapp's Creek, and Minnehaha Neighborhoods Written by Enid Harper, In 1924

In the eastern part of Pocahontas County, West Virginia, is Knapps Creek which has its source in the Alleghany Mountains about five miles above Frost. Its two branches unite at Frost from which place it continues to flow along the base of the mountains to the place where it empties into the Greenbrier River at Marlinton, a distance of almost twenty miles from Frost. The East fork of the creek is fed by a stream which comes forth out of the rugged mountain side near Paddys Knob, a peak with an elevation of 4450

One of the principal trib-

the Charles of the Green concession.

Laurel Creeks. At Hunters- stream.

Greenbrier, searching for

Springs.-Along the valley are numerous limestone springs, the waters of which are cold, an indication of purity. These help to make the creek larger. The first of them is a bold spring gushing out from under a hill near the fine home of S. Gibson. Further down the valley we find the stream called Hill Run near I.B. Moore's which receives water from a number of springs within a half mile. Next is the Mill Run at D.W. Dever's flowing through his farm where fine cattle graze. From here we utaries of Knapps Creek of go on to W. G. Ruckman's of Knapp who came into the

> ers cut, a log-colong was, seon in order and they were ingreed. Bears and recess were numerous and show had to be penned ness he

had. They worked with a treatment has be

shap made pool size. In Making of 2 filles and

places the thickets of white ownered Esta basel is when

sluost impenstrable Roller very Ores.

When a primitive forest of Mount's Barbard and white pine, sugar mapin the Burk Folk with the second

and other trees of large size. It was not be to be a second

the Minnehaha neighbor- where there is another hood is Douthards Creek stream of about equal volwhich carries with it the ume. The source of it is also waters of Cochrans and a magnificent never-failing

ville Knapps Creek receives Last but not least is the two other streams, Browns famous Minnehaha Spring Creek from one side and on the Lockridge property. Cummings Creek from the The crystal water of this spring is of a healing and medical nature. It has been shipped to various parts of the country.

Origin of Names .- "The Hills" is the hilly region on the northwest of the valley. These are very productive lands and are excellent for fruit and grazing. They were at one time heavily timbered but now only small tracts remain uncut.

The creek from which our good community takes its name was known as Ewings Creek in the earliest land papers but was soon changed to Knapps Creek in henor of a man by the name

valley from Virginia prior to 1749. His report of this country probably led Mar-lin and Sewell to make explorations in the Greenbrier Valley. At first the name of the creek was spelled N-a-p-s, later it was changed to K-n-a-p-p-s.

While here Knapp lived in a cabin on the west side of the creek about opposite the place where Mrs. P.L. Cleek now resides. It is not definitely known what be-

came of him.

Indians. - There are evidences that the Indians once roamed through the thick forests which covered what is now our beautiful section of country. Pieces of flint have been found by our citizens which were no doubt used by the Red Race. There was an Indian burial ground on a flat above the road a short distance up the valley from I.B. Moore's dwelling. Indications were to the older people that several Indians had been buried here. It has been said that a few relics were found in later years when some excavations were made.

Early Settlers.-Michael Dougherty, a native of Ireland, settled in our valley near where W. G. Ruckman lives about the year of 1770. He was one of the first to occupy the Knapps Creek

Region.

The same year Moses Moore of Virginia, came to Knapps Creek. It is interesting to note that he bought the land extending from J. L. Herold's to D. W. Dever's for the consideration of two steel bear traps and two pounds of English sterling. One of the

(Continued from former page) traps is in the possession of I. B. Moore at this writing. The original cabin of Moses Moore was built on land now owned by Mrs. Myrta

Mr. Moore was fond of hunting and would frequently spend several days in the region of the Upper Greenbrier searching for game. One Sunday morning while sitting at his camp reading the Bible he was surrounded and captured by five or six Indians who compelled him to march to Ohio with them but through his cunningness he managed to escape and return to what is now Pocahontas county.

the nineteenth century.

the poor equipment they timber has been cut on it.
had. They worked with a Making of a Rifle.—At shop made pool axe. In one time a man by the almost impenetrable. Hollow

was cut, a log-rolling was, soon in order and they were burned. Bears and wolves were numerous and sheep had to be penned near by the house to protect them.

Land. - Any of these hardy pioneers were grant-

ed land by James Monroe. John Tyler, and other governors of Virginia between the years of 1800 and 1825. Some of them made It is believed that the lifficult trips to Richmond pioneer, Felix Grimes and and where they settled his wife selected a site for a might be made good. The home in the Hills near the value of the land was small Mt. Zion Church at a date in comparison with the cost Old records show that per acre now. Old land John Sharp, Sr., Christo- reyance of land was made oper, and John Dilley settled as late as 1857 at a little oper our community between in our community between acre. This was a tract of the years of 1800 and 1825 timber land containing inclusive. We should also 11,000 acres in the Allemention that Lanty Lock-ghany Mountains which excide and Michael Cleek ghany Mountains which excide and Michael Cleek tended over to Back Creek. came to the valley early in The sum paid for it only It was a task for the \$150. Since that time it has pioneers to clear the forest been sold and re-sold and the poor equipment they millions of feet of valuable

on joined the castle of

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real Averill, a Union

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t, marching on the need

Confederacy.

places the thickets of white name of Evick lived in what thorn and wild crab was is known as the Evick When a primitive forest of Moore's. He manufactured white pine, sugar maple, Moore's. He manufactured and other trees of large size. (Continued on past page)

(Continued on next page)

Continued from former page famous gun in its day. We are told that one of these guns may be seen at The Pocahontas Times Office. There may be some other hollows along the mountain that received names from men who were not permanent settlers.

Timber and Saw Mills .fine lot of white pine timber stood along the foot of the Alleghany. Nearly all the good trees that grew on the level were destroyed because the settlers needed improved land more than timber. A number of sugar groves were left for the purpose of making maple sugar and molasses.

The mountain timber has been going on the market since 1890. The white pine was cut first. The logs were peeled and floated down Knapps creek and the Greenbrier River to Ronceverte where they were manufactured by the St. Lawrence Manufacturing

Company.

Capt. A. E. Smith and James Whiting, who did business under the firm name of Smith and Whiting, had ten million feet of white pine cut each year for a period of six or seven years.

At that time the hardwood seemed to be of little value. During the past fifteen or twenty years it has been cut rapidly, perhaps as much as one hundred and fifty to two hundred million feet have been taken from Knapps Creek and Douthards Creek and some valuable tracts are still standing.

The first saw mills to dot this section were the up and down mills run by water power. If we are rightly informed, there were three of these; one owned and operated by the Moore's at a point about opposite the Moore school house, one was on the Lockridge farm where Douthards creek unites with Knapps creek, and the third mill was built by Henry Harper and operated by him and his son Samuel, for a number of years. This last mill continued sawing until about 1890 and was the last mill of its kind to be operated in the community. Sometime during the eighties P.M. Harper sawed lumber on this mill to build his house

with the grist mill Mr. Harper had a sawmill which has already been mentioned, a tan yard, and one of the old fashioned tilt-hammer blacksmith shops. The tilt-hammer was run by waterpower. The mill for grinding grain crushed the kernels between two large revolving stones which were brought from Rockbridge County, Virginia. It was not used longer than

A mill of later years was the one built by Wellington G. Ruckman on the same stream where Michael Daugherty had the first Mr. Ruckman did grinding on this mill for a period of eleven years, discontinuing the industry probably twelve or fifteen years ago.

The Civil War .- No battles of the Civil War were fought on the territory embraced within the Knapps Creek Community but brave men who have lived here were in the service. Some were valiant soldiers of the Federal Army while others joined the ranks of the Confederacy. Squads of Yankees frequently passed through this section and General Averill, a Union Commander, with his army, camped one night at Frost, marching on the next day to Huntersville.

Establishment of Post Offices-A postoffice was established at the village of Frost in 1853. Francis Dever was the first postmaster. In conversing with the oldest person in the community, Mrs. Ellen Buzzard, who was ninetynine years of age on June 23, 1924, she says she does not remember how the name originated, but the presumption is that the name Frost was given to the office on account of the high altitude. Early storekeepers were Francis Dever, Stuart Wade, Samuel Gibson, and J. B. Hannah.

Before "Uncle Sam" fav ored the people with a Rural Free Delivery Route there was a post office on Knapps Creek near the Mt. Carmel and Westminster Churches known as Sunset. Someone suggested this

PNOTE: PAGE 69A BELONGS

where Mrs. E. A. Pritchard now lives.

The first circular saw mill in this neighborhood was brought here from Augusta county, Virginia, for Wise Herold and 'a B. Moore. Many people visited the new mill to observe its

working.

med to Minnehaha

som bullen name

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s. Ozos of this entity mail

Grist Mills.—The first mill to grind grain was the one owned by Michael Daugherty on the Mill Run where he settled. Peter Lightner, who was a well known citizen here in 1855, had a mill on the run at D. W. Dever's. Joseph Sharp, a pioneer of Frost, had a where A. A. Sharp now resides, one-half mile from the village.

princes were Win. and the

Now Hope Coetherin at

building the county they

Henry Harper also had a grist mill which ground wheat, corn and buck-wheat. It was located on the farm owned by Harmon Shinaberry. In connection

NOT of Mt. Version Clears.

(Continued)
name because there was an
office directly east of here
in Bath County, Virginia,
by the name of Sunrise.

Another postoffice which was not established till later years was called Driscol, and derived its name from Col. John Driscol who had much timber cut in this region. D. B. McElwee was the postmaster at Driscol for a number of years. In 1914, largely through the efforts of our highly esteemed physician, Dr. J. B. Lockridge, deceased, a nice hotel was built for the accommodation of tourists and all those seeking a pleasant summer resort surrounded by beautiful mountain scenery. next year the Allegheny Club House was built. It is also a magnificent building. well located on a hill overlooking Knapps Valley. When these improvements were made the name of the place was changed from Driscol to Minnehaha Springs, an Indian name signifying "Laughing Wa-

When mail was first carried to the early established offices it was only brought on Wednesdays and Saturdays. One of the early mail routes was Huntersville to Mill Gap in Virginia.

Roads-The people were very much handicapped in their efforts to travel. Like Daniel Boone when he went to Kentucky they had to make the roads when they came to the country. The first known road leading from what is now Virginia into the Knapps Creek Valley came across the Allegheny Mountains just opposite the old Harper Mill. We find from the old land grants made by governors of Virginia where corners were called for on this road which was then known as Knapp's Spur, or the Spur Road. This name was likely given it because it was the road traveled by Mr. Knapp who will always be nonored by the valley that has been named for him.

while road is now only a pathway and but little traveled in this age of automobiles it shows evidence of having been dug or graded in a few places where it leads up a ridge on each side of the mountain. For years the people of Back Creek used it in coming horseback to the

Harper Mill bringing their grain to be ground.

The first wagon brought to Pocahontas County was brought over Knapp's Spur Road and was taken up the hollow where Westminster Church now stands and which was known as Ervine Hollow at that time, and on to Clover Lick where it was used.

As the valley improved and fields fenced the road was kept on the Allegheny side the greater part of the way. On account of the shade and ice there in winter parts of it were changed from time to time until the entire road was made on the opposite side

of the valley. The last change was made about forty years ago by two colored men, Jacob Kernel and Andrew Daughterty of Frost.

The State re-graded the road in 1923, making it much wider to accommodate the increased traffic.

Churches—In 1833 Mt.
Zion Church in "The Hills"
was built. It is a log
structure but has been materially repaired and is still
used for a house of worship. Previous to the erection of Mt. Vernon Church
the people of Upper
Knapps Creek attended
services at Mt. Zion. Many
of them went horseback
across the country by the

way of the Mill Run at I. B. Moore's.

Mt. Vernon Church was erected in 1856. A noticeable feature of this building is the good quality of the lumber used. Scarcely a defective spot can be seen in the ceiling. John Mc-Elwee and son did the carpenter work. All the lumber was planed by hand at the shop on the land owned by Moses Moore who was a noted Christian character.

Trinity M. E. Church at Frost was dedicated in 1888. The opening prayer was offered by Rev. Wm. T. Price of Marlinton. The dedicatory sermon was preached by Rev. Niece of Monroe County. His text was taken from Galatians, sixth chapter and second verse: "Bear ye one another's burdens, and so fulfill the law of Christ." Rev. George Spencer was the pastor in charge. Other ministers present were Wm. and O. B. Sharp, both natives of Frost.

New Hope Lutheran at Minnehaha was built in 1893 through efforts of Henry White, Sr., and his family who came to Douthards Creek in 1876. Before building the church they had occasional services by Lutheran pastors in their homes, in nearby churches, and in schoolhouses. For some years after the building of the church the congregation was supplied by the ministers from the South Branch Charge of Highland County, Virginia. Later it had a pastor of its own, but at the present time it is again supplied by an occasional visiting pas-During all this time there has been a Sunday School in progress and to the present time the little band of Lutherans have been loyal to the church of their choice.

The Westminster Presbyterian Church was built in 1903, Rev. G. W. Nickell was pastor. A few years after the church was completed, probably in 1908, the first Huntersville District Sunday School Convention was held in it with W. A. G. Sharp, President, and J. C. Harper, Secretary. In 1923 the first county convention to be held in Huntersville District convened here.

Mt. Carmel M. E. Church South was dedicated October 1, 1905, Rev. H. L. Hout, of Roanoke, Virginia, preached the dedicatory sermon, Rev. J. D. Pope was pastor in charge. While digging for the foun-dation of this church the workmen found some pewter spoons, and other articles which were no doubt at one time the property of William Moore and wife who came here about 1780 and built a home on the bank where the church stands. They were not relatives of other Moores of the county. They lived and died at this home and were buried on the east side of the creek just below the grove of pine trees near the line, separating the land owned by Mrs. E. A. Pritchard and G. M. Sharp.

Schools—We do not boast of any high school in our community at this writing for reason that the settlement is a scattered one, but we are proud of the progress the schools have made since the age of (Continued to another page)

Continued

the log schoolhouse. We are unable to say when the first school was taught in Frost. A person now living tells us of one being taught there in an old store building before the Civil War. At some later period a one room schoolhouse was built near the location of the present tworoomed house. This was abandoned in 1912 and a modern schoolhouse was In 1923 it was erected. found to be too small to accommodate the pupils who should attend and an additional room was added.

When the Civil War began school was being taught by Miss Mattie Gum, the mother of the late George Gingar, of Huntersville, in a log school house which stood on the knoll near L. R. Hively's residence. The next building used for school in the Sunset neighborhood was on the hill not far from J. A. The last term Cleeks. taught here was by Enoch H. Moore in the year of 1896 and 1897. By the next winter a new building had been constructed at the present location. It was destroyed by fire a few years ago. The building in which school is taught now, was located on the site of the old one.

SEE VOL III

Massachusetts: Where he Bicentennial began

graceretal Mass. - (NEA) - The Bicentennial

ger the slopar of the Massachusetts Bicretecrial

abe it's a promotional gimmick to love tourists to equetts in the summer of '73, not to mention the summer as Philadelphia's claims not withstanding, it's true.

at began in Massachusetts back in 1775. In fact, a lot of segunt in Massachusetts.

was the telephone, the subway, bankethall, volley ball, insurance and the computer.

er were the Brahmins - the Adamses, the Lodges, the the Cabota. And the Irish - Curley, McCormack, the

e all began back in 1773. And the nation's Bicentennial Patriot's Day weekend, 1975, when thousands conat Lexington and Concord to commemorate the first of the American Revolution.

werse, there wasn't much action in Massachusetts after a none after July 4, 1776. By that time, the British had Ness run out of Boston.

seen't unusual. Things have always been a little dife Mussichusetta, from Samuel Adams' revolutionary

agitating to the national presidential election of 1972.

Sam Adams was the prototypical rabble-rousing revolutionary. A Harvard man who couldn't make it in business or law, Adams got some financial backing from John Hancock and became a top-shelf subversive in the Massachusetts Bay

Indeed, the British played right into his hands with the Sugar and Stamp Acts. The Boston "Massacre" gave him and his Sons of Liberty even more fodder.

In 1774, we all know that the call was issued for the First Continental Congress. Not all of us know that the Massachuetts Legislature met behind locked doors to elect its delegates, with the royal governor. Thomas Gage, angrily and futilely shouting through the keyhole that he had dissolved the legislature and it could conduct no more business.

Massachusetts was different in that it had one of the genuine unsung heroes of the Revolution, Col. Henry Knox. He led a band of volunteers and 60 tons of artillery from Fort Ticonderoga, N. Y. to Boston, where George Washington's army had the British under siege.

When the cannons appeared on the hills surrounding Boston, the British wisely left town on March 17, 1775. "Evacuation Day" is now a legal holiday in Suffolk County (Boston, Revere and Chelsea), and it is of course coincidental that the holiday set by the Irish politicians who dominate the legislature - also happens to be St. Patrick's Day.

The Bay State has always been known for its political wheeling and dealing. That's a tradition that goes back to 1787, when an honest-to-goodness deal resulted in Massachusetts ratification of the new national constitution.

The big monied interests in Boston, anxious to see a constitution, offered John Hancock the governorship in return for his support. And once Hancock came around, so did some of the poorer dissident elements. Nothing like a little honest skullduggery to get things done.

The Bay State's contribution to education, the arts and industry notwithstanding, it is just that kind of politicking that evokes the image of Massachusetts.

Everybody has heard of the term "gerrymandering" - the political practice of drawing grotesquely shaped congressional or legislative districts to preserve incumbencies.

That's right. It had its start in Massachusetts. It was Elbridge Gerry, governor from 1810-1812, who drew a district shaped like a salamander. Hence, "gerrymandering."

When it comes to national issues, Massachusetts has always had a mind of its own. The Bay State wisely wanted no part of the war of 1812, yet the abolitionist movement in Massachusetts was so strong that Bay Staters gladly marched off to preserve the Union.

A century later, during the U. S. involvement in Vietnam, Massachusetts became the nation's most militantly antiwar state. The legislature even passed a law, which didn't hold up in - higher courts, that no sons of Massachusetts should be compelled to fight in Vietnam.

But one of the state's earliest contributions to government,

ASSACHUSETTS



6 (1974): 5,800,000; Capital Boston Mot-

French and Indian wars destroyed frontier settlements but Massachusetts troops cap-Pant Placidam aub tured France's Fortress Appluom statt the stone of employable welfare recipients A bill which would require

Staff Writter By KAREN HOSLER

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

Published every Thursday except the last week of the year. Shiered at the Post Office at Marlipton, West Virginia 24964, as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION CHARGES
In Pocahontas County \$4.50 a year.
Doowhere \$5.50 a year. In advance.

THURSDAY, MAR. 4, 1976

Pioneer Days -July 9-11, '76

be and kind of built to man, A

of section papers to show him

Mry Price had bought me to

min or successful allow halls for

The Cass Railroad
The Cass Scenic Railroad
isn't a new or young track.
It's well past retirement
age.

The year of 1901 the C & O line came into Cass. Immediately the West Virginia Pulp and Paper Co. began lumbering at Cass.

The West Virginia Pulp and Paper Co. started the track up Leatherbark Creek in 1902. After the railroad reached over the mountain top and on to Spruce it branched out in two directions, then it grew very big.

There was a time when the railroad, which is now the Cass Scenic Railroad, was under the name GC &E. The letters stood for Greenbrier, Cheat and Elk. Those were the areas serv-

This railroad company had three of the biggest engines, of their kind, ever built. The newest one, #14

built. The newest one, #14
was sold to Western Maryland Railroad to be used as
a helper on Thomas Mountain north of Elkins. The
engineer, Guy Stanley, was
sold along with the locomotive.

From the top of the mountain the track extends toward Bald Knob. This section of the railroad was built by the Mower Lumber

Company.

During the second World
War the Mower Lumber
Company bought a small
Shay engine from the Birch
Valley Lumber Company at
Tioga. Frank (Young Piney) Williams was sent to
Tioga or prepare the locomotive for the trip to Cass
by way of Western Maryland and Spruce.

The Cass shop had some of the best mechanics. They restored the Tioga locomotive to like new shape. It served the Mower Lumber Company well as long as they needed it. Walter Good, a veteran at the throttle, was the engineer.

The Cass Scenic Railroad has an interesting history, as has the Town of Cass. The railroad, the Town of Cass, and their history should be preserved.

B. Nelson Phoenix, Arizona Golden Wedding Anniversary

(From "50 Years Ago" Column of the Highland Recorder, of May 31, 1956.

PRICE - MILLIGAN

A very beautiful wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr and Mrs. J. W. Milligan, on Camden Avenue, Tuesday, May 22, 1906, at 8 o'clock, when Calvin W. Price and Miss Mabel Milligan by Rev. were united in marriage by Rev. William T. Price, the father of the groom.

(The Recorder wisher our dislinguished fellow-editor and his good companion hearty felicita-tions on the occasion of their golden anniversary. May you have many more.)

Mr. Calvin W. Price mentioned above was one of those mentioned on the cover page as being so much help to youngsters, besides being a Scout Master with "G.D." he was one to give advise in many ways. Us youngsters could always depend on a few dimes once a week just by stopping at the Times Office and folding the papers for delivery to the Post office after wraping. He knew just where the fish were being caught and kind of bait to use. He would have Mr. L.O. Simmons, who worked on the papers to show his muscles - he being a large strong man from handling the heavy frames of type used for one page of the paper.

Mr. Price often had the hand bills that were printed for the many and various sales, shows, church affairs and other special events that took place before the paper came out. So much could be said about this one man that would fill many books. He was respected, loved and remembered by all who came in contact with him.

Another man mentioned above that I came to know quite well was Mr. J.W.Milligan, who had a planing and wood working mill about where the Clifton Forge Wholesale Grocery later stood - above the ice plant.

Mr. Price had taught me to save items from the paper about my family and also to collect history books. by the time I became a mid teenager my collection was more than would stack in my room so Ir. Price suggested I build a shelf or shelves for a growing library. I measured what I thought I needed in the line of boards and set out for the planing mill. When Mr. Milligan found out what they were for he suggested that he help me measure and cut out the boards as I knew that was beyond me. Mr. Milligan even cut the boards, planed and beveled them - curved the sides so the top shelf would be used for books or pictures. When asked how much I owed him, he said 'Well that will come to \$1.65. He even told me to stop at Richardsons hardware store and obtain the correct size nails for a neat job.

From that time on I always had a great respect for Mr. Milligan, en if he frowned on youngsters hanging around his shop smoking.

POCAHONTAS COUNTY BICENTENNIAL

Vol. 11

G. L. VAUGHAN

POCAHONTAS COUNTY BICENTENNIAL blancy was pended bester "THE POCAHONTAS TIMES"

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2nd. Book for Editor Times.
3rd. Book for P.C.H.S.
4th. Book for Meade Waugh's
Family collection.

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spatched young George Washington of the Virginia Felitic wash

trae with information their claims were not walld even to be

In 1718 when Princess Augusta married Prince Frederick and

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Butter 130 place on the mountains of West And

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This section started April 1, 1976.

Glen L. Vaughan
Lt. U.S.N. (Ret).
400 Melvin Avenue
Annapolis, Md. 21401

POCAHONTAS COUNTY

East and Center of the Allegheny Front of the Appalachian Range.

The Virginia Colony founded Jamestown in April, 1607 - soon the early settlers imported slaves and indentured servents from Europe - and the commonwealth expanded in all directions. Captain John Smith Bired as military leader of the small force for protection - was caught by Chief Powhatan - ordered executed to protect the Indian lands - an Indian Frincess - Pocahontas - saved his life and set him Free.

Other colonies organized in the new world and the Chartered Virginia colony was hemmed between North Carolina and Maryland's Patomac river - nowever Virginia's Western border extended to the South seas.

About a hundred years soon passed and all colonies grew and the English Governor ordered there should be no expansion beyond the Blue Ridge Mountains. However between 1700-1752 many expeditions ventured West - made trades with the Iroquoise -Mingos - Delawares - Shawnee's and Senecas. The famous Seneca Trail ran the entire length of what is now Pocahontas County. These large tracks of lands-purchased tracks - various claims and charters were looked on as good business by most of the Cavaliers of the Low lands of Eastern Virginia.

Soon word reached Williamsburg that the French in Canada were doing likewise and had large options of lands considered Virginia's. This news from the Northwest worried the Governor that the encroachment by the French would endanger his Western border that in September 1753 he dispatched young George Washington of the Virginia Malitia with a letter with information their claims were not valid even if La Salle had discovered the Ohio valley. (a). Washington hired a Frenchman at Winchester, Va. as an interpreter, then two young guides at Mill Creek, the present site of Cumberland, Md. to take his party to the present site of Pittsburgh. (a). According to Washingtons Journal he returned early in 1754 with the French plan of settlement of the disputed territory.

In 1738 when Princess Augusta married Prince Frederick - Orange Co. Va was divided - upper half named Prince Frederick County - lower half called Augusta County and land beyond that - District of West Augusta.
(b).

- (a). One of the young guides hired by Washington at Mills Creek was a young man, John MacGuire, whose three grandchildren married into the Scotch-Irish Waugh clan. Ann MacGuire married Samuel Waugh, her sister Rebecca married James Waugh 2nd. There is no record of John MacGuire except that he was in the war of 1812 and did not return.
- (b). Washington praised West Augusta at Valley Forge during the Revolutionary War when informed that troops were leaving camp so fast that soon there would be no one 'Left'; Washington replied "Just leave me a banner to place on the mountains of West Augusta and I will rally around me enough Frontiermen to lift our bleeding country from the dust and set her Free".

Pocahontas of the Allegheny Front in the Old Dominion, of the Appalatian Range.

During the mid 1750's the Scotch-Irish came through Philadelphia - traveled West and down the valleys of this beautiful country - because the Cavaliers of the low lands owned all the good land which they had by this time over cultivated by planting same crops year after year - the Scotch-Irish frontiers or backwoodsmen against all orders from Williamsburg crossed the mountains - entered the beautiful Alleghenys - set up homesites or tomahawk rights. During the 1760 the Indians forced them out but they came back during the 1760 to stay.

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This time they came to stay - bringing their wives and children along. Their wives carried their bibles, seeds, cutting's from plants and flowers.

The Appalation Range runs over a thousand miles NE-SW inland from all the colonies. However the Allegheny range covers mostly the entire border of Western Virginia. The East and Center of the Allegheny Front forms the Eastern boundry of the Greenbrier valley and river.

Most early settlers traveled the Wilderness road through the valley of Virginia from Harpers Ferry to Cumberland Gap into Kentuckey. Some went through Greenbrier or Randolph counties. However a few hardey peopled moved into the Greenbrier valley - saw the beautiful land and settled between the head of Greenbrier river and Renicks valley.

Meanwhile - new counties sprung up - built county seats - started new government's and county boundries etc. This land was in the center of the Allegheny Front. By 1821 the need for a new county was necessary so parts of Greenbrier, Randolph, Bath etc., was divided into 943 square mile area and established the county seat at Huntersville on Knapps Creek, true most of the settlers were mountaineers and free men, so remembering the Indian maiden at Jamestown they named their county POCAHONTAS. Many of the settlers had some Indian blood and the name was correct.

The counties largest river - the Greenbrier - was pure green water and drained the entire valley located in Pocahontas county. This river joins the worlds oldest river near Talcot - the New, and tagether they form the Manawha. Pocahontas is the Mother or begining of all the rivers of Western Virginia and has the highest average Altitude of all the present West Virginia's fiftyfive counties.

West Virginia became a state when Virginia left the Union in 1861 and her application for statehood was accepted on June 20,1863. This become final in 1912 when Chief Justice Hughes rulled that the new state owed Virginia \$14,562,000.00 for improvements before 1861. These Bonds were paid in full on July 1, 1939.

However in Philadelphia on October 10, 1780, the Continental Congres approved the "Articles of Confederation", which meant that all the thirteen original colonies should abandon their western claims West and North of the Ohio river. George Morgan then prophesided that 'All the country West of Allegheny Mountain will probably be put under the United States and Virginia limited to the Waters which fall into the Atlantic ocean. If Thomas Jefferson had voted yea West Virginia would have been the fifteenth state.

POCAHONTAS COUNTY

The Last Viste

" own a unit and blustery Fell day in Novamber 1963

recognizing my voice with a w

Started to stand until I dooks or recognizing to sold entering WEST VIRGINIA Then I resilized that he was almost blind, I sat in a ros

built mear him close to When Virginia seceded from the Union on April 17,1861, residents of the state were ready and willing to set up their own government. In Theodore F. Lang's book 'Loyal West Virginia's', 1861-1865, 382 pages printed in Baltimore, Md. 1895, the counties west of the mountains had for over thirty years or since 1829 had several open conventions and resolutions towards statehood. The vote on SECESSION by delegates from Western Virginia was over ninety percent against leaving the Union. The National Government in Washington tried to have all counties south of the Patomac down to Fredericksburg included in the new state, but the mountaineers wanted only what they could protect - however I believe the Eastern Panhandle was added by big business as the Baltimore and Ohio R.R. was using Martinsburg as its big Eastern headquarters - thus it became part of the state of West showsands of miles West and so wure in the South Virginia. or way North on the Asia coast and

Virginia was readmitted to the Union on January 26, 1870. However West Virginia members in Congress were paid certain amounts by the Mother state to protect their rights and exchange of wounded and sick soldiers during the War. barnacles and mea moas.

Being Frontiers or backswoodsmen and a strong belief in being free it was decided at their last convention that the states motto be. "MONTANI SEMPER LIBERI". Every West Virginian should not have to be told its translation.

Back to Pocahontas county - with all its state and national parks -31,848 acres divided into five Forrests and Parks - of which Watoga is a model for the entire state.

thanks and said work and mork

The county produced many men for its size in all the wars our country ever fought - from Gen. Lewis's troops at the Point to present times. James Waugh the first fought and was wounded on Sept. 11,1777, at Chads ford on the Brandywine under the Marquis de la Lafayette -Lafayette was also wounded in this battle and although he lost the battle he was advanced to Major General when only twenty years old. Note: On Lafayette's last visit to the United States and being made a citizen of this country he returned to France in 1828. Also on this * ship was a great man from just over the mountains at Lexington, Va. was a young midshipman - Mathew Fontaine Maury - later a Commodore in the Confederate Navy and the man that organized and started the United States Hydrographic Office in Washington.

Another visitor to our county was a young country boy from over Parkersburg way whose Father died when he was two years old. His Mother remarried and moved to Monroe county. While a young teenage boy Jackson walked the Seneca trail to Union to place flowers on his Mothers grave. After West Point Jackson became a hero in theMexican war but cast his lot with the Confedercy. Laura Jackson Arnold, 'Stonewalls' sister remained loyal to the Union and to this day her grave in Buchannon is decrated every Memorial Day.

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'twas a cold and blustery Fall day in November 1963 when I made what turned out to be my last visit with "G.D.", on his farm below Buckeye, as on all my trip's home these visits were a must.

A gentle "Come in", answered my knock - when entering "G.D", started to stand until I spoke - recognizing my voice with a warm

'come in - have a chair'.

Then I realized that he was almost blind. I sat in a rocking chair near him close to the fireplace. Soon the topics of the day were past and we settled down to talk and rock. There were many periods of silence as we reached far back in our minds to recall places both had visited and had memories of.

Now and again the logs in the fireplace would drop a burnt ember sending sparks up the chimney as though to prove something in the

room was alive.

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Two old sailors - the teacher and his retired grade school student. We spoke of flying fish - porpoise playing tag around the bow at eighteen knots. Storms and calms - Northern Lights - Sunsets on the equator - Pizaros glass coffin in Lima, Peru, the Pampas of Argentina. Ships stores - tar and caulking hemp - belaying pins and marlin spikes - Jacobs ladder and the crows nest - flag hoists and yardarms - two block then execute.

Some thousands of miles West and we were in the South Pacific working our way North on the Asia coast and experiences on the China station. Crossing equator - King Neptune and Davy Jones Locker - becoming a shellback. More silence and then we moved from coal to oil burning ships - ships with composite hulls - steel covered with wood which was then covered with copper to

retard fouling - barnacles and sea moss.

We had gunnery exercises off the West coast of Mexico and visits on the U.S. West coast - ships with mangers on berth decks to

clean chain as anchor was being weighed.

Out of nowhere "G.D.", said, its a long way from the Fo'c'sle to midships - to an officers stateroom aft - but you made it without college - must have been some hard work and study. Maury's charts and Knights navigational aids and seamenship. I can recall few students I have known that could equal your record. I stammered my thanks and said work and mork work - yes studies too.

I put a small log on the fire while we just rocked - going back home soon - tomorrow I answered and the hour is late and must be going. "Always nice to have you drop in Vaughan - come back soon". - we shook hands - no goodby's or farwell's. We had sailed the Worlds

oceans several years in the space of a handfull of minutes.

As I walked down to my car little did I know that this would be our last visit. When I heard of his passing I prayed that a gentle breeze would come off the mountains to the West and carry his spirit across the seas to the Highlands.

"G.D". died Sunday March 22, 1964.

"TAPS"

Taps: There it sounds with its quivering note, Like a voice full of tears, or a sob in the throat-That saddest, and sweetest, most beautiful call; How its notes hold the music, in rise and in fall.

Whenever I hear it I think of the day
When for me they shall sound it-and I far awayAnd I pray that they'll say, "he has fought a good fight,"
As the Trumpeter's bugle is saying Good Night.

By: Midshipman Wm. N. Porter, Deceased.

In our town there were many men that made a lasting impression on our young lives. One such person was Mr. S.N. Hench, Every summer he always put several boys on jobs at the tannery, Hunter Bean, Hubert Slaven, a boy from Greenbrier Hill - do not know his name. We became good friends and after over a year after I had left school, Mr. Hench and my stepfather worked me into a foreman's job. Along with Jim Biggs of the Beam House, Albert Moore of the scrub house, Mr. Simmons of the rolling room, Mr. Camper, outside foreman., I was made foreman of the Yard andRockers - a job I held for almost two years. In fact Mr. Cross the Traveling Superintdent and Mr. Hench wanted me to go to Clark School in Brooklyn N.Y. and study tanning. However I turned them down and soon joined the Navy.

While on duty in Annapolis, Mr. and Mrs. Mary McClintic Hench visited me several times on a stop over from New York to Roncervert. Other times Mr. Hench while passing through Washington on Sundays would call and I would spend the day with him - usualy by going to church.

Another man not to be forgotten during these times was the Rev. Sidney Goodwin, the colored mimister on Greenbrier hill. Here was a very patient and understanding man with lots of the Lowrd's wisdom. We often had our lunch on the river bank behind the tannery and while he talked I would listen- thats the only way to learn something thats a little foreign from you andon the other side. Many a summer's day there would be hugh crouds gathered above the coal tipple to watch the faithful be baptised by total emersion acording to their christian and demoniation faith. The good Rev. is gone now - God rest his soul.

Of course We had our special sources of information and that depended in where we were going camping - if up the river on the evening train, we would contact Mr. C.J.Richardson, my sunday school teacher and Mr. Harris the station Master - they would see that our gear was loaded in the baggage car and the train would stop just at our camp site, which would give us time to set up for the night as there would be only a couple hours of light.

If going over to Tea Creek or the Upper reaches of Williams river we would seek the advise of Mr. Clawson McNeel, or Mr. Ed. or Theo. Moore. WE would leave Marlinton early in the morning - up stony creek - stop off at Baxters store at Onoto - ten cents would get you a box of Uneda buscits and a can of saradines, a short rest then up the creek and across the saddle on the left - down and old railroad track and soon williams river - up about two miles and make camp. We used the same procedure here as at a camp out at Brown Yeagers swimming hole. Gather plenty firewood and one person must stay awake all night - in turns.

Now all that land is posted and no more can small boys wonder through the forest and cut young trees-build lean toos - or cabins. These memories are stored back in the depths of my mind and will never be unlodged - just recalled - as I have over a thousand times in the past forty years, a shame that so many moments lived then cannot be experienced by the young people of today - especially those mountain boys - born in the valleys and hallows of Green-Brier Valley in rocahontas County.

Many years ago in far away Poland there was born a young baby who was given the name Frederic Francois Chopin, 1810-49. Chopin became one of the worlds greatest planist and composer. Although he traveled much of his young life '39 years' throught Europe, spending most of his life in France. All of Chopin's works and recitals - every where - the inter deepths of the Polish country and soul was in his music. Once when asked how he accomplished this he said that as a young boy studying his music that Poland was so much a part of him that he could not part from his country - so he obtained a small urn - filled it with rolish soil and carried with him always - he never gave a concert nor composed a sheet of music withour that urn being in the room in his sight.

Like Chopin and his Urn Us mountain boys have thousands of events about our childhood stored way back in the memories of our minds - and they are used too. Over a thousand times I have brought - and rather subconsciously - to the front of my mind.

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After taking the Marines to Iceland in the summer of 1941 then North Africa in late 1942 - from there straight to the South
pacific and Guadalcanal for month on month escorting Marines up
through the New Hebrides - Vila Efate - Espiriu Santo - Isabela
Island then left into bloody Guadalcanal. After watch on watch off
during this time we thought the peake had been reached but there
was the Gilberts and Bloody Tarawa, sitting in the wings.

From all over the South Pacific there has never been such a conceration of warships - except possibily the force that invaded North Africa - About a week at sea we split into a Northern and Southern section. The Northern section (Army) was to take small Makin - which they did in just a few hours - there being little resistance. The Southern Force (Navy and Marines) were to take Tarawa. This lasted for three days and was one of the bloodiest battles in the War thus far, After thirtysix hours and the Marines had just made a beachhead. During this time few of the officers or men of the ships had any sleep.

Goming off the 8-midnight watch I turned in and just lay in my bunk - too tired to close my eyes or even go to sleep - evident's something down in the bottom of my mind took me back to the Green-brier and Pocahontas - I was fishing up near the old Campletown bridge across the Greenbrier and just as I had snaged a good size bass - all hell broke loose - General Quarters had sounded and to my surprise over three hours had gone by. Went through the general routine - but what was that roaring thud - The U.S.S. Luscomb Bay, another CVE. (Kaiser built), third behind us in battle line had taken a fish in her bomb storage and she was gone- less than two minutes and over nine hundred men lost. Less than sixty were saved and they were blown clear of the burning oil.

Two days later there was no resistance on Tarawa - all 10,000 plus enemy were gone, only seven were captured - three later died and the rest refused to give any information. Our cost was over 1,600 Marines killed many wounded, two ships and many aircraft destroyed. From there we limped into Honolulu and finally to San Diego where I was transferred to school in New York and on over to Normandy shortly after D day.

Across the street from our house was the home of Mr. and Mrs, R.E.Overholt, parents of Mr. Albert Overholt, the Postmaster. Mr. R.E.Overholt was a Confederate Veteran and would often take me on the porch and tell me tales about the war between the States. He. was in Pickets charge at Gettysburg - many times while visiting that place I cannot immagine how anyone could march across that wheat field and return without a scratch - Mr. Overholt did and in his eighties he could still remember in detail many incidents of the day

Stress days in Nor Cition and Pacshourse Court

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ardson's wife - or "Aunt Dolly" to everyone. Aunt Dolly was a nurse and would treat all us children's stone bruises, bee stings, scratches etc. Just across the street from her was Mrs Lucy Overholt, wife of Mr. A.S. Overholt. she kept one or two cows behind Mr: R.E.'s house on the bank of the slough and many times she would send over some rich cream or smear case 'Cottage Cheese', Mrs. Lucy could keep an eye out for all the children in the neighborhood - in fact all the housewives in our neighborhood seemed to know all the time where we were and just what we were doing.

In November 1913, my Mother married again - this was a good turning point in my life for at last I had someone to confide in. Mr. Clyde Ernest Denison, Father of Anna - and I shared experiences and being more than just a stepfather he was a friend and taught me many things - his advice and guidance was a great help - he stood behind me and advised me, helped me in my work, and never turned his back on me. To Ernest Denison I owe a great deal. This firendship lasted over thirty five years - with Anna, Jenny and Myself we were with him at the end.

One memorable event in my young life was my first coon hunt. Mr. Ed. Richardson with his coon dog 'Ring', Dr. E.G.Harold. D.D.S. my stepfather Ernest Denison and myself started out about dark - everyone wore hunting coats except me but the excitment kept me going. Walked down the railroad about a mile below Btiblwell, then took to the hills - up a ravine - after about two hours and being I knew not where we stopped for a rest. Then Mr. Ed. turned ole Ring loose and he took off - after that it was for us to keep up with him.

After a while Mr. Ed. said he is on a trail - still more velps after about two hours he changed his bark and the others knew that
the Coon was treed. Now as the hard part - make a bee line for that
tree - shoot the coon down, size him up then hand him back high up
out or reach of Ring.

Now comes the best part of a Coon hunt - getting breakfast never saw som many pots, pans and food come out of those coats.
Soon a fire was going, coffee boiling - hot amistrong. Flapjacks,
ham and eggs, hot buscits etc. By dawn we were back at "Aunt Dolly"
and another breakfast - for her boys. The skin tacked on the barn
to dry. And that was my first coon hunt.

SHOP STATE

Circus days in Marlinton and Pocahontas County.

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One of the greatest days of joy and excitement for a small boy when the circus came to town for their one night stand. Long befive in the mo-rning a large crown had gathered to watch the elephants
help unload the big wagons. Usualy they would set their tents in the field on lower Camden Avenue - between the river and Knappscreek. They were all three ring circus'es and us small boys would get free passes for watering the elephants - our house being the last one on third Ave. and we had two wells I made out very well.

There was Sparks Brothers, Sun Brothers, Downeys three ring circus. At noon the big parade with all the animal cages being pulled by fancy decorated horses - Bands atop some of the wagons - the steam callione blasting their tune all over the valley -after the night show when the people came from the big tent they found that the entire circus was down and loaded on the flat cars - by one AM they would pull out and head for Elkins.

The biggest event about the circus was when they played Marlinton on a Monday. By Sunday morning they would be set up and many of the workers and performers would attend church - visit around the town make friends with all us boys and show us around - guess this was much better that having to chase us all the time.

Once when my ship was tied up at Staten Island in New York and I was headed for the Staten Island Ferry for New York City I passed Sparks Brothers Vast array of tents and you can believe that brought back more memories than the big city which I had seen several times.

I guess that the biggest show ever to play in Marlingon was about 1912 when the "101 Ranch" of William Frederick Cody "Buffalo Bill", 1846-1917 stayed a week in Marlinton. They set up in the field behind where the High School was built and between Mr. Wilber Sharps Planing Mill andKnapps creek. No tents - just about a ten foot high canvas wall around the field

Then I saw Annie Oakley, 1860-1926, neither she nor Buffalo Bill did anything other than ride in the parade each night. The real show was the Indians - cowboys and girls - more like a modern day rodeo. Anyhow Bill was heading his show West after an European tour and I don't think the show ever came east again - however like Haleys Commet I saw those great Western characters and very few people today can say that.

Notes on the Opera House.

In the summer the Opera House was a rolling rink - but some special ocassions were held there also. About 1914 the Methodist Sunday Schools of Pocahontas County had a special meeting there. I did have a picture by Gay of all the classes standing on the wooden sidewalk or the street level. Wonder if any of those pictures could be turned up in the county today?

Another event was the first Pocahontas County Fair - Food and Cannie department was held there. I remember well because Mother took first prize on Salt Rising Bread - a blue ribbon anda half barrel of Pillsbury flour. My Step Father Ernest Denison took second prime with his garden tomato's both red and yellow. I have pictures of these.

W. Va. Town Lays Claim To Revolution's 1st Fight

By United Press International

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PT. PLEASANT, W.Va. —
Two hungry soldiers, wandering from camp to hunt for breakfast meat, suddenly look up through the morning mist that hangs along a riverbank and into the painted faces of advancing Indians.

From trees, logs and anything else that affords them cover, the Indians cut loose with a volley of musket shots

One soldier drops, dying of his wounds. The other escapes to spread the alarm.

Troops are roused from sleep. Before long, the forest comes alive with the blasts of firearms, the orders of indian and white commanders, the screams of dying men.

Depending on the historian, the conflict either was a local one between settlers and Indians, or the first battle of the American Revolutionary War. Tradition favors the former, giving Lexington the honor as the site of the "shot heard 'round the world."

But the evidence weighs heavily in support of the latter, and the city fathers of this Ohio River town can put up some convincing arguments. A billboard on the outskirts of town declares it as the site of the first Revolutionary battle.

They re-enacted the skirmish two years ago, and this year, in America's 200th birthday observance, the town has reason to swell with pride.

After all, if their version is correct, the Indians were part of a British conspiracy and the bloodshed in this frontier town of two centuries ago was the first brushfire of the revolution.

Nothing can sway folks like Jack Burdett from that stance.

MADEON, MESWALDER, AND LONDON

THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN PARSS

An attorney, Burdett single-handedly took on the task of reconstructing Ft. Randolph, put up the year after the battle. He collects historic memorobilia and can rattle off facts and figures as if he's in a courtroom, directing the town's "defense" of its historic claim.

"Congress supports us, you know," he says with a relish, pointing to a 1908 act that designated the town as the site of a revolutionary battle.

Before Gen. Andrew Lewis clashed with the Indians and white renegades under Shawnee chief Cornstalk, the incensed colonists already had dumped tea in Boston's harbor and thumbed their noses at the Stamp Act.

Cornstalk, who had led his 1,000 warriors from various tribes across the Ohio River into battle, was to be shot to death about three years later at Ft. Randolph by settlers

enraged over the murder of a white hunter.

In his last breath, Cornstalk delivered a curse on Pt. Pleasant, and to this day, many blame the chief's invocation on the city's frequent brushes with tragedy.

A four-day observance is planned in October at the 202nd anniversary of the battle, deliberately on a smaller scale than the 1974 bicentennial observance.

THE ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION

AN INTERPRETATION OF THE SOCIAL-CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION 1774-1781

*

MERRILL JENSEN

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MADISON, MILWAUKEE, AND LONDON
THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN PRESS

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Progress of the Articles through Congress The Dickinson Draft of the Confederation The Articles of Confederation and Perpetual Index

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Durbin Bicentennial Commission

The Durbin Bicentennial Commission will meet this Thursday, March 11, at 7 pm in the Mayor's office. Everyone is welcome.

The Commission is planning to have a parade and festival on July 3 in commemoration of the Fourth. Any club, organization, or individual that desires to participate is asked to contact Mrs. Louise Collins.

The Commission wishes to thank the Durbin Moose Lodge for donating the use of their Hall for the square dance on February 28.

Also, thanks to those who came and those who donated their services, sandwiches, and coffee.

Special thanks to the musicians, Richard Daugherty, Lee Kramer, Clyde Mick, and Arnold Roberts, and figure caller, Clifford Barkley, for the fine job they did.



Last of Hand-set

Pocahontas Times

BOB KITTLE

MARLINTON, W.VA. - After 10 o'clock on most nts, the only lights still burning in this sleepy town anate from a cluttered newspaper office on Second

Inside, Jane Price Sharp is putting out America's last id-set newspaper-the Pocahontas Times, a weekly ch has remained virtually unchanged since 1892, en the country editor's grandfather, a Confederate ny veteran, established the first press here

"Grandpa was a man who believed everyone ought ave something to read," Mrs. Sharp said of the Preserian minister who served as a chaplain to Southern

ps, and edited the Times until 1905.

At 56, Mrs. Sharp and her six employes are among ast practitioners of a dying art-setting newspaper by hand. The task is a slow and tedious one, requirevery letter, punctuation mark and space to be ed in rows on galleys of heavy metal type.

But like most aspects of this remote farming comty, the newspaper's practices are dictated by tra-1. And although the Times has given in to some rn ways, its front page will be set by hand forever,

harp says.

We've kept setting type by hand for so many years se that's the way my father and grandfather put e paper. That's just the way it's always been done," -

harp explained.

bout the turn of the century, Mrs. Sharp's grand-William T. Price, a prolific writer and fiery preachrested in a modern Linotype press-the kind used t newspapers until recent years.

ut the press broke down so often that they sent it fter just a few weeks and returned to hand-set said Bill McNeil, Mrs. Sharp's nephew and the an employed by the Times, which, until last had been published solely by women for more

least when they were setting type by hand, they

didn't have to worry about everybody breaking down at once," Mrs. Sharp added.

Today the front page of the Times is printed on a 1911 vintage Babcock flatbed press. Originally driven by steam power, the aging machine is operated by an electric motor which frequently requires manual assistance to keep going.

Newspaper-sized sheets are fed by hand into the press, which is particularly cantankerous in cold weather, at a rate of about 1,000 pages an hour

"In the old days, they really had to stoke the put belly stove to keep the press going," McNeil noted

"But Mrs. Sharp added, "The old press is a pretty sturdy animal. She doesn't require much maintenance."

Only two pages of each edition of the Times are printed on the flatbed press. The other six to 10 pages are printed in Lewisburg on a modern off-set operation.

About 22 hours of continuous press time would be required to print all 5,600 copies of the newspaper on the

old press, McNeil said.

The Times earned its fame as a country newspaper during the first half of this century, when Mrs. Sharp's father, Calvin Price, was at the helm.

During the 52 years he edited the weekly. Price became a well-known conservationist and author. His popular field notes and stories about panthers which roamed the Pocahontas County mountains became an institution to thousands of West Virginians.

In 1954, Calvin Price State Forest at Dunmore was dedicated to the long-time editor and publisher who suffered a fatal heart attack three years later while operating the press in his tiny newspaper office

"At the time, I had never run the press or done any of that kind of work," said Mrs. Sharp, who went to work alongside her father in 1944, after her husband Basil was killed in battle in Germany.

"But we had to get a paper out, The Times had (Continued on Page 29)

· Mrs. Jane Sharp, editor and publisher of the noted Pocahontas Times, Her late tather, Calvin Price, tornie





ill McNeil, handsetting type for the Pocahontas Times



Mrs. Sharp, the editor, at her press

ver missed a week, so I rolled up my sleeves and went work. At the time, I had no idea whether we'd still be re a year later," the gray-haired Mrs. Sharp said.

Like the newspaper, the office of the Times looks it about like it did when it was built in 1901, McNeil, said.

Aging calendars and nostalgic photographs line the ills, and the rows of dusty books at one end of the orden structure have remained undisturbed for cades, McNeil added.

Among the volumes collected by preceding editors the Official Records of the Civil War, and the 1895 ition of Encyclopedia Britannica.

The front office of the Times houses a wealth of nericana which began to accumulate at the turn of the ntury, when Marlinton residents made plans to establia museum there.

The museum never materialized, but a disarray of

relics, including Indian artifacts and Civil War weaponry, still graces the cluttered room.

During the years the Times chronicled fires and floods which struck this rural county, the population dwindled, but the newspaper's circulation increased.

Today, the Times has readers in every state and half a dozen foreign countries, where Pocahontas County servicemen are stationed.

"Wherever residents of the county went, the Times went too," Mrs. Sharp said.

During quieter moments, the country editor reflects proudly on the historic legacy left to her by Calvin Price. "Of course, I'm not the writer daddy was. But that doesn't bother me. Most of the time I don't have time to think about it. I just pitch in and do what has to be done," she concluded.

- Reprinted from THE CHARLESTON DAILY MAIL

NOTE: - Correcting the location of Calvin Price State Forest as given in the "Wonderful West Virginia Magazine", of March 1976. Location is several miles below Dunmore. /glv



POCAHONTAS TIMES (Page 2)

Published every Thursday except the last week of the year.

Entered at the Post Office at Marlinton, West Virginia 24954, as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION CHARGES
In Pocshontas County \$4.50 a year.
Elsewhere \$5.50 a year. In advance.

THURSDAY, MAR. 11, 1976
Pioneer Days-July 9-11, '76

Blocker, March 18, 16

THE RESERVE THE SET MAN A VALUE

Parks and Recreation

This program has not been approved by the Legislature but probably will so we will print it while we have the list at hand; this is part of the Governor's proposal of projects costing \$33,000,000 to improve West Virginia's State Parks and recreation areas and would be paid for from Federal revenue sharing funds.

Calvin Price State Forest—construct residence, garage and related development, \$75,000; construct maintenance and shop building and support facilities, \$100,000; hunter and fisherman access trails \$30,000; road improvements in Spice Run area, \$100,000. Total cost; \$305,000.

Seneca State Forestconstruction of a campground to include utilities, related development and four pit toilets for winter hunter use, \$175,000; picnic area expansion including shelter and related development, \$75,000; develop vacation cabins along Greenbrier River and Seneca Lake with necessary support facilities, \$175,000; trail development including Allegheny Trail, \$20,000; land acquisition, \$30,000. Total cost: \$525,000.

Water Systems for State camp ground Forests—this request is trails, \$676,000. necessary to provide adequate water supplies on state forests as well as to comply with Department of Health requirements, \$675,000.

Sewage Systems for State Forests—this request is necessary to bring some state forests into compliance with Department of Health and Division of Water Resources requirements, \$765,000.

Beartown State Parkdeveloping additional trails, sanitary facilities, parking, interpretive shelter, etc., \$45,000.

Cass Scenic Railroad—
replace railroad station destroyed by fire, \$125,000;
demolish and remove old
mill and other out buildings, \$50,000; upgrade existing railroad track to meet
safety standards, \$25,000.
Total cost:\$200,000.

Droop Mountain—construct picnic shelter and related development, \$65,000; construct residence and related development \$65,000. Total cost: \$130,000.

Watoga State Park—continue campground development including utilities, parking, site development, \$375,000; renovate existing tennis courts by surfacing and fencing, \$25,000. Total cost: \$400,000.

Sewage Systems for State Parks.

Water Systems for State Parks.

Watoga—resurfacing existing paved roads and new camp area road \$275,000.

Droop Mountain Battlefield-resurfacing park residence to U. S. 219, \$38,000

Cal Price—resurfacing Laurel Run, Perry Run, Nigh Gap Run, Oldham Run and Beaver Creek roads, \$1,430,000.

Seneca—resurfacing camp ground road and trails, \$676,000.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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THURSDAY, MAR. 25, 1976

Pioneer Days -July 9-11, '76

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Pearl S. Buck Birthplace At the West Virginia Federation of Women's Clubs Convention at White Sulphur Springs last week, the drama gained added momentum on Friday morning, March 19, when Mrs. Scarbo, in one of her last appearances as Federation President, presented Mrs. George Hoylman, the Birthplace's President, with a gigantic contribution of \$7,500.00 from the Federation. "This gift," Mrs. Scarbo specified, made to pay off the Foundation's indebtedness which has been necessitated by legal and transportation fees in the acquisition of Miss Buck's original

stockbroker who seem

cult her wishes."

grekenmen for his three sisters

and five brothers, "We carried

Mt the grave, Me Perce from

the house down a small till unit shaded from a bright winter son by a grove of trees, two of

Miss Buck's pours were coad;

"I remember when I was

manuscripts for West Virginia." Mrs. Hoylman, at a subsequent Board meeting thanked the Federation for its continuing generosity, especially in underwriting the cost of acquiring the manuscripts for West Virginia.

At the meeting, the Foundation's Board reviewed the architectural plans for restoring the Birthplace farm's old barn. It was also learned that the Marlinton Woman's Club intends to donate a life membership to the Foundation. In attendance from Pocahontas County were Mrs. Libby Rexrode (Vice President) and David Corcoran. In

ried Bichard J. Walsh, but pill-

Esher in 1935. He died in 1965.

several grandstaterah sad

The other graveside posses

L sharm. The people? As, they

BOOK'S SECTOR.

ern not there!"

Yankey, Washington,

addition to Mrs. Hoylman the following Directors attended: the Honorable Cecil Underwood, Jane Meadows, Virginia Yates, Marie Leist, Woodrow Taylor, Kenneth Swope, Peg Friedman, Katherine Findley and Mrs. Delmas Miller. PERKASIE, Pa. (AP) — The nine adopted sons and daughters of author Pearl S. Buck buried her quietly Friday under an ash tree on her beloved Bucks County farm, a gravesite she chose herself in her own "good earth."

The 80-year-old daughter of Chinese missionaries, who died Tuesday in Vermont, had written 85 books. The most famous was her second novel, "The Good Earth," which won her the coveted Pulitzer and Nobel prizes.

The funeral was private.

The family first gathered around the plain mahogany casket in the library of the big house Miss Buck bought in the 1940s to be near her only real child, a retarded daughter of her first marriage that ended in divorce. The daughter didn't attend.

There was no religious service and no minister, just a brief eulogy centering on Miss Buck's impact on world literature in nearly a half century of writing.

"Mother wanted it that way, quiet and simple, no big show," said Edgar Walsh, a New York stockbroker who acted as spokesman for his three sisters

and five brothers. "We carried out her wishes."

At the grave, 300 yards from the house down a small hill and shaded from a bright winter sun by a grove of trees, two of Miss Buck's poems were read by Edgar Walsh. One went:

"I remember when I was

born. I do remember:
Through eternity I slept,
"By its quiet waters swept,
"In its silence safely kept.
"All unknowing night or day,

all unthinking there I lay "Suddenly by life compelled,

I was free no longer held.
"Free to live or free to die,
Free to be that which am I.
"I remember when I was

born. I do remember."

A memorial service was held in the afternoon at the head-quarters of the Pearl S. Buck Foundation in nearby Philadelphia. She had created the foundation to support Asian children fathered by American servicemen, and in 1967 gave it most of her estate and royalties from her books, a gift valued at \$7 million.

Besides Edgar Walsh the other children are Janice Walsh, Gardensville, Pa.; Richard Walsh, Dublin, Pa.; John Walsh, Ottsville, Pa.; Mrs. Jean Lippincott, Dublin; Mrs. Henrietta Teusch, Middlebury, Vt.; Mrs. Chieko Singer, Orleans, Mass.; Mrs. Joann Moser, Perkasie, and Teresa Walsh, Pittsburgh. All were adopted after Miss Buck married Richard J. Walsh, her publisher in 1935. He died in 1960.

Also attending were Miss Buck's sister, Mrs. Grace Yaukey, Washington, D. C., several grandchildren and a few cousins.

The other graveside poem

"I live alone through dreams I share. The people? Ah, they are not there!"



A MEMORIAL SERVICE FOR PEARL S. BUCK

Presented by Mrs. Maynard Crawford

Marlinton Woman's Club

March 9, 1973

Let not your heart be troubled: ye believe in God, believe also in me. In my Father's house are many mansions: if it were not so, I would have told you. I go to prepare a place for you. And if I go and prepare a place for you, I will come again, and receive you unto myself; that where I am, there ye may be also. St. John 14:1-3

The following Scripture is not ordinarily a part of a Memorial Service; however it seems fitting to the life of Miss Buck. St. Matthew 25:14-30 (Parable of the Talents).

Pearl Sydenstricker Buck, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Absolom Sydenstricker, was born on June 26, 1892, at Hillsboro, West Virginia, and departed this world on March 6, 1973, in Danby, Vermont. It was fate that Miss Buck was born in our County, since her parents were missionaries to China. How grateful we should be that this lady of distinction was and has been associated with our County, State, and lives!

Let us reflect upon the life of a lady who entered our lives indirectly through the 85 published volumes, and directly by the personal contact we have had with her during the past years.

I remember, during my school days, reading some of her books, being completely captivated, never dreaming that the day would come when I would hear her speak. She has enriched our lives in so many ways and has challenged us to live to a greater capacity.

In 1963, Miss Buck came to Pocahontas County, touring points of interest, returning to lunch with local people, in Marlinton, before going to the opening of our Museum. In the ensuing years, she has been a frequent visitor to West Virginia, inspiring, encouraging, and instructing in the restoration and refurbishing of her "Mother's House," Because of these

visits, some of the inner thoughts of this great lady has been revealed.

Once, at a news conference, she was asked to reflect upon Christmas. Her reply was, "Oh, Christmas is every day of the year, for every day there are wonderful things that happen to you."

Miss Buck admired great people, but greatness to her did not mean wealth, position, or
prestige. She exemplified this in a conversation at a luncheon at The Greenbrier in 1971.

That day the family cook of many years was
being buried, and she spoke of the greatness
of this woman, and how faithful she had been
to Miss Buck. Continuing in this trend of
thought, Miss Buck spoke of the profound influence her mother had upon her, and what a
great person she was.

Speaking to the student body, and guests, at the Pocahontas County High School, she said "that to become famous was not by chance. To become famous one must constantly work hard, and, after becoming famous, many of the privileges of a private life must be sacrificed."

Last July, when Miss Buck was again in our County, the Board of Directors of the Pearl Buck Foundation honored her with a surprise birthday dinner. During the evening she spoke informally to the group assembled. She was asked about her aspirations for the restoration of her home and the Cultural Center that is to be built. She became quite excited about her hopes for the future. She said "that not everyone was fortunate enough to have two nations to love, one the nation of your birth and one a nation by adoption." She was concerned about peace and understanding between China and the United States. She was determined that if the people of these two countries could sit down together and discuss their problems, understanding would be the result. Miss Buck hoped that the time would soon come when, at the Cultural Center, delegations from China and the United States would come together for a sumposium, and, through this, her two beloved countries could achieve peace. Her dream should become our challenge. The torch of love that she bore so proudly must now be kept aglow by those who loved and respected her.

We of Marlinton have truly been blessed because our lives have touched the life of this great lady, Pearl Buck. We have met her, known her, and loved her. I think this poem best expresses the feeling we share for Miss Buck. Board of Education

The Board of Education met for a special meeting on Monday, February 16. The purpose of this meeting was to work on the manual of school policy that the Board is in the process of developing for the Pocahontas County school system.

The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on Tuesday, Feb. 24. The Board agreed to purchase four new school buses, two for 66 passengers and two for 54 passengers, at a total cost of \$30,126.00. It is estimated that \$43, 945.00 will be received from the state for the purchase of new buses in 76-77 and the Board presently has \$12,385.30 in account for buses.

The Board approved payment in lieu of transportation of 50c per day to Mr. and Mrs. Jess Collins.

The Board approved a Fire Service Training Course in cooperation with W.V.U. and the State Department of Education with the class to be taught at the Hillsboro Fire Station. The funding for this course is through but not by the Board of Education.

The use of the Marlinton School cafeteria by the Pocahontas County Sheriff for a meeting on March 3 and by the Marlinton Rotary Club for a pancake supper on March 6 was approved.

Rebecca Ann O'Brien was hired as a substitute teacher for the remainder of the 75-76 school year.

Maternity leaves were approved for Debora Johnson, effective on Feb. 24, and Susan Peck, effective from Sept. 7.

Betty Seaman was transferred from Hillsboro Elementary School to Marlinton Elementary School for the 76-77 school year.

Charles W. Young was continued on eleven months employment.

The Board considered the annual 4-H budget request presented by Ancil Schmidt and agreed to defer for future action.

Approval was given to a request by the State Director of Transportation for a bus and driver to take approximately 40 students and 4 chaperones to Cedar Lakes, Ripley, in June for a Special Vocational Education Workshop.

The Board approved the request of Quentin Stewart,

Jr. to take 12 PCHS students to W. Va. State, March 25-26; this is a part of a Multi-Ethnic Fair, sponsored by W. Va. State wherein PCHS will develop, write, and tape a TV program on the Heritage of Pocahontas County.

Charles E. McElwee was employed as Title I Director for Pocahontas County for 76-77.

The Board continued study of the proposed school policy manual and approved payment of bills presented by the superintendent.

The next regular Board meeting is on March 9.

Major Harold Tucker Reynolds will be the speaker at a
public meeting of the Marlin
ton Woman's Club on Friday,
March 12, at 8:30 P. M. in
the auditorium of the Municipal Building in Marlinton,
The time change was made on
account of the evangelistic
service at the Presbyterian
Church.

Major Reynolds is Head-quarters Air Force Project Offi-cer for Presidential Flight, assigned to the Pentagon. His primary responsibility as the Air Force representative on the advance team for Presidential travel is to make the support arrangements for Air Force One and all the aircraft associated with the movement of the President worldwide. In the past three years he has visited some fifteen countries and forty-five states in the performance of this duty. Some of the countries visited are Russia, Romania, Poland, Yugoslavia, and, most recent-ly, the People's Republic of China.

Prior to his present assignment, he was assigned as a fighter pilot in various U.S. locations and in Germany, Thailand, Okinawa and Libya. His decorations include the Distinguished Flying Cross, Air Medal with nine Oak Leaf Clusters and Air Force Commendation Medal with Oak Leaf Cluster. Wherever he has been stationed he has always been active in community affairs, and is listed in the 1972 edition of Outstanding Young Men of America.

At this meeting he will relate some of his experiences and impressions during his travel, and everyone is invited to hear him.

Major Reynolds grew up in Pocahontas County, the youngest son of Mrs. Forrest Reynolds, of Slatyfork, and the late Mr. Reynolds. He is a graduate of Marlinton High School and West Virginia University. His wife is the former Margaret Fleming Johnson, of Marlinton, and with their two children, Martha and John, they live at Falls Church, Virginia.



Norman R. Price, M. D.

An era came to close with the passing of Dr. Norman R. Price last week. He was the last of the country doctors in Pocahontas who went by foot, by horse, and by car, in foul weather and fair, up and down these morntains and valleys, to minister to the needs of the sick. Since 1903 this strong man, who ran a 30-mile footrace, answered calls, not only in Pocahontas but in sections of Webster, Randolph and Nicholas. He wore out seven horses and fifteen automobiles. Having delivered between five and six thousand babies, it was little wonder that during his sickness practically every family recalled that he had brought some of them into the world. He reached his goal of 90 years, with several months over, and died, as he wanted, a gentleman, in command of the situation.

Coming as a boy in 1885 to Marlin's Bottom, where his father had been born, be saw the town of Marlinton come into being and watched it grow. He served as mayor and also served on the County Court. Dr. Norman held almost a centory of living history in his phenomenal memory.

Deaths

Dr. N. R. Price

Norman Randolph Price was born in Mount Clinton, Virginia, December 5, 1874, the son of the Rev. William Thomas and Anna Louise Randolph Price, and died Wednesday. May 12, 1965, in the Poca-hontas Memorial Hospital after a few weeks' illness

As a young man he was a partner in The Pocahontas Times. He then studied medcine at the University of Mary land Medical College, and had practiced in Marlinton since 1903. He was a captain in the Army Medical Corps in World War I.

His wife, Jean Kinsey Price, preceded him in death, as did also a sister, Susan A. Price, M. D., and four brothers, Willie Price, James W. Price, M. D., Andrew Price, and Calvin

Surviving him are a daughter, Mrs. Carl (Jean) Stockwell, of Paducah, Kentucky. and a son, Norman R. Price, Jr., of Chandler, Arizona; a granddaughter, Jean K. Stockwell, of Alexandria, Louisiana; and a sister, Mrs. Anna V. Hunter, of Sweet Chalybeate Springs, Virginia.

Services were held in the Marlinton Presbyterian Church Friday afternoon by the Rev. W. E. Pierce, with burial in Mountain View Cemetery.

LIFE

By Andrew Price

The life I live, the life I prize Seems tame to world-worn weary eyes:

Those frantic souls spurred on by lust,

For power and place till all is dust;

They never know the sweet release

Among the purple hills of peace

I know not what the years may hold.

My dreams may fade if I grow

But this I know, each golden

Makes home, and friend, and

life more dear; Each year the beavens brighter

Deaths

Mrs. Calvin W. Price

Mrs. Mabel Milligan Price, 80, died Tuesday morning. February 28, 1967, in a nursing home in Staunton, Virginia

She was the widow of Calvin W. Price, long-time editor of The Pocahontas Times, who died June 14, 1957.

Mrs. Price was born in Staunton, Virginia, March 23, 1886, the daughter of John Whitfield and Florence Lockridge Milligan. They soon moved to Buena Vista, Virginia, where she was graduated from the Seminary there.

The family moved back to Pocahontas soon after and she raught school before marrying Mr. Price May 22, 1906.

She was a choir member and choir director in the Marlinton Presbyterian Church for many years and was the last charter member of the Marlinton Woman's Club.

Surviving her are four daughters, Mrs. John B. (Betsy) Green, Richmond, Virginia. Mrs Isaac (Florence) McNeel, of Charleston, Mrs. J. Douglas (Ann) Hubard, Virginia Beach, Virginia, Mrs. Basil (Jane) Sharp, Marlinton; ten grandchildren, and seven greatgrandchildren. In addition to her husband and parents, she was preceded in death by a son, Calvin Thomas, in 1918, a sister, Miss Lillie Milligan, and a brother, Clifford.

Services will be held in the Marlinton Presbyterian Church Friday afternoon at two o'clock by her pastor, the Rev. Fred W. Walker, with burial in Mountain View Cemetery.

Each year enhances field and stream.

I know I gaze with raptured

On scenes that once I idled by: I envy not the potentate.

The rich, the mighty, high and

My books, my friends, my moun tains free

Have been and are enough for

This is a short article on the Posge family of Augusta County, Virginia. The early settlers in the Greenbrier Valley came from this family and settled in Focahontas County, then in Virginia. More of the Poage (Poague) family will be described in later pages. George Washington Posgue gave the ground both for the Oak Grove Church, in Hillsboro and the cemetery also so said a former Minister 19505

POAGES

This is part of an article on the Poage family in Virginia. Two brothers, Robert and John "proved their importation at their own charges" at Orange Courthouse in 1740. The Pocahontas Poages are the descendants of Robert Poage, who settled between Staunton and F ort Defiance. His wife was Elizabeth Preston. An account of the Poages is given in Price's Historical Sketches of Pocahontas County," but this article gives some interesting information-From a Staunton Newspaper.

The Poage family was a prominent one in and near Staunton, Virginia, in the years following the arrival of the first members as pioneer settlers, two hundred and more years ago.

One of them, Colonel James Poage, left Staunton, went to Kentucky, and then to Ohio, where he founded a new town he called Staunton. Later the name was changed to Ripley. This caused us to do some personal research at this end of the line.

We visited the old and new cemeteries at Fort Defiance, both associated with Old Stone Presbyterian Church, to see how many readable stones marked the graves of members of the Ponge family. We found, too, that occasionally the name was spelled Poague.

As pointed out there are two cemeteries at Fort Defiance: The one near the church and a much older burial ground east of the present manse. Whether an early, frame church once stood near the older cemetery is not known, but norma'ly a cemetery usually was closely located in relation to the church.

In this older comstery, which ! is enclosed with a sturdy stone wall and the grass within the enclosure well kept are several stones bearing the name Poage or Poague. Some of these inscriptions include:

Our father, Major William Poage, born March 18, 1781, died September 23, 1855.

Thomas Poage, Captain, Anderson's Company, Virginia, 1740-1803.

John Poage, member of Captain Doyle's Company, Fifth Virginia Regiment Wounded March 23, 1862, in the Battle of Keras Town, died March 26, 1862.

The most imposing stone, also erected in recent years, says:

Sacred to the memory of Robert Poage, immigrant from Ireland 1739, elder in Augusta Stone Church 1740; justice first commission of the peace Augusta County 1745; died in 1774; his wife, Elizabeth Preston.

In this old cemetery also is the grave of the Rev. John Craig, D. D. The inscription says: "Commencer of the Presbyterian ministerial in this place; 1740 to April 21, 1774; faithfully discharged his duties to the same".

(to be continued)

POAGES

It is believed the Presbyterians in the Old Stone Church area began to gather for wor-ship about 1737, probably meeting in homes of the people, since no reference is found concerning an organized church until 1740 when Dr. Craig assumed the pastorate and the stone edifice was authorized to be constructed.

Old Stone Church was completed in 1747; dedicated in 1749; and the present wings added in 1922. It served as a fort during the Indian wars after General Braddock's defeat.

Information to this effect is contained on a bronze marker erected on an exterior wall of the church about by the Colonel Thomas Hughart Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution.

In the newer churchyard there are stones mentioning four Poages, as follows:

John H. Poage died June 13, 1870, 80 years, 11 months, and 7 days.

James Poage. (born) November 15, 1826, died at the age of 71 year, 7 months, and 12 days

Nancy S., wife of James Poage, (died) January 8, 1870. aged 57 years, 6 months, and 22 days.

Poage, baby son of W. N. and M. V. Wilson. No dates appear on this stone.

The name Poage is associated with Old Stone Church's communion service which was made in England in or near 1767, It is still in use-at least every quarter when this ritual is observed.

When not in use one Sunday each three months, the silver is maintained in a glass display case in the church's museum. It consists of three flagons, six goblets, and two bread plates. It is believed that originally there were three plates.

The cost of this communion service is not known, but it is reported that when purchased it represented the price of a

good sized plantation.

For insurance purposes today the service is given this value; goblets, \$100 each; trays, \$100 each; flagons \$350 each.

These are estimated to be

replacement cost.

In her book "Stories of the Shenandoah," Mrs. Gladys Bauserman Clem of this city recounts that a Poage of the gentler sex, believed to have been Margaret Poage, saved that communion service from being shipped back to England.

When it arrived the price was said to have been far more than the congregation had expected, so the feeling was it should be returned. However, Margaret Poage arose and said she would give the money she had been saving for silver spoons for her own table to-

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ward purchasing the communion silver. Her gift caused other members of the congregation to make new and special efforts to contribute. The silver was saved.

Later Margaret's husband ordered six silver spoons from England for her; so her long desire was fulfilled. Five of these spoons are said to have come into the possession of Mrs. Augusta Harmon Pattie, of Waynesboro. The sixth went to a Poage from Texas. Since "P" was engraved on the spoons, the family agreed Mrs. Pattie should have them. She is a direct descendant in the Poage line.

About twelve miles northwest of Old Stone Church is a stone dwelling, now occupied by Mrs. Margaret Carroll, a descendant of the Poages. This house is said to be the original Poage residence in the Valley of Virginia.

End of series on the Poage family and its associations in the Valley of Virginia and in Southern Ohio. The Enapp and Summers Family.

Joseph W. Summers 1130 Windsor Ave., Morgantown, W.Va.

"Caleb Knapp Jr. married Elizabeth Waugh"

The first authentic record I have is that Caleb Knapp was in Greenbric county, Virginia, now W.Va. as early as 1787. He paid tax in that year, He died in Greenbrier county in 1829, and his wife Elizabeth (last name unknown) was living in 1833.

Caleb Knapp and his wife Elizabeth had the following children.

James, born about 1790, married March 7,1816 in Greenbrier Co. to Lainey Hapstonstall.

Moses born 1791 married Elizabeth Anderson about 1814.

Joshua (Hardestys History says born 1793) married Phebe McDaniel on Sept.

16,1817. Died in Kentucky in 1865.

John born February 27, 1793 (according to death notice) married Jan.27, 1818 to Jane Blair (family tradition says Jane Blair, but records say Jane Burgess) he died Sept. 8, 1880.

Caleb, Jr. born May 21, 1798 died --- married Elizabeth Waugh, born Jan. 2, 1796. "My record shows 1802/glv). The daughter of Samuel and Ann McGuire Waugh. ? 1796 ok

Abraham, (paid first tax 1822 making birth about 1801)

- 1. Polly Ann Knapp, born Dec. 14, 1819 died Jan. 14, 1903
- 2. Nancy Knapp, born July 22, 1821 died --- married Henry Shrader, lived near Huntersville W.Va. and settled on Waugh homestead.
- 3. Elizabeth Jane born Jan. 7, 1824, died --- married Peter Shrader, born --- died Sept. 7, 1834.
- L842 to Sampson Buzzard who died in 1883.
- . Margaret Rebecca born April 26, 1830 died in Nov. 1904, married McCoy
- Robert Waugh Knapp, born Dec. 9, 1831 died Jan. 27, 1906. He was a nion soldier in Co. E. 4th. Va. Cav. He married Mary Woodell Sept. 1849, he was born June 25, 1831 died Dec. 16, 1906. She was the daughter of oseph and Delilah Arbogast Woodell.

Andrew James Knapp, born Sept. 7, 1834 died ---, he was a Southern Idier and moved to Missouri.

Caleb Knapp was married (2) One son Thomas F. Knapp, born Jan. 14, died ---, Lived at Grace, Roane Co, W.Va.

SUMMERS SET. CALEB OR CABLE? GLV

The Enapp and Stammer Joseph W. Summers 1130 Windsor Ave., Morgantown, W.Va. "Caleb Knapp Jr. married Elizabeth Waugh" The first authentic record I have is that Caleb Knapp was in Greenbrin county, Virginia, now W. Va. as early as 1787. He paid tax in that year, He died in Greenbrier county in 1829, and his wife Elizabeth (last name unknown) was living in 1833. Caleb Knapp and his wife Elizabeth had the following children. James, born about 1790, married March 7,1816 in Greenbrier Co. to Lainey Hapstonstall. Moses born 1791 married Elizabeth Anderson about 1814. Joshus (Hardestys History says born 1793) married Phebe McDaniel on Sept. 16,1817. Died in Kentucky in 1865. John born February 27, 1793 (according to death notice) married Jan.27, 1818 to Jane Blair (family tradition says Jane Blair, but records say Jane Burgess) he died Sept. 8, 1880. Caleb, Jr. born May 21, 1798 died --- married Elizabeth Waugh, born Jan. 2, 1796. "My record shows 1802/glv". The daughter of Samuel and Ann 7 1796 OK Abraham, (paid first tax 1822 making birth about 1801) McGuire Waugh. - - CHILDREN OF CALEB AND ELIZABETH WAUGH KNAFP . 1. Polly Ann Knapp, born Dec. 14, 1819 died Jan. 14, 1903 2. Nancy Knapp, born July 22, 1821 died --- married Henry Shrader, lived near Huntersville W.Va. and settled on Waugh homestead. 3. Elizabeth Jane born Jan. 7, 1824, died --- married Peter Shrader, da was born Jume 21, 1863 and dies born --- died Sept. 7, 1834. 4. Eleanor Morris born June 24, 1825 died March 1, 1926 married May 4, 1842 to Sampson Buzzard who died in 1883. 5. Margaret Rebecca born April 26, 1830 died in Nov., 1904, married McCc 6. Robert Waugh Knapp, born Dec. 9, 1831 died Jan. 27, 1906. He was a Union soldier in Co. E. 4th. Va. Cav. He married Mary Woodell Sept. 18 she was born June 25, 1831 died Dec. 16, 1906. She was the daughter of Joseph and Delilah Arbogast Woodell. 7. Andrew James Knapp, born Sept. 7, 1834 died ---, he was a Southern soldier and moved to Missouri. Caleb Knapp was married (2) One son Thomas F. Knapp, born Jan. 1 1844, died ---, Lived at Grace, Roane Co, V.Va. MP. SUMMERS SET. CALEB OR CABLE? GLV

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Robert Waugh Knapp, born on Knapps Creek Pocahontas Co. Va. now West Virginia, Dec. 9, 1831 the son of Caleb and Elizabeth Waugh Knapp. Robert Waugh Knapp was married in 1849 to Mary Woodell, daughter of Joseph and Delilah Arbogast Woodell. Delilah was the daughter of Bengaman Arbogast and Francis Kullins, Francis came from Westmoreland county Virginia. Benjamin Arbogost was a son of Adam Arbogost and Margaret Hull, Adam was a Revolutionary soldier as was also his father Michal Arbogast. Delilah was born in 1805 daed in 1871, she married (1) Joseph Woodell Aug. 28, 1830. married (2) Fredrick Pugh: no children.

Robert Waugh Knapp, and family came from Knapp's Creek Pocohontas Co., W.Va. to Upshur county W.Va. in 1859 lived there four years, while there three children were born, John Marshall, Bricen Clomumbus, and Elmira Francis, he moved from there to Barbour county near Moatsville to a farm owned by Jacob Waugh, and uncle, later he moved to Jacob Millers farm.
Then they moved to the John Boils farm where Elmira Francis Knapp was married to James Summers, Oct. 14,1877. From there they moved to the Zeak Harper farm in Tucker county W.Va. where they bought a farm from said Harper for their own with money he received from a pension being in the Civil War. This farm is known to this day as KNAPP'S HOLAR, this farm is about one and one half miles from Moore Tucker County, W.Va. Robert Waugh Knapp and his wife Mary spent their last days on this farm. They are buried in a grave yard a short distance believe Moore. are buried in a grave yard a short distance below Moore.

ROBERT WAUGH KANPP AND MARY WOODELL WERE THE BARENTS OF 14 CHILDREN.

- 1. Delilah Margaret born July 26, 1850, died Feb. 17, 1933. Married to Samuel Roby Kisner June 23, 1873, He was born June 3, 1853 and died at Moore, Tucker Co. W. Va.
- 2. George Benjamin, born Dec. 2, 1851 died March 14, 1924. Married Alice Rebecca Criss, who was born Aug. 30, 1853 and died in Fairmont, W.Va. August k, 1944. a Murk Rurphy, born Rov. 7,
- LLO: 3. Deceased daughter, born Dec. 28, 1853 died Jan. 18, 1854.
 - Ira Ellis, born Dec. 28, 1854 died April 30, 1873.
 - Frederick Asbury, born Jan. 16,1857 died Nov. 16, 1859.
- 6. John Marshall, born Feb. 25, 1859, died Jan. 24, 1937. Married Ida Blanch Hawkins, Sept. 6, 1884. Ida was born June 21, 1863 and died at Valley Bend, W. Va. Oct. 28, 1935. (11 children)
 - Bricen Clomumlus, born Dec. 10, 1860 died Nov. 7, 1862.
 - 8. Elmira Francis, born Jan. 15, 1863 died Dec. 1, 1947. Married (1) James Summers, Oct. 24, 1877. Summers was born July 2, 1850 and died April 22, 1887. Married (2) Jess Hurshman, March 10, 1912, he was born Oct. 25, 1847 died April 20, 1928.
 - Elizabeth Jane, born June 10, 1865 died July 9, 1871.
 - Abraham Helmick, Aug. 30, 1889, he died March 10, 1912 aged 70 years 24 days. Childred ?. Married (2) Johnathan J. Cosner, born July 27, 1868. 10. Ida Emma Corena, born Oct. 13, 1867 died Jan. 19, 1939. Married (1)
 - 11. Samantha Ellen, Born Dec. 24, 1869 died Aug. 13, 1875.

12. Olive Christena, born Nov. 22, 1871, died April 15, 1904. Married Robert Hudleson, three children, Rolan, George, Miss. Maggie, last heard of at Tainesta, Forest Co. Pa. Was 16 years old the 8th. of March 1910.

13. Marietta Virginia, born June 25, 1874, Died Dec. 6, 1942. Married (1) Samuel Strum, Oct. 18, 1890, two children Claud and Alva, Married (2), Augustas C. Crosten, May 18, 1900, children (?).

14. Lorenzo Dow, born Nov. 11, 1879. Killed in a coal mine June 2, 1927. Married Sarah E. Harper, who was born May 11, 1883.

by Carrol Wayne Hoard, born March 27, 1935. Elmira Francis Knapp, born in Upshur county W.Va. January 15,1863, died at Morgantown W.Va. Dec. 1, 1947, the last of a family of 14 children. Soon after her birth her parents moved to Barbour county where six other children were born. Elmira Francis was married to James Summers, October 14, 1877 who was born in Preston county W.Va July 2, 1850 and died April 22, 1887. He was the son of Joseph and Julia Tarleton Summers, all are buried at Mt. Zion Church Cemetary near Marquess, Preston county West Virginia.

TO THIS UNION FIVE BOYS WERE BORN

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- (1). Joseph Willis Summers, born February 21, 1879. The son of James and Elmira Francis Knapp Summers, married Iva Rebecca Burk, on May 18, 1902. she was born April 6, 1886, the daughter of William H. and Cristina Martin Burk, to this union three children were born.
 - DIED DEC, 19, 1953. 1. Leroma Blanch Summers, born May 5, 1903 at William, near Thomas, Tucker Co. W.Va. She married Alonzo Claud Murphy Oct. 9, 1920, (Rev. English) at Montrose, W.Va. Alonza Claud Murphy was born Oct. 5, 1901 at Montrose. Three children.
 - a. Marjorie Burk Murphy, born Nov. 7, 1921. Married Sherley L. Ashcraft at Akron, Ohio, May 1, 1942. One son, Kenneth David Ashcraft, born June 6, 1943.
 - b. Mary Blanch Murphy, born Nov. 21, 1924. Married Eldon Junior Campbell, May 7, 1944 at Clarksburgh, W.Va., he was born Jan. 6, 1924. Vetern of World War 11, U.S. Army, 242 Medical Battalion. To this union was born Roger Elden Campbell on Nov. 29, 1949. born April 13, 1917 at Gassaway, M. Va.
 - c. Robert Alen Murphy, born June 9, 1926. Married Alice Ammons, on July 20, 1949. Vetern of World War 11. A daughter, Dorothy Joan Murphy was born April 28, 1951.
- 2. William Clair Summers, born March 28, 1906 near Montrose, Randolph county, W. Va. married at Catlettsburge, Ky. to Bessie Lockhart of Parkersburgh, W. Va, born Feb. 25, 1911. Three children.
 - a. Nancy Marie Summers, born December 18, 1931.
 b. Patricia Joan Summers, born January 19, 1934.
 c. James Clair Summers, born March 8, 1937.
- 3. Irene Summers, born Dec. 29. 1908, died at Akron, Ohio, January 9, 1929. Was buried in East Oak Grove at Morgantown, W. Va.

- Selpest (2) Ira Henson Summers, born near Marquess, Preston county, W.Va. July 18, 1880, died at Morgantown, W.Va. Sept. 21, 1926. The son of James and Elmira Francis Enapp Summers, he was married to Susan Bolyard, April 6, 1904. Susan was born Jan. 17, 1882. To this union three children were bon
 - 1. Gail Mildred Summers, born Jan. 25, 1905. Married Thomas Wayne Hourd, Oct. 10, 1925, who was born Feb. 1, 1904, two children,
 - a. Marian Gail Hoard, born Oct. 1, 1933, died Oct.11, 1933.
 - b. Carrol Wayne Hoard, born March 27, 1935.

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- 2. Hayward Burten Summers, born Oct.31, 1906, died March 7, 1914.
- 3. Alma Garnette Summers, born Aug. 18, 1917, at Morgantown, W.Va., Married James Stanley Orr, Sept. 3, 1937. He was born Nov. 26, 1916. Two children.
 - a. Janet Gail Orr, born Aug. 16, 1941, at East McKeesport. Pa.
 - b. James Wayne Orr, born July 3, 1946, at East McKeesport, Pa.
- Charles Robert Summers, born Nov. 2, 1881. The third child of James od Ba and Elmira Francis (Knapp) Summers. He married June 5, 1905 to Ades Leola Hartsaw, (Rev. Odell King) daughter of Frank and Sallie A. Colebank THE I Hartsaw. She was born Sept. 26, 1886 in Randolph county, W.Va. Six children.
 - 1. Ruby Francis Summers, born Aug. 20, 1906 at Kerens, Randolph Co., married (1) Ralph Ernest Ketter, Sept. 16, 1930, he was born at Pomeroy, Ohio. Died at Charleston, W.Va. by being shot accidently with a pistol. Married (2) Pvt. Paul Ernest Boggs, of the U.S. Army, Nov. 14, 1944 at Oakland, Md. No children.
 - Wilma Juanita Summers, born Nov. 8, 1910 at Glady, Randolph Co., W.Va. Married Samuel Carl Fitts, Aug. 9, 1936. who was born at Connellville Pa. Oct. 26, 1911. U.S. Navy in WWll. No children.
 - 3. Velma Madeline Summers, born April 30, 1912 at Flady, Randolph, county, died at Morgantown Nov. 18, 1940.
 - 4. Robert Eldon Summers, born April 13, 1917 at Gassaway, W.Va. Married June 16, 1936 at Oakland, Md. to Doris Wilda Grimes. Doris was born Aug. 25, 1917. Two children.
 - a. Robert Russell, born April 12, 1937.
 - b. Doris Joanne, born April 13, 1939.
 - 5. Wendell Paul Summers, born April 1, 1923 at Morgantown, W.Va. Married at Oakland, Md. Dec. 24, 1942 to Mary Louise Fairfox, born at Clarksburg, W.Va. Jan. 25, 1925, Vet of WW11.
 - a. Sherley Kay Summers, born Nov. 14. 1943.
 - 6. Thelma Maxine Summers, born Dec. 15, 1925. Killed in auto accident Oct. 26, 1932. Age 6-8-1.

Lawis, March 26, 1934. Married (?) Mildred Lucil Goodeln. 16, 1945. she was born April 7, 1927.

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- 4. John Wesley Summers, born March 1, 1884. the son of James and Elmira Francis Enapp Summers, Married (1) Jessie Ann Royce, (Rev. John Bolton) she was born Oct. 26. 1880 and died Dec. 23, 1940., the daughter of Henry C. and Sarah Bolyard, Royce. To this union nine children, seven girls and three boys were born.
 - 1. Gert de Ester Summers, born Jan. 3, 1903, died age 9 months.
 - 2. Lennie Elizabeth Summers, born Oct. 22, 1904. Married at Oakland, Md. Oct. 1, 1922 to Roy Groves, who was born Sept, 15.1902. To this union was born five boys and one girl.
 - a. Willis Vergil Groves, born May 1, 1923. Married Erma Musiel Caton, born Jan. 9. 1925 at Uniontown, Pa. Children.
 1. Howard Eldon Groves, born June 17, 1946.
 2. Robert Lee Groves, born Aug. 24, 1948.
 3. A son , born May 31, 1951.
 - b. John Walter Groves, born Jan. 21, 1925.
 - c. Delmar Wayne Groves, born July 26, 1927. Vet of WW 11, Navy. Married Miss. Jo Ann Bennett, Aug. 1, 1945. One daughter. Peggy Sue Groves, born April 3, 1947.
 - d. Edna Francis Groves, born March 10, 1931.
 - e. Floyd Roy Groves, born Sept. 26, 1933.
 - f. Gerald Eugene Groves, born Sept. 17, 1935.
 - 3. Luria Audria Summers, born Dec. 17, 1906. Married at Morgantown. W. Va. Nov. 9, 1925 to Denver White, who was born Nov 22, 1904. Six girls born to this union.
 - a. Evalyn Virginia White, born Feb. 13, 1926. Married Donald Wade Dodge June 17, 1945, a daughter, Beverly Ann, born Aug. 18, 1946.
 - b. Beatrice Wanetta White, born Jan. 24, 1928. Married Robert Elsworth Goff. Oct. 19, 1946. Vet of WW 11. born 4-12-21.

 1. John Robert Goff, born Sept. 14. 1948.
 - 2. Cherry Kay Goff, born Dec. 21, 1950.
 - c. Betty Elaine White, born Aug. 29, 1929. Married William R. Deusenberry, Dec. 4, 1948. a son Edward Richard, born 11-28-49.
 - d. Alma Deloris White, born April 6, 1931.
 - e. Nellie Agnes White, born Aug. 29, 1933.
 - f. Mary Louise White, born July 17, 1939.
- 4. Agnes Vearl Summers, born Dec. 28, 1908, died age two years.
- 5. Ada Virginia Summers, born July 22, 1911. Married at Morgantown, W. Va. Dec. 22, 1934 to Francis Leroy McCormick, born Aug. 10, 1913. One child, Wandalee McCormick, born July 5, 1935
- 6. Oscar Odell Summers, born Dec. 2, 1913. Married (1) Nina Leon Lewis, March 24, 1934. Married (2) Mildred Lucil Goodwin, July 16, 1945. she was born April 7, 1927.

- 7. Nellie Ruth Summers, born Sept. 17, 1916. Married Oreal Brant Bonnell, May 30, 1942. A son Orval Junior born March 22, 1950.
- 8. Walter Herold Summers, born Dec. 20, 1919, married at Oakland, Md. on April 7, 1940 to Dorathy Virginia Blosser, of Masontoen, Preston county, W.Va. (Rev. Sprague). She was born Oct. 17, 1920. Vet. of WW 11. Three sons.
 - a. Horald Edward Summers, born Sept. 26, 1941.
 - b. Raymond Odell Summers, born Feb. 14, 1944.
- c. Charles Lee Summers, born April 3, 1947.
- 9. Howard Melvin Summers, born Dec. 2, 1926., WW 11. Pacific. Married Hazel Veryl Goodwin ---, who was born Oct. 4, 1930. One girl and one boy.
- a. David Odell Summers, born July 4, 1949.
- b. Juda Ann Summers, born Oct. 31, 1951.
- (5) To James and Elmira Francis Knapp Summers, a boy, born and died December 28, 1886.

Her children were all present at the burial encapt Ers. Mildred the burial encapt of failing health, but. A large number of grandchildred and great-grandchildren were common, one half-brother. T. F. Knapp (Sprn Jan. 14, 1844) of Hoane bury, subvives her.

Mrs. Bussard snjoyed visiting her childred and grand-children. Sha always lively, and looked on the bright side of everything. Sha ll be sadly missed by all. The funeral services will be conducted ter, and it is hoped all her childred will be present.

Dear grandmother, how I miss you,
And your absence breaks my heart.
But I hope some day to meet you,
When we me ver more whall part.

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THE FOOLOWING WAS TAKEN FROM THE POCAHONTAS TIMES OF MARCH 11, 1926.

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Mrs Elenor Knapp Bussard was born at Richlands, Greenbrier county June 24, 1825, and died March 1, 1926, at the home of her daughter, Irs. Jerusha Shinaberry, at Sunset, Pocahontas county, aged 100 years, light months and four days.

Mrs. Bussard was a daughter of Caleb Knapp and Elizabeth Morrison(Waugh)
Knapp. She moved with her parents to Pocahontas county in 1830, and
has lived here ever since. Her childhood days were spent on a little
farm on Breenbrier river three miles below Clover Lick. On May 4, 1842,
she was united in marriage to Sampson S. Bussard. To this union was
born eleven children, five sons and six daughters. Seven of her children
are living, Cronin Bussard of Frost; Letcher Bussard, of Raywood;
Cornelius Bussard, of Dunmore; Embry Bussard, of Knoxville, Iowa.;
Robert Bussard, of Mountain Grove, Va.; Mrs. Jerusha Shinaberry, of
Sunset; Mrs. Mildred Shinaberry and Elenor I. Bussard, of Clover Lick;
Her husband died in 1883. Her deceased children are Mrs. D.N. Bussard,
Mrs. Zane B. Grimes and Mrs. C. P. Collins. She was laid to rest beside
her husband in the Bussard cemetery near Dunmore. This cemetery is on
the farm where Mrs. Bussard lived happily with her husband and reared
her large family. Her Great-grand-daughter, Mrs. Harry Moore, lives
there now. In speaking of this farm she always called it home.

In early life she united with the Methodist church and remained faithful to the end. She ofter spoke of being ready to join her loved ones who had gone before.

Her childred were all present at the burial except Mrs. Mildred Shinaberry, who was not able to attend on account of failing health, she being eighth-three years of age, and Embry Bussard, of Knoxville, Iowa. A large number of grandchildred and great-grandchildren were present. One half-brother. T. F. Knapp (Born Jan. 14, 1844) of Roane county, subvives her.

Mrs. Bussard enjoyed visiting her childred and grand-children. She was always lively, and looked on the bright side of everything. She will be sadly missed by all. The funeral services will be conducted later, and it is hoped all her childred will be present.

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Dear grandmother, how I miss you,
And your absence breaks my heart.
But I hope some day to meet you,
When we me ver more shall part.
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PAGE TWO MRS. ELENOR KNAPP BUSSARD

In spite of the rain a large crowd gathered at the picnic at Cronin Buzzard's sugar grove last Wednesday to celebrate the 100th anniversary of the birth of Mrs. Eleanor Knapp Buzzard. Grandma Buzzard was feeling fit and fine and seemed to enjoy the day very much. Sitting in an automobile, she received her friends and descendants. When the rain came adjournment was taken to a nereby church. Rev. W. T. Hogestt of Marlinton, a mere boy of 78 years, was in charge of the services, and made an appropriat address. Rev. Pugh and Rev. Pegram also spoke. A touching scene was when the children, grandchildren, great-grand-children and great-great-grand-children pledged the aged woman by a hand-grasp that they would live a christian life by the help of the Lord.

Mrs. Buzzard was born on Greenbrier River, below the mouth of Clover Creek, June 24, 1825. Her father was Caleb Knapp and her mother was Elizabeth Waugh Knapp daughter of Samuel and Ann McGuire Waugh. She married Sampson Buzzard who has been dead some twenty-five years. They were the parents of eleven children. The grand-children now number 82, great-grand-children 246; great-great-grand-children 77. This makes a total of 407, and the end is not yet. It is of interest to note that there are thirteen sets of twins among her descendants. A half-brother, T. F. Knapp, of Jackson county, an ex-Confederate, soldier came to his sister's century birthday.

NOTE: While the above does not agree with other versions obtainable will put same down just at it appeared in the Pocahontas Times./glv

bost July 12, 1626

MY GREAT-G	REAT-GRAND	PATHER	AND GRANDMO	THER HI	of S	B Wallact &
Richard Hill Nancy Hill		July 1	3, 1763 1, 1769	died	June 1	1849 0, 1861
	their	hildre	n		1004 33	
Thomas Hill	born Au	. 17,	1788	died	Feb.	15, 1865
Elizabeth Hill	born Sep	t. 7,	1790			
John Hill	born Jul	у 29,	1792	died	Dec.	25, 1869.
Martha Hill	born Aug	. 25,	1795	44		
Peggy Hill	born Aug	. 10,	1797	77.00		1020
Abraham Hill	born Dec	. 3,	1799	died	Jan.	6, 1871.
Isaac Hill	born Jul	у 23,	1802	died		1932
William Hill	born Dec	. 27,	1804			1501
Joel Hill	born Feb	. 23,	1807	died	Feb.	18, 1884.
George Hill	born Jun	е 3,	1811	_Bied	Yata	2, 1968
MY GREAT-	GRANDFATHE	R AND	GRANDMOTHER	HILL	Oct.	at Your HIS
Thomas Hill	born Au	g. 17,	1788	died	Feb.	15, 1865
Ann Cackley	born Oc	t. 24	Nov. 7, 18	died	Dec.	1, 1888
	their	childr	en		4 ch	
Martha McNeal Hill	born Oc	t. 1,	1810	died	Feb.	5, 1902
William Cackley Hi	ll born J	une 15	, 1812			25, 1904
Mary Fry Hill	born A	ug. 18	, 1815	Clusie	no	
Nancy Hill	born S	ept.25	, 1818			
Thomas Hill	born A	pr. 20	, 1822	die	d June	13, 1822.
Evelyn Hill	born A	ug. 15	, 1823	died	d Apr	. 17, 1900.
Levina Hill	born J	uly 12	, 1826	die	d Dec.	. 1, 1885
Richard Valentine	Hill born	Nov.1	5,1829			A PARK
George Hill	born A	pr. 21	, 1832	die	d Jan.	24, 1920.

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THE FAMILY OF GEORGE HILL

George Hill born April 21, 1832, died Jan. 24, 1920 lst. wife Nancy Jordon. born Sept. 1830, died Dec. 31, 1891 led. wife Julia Beard. born Jone 16, 1950 died Beb. 10 1907

George Hill and his first wife, Nancy, were the parents of nine children as listed below. There were no children by his second marriage.

Mary Josephine Hill, born Aug. 4, 1855 died Oct. 20, 1932 married John Ezra Waugh - 10 children.

Edbert Walter Hill, born Mar. 26, 1857 died June 28, 1934 Married Jennie C. Beard 4 children.

John Thomas Hill, born Nov. 19, 1859 died May 12, 1932 married Mollie Porter 6 children.

Alice Thomas Hill, born Mar. 5, 1863 died Oct. 24, 1933 married Wesley Kinnison 4 children.

Martha Ann Hill, born Apr. 30, 1866 died Feb. 2, 1942 married Emory McMillion 1 child.

William Christopher Hill, born July 6,1868 died Oct. 22, 1934 married Alice ---

Samuel Lloyd Hill, born Mar. 17, 1870 died Mar. 19, 1936 1 married Salina Rutledge no children 2 married Rose Lee Brakebill 4 children.

Emma Francis Hill, born Mar. 31, 1872 died -- not married

Charles Bernard Hill, born Oct. 5, 1874 died Jan. 25, 1904 married Mattie Lepps McClung no children.

a sould not fell to observe that there the favor of God was amply bestoweds the

eres a large sirely of friends. Bur husband, Fether Woodh, in his sad becomes and

on wond, indeed, he vajoys - the strong consolations, which, so often, he has less

ted to others. She was worly trinuphent in her occas. She embred the children, was

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mand Senior Clay to much me in however, I am going Chare, and I am postworthy reports

CARD WAN TAKEN IN . Like that of we entel to this board the Christian watering the

passing every. It is pleasure to know that shet Mrs. Tunley while an also accomplished

illegae and resignation were truly notable. The writer Proquently visited her sick-room

MADGH .- Died in San Francisco, August 6th, at the residence of her son, Mr. Wm. Waugh, Mrs. Charissa Jane Waugh.

The disease causing her death was dropsy of the chest. She was born near Mansfield, Chio, February 20, 1826. For a time she was a schoolmate with General Sherman. When very young she was blessed with a sense of God's saving love, and she joined the M.E. church. In her youth, with her father, John Edsell, she moved to Missouri. In 1841 she was married to Rev. Lorenzo Waugh, a traveling elder of the M.E. Church. With him she shared the toils and privations of the early itinerate life till the spring of 1852, when, the health of both having failed, they crossed the plains and came to Celifornia. They settled in the country, four miles from what is now the city of Petalums. Nearly all of that delightful and fertil country was then uninhabited. As there was no church yet built, their new home was opened as the first place, in all that region, for preaching and for social religious meetings. Here the early preachers elways found a welcome home. Ever their house was a model of neatness and quiet, as well as of a generous and unostentations hospitality. Though never demonstrative, Sister Waugh was ever ready and prepared for every needed work. Especially in cases of affliction, her electity and skill were apparent. Her character is well expressed in the words of the wise man, "She openeth her mouth with wisdom, and in her tongue is the law of kindness." Though her sickness was for many weeks, and was very painful, her petience and resignation were truly notable. The writer frequently visited her sick-room, and could not fail to observe that there the favor of God was amply bestowed. She leaves a large circle of friends. Her husband, Father Waugh, in his sad beveravement needs - and, indeed, he enjoys - the strong consolations, which, so often, he has imparted to others. She was truly triumphant in her death. She embraced the children, and gave them a message of dying love. Remembering the two absent sons, she said: "Pa, tell John and Henry Clay to meet me in heaven. I am going there, and I am perfectly happy." Her face was radient, like that of an angel. On this coast the Christian veterns are fest passing away. It is pleasant to know that what Mr. Wesley said of the Methodists of bis time is true of these - "They die well."

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Mrs. Waugh was the mother of four sons and one daughter, all of whom survive but the youngest son, Franklin. He died, aged ten years, A very interesting account is given of him in Father Waugh's autobiography. - J.J. Cleveland.

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DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF THE PERSON

OBITUARY OF FRANKLIN C. WAUGH.

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TRANKLIN CARDENTER WAUGH, youngest son of Rev. L. Waugh, was born near Peteluma, California, January 30, 1865. When but four years old he become thoroughly opposed to the vices of drinking, chewing, smoking, and swearing: and was a faithful member of the "California Younth's Association," and left his diploma therin unsullied. Many of the temperance friends will remember "Little Frank" as he stood up with his shrill, happy, childlike voice in advocacy of his principles, while traveling with his fether. Chedient to the command, "Honor thy father and thy mother," he needed no rod of correction and seemed pleased with everything in the direction of reverence and devotion to God. We commend and honor men of marked ability, although two often they are slaves to vice; most certainly greater honor should be given to a noblehearted boy, who stands firm in every virtuous principle, and sets his face firmly against vicious and filthy habits. His whole bearing was serious and gentlemanly, and he was careful of the feelings of all with whom he mingled. He died as he lived, peacefully and bravely, and is now, doubtless, with Him who said, "Suffer little children, and forbid them not, to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of heaveh."

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Deaths

Miss Elizabeth S. Waugh

Miss Elizabeth S. Waugh, aged II years, passed away on Saturday afternoon, June 5, 1948, at the Pocahoutas Memorial Hospital. She had been in failing health for the past several months. On Monday afternoon her body was had to rest in the family plot in Mountain View Cemetery. The funeral service was conducted from the Marlinton Methodist Church by her pastor, the Key. Earle N. Carlson.

Miss Lizzie was a daughter of the late Levi and Amanda Poage Waugh. She is survived by two brothers, George H., of Marlinton, and Grover, of Akron, Ohio; three sisters, Mrs. C. E. Dennison, of Marlinton; Mrs. Lulu Williams, of Huntington, and Mrs. William Clower, of Rainelle. A brother, Harlow, preceded her in January of this year, and two sisters, Mrs. Annie Baxter and Mrs. Sally Dennison, some years ago.

In religion Miss Lizzie was a Methodist, and for more than thirty years she was in charge of the Primary Department of the Sunday School of the Marlinton Methodist Church. There she touched for good hundre is of young people in the formative period of their lives.

For forty-four years Miss Lizzie Waugh was an efficient member of the staff in the printing office of The Pocahontas Times; ratiring only a few weeks before ber death.

Left motherless at an early age and the eldest of a large family, Miss Lizzie did well her part in assisting to hold together and bring up the children.

True and loyal, faithful and persistent were the characteristics of this truly good woman.

The active rall bearers, all former Sunday School pupils were: Charles Richardson, Harry Lynn Sheets, Walter Mason, Edward Rexcode, Arden G. Killingsworth and Paul R. Overbolt, Hanorary pall bearers were: A. H. McFerrin, J. A. Sydenstricker, S. J. Rexrode, L. O. Simmons, Fred Genauf and Calvin W. Price.

The flower bearers were: Mrs. Mabel Hudson, Mrs. Lura Brill, Mrs. Mabel Hogsett, Miss Mabel Lang, Mrs. Libby Rexrode, Mrs. Erma Johnson, Miss Anna Lee Ervine, Mrs. Anna Thomas, Miss Evelyn Withers, Mrs. Orda Smith and Mrs. Annas Cole Row.

Among the relatives and the friends called here by the illness and death of Miss Elizabeth S. Waugh were Mrs. Lulu Williams, Huntington; Mrs. William Clower. Mrs. H. L. Gray and daughter; Mrs. Prince Crotty and Mrs. Elma Price, of Rainelle; Mr. and Mrs. George Vaughan, of Akron, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. Glen Vaughan of Annapolis, Maryland; Mrs. John Williams and sons, of White Sulphur Springs; Mrs. Helen Mar, of Elkins, and Cecil Crickard, or Mill Creek.

Veaths

Mrs. Lula A. Williams

Mrs. Lula Waugh Williams, aged 78 years, died on Saturday afternoon, June 2, 1956, at a hospital in Huntington. She had been in failing health for many months. On Monday afternoon the funeral service was he'd in Huntington, with graveside rites at Mountain View Cemetery in Marlinton, on Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Williams was born at Edray on April 8, 1878, a daug'ter of the late Levi and Amanda Poage Waugh. Of her father's family there remain her two sisters, Mrs. C. E. Dennisch, of Marlinton, and Mrs. W. P. Clower, of Rainelle; her brother, George H. Waugh, of Edray.

She became the wife of A. Dennis Williams. She is survived by her daughter, Mrs. Veta Lee Smith, of Huntington, and four grand children.

Mrs. Williams was a life long Christian, a member of the Methodist Church.

Mrs. W. P. Clower

Mrs. Mattie V. Clower, 74. of East Rainelle, died Saturday, April, 9, 1960, in a Hinton hospital after a long illness.

Born at Edray, Pocahontas County, she was a daughter of the late Levi and Ella Ruckman Waugh. She was a member of the Methodist Church, Rebekah Lodge, Degree of Honor, and Pythian Sisters Lodge, Rainelle.

Surviving are her husband, W. P. Clower; two sons, William Clower and Charles E. Clower, both of East Rainelle; three daughters, Mrs. H. L. Gray, of Rainelle; Mrs. P. A. Crotty, of East Rainelle; and Mrs. P. H. Price, Jr., of Bedford, Pennsylvania; one sister, Mrs. C. E. Denison, of Marlinton; twelve grandchildren, and three greatgrandchildren.

Funeral services were held Monday afternoon in the Nickell Funeral Home Chapel in East Rainelle by the Rev. Ross Evans, and Dr. O. C. Mitchell officiating. Burial was made in the Wallace Memorial Cemetery near Clintonville.

Miss. Margaret Mina Seabold, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Robert Seabold, 1137 Nattman Avenue, became the bride of Mr. Mende Lanier Waugh, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harlow Waugh, of Marlinton, West Virginia, this afternoon (December 27, 1934) at 4 o'clock in St. Johns Lutheran Church. The bride's uncle the Rev. M. P. F. Doerman, of River Forest, Illinois, performed the nuptial service assisted by the Rev. Ernest Boeger, pastor of St. John's Lutheran Church. Amydbed to b

A short musical preceding the service was played by Prof. Fred Welchert, organist, and Mrs. John Asplund, soloist, of Chicago, cousin of the bride. The alter was decorated with poinsettias and lighted by tall white tapers.

The bride who was given in marriage by her father, wore a gown of white crepe. Her matching turban was trimmed with a veil and she wore a corsage of gardenias. Miss. Alice Rowan Waugh, sister of the groom, served as maid-of-honor. Her fromk was of royal blue velvet. The Messrs Frederick and Robert Stephen, cousins of the bride, served as ushers.

A wedding dinner was served at Fairfield Manor at a long table where covers were laid for fifty. White chrysanthemums and freesia and tall white tapers adorned the babel. Later a reception was helf for friends of the couple at the home of the bride's parents. and Mana. Lines wants has been

The bride is a graduate of Valpariso University and took post graduate work at Indiana University. She is employed as head of the commercial department of the high school in Marlinton. Mr. Waugh is employed by the Department of Agriculture in the Forest Service at White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia. After a short honeymoon trip the couple will be at home at 57 North Camden Avenue, Marlinton, West Virginia.

Out of town guests at the wedding were: The Rev. Mr. Doerman and his daughter, Miss Erna Doerman, of Forest River, Ill; Mrs. Asplund, and Mrs. J.J. Meyers and daughter, Vivian, of Chicago; Miss. Jean Wickemeyer, of Laporte, and Mr. and Mrs. Harold Seabold, of Pataskola, Ohio.

rden of transportation from Note. Reprinted in the Pocahontas Times from the News-Sentinel, Fort Wayne, Indiana./glv of warrant destrict rays more has been accomplished to-

suffering and the comfortable living that in any other-

somethe above clipping is from the Pool houtes Times of he as

seems only a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Williams celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage Sunday, January 23, 1927, at the Marlin-Sewell Hotel, Marlinton, W.Va. The feature of the day was a surprise party composed of their brothers and sisters and their families residing in Marlinton. Mrs. Williams was the recipient of sixty five silver dollars and other silver mementoes.

At 1:30 o'clock the party was invited to the dining room where a bountiful, well prepared dinner was nicely served and much enjoyed by the twenty-five persons seated at the table. Those present were.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Williams; Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Williams; Mr. and Mrs. Harlow Waugh; Mr. and Mrs. C. Ernest Denison; Mr. and Mrs. Arthur C. Pifer; Mr. S. L. Brown; Misses Lizzie Waugh, Alice Waugh, Frances Poage Waugh, Thelma Williams, Grace Virginia Williams, Hazel Pifer, Vada Pifer, Mary Frances Pifer, Bettie Pifer, and Norvil Pifer, Moffet Williams, Meade Waugh, Paul Pifer, Eugene Pifer.

The surprise was complete and every one present enjoied the day.

One of the interesting features of the occasion was that Mr. Brown had issued marriage licenses to all the married couples at the table, and Miss. Lizzie Waugh has been Sunday School teacher to all but two of the young people seated at the tables.

Mr. Williams called attention to the fact that twentyfive years ago there was not an automobile in Pocahontas
county; the wedding conveyance was a buggy pulled by a
white horse. The snow was about eight inches deep in Marlinton, and the lanes from Edray to Marlinton were drifted
full of snow.

The twenty-five years just passed has been about one sixth of the life of the United States and Approximately one seventy-seventh of the Christian era. It has been the most eventful twenty-five years in history because more has been done to lift the burden of transportation from flesh and blood to physical forces; and through the telephone, radio, radio-photography, airoplane and the discovery of various electrical rays more has been accomplished toward an universal bretherhood of man, the alleviation of suffering and the comfortable living that in any other quarter of a century, and to those of us who remember, it seems only a few days.

NOTE. The above clipping is from the Pocahontas Times of late January 1927

WAUGH FAMILY REUNION 8 JULY 1951

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Rella Waugh.

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Others in attendance, their family, and residence.
    Mildred F. Waugh, 67, /G.W. Waugh,/
Mr. & Mrs. John Waugh,
                                                   Oak Hill, W.Va.
                                                   Oak Hill, W.Va.
Cass, W.Va.
    Mr. & Mrs. Joe E. Waugh,
                          Gene Waugh, 9
                             /W.T. Waugh./
         Joan Cassell
                             /Guest/
                                                   Burbin, W.Va.
    Mr. & Mrs. James Waugh
Mr. Lloyd Waugh.
                             /G.B. Waugh./
                                                   Dunmore, W.Va.
    Mr. & Mrs. J. R. Waugh,
                             /A.E. Waugh./
                                                   Baltimore, Md.
    Mr. Dale Miller
                                                   Moatsville, W.Va.
                             /N.D. Waugh./
    Mrs. Mabel Miller
         Sharron and Larry, Miller.
                         /N.D. Waugh./
   Mr. & Mrs. N.D. Waugh.
                                                   Grafton, W.Va.
         Charlotte Sue 3 yrs.
   Mr. Nathan D. Waugh,
                            /Embree A. Waugh./
                                                   Moatsville W.Va.
   Mr. & Mrs. Doc Waugh.
                             /John Waugh./
                                                   Ronceverte, W.Va.
       Sue Waugh.
         Mr & Mrs Kenneth Goodall,
        Lee Winter Goodall 2. months.
   F. W. Clutter Guest.
                                                   Beard, W.Va.
   Ada Clutter.
        Dara Clutter
        Hester Clutter of & Muthis, Marlinton, W. Va.
        Thomas Clutter
   Myrtle Clutter
        Fleta Clutter
  Olive? Clutter
        Nancy Clutter.
                                                    Beard W. Va.
  Mrs. Woodsie Waugh Bleau, /Orestus Waugh./
                                                    Marlinton, W. Va.
  Mr. & Mrs. Geo. B. Waugh /John Ezra Waugh./
                            Beverly Waugh. / Mary Rache m, Marlinton, War
 Mr. Orestus Wa ugh.
 Mrs. Arizona Waugh Scott. 68.
 Mr. & Mrs. Jake Combs, /Hannah Waugh & Jacob Waugh/ Hillsboro, W. Va.
                            /Sam Lloyd Waugh./
 Jim & Benny Waugh,
                                                     Elkins, W.Va.
                       /W. Talbert Waugh./
 Mrs. Norma Reed.
                                                     Marlinton, W. Va.
 Mr. & Mrs. W.T. Waugh,
                            /J.B. Waugh./
 Mr. & Mrs. Glen Shrader /G.B. Waugh./
       Sharon.
 Miss. Alice Rowan Wa ugh, /Harlow Waugh./
 Mrs. Harlow Waugh,
 Mr. & Mrs. Waldo Waugh,
                            /E.A. Waugh./
Mr. Geo. H. Waugh,
                            /Levi Waugh./
                                                     Edray, W. Va.
Mr. & Mrs. Glenn Waugh,
                            /Geo. Waugh./
                                                     Marlinton. W. Va.
      Harriet Naye Waugh.
                            John Waugh.
                                                    and the line of the same
Mr. &. Mrs. Clyde Moore
Mr. & Mrs. Alva A. Johnson /Geo. B. Waugh./
      Jean Carol Johnson.
Mr. John H. Waugh,
                             /Judge Roy Waugh./
/Geo.B. Waugh./
                                                     Kingsport. Tenn.
Mr. & Mrs. E.B. McCormack.
                                                     Roncervert, W. Va.
Mr. & Mrs. E. R. Andrews,
                             /Mrs. Lillian Waugh Stull. / Roncervert. W. Va.
Mrs. Lucy Graves,
                             John Ezra Waugh./
                                                     Roncervert, W. Va.
      Chas. W. Graves.
Mr. & Mrs. Aquilla Waugh,
                            /John Ezra Waugh./
                                                     Rainelle, W. Va.
      Mr. & Mrs. Ralph Sevy, Daughter of Aquilla. East Rainelle, W. Va.
      Mr. Eugene Diehl,
                             Grandson of Aquilla W./
Mr. & Mrs. Fred Ballard
                             /Charles Waughs Daughter. / Morgantown. W. Va.
Mr. Sam Waugh
                            /John Waugh./
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WAUGH FAMILY REUNION 8 JULY 1951

THE WATCH FAMILY REUNION

lies was held on Sunday, July 13 The 1952 rounion of Lh-m Mr. & Mrs. Ivan Waugh / Sam Waugh. / Elkins, W.Va.
Ruth Waugh Brown, /B.D.Waugh. / Elkins, W.Va.
David Dare Brown, soninlaw S.L.Waugh. / Elkins. W.Va.
John W. Waugn. /J.E.Waugh. / Montgomery, W.Va.
Bertha Waugh, / Embree A. Waugh. / Salem.W.Va. Mr. & Mrs. Ronald Waugh, /Son and daughter in law of N.A. Waugh. 2 sons. Ronnie and 2471 1st. St. Roger. Miss. Leosia?. Waugh.

Huntington. W.Va.

Salem.W.Va.

Mr. & Mrs. Jack Waugh,

/H.A.Waugh./ 2461 First St. /Hubert Waugh./ Hungtington, W.Va. Huntington, W.Va.

Salem, W. Va.

Elkina, W.Va.

Fort Wayne, Ind.

Ronceverte.W. Ya.

Mt. Rainier, Md.

Charlottesville, Va.

Baltimore, Md.

Rainelle, W.Va.

and son.

Mrs, Ethel Waugh. wife of Robert Waugh who is the son of William and Lustrsha Waugh. 2461 1st. St. Huntington, W.Va.

The following were guests of the Waughs.

Mrs. Cora Cayott, Stewart, Minn.

Mre. J. W McCarty, Buckeye, W.Va.

Rev. & Mrs. Don Taylor & Ruthie, Marlinton, W. Va.

Mr. M. B. McNeili, Buckeye, W.Va. Va. Clarksburgh, W.Va.

Mr. A. O. Pyles, Seebert, W.Va.

Mr. & Mrs. Edwin Bruffey, Hillsboro, W.Va.

Mr. & Mrs. Clyde Bussard, Margaret Ella and Mary Rachel, Marlinton. W. Va.

Mr. Fred Wade, Seebert, W.Va.

Pamels, of

Rev. R. H. Skaggs, Marlinton, W.Va.

Mr. & Mrs. E. O. Shanahan, Marlinton, W. Va.

Mrs & Mrs Edward Waugh

Mrs. Gens Wimer and daughter

Mr. & Mrs. E.L. Waugh Rainelle, W.Va. NOTE: Correct the preceeding page. at bottom two lines after Graves.

BELLEMBERTHE, FAIrmont, M. VA. Mr. & Mrs. Aquilla Waugh, / John Ezra Waugh. / Rainelle, W.Va. Mr. & Mrs. Ralph Sevy, daughter of Aquilla. East Rainelle, W. Va. Grandson of Aquilla./ Mr. Eugene Diehl,

Mrs. Ada Burdouse, OK, on Original Sorry. Overprinted.

and sons James & Samuel, of

Mr. & Mrs. Harold Burdette &

daughter Sus, of

Clamont, Va.

Huntington, F. Va.

Rainelle, W. Va.

Mr. & Mrs. W.P. Clower Mrs. Rometa Diehl and shilders,

Boris, Baney, R.C., Budens

The 1952 reunion of the Waugh families was held on Sunday, July 13 at the Droop Mountain State Park. Following a basket dinner Calvin Price was guest speaker. Other speakers were Rev. R. H. Skaggs and Rev. Don Taylor. Rev. Skaggs conducted the opening exercises and Rev. Taylor the memorial service.

Clinton Ballard, of Morgantown, entertained with solos. Gifts were presented to the oldest, the youngest, the one traveling the greatest, distance and to the one having the largest family.

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THE HARRY SECTION SECT

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Henry H. Waugh, son of Marcus Waugh, received the gift for the oldest member, and the gift for the youngest went to Betty Jo Reed, a great-granddaughter of Henry Waugh. Maj. Meade Waugh of Fort Wayne, Ind., received the gift for the one traveling the greatest distance, and A.E. Waugh, of Rainelle, for having the largest family on the ground.

Next year the Waugh reunion will again be held in the Droop Mountain State Park the second Sunday in July. The committee on arrangements consists of Clyde C. Waugh, Waldo B. Waugh, and Alice R. Waugh, all of Marlinton.

Those in attendande from a distance were:

Miss. Bertha Waugh Mr. & Mrs.S.L.Waugh & sons, Mr. & Mrs. David Brown Mr. & Mrs. Ivan Gainer Mrs. Gainer, Miss. Betty Kump, Mr. Yancy Waugh & son Yancy, Maj. & Mrs. Meade Waugh, and Caroline and Robert, of Mrs. A.E. Waugh, & son Paul, Ra Mr. & Mrs. Earl Waugh & children Pauline, Wanda, Donna, Charles and Earl, Jr. all of Mr. & Mrs, Ralph Waugh & sons, Gene and R.C. Lee Waugh, Mr. & Mrs. Wallace Waugh, & daughter Linda Lou, Mrs. Clarence Waugh and daughter Sharyn, of Mrs. Gene Wimer and daughter Pamela, of Mr. & Mrs Edward Waugh Mr. & Mrs. E.L. Waugh Mrs. S.L. Hall, and daughter Linda, of Mr. & Mrs. E.R. Andrews, of Mr. & Mrs. Fred Ballard, son Clinton, of Miss. Buna Ballard, Mrs. Lou Waugh, Mrs. Ada Burdette, Mr. & Mrs. Forest C. Burdette, and sons James & Samuel, of Mr. & Mrs. Harold Burdette & daughter Sue, of Mr. & Mrs. W.P. Clower Mrs. Rometa Diehl and childern,

Doris, Nancy, R.C., Eugene,

Salem, W.Va. Elkins, W.Va. tt 11 Clarksburgh, W.Va. Fort Wayne, Ind. Rainelle, W.Va. Rainelle, W.Va. Ronceverte.W.Va. Baltimore, Md. Charlottesville, Va.

Mt. Rainier, Md. Charlottesville, Va. Rainelle, W.Va.

BulkimeraxxMd. Fairmont, W.Va. Ronceverte.W.Va.

Morgantown, W. Va.

Baltimore, Md. Renick, W.Va.

Huntington, W.Va.

Cismont, Va. Rainelle, W.Va.

REUNION 1952, Page Two. Continued. Rainelle, W.Va. Frame, W.Va. Mr. & Mrs. C.W. Keim, of Mr. John McCoy, Mrs. Eldridge McCormick, Mrs. Eldridge McCormick, Ronceverte, W.Va. Mrs. & Mrs. Ralph Sevy & son Gerald, Rainelle, W.Va. a backet dinner Judge Mills Those from Pocohontas county. From Marlinton, W.Va.

Mrs. Woodsey Blue. Mrs. Cora Cunningham, Mrs. Dorsey
Little, Mr. &. Mrs. Grace Waugh Moore & Clyde. Betty Jo
Reed, Shirley, Charlotte, Barbara, Lloyd, Norma, and
Nettie Reed. Sharon, Almira and R.Glenn Shrader. Zona
Scott. W.B. Waugh. Órestus Waugh, James, Rose Ellen and
Ernestine Waugh. Harriet Fay Waugh. Mrs. W.B. Waugh.
H.H. Waugh. Mary E. Waugh. George B. Waugh. WM. Talbert
Waugh. Glenn Waugh. Henrietta Waugh. Clyde C. Waugh. Waugh. Glenn Waugh. Henrietta Waugh. Clyde C. Waugh. Mary Price Waugh, and Alice R. Waugh. Mrs. Blanche Bruffy Hillsboro, W.Va.
Miss. Nettie Reed, Cass, W.Va.
Tolbert Waugh, grandson of Cloverlick, W.Va. Buck Waugh. F.R. Wade.

Palema Sue Wimer, 4301 Russel,

Ave., Mt. Rainer. Md. (Washn. D.C.)

Seebert, W.Va. July, Tho and David F.R. Wade. Hidne, W. Vos Cass, W.Va. Joe E. Waugh, Bertha Waugh, Salem, W.Va. sudge and Mrs. H. D. Waughs of Logan, W. Va. Miss. Phoebs Joan Waugh, Logan. Martha Waugh Davis of Fairmont, W. Va. Charles Waugh of Horgantown, W. Va. Mrs. Bone Waugh Ballard, Morgantown, W. Va. Mrs. Pat Waugh Peitro of Morgantown, W. Va. Irs. E.B. McCormick of Ronceverte, W. Va. Mrs. C. H. Graves of Renesverts, W. Va. Mrs. Madeline Wengh Wimer, Mt. Rainer, Md. Panela Wimer of Mt. Kainer, Md. . Kathan Waugh & family from Grafton, W. Va. Mrs. Pearl Mestor of Moatsville, W. Va. Egran Nestor John W. Hestor Jr. Steven Mastor W. & Mrs. John Hayes of Huttonsville, W. Va. W. & Mrs. Ivan Cainer of Elkins, W. Va. med Rellard of Morgantown, W. Va. ra. Ida Burdett of Remick, W. Va. T. & Mrs. W. F. Bardett of Renick, W. Va. wa. Laura Taylor of Mingrassam Montgomery, W. Va. Paul P. Taylor, ro. Pauline Carithe (?) Montgomery, W. Va. ennoth Miles of Clarksburg, W. Va. R. AMrs. S.L. Waugh of Elkins. W. Va. ro. Lillian Leftwich & family of Montgomery, W. Va. ixe Grouch, Charleston, W. Va.

THE WAUGH FAMILY REUNION

1953

The 1953 reunion of the Waugh families was held on Sunday July 12th. at the Droop Mountain State Park, following a basket dinner Judge N.D. Waugh made a very interesting speech on "Security".

Other speakers were Rev. R.H. Skaggs and Rev. Don Taylor. Rev. Skaggs conducted the opening exercises and Rev. Taylor the memorial

The Bruffys Creek Methodist choir entertained with songs, aslo Clenton Ballard with solos. A gift was presented to the oldest, the youngest, the one traveling the greatest distance and to the largest family.

Charles Waugh of Morgantown, W.Va., received the gift for the oldest member present, the gift for the youngest went to William Waldo Waugh of Grafton, W. Va., the gift for the one traveling the greatest distance went to Madeline Wimer of Mt. Ranier, Md., and Geo. B. Waugh received the gift for having the largest family on the grounds.

Next year the Waugh reunion will again be held the 3rd. Sunday in July. The committee on arrangements are; James Waugh of Marlinton, W. Va. and David Brown of Elkins, W. Vaa

Those attending from a distance are as follows;

Judge and Mrs. N. D. Waugha of Logan, W.Va.

Miss. Phoebe Joan Waugh, Logan. Martha Waugh Davis of Fairmont, W.Va.

Charles Waugh of Morgantown, W. Va.

Mrs. Buna Waugh Ballard, Morgantown, W.Va. Mrs. Pat Waugh Peitro of Morgantown, W.Va. Mrs. E.B. McCormick of Ronceverte, W.Va.

Mrs. C. R. Graves of Ronceverte, W. Va.

Mrs. Madeline Waugh Wimer, Mt. Rainer, Md.

Pamela Wimer of Mt. Rainer, Md. Mr. Nathan Waugh & family from Grafton, W.Va.

Mrs. Pearl Nestor of Moatsville, W.Va.

Karen Nestor

John W. Nestor Jr.

Steven Nestor

Mr. & Mrs. John Hayes of Huttonsville, W.Va.

Mr. & Mrs. Ivan Gainer of Elkins, W. Va.

Fred Ballard of Morgantown, W. Va. Mrs. Ida Burdett of Renick, W. Va.

Mr. & Mrs. W. F. Burdett of Renick, W. Va.

Mrs. Laura Taylor of Management, W. Va.

Paul P. Taylor, Mrs. Pauline Carithe (?) Montgomery, W. Va.

Kenneth Miles of Clarksburg, W. Va.

Yancy, Loretta, Sandra, Judith and Yancy Jr. all of Clarksburgh, W.Va.

MR. &Mrs. S.L. Waugh of Elkins. W. Va.

Mrs. Lilliam Leftwich & family of Montgomery, W. Va.

Mike Crouch, Charleston, W. Va.

Harriet Faxe Waugh, Marlinton, W.Va.

Jean Carrol Johnson,

Fatima Waugh Denison

Henrietta G. Waugh

MR. & Mrs. George B. Waugh Marlinton, W.Va.

R. Glenn Shrader

Sharon Shrader

Sharon Shrader

Alva A. Johnson Jr.

Clinton C. Ballard Morgantown, W.Va.

Buna Waugh Ballard

There are the state of the s Clinton C. Ballard Morgantown, W.va.

Buna Waugh Ballard "
Charles Waugh "
Zona Scott Marlinton W.Va.

Woodsie Bleau "
Orestus Waugh "
Mrs. Waldo Waugh "
Mrs. Waldo Waugh "
Mrs. Nathen Waugh Jr., Grafton, W.Va.
Charlotte Sue and William W. Waugh, Grafton.
Shirley May Jeffries, Marlinton, W.Va. Charlotte Sue and William W. Waugh, drafton.
Shirley May Jeffries, Marlinton, W.Va.
Ruby and Paul Jeffries "
Clyde and Grace Moore Marlinton, W.Va.
James R. Waugh "
Rose Ellen Waugh "
Ernestine Waugh " MR. &. Mrs. B.C. Waugh Hayes & Virginia Buckeye, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. John Hayes of Huttonsville, W.Va.
John Andrew and Billy Burke Hayes of Huttonsville, W.Va.
Mrs. Blanch Bruffey of Hillsboro, W.Va.
Mrs. Otto Kennison Hillsboro, W.Va.
Otto Kennison Otto Kennison Fred Ballard of Morgantown, W.Va. Rev. R.H. Skaggs of Marlinton, W.Va.
Mrs. R.H. Skaggs " Mrs. R.H. Skaggs " Glenn Waugh Mrs. Ethel Waugh Johnson Marlinton, W.Va.
Mr. Alva Johnson

M.S. McNeill of Hillsboro, W.Va.
Mr. & Mrs. C.P. Pritchard of Buckeye, W.Va.
Mrs. W.O. Ruckman

R.L. Sizemore of Montgomery, W.Va.
Kenneth McLe

Of Clarksburgh W.Va. Kenneth McLe of Clarksburgh, W. Va. Lucy Combs Hillsboro, W.Va. Coda Cunningham "Clyde and Mary Waugh of Marlinton, W.Va.
Bertha Waugh Marlinton, W.Va. Maud Waugh Fred G. Wade, Seebert, W.Va. Geo. Johnson of Marlinton, W. Va.

And many others who did not sign as being present.

Additions

9,05

8 60 H. P

May

8/4

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Baxter, of Clover Lick, W.Va., on Tuesday, August 25,1953, a son, John Allen Baxter.

Edray W. Va. Nov. 7, 1892 NUMBER OF STREET Miss Lizzie S. Waugh, Academy W.Va.

Dear Sister.

107 daugh

Mad

Bland

ASU GEN I thought I would write you a few lines today as it is raining and I cant do any thing else. We are all well at this time with the exception of bad colds, hope you are well.

on and Augu Marchy are heavies alone

The protracted meeting is still going on at Edray yet. But I expect it will close tonight, there has been 8 professions, they were Annie & Lula, Levi Gibson, Ruth Barlow, Birdie Baxter, Mary Gay, Hamid Gay's Mary, Bill Mann and Albert Gay, Mattie Payne and Wallace Jackson are mourners they went forward last night. I think it will close tonight, the weather is so disagreeable people cant go that has very far to go.

pue You ought to have been at home last Sunday week. We had one of the biggest times you ever heard of, Uncle Dick Mayes and Mr Ed Summers were here. Mr. Summers is agent for Organs, They and Mr Ed Summers were here. Mr. Summers to ganist I ever heard had two organs with them, he was the best organist I ever heard had two organs with them, he was the best organist I ever heard him play said the same, and there play, and everybody that heard him play said the same, and there were a good many heard him play. I will try to tell you who all were if I can think of them all. First A. J. Smith, Ida & Allie Smith, Mattie Payne, Miss Nora Bobbet, Sam Waugh, Ab Mann, Hanson Mann, Bill Gum, Will Morgan, Audry Smith, Wier Landis, Pres Baxter, Chas Waugh, Pat Poage, Mr Uriah Bird, Mrs Taylor, Mirandy McNiek, Allie Barlow, Uncle John Stella & Dev. D. Wough and family and Allie Barlow, Uncle John Stella & Dew, D. Waugh and family, and William Wade. I think that is about all, it is all I can think of at this time. Mr. Summers is from Chicago Ill. the price of his organs were \$150.00 each, nice organs you bet.

Edgar Sharp & Mary Gay were married last Thursday, John Gay, Effie Moore, Adam Baxter & Mattie Payne were the waiters, they made no big dinner nor nothing of the kind. Bill's D's Poges's and Uncle John's were about that were invited. Uncle John is getting along very well with his house, it looks like another place about their now. We are not done shucking corn yet. Patterson folks are all well I was down there Sunday afternoon, Miss Tokie is there now.

William Morgan goes with Lula , Andy Smith with Tima, they bring them home from meeting about every other night. I have no Betsy myself. Do you ever see Miss Lena K. & Dollia P- I would like to see them.

I thought I would have been down there before this time I entended to come to Aunt Marthas Saturday but it was so rainy and cold I did not go.

Well I suppose I will have to close as I have run out of news. The election and politics is about all the takk up here

DESTUARY OF LEVY MAUDIE AS APPRAISED IN THE PODABULEY AS THE PROBE WATER OF STREET 1913 I suppose tomorrow will settle the question. I suppose you and Aunt Marthy are getting along very well, if you are you had better stay with her, the girls are getting along very well.

Mr. Mathews commenced his school at the draft this morning, Lula Mattie & Sallie started. I felt like crying because Miss Lena did not get the school.

Well I will close for this time, give my love to all the pretty girls you see, and ugly ones too. Dont let any body see this scribbled up sheet ofpaper, But put in the stove when you read it. Write soon to your good looking Brother up at Edray and tell me all the news.

> Yours Truly Harlow Waugh

P.S. Please excuse bad writing and spelling composition to.
I am coming down soon maby Saturday. I would like to see you tolerable well.

Pospe Camp, U. G. W. a fur weeks ago he

Bigging approvide a to the

Note. Although Uncle Harlow instructed Aunt Lizzie to burn this letter I am glad she did not, because in this one paper alome there are many events and dates about life in the 90's, gatherings, eople, and their socials, as seen through the eyes and writing of 18 year old farm boy./glv

down come. On his way back to his daughter's

In 1883 he was espected and was held as a trimppy of war, most of the time of Fort Delaware, until the close of the war. For alk years he served as commander of Moffett

by was again stricken. From this he never retoward but lingured slong cutil death nume to his relief. Besides his childred be is survived by two benchers, Severly and John, two sisters, Mrs. Eveline Johnson and Mrs. Ann Potts, Sil reside in the county except Mrs. Posts, who lives as BIKETES Deceased was of a very quiet disposition. For neveral years past he has been making his home here, dividing his time among his three daughters. and sometimes visiting his other children. In 1855 he was converted at a camp-mesting being held at Mill Point and united with the M.E. thurch. Secreta afterwards a motion was made in the conference to great him license to preach, the motion being made by the late Eav. Jan. Moore, On account of his retident disposition, however, he declined the offer to enter the ministery.

OBITUARY OF LEVI WAUGH AS APPEARED IN THE FOCAHONTAS TIMES THE FIRST WEEK OF JULY 1913

Death of Capt. Levi Waugh

Capt. Levi Waugh, Commander of Moffett Poage Camp, United Confederate Veterns, is dead. He passed peacefully away at the home of his daughter, Mrs. A. D. Williams, in Marlinton, Wednesday morning, July 2nd. about 2 o'clock, aged 75 years. His remains will be laid away at Edray this (Thursday) afternoon.

Levi Waugh was born at Dilley's Mill, this county, March 30, 1838, and was a son of the late Rev. John Waugh, one of the earliest settlers on Indian Draft, near Edray. Late in 1858 or early in 1859, he enlisted in a cavalry company made up at Huntersville at a general muster. This company was originally mustered in as state troops, but at the outbreak of the civil war it was mustered into the service of the

Confederacy.

In 1863 he was captured and was held as a prisnor of war, most of the time at Fort Delaware, until the close of the war. For six years he served as commander of Moffett Poage Camp, U. C. V. A few weeks ago he attended the Confederate reunion at Chattanooga. Only last week he was stricken at the home of Mrs. Williams with something like paralysis, and remained in a very critical condition for several days. Last Monday he had recovered sufficiently to come down town. On his way back to his daughter's he was again stricken. From this he never recovered but lingered along until death came to his relief.

Besides his childred he is survived by two brothers, Beverly and John, two sisters, Mrs. Eveline Johnson and Mrs. Ann Potts, all reside in the county except Mrs. Potts, who lives at Elkins.

Deceased was of a very quiet disposition. For several years past he has been making his home here, dividing his time among his three daughters, and sometimes visiting his other children. In 1855 he was converted at a camp-meeting being held at Mill Point and united with the M.E. church. Shortly afterwards a motion was made in the conference to grant him license to preach, the motion being made by the late Rev. Jas. Moore. On account of his reticent disposition, however, he declined the offer to enter the ministery.

Death of Capt. Levi Waugh continued.

THE RESIDENCE THE STREET

COMPRISATION DESIGN ATTER

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Person Heraberton, X

DESCRIPT, TOTALL X.
EMPLOYED, TOTALL II.

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DESCRIPTION ST

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DESCRIPTION OF MARKET

Bridger, Pater

British, S.P. Z

Burnes, William, T.

Harman, Joseph

Regarding Sallion R.

PERSONAL MUNICIPAL

SEASONS CHO.

Barolds, Falls

Animole, dall a

MONEY CONT. N. N. N.

His father, too, objected because of his youthfulness. When the church was divided he cast his lot with the southern branch of the denomination, but probably against his religious judgment, for after that time he never took an active part in church work although he retained his membership in the church. Through life he always lived up to his motto which can be found in James 1; 27.*

*James 1: 27. Pure religion and undefiled before God and the Father is this, To visit the fatherless and widows in their affliction, and to keep himself unspotted from the world.

a decidant, always

Moore, Michael x Mitchel, Sylvester z Piles, John Piles, William L. x Pence, John W. Swedley, James E Slaven, William W. Suebert, Lauty S. x Siver, Gain H. Shannon, Michael Shannon, James Smith, Louis Simmone, Chasley A. Shrader, B.F. X Varner, David A. x Weaver, G.W. Meaver, Bake Ware, Sugence M. X. Ware, George, X William, Michael William, Put x Baugh, Levi.

24 of 60 died in war.

heri Manush of Company I fought in many battles and late in the bar was taken prisoner and sent first to Point Lackout, Maryland but later transferred to a prison in Ohio, There was a note found in the Maugh Sible that simply said, "Levi Maugh came base from prison May, Noth, 1865."

Co. I, 25th, Virginia Regiment Confederate States Army.

As sent to the Editon of the Pocahontas Times In 1903 by H.P.MCglaughlin a member of the Company. I enclose for you the roll of Company I, 25th. Va. Inf. CSA.

Those with a cross opposite their names were either killed or died of wounds and disease during the war. I would like to hear from other companys that went from this county, as it would keep the names of those who fell for the Lost Cause fresh in the minds of comrades. H.P.M.

D.A.Stofer, Captain. J.H.McGlaughlin, lst. Lt. x Augus, Timplean Alderman, Audy C. x Akers, James H. X Arbegast, Daniel, x Boon, B.B. Burr, George, X Burr, Frederick, X Bradley, James, x Corbett, Mustoe H. Cleek, Peter L. Cash, George H. Carpenter, William H. Cole, William Eagan, Charles Ervine, William H. Friel, M.A. Granfield, John Griffin, M.P. x Grimes, Peter Gammon, C.S. Gammon, William, T. Hannah, Robert Hannah, Joseph Helmick, George A. Hogsett, William R. Harold, C.B. Harold, B.F. x Haines, I.B. x

Hamilton, A.G. X

Jordan, J.J. x Johnson, Joe Lyons, Enos Moore, Levi x McGlaughlin, H.P. Maher, Patrick x
Moore, Michael x
Mitchel, Sylvester x Piles, John Piles, William L. x Pence, John W. Swadley, James x Slaven, William W. Seebert, Lanty S. x Sivey, Cain H. Shannon, Michael Shannon, James Smith, Louis Simmons, Chesley A. Shrader, B.F. x Varner, David A. x Weaver, C.W. Weaver, R.L. Ware, Eugene M. x Ware, William T. Ware, George, x Willihan, Michael William, Pat x Waugh, Levi.

24 of 60 died in war.

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HARLOW WAUGH

Harlow Waugh, aged 74 years, died on Sunday morning, January 18, 1948. He had been in failing health for some weeks. On Tuesday afternoon, his body was laid to rest in the family plot in Mountain View Cemetery, the funeral being held from the Marlinton Methodist Church by his pastor, Rev. E. N. Carlson.

Acting pall bearers were Leslie Gehauf, Robert L. Miller, Walter Mason, Moffett Williams, Edward Rexrode and John Bear. Honorary pall bearers were C. W. Price, Fred Gehauf, Emery Anderson, A. H. McFerrin, S. J. Rexrode, E. H. Wade, E. H. Williams, Orin J. Beard, H. P. Spitser, Guy Faulknier, S. H. Sharp, Fred C. Allen, Mack Brooks, Frank Johnson, J. D. Schafer, Ed. Grubbs. A. R. Gay, A. O. Baxter, Andy Thomas and John Sydenstricker.

Mr. Waugh was a son of the late Levi and Amanda Frances Poage Waugh. Me married Miss Gertrude Gwin, daughter of the late David A. Gwin and Alice Rowan Gwin Robertson. She survives her husband, with their three children, Mrs. Bruce Crickard, Lt. Co. Meade Waugh, recently of the United States Army, and Miss. Alice Rowan Waugh, a teacher in the county schools. A son, Harry Harlow, and a daughter, Frances Poage, preceded their father some years since.

His death occurred on his and Mrs. Waugh's 43rd. wedding anniversary.

Of his father's family there remain his sisters, Miss Lizzie waugh, of the Times Office; Mrs. C. E. Denison, of Marlinton, Mrs. Jula Williams, of Huntington; Mrs. William Clower, of Rainelle; and his brothers are George H. Waugh, of Marlinton, and Grover Waugh of Akron, Ohio.

Mr. Waugh is also survived by his two grand children, Caroline lowan Waugh and Robert Harlow Waugh.

For many years Mr. Waugh had been a prominent citizen of our own and county. For thirty or more years he engaged in a prosperous tore business, from which he retired some years ago.

Miss Lissie Waugh.
c/o Marlinton Gen. Hospital, Narlinton, W. Va. Res Parter versionant tree for home less

Dear Sister Lizzie:-

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We are indeed sorry to learn of your illness and on account of your faithfullness to your church your absence is very noticeable.

We are at this time making our preparations for Rally Day and we could not think of the Sunday School on such an occasion without remembering you especially. The brotherhood is remembering you in prayer

WILS AREAD MARYING

and hopes that you may have an early recovery.

The implicit faith that you have always had in your Lord in time of health as you went about your work in the church and elsewhere, we feel sure, will sustain you in these trying hours.

As we remember you in our prayers on next Sunday, we wish you to join us in spirit as we unite our forces to rally to the work that is so dear to the hearts of all of us. wain her wisters, Mrs. C. E. Denimen, of Maritmon.

Bro. A. D. Williams, of Morgantown, Miss. If age Value Very sincerely yours,

Melow Maugh, of Merlinson, Geor Wesley Brotherhood Mes. Barter was a most use /s/ Ira D. Brill.

should be lead a newber of the Mathewat abusely Note. This letter was received by Aunt Lizzie when she had a serious operation performed by Dr. Harry Solter. in 1926. Her belief and the prayers must have been heard as she recovered andlived until June 5th. 1948, twenty two years Later./glv

well her part in the home, the companity and the church.

For more than thirty years and had been a profession

MRS ANNIE BAXTER

PERMS TRICKST CERLSON

Mrs. Annie Baxter, wife of G. P. Baxter, died last

Mednesday night, November 22, 1922, at the Marlinton

Hospital, from the effect of injuries received in an

automobile accident on November 5. On that date Mr.

Baxter and Mrs. Baxter were coming from the home of

their son Floyd Baxter, of Poage Lane in an automobile.

As they were coming up out of the run near the residence

of Giles Sharp, the machine left the road and turned

over, breaking Mrs. Baxters back and otherwise injuring

her.

ed sinty-two, died at his house in

Fundral services were conducted from the Edray church in the presence of a large congregation on Friday afternoon by her pastor, Rev. C. A. Powers, of the Methodist Church, assisted by Rev. Fred B. Wyand of the M. E. Church, South, and Rev. Dr. Flow and Rev. H. H. Orr, of the Presbyterian Church. Burial in the Edray cemetery.

Mrs Baxter was a daughter of the late Levi Waugh and his wife Mrs. Amanda Poage Waugh. Her age was 46 years. She is survived by her husband G. Preston Baxter and their son Floyd Baxter. Of her father's family, there remain her sisters, Mrs. C. E. Denison, of Marlinton. Mrs. A. D. Williams, of Morgantown, Miss. Lizzie Waugh of the Pocahontas Times, Mrs. Wm. Clower, of Rainelle, Harlow Waugh, of Marlinton, George H., of Edray, and Grover S., of Akron, Ohio.

Mrs. Baxter was a most useful woman. She performed well her part in the home, the community and the church. For more than thirty years she had been a professing christian and a member of the Methodist church.

NOTE: From the Pocahontas Times of h te November 1922./glv

of White Enlight Springs W. Va. Mr. & Mrs. T.J. Honraham.

Paya Berdon, Mergan Hoghin, Floyd Robertson, Leo Roberts

malazebb Albert Phore, Lloyd Ryan, Mr & Bra. Moren . ..

MUTER From the Foundatas Times of July 3- 19675 The

Bow Baw, Ment Virginia, and Harry Poley of Pategaburgants

Armyolis Md. Mr. & Mrs. George Vaughan and daughter Virginia

Clyde Ernest Denison, aged sixty-two, died at his home in Paw Paw, West Virginia on Wednesday June 25th. 1947. On Monday he suffered a stroke of paralysis. On Sunday afternoon the funeral service was held from the Marlinton Presbyterian church, of which he had long been a member. His pastor Rev. Roger P. Melton, was assisted by Rev. E. N. Carlson, pastor of the Methodist Church. Interment in the family plot in Mountain View Cemetery with Masonic honors.

The deseased was a son of John Elliott and Frances Henderson Denison, of Rockbridge county Virginia. Forty-two years ago he came to Marlinton, to be employed by the United States Leather Company, and rose to positions of trust and responsibility. About fifteen years since he was transferred by this company to its plant at Paw Paw, where he was employed until his death.

He married Miss Sally C. Waugh. To this union was born one daughter, who is now Mrs Anna Denison Fisher of Washington.D.C. Mrs. Denison preceded her husband many years ago. His second wife was Mrs. Fatima S. Vaughan, who survives. He is also survived by his daughter, Mrs. Daniel Fisher, one grandaughter, Elizabeth D. Fisher, three stepsons, Herbert Vaughan of Marlinton, George Vaughan of Akron Ohio, and Glen Vaughan of Annapolis, Md.

Of his fathers family, the deceased is survived by his four brothers, Harry B. of San Antonio, Texas.; Hugh of Fairfield, Va. Bruce and Glen of Stanton, Virginia.

Thus is noted the passing of a good, substantial man who did well whatever his hand found to do.

Among those from a distance here Sunday to attend the funeral of C. Ernest Denison were Mrs. Dan Fisher and daughter Elizabeth of Washington, D.C. Mr & Mrs. Hugh Denison of Fairfield, Va. Gle and Bruce Denison of Stanton, Va. Mr & Mrs. Glen Vaughan of Annapolis Md. Mr & Mrs. George Vaughan and daughter Virginia of Akron Ohio, George H. Vaughan of Corpus Christi Texas, Mrs. W.P. Clower, Mrs H.L.Gray and son David, Mrs. Prince Crotty, all of Rainelle, W.Va. Mr & Mrs John A. Williams and sons John and Bil of White Sulphur Springs W.Va. Mr. & Mrs. T.J.Hanrahan, Mr & Mrs. J.J.Hanrahan, Mr & Mrs. David Keifer, Ed C. Ambrose, Merle Crab Boyd Gordon, Morgan Hogbin, Floyd Robertson, Leo Robertson, Bob Malcomb, Albert Moore, Lloyd Ryan, Mr & Mrs. Norman Hannah, all Paw Paw, West Virginia, and Harry Foley of Petersburg, W.Va.

NOTE: From the Pocahontas Times of July 3, 1947./glv

Deaths C. E. Denison

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Thus is noted the passing of a good, substantial man who did well whatever his hand found to do

Among those from a distance here Sunday to attend the funeral of C. Ernest Denison were Mrs. Dan Fisher and daughter Elizaoeth, Washington, D. C.; Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Denison, of Fairfield, Glen Denison, Bruce Denison and son Boyd of Staunton. Virginia; Mr. and Mes. Glen Vanghan, Annapolis, Macriaod: Mr. and Mrs. George Vanghan and daughter Virginia, Akron. Obio; George H. Vaughan Corpus Christi, Texas; Mrs W. P. Clower, Mrs. H. L. Gray and son David, Mrs. Prince Crotty, Rainelle; Mr. and Mrs. John A. Williams and sons John and Billy, White Sulphur Springs; Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Hanrahan, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Hanrahan, Mr. and Mrs. David Keifer, Ed C. Ambrose, Merle Crabtree, Boyd Gordon, Morgan Hogbin, Floyd Robertson, Leo Robertson, Bob Malcomb, Albert Moore. Lloyd Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Hannah, Paw Paw; Harry Foley, Peters burg.

THE BRADSHAW FAMILY

A granddaughter of John Bradshaw became the wife of Beverly Hugh Waugh.

About 1760 two brothers, James and John Bradshaw came to America. James finally settled in Kentucky. John Bradshaw, Esq., remained in Augusta County, Virginia, and married Miss. Nancy McKamie. They settled on the Bullpasture River. After a few years they moved to what is now Pocahontas county, West Virginia, and settled near Hunters-ville. They were the parents of eight children, four sons and four daughters as follows.

James John Thomas William

Nancy Elizabeth Margaret Jane.

James Bradshaw married Isabella Stevens of Greenbrier County, and settled on the old homestead. They had three children that we know about today. John Bradshaw and Franklin Bradshaw. Their daughter Eveline Bradshaw, married a Byrd and settled near Falling Springs in Greenbrier County. James and Isabella Bradshaw also had two grandsons, Captain R. H. Bradshaw, a gallant soldier who fell in the battle of Port Republic. and James Bradshaw of McDowell County.

John Bradshaw married Nancy Stevens, sister of his brother James wife, and settled in the Big Valley between the Bullpasture and Jacksons River. They later moved to Missouri and we have nothing further of John's family.

Thomas Bradshaw married Nancy Williams on Anthonys Creek, and settled on Browns Creek. He was a botanical physician and died in 1862 at an advanced age in Huntersville. His family moved to Webster County then to Missouri.

William Bradshaw's family will be described at the close of this section on the Bradshaws.

Nancy Bradshaw married Levi Cackley, and lived on Stamping Creek, near Millpoint.

Margaret Bradshaw married John Gwin on Jacksons River. Their sons and daughters are: Nancy was the first wife of Squire Hugh McLaughlin. David Gwin married Eliza Stevenson, of Jackson River. John Gwin Jr. married Miss Gillespie. B. Austin Gwin, son of John Jr., is a grandson of Margaret Bradshaw Gwin. Jane Gwin married a Mr. Starr, and lived at Winchester. Elizabeth Gwin married a Mr. Givens on Jacksons River.

Elizabeth Bradshaw, was the first wife of Samuel Hogsett of Augusta County. Their children are; John who married Leah Cackley, Nancy who married a McAtee, William, Perry, Josiah, Thomas, Samuel, Margaret, Mary, Eliza and Elizabeth. Total of eleven children.

chann during these Manuscript's there will be family Jane Bradshaw, was married to William Tallman of Greenbank, and lived at the old home place. Their son Colonel James Tallman was clerk of the two courts of Focahontas county for many years. He was Colonel of the 127th Regiment of Virginia Militia. Jane's husband died in early manhood.

Jane Bradshaw Tallman's second marriage was to Thomas Cammon. They were the parents of five children thus; William, John, Franklin, Cyrus and Martin. William married Elizabeth Slaven, Martha Jane's first husband was Amos Campbell of Highland County, Va. Her second marriage was to Rev. J. W. Canter, a Methodist minister. the name was chivaged when none backwoodsess

or burning very well forgot to cross the 'er in Marling name and the

William Bradshaw married Jane Elliot Hickman of Back Creek. They were the parents of minimum children as follows. nine

Mary Jane Bradshaw married beammandmanagements and beam banker he next few pages at Alexander Moore.

Nancy Makamie Bradshaw married Isaac Hartman. Senilda Eiler Bradshaw married Washington Nottingham. Huldah Hickman Bradshaw married John A. McLaughbin. Martha Ann Bradshaw married Beverly Hugh Waugh (See under Waughs) Matilda Margaret Bradshaw married Nicholss Linger. Rebecca Frances Bradshaw manufact died early in life. Rachel Hannah Bradshaw died at the age of six years. William James Bradshaw married Mary Ellen Watson and settled in Lewis County. to say is growing wealler each hear and Mount that there will be

a reunion this year (1976). NOTES ON JOHN BRADSHAW ESQ .:

John Bradshaw and his brother James was a native of England before coming to this country. Bradshaw is a historic name in England John Bradshaw at one time owned most of the land from Huntersville to Dilleys Mill. He donated, without reservation, the site for all the public buildings of the new Pocahontas County, at Huntersville the county seat. He once drew a ten thousand dollar prize in a lottery w made him a wealthy man for the times. He was drafted into service about the time of Tarletons raid on Charlottesville during the War of

John Bradshaw died suddenly in 1837. His grave is marked by a wil cherry tree in the old Huntersville cemetery, which is said to be

growing directly over his grave.

The above is taken from 'History of Pocahontas County'./glv

The next three pages are the family as written by Asy ...

Many times during these Manuscript's there will be family histories which do not relate to Pocahontas county - these will be the forerunners of the families who settled on the Greenbrier on or before the year 1800.

Sketches of the Poagues, Waltons, Renicke, Donnallys, Mayse, Drakes, Hills, Bradsh; McCormick's, Bradshaw's, Andersons, Howards - and on back to Marlin himself.

years ago Mr. Calvin Price told me that his name was not Marlin but the name was changed when some backwoodsman who couldn't read or write very well forgot to cross the T' in Marlins name and it should have been 'Martin and Sewell' instead of Marlin and Sewell. Have often wondered what would happen in that mistake were not made.

The next few pages are dedicated to the Vaughans - my fathers family, and to Miss Amy Howard, 817A Indiana Ave., Charleston, W.Va. 25302. Amy and her Sister Emma both taughtt school at Thornwood in the early Teen's - later moving to Greenbrier County and finished teaching High School in Charleston, W.Va. I believe that they had about fifty years teaching West Virginia schools before they retired in the late 1950's. Emma has been dead over ten years and Amy and Doctor Robert Renick Vaughan of Logan were always the prime movers of the Vaughan reunions until early 1970, since then Bessie Spence of Caldwell has mailed the notices, which I am sorry to say is growing smaller each hear and doubt that there will be a reunion this year (1976).

Have located the following cousins but cannot connect them with Burrell Vaughan.

Dorothy Stein of Roswell, New Mexico, Two girls, Three Boys. Gladys Wilsinson, 520 Wyoming St, Bharleston, W.Va. 25302.

Burrell's Grandchildren branched out in many and various professions. Mostly Ministers and Teachers. Farmers, Buisnessmen, Nurses and wives of all the former, Yes there were a couple Millionaire's for good measure. Mostly just the run of the mill men from Pocahontas County.

Many years ago the Old Log House that Burrell and his wife Mary Jane built on Caesar Mountain was being moved down to the Mason Vaughan farm to be used as a meat house, burnt - so now there is nothing but memories for all us Grandchildred of Burrell Vaughan.

William Vanden - Lether - Resnoke, Va.

The next three pages are the family as written by Amy Howard.

Burrell Vaughar Family

Survell Valueban Family.

Burrell Vaughan was born in Brunswick Co. Virginia. Son of John Vaughan and Rebecca Drake Vaughan.

His wife, Mary Jane Vaughan, daughter of Joseph Anderson and Virginnia Donnally Anderson.

Burrell and Mary Jame were the parents of nine children. Maggie died in infancy. Their married life was spent in Greenbrier and Pocahontas Counties. Both are buried in the cemetery of the Old Stone Church, Lewisburgh, W. Va The following are their children and number of grand/great children. Sabine Hodges (d) - Elijah Hodges. (d). Children 8, Grandchildren 35, Great grandchildren?

n 4d) Joseph tolton [d]

Sumuel Hodges (d)

ring.

.

Lena McMillion - Renick

Laura Virginia Whanger - Matt (d) - Steubenville, Ohio.

Howard A. Hodges - Brownie, Ronceverte

Edward A. Hodges - Barbersville, Va.

Mary Ann McCoy - Lock (d) Beard Thomas H. Hodges - Newfield, h. Y.

Frances Hae Otkin - Dr. L.B. - Greenwood, Miss.

limren 33

Bessie Spence - George - Caldwell.

Great grandehildren 27, Chuckildren Thomas Renick Vaughan (d) - Mary Walton 2. Children 8, Grand and Great grand children ?

Maggie Carr (d) - Theodore (d)

Lacy Eagle - John - Renick

Berdie Friel - Jerry - Marlinton

Barnest Vaughan - Dixie - Hutchinson

Fred Vaughan (d) - Lillian - Earling

Mabel Small - Charles - Logan

- Nellin - SF. Albana, M.Ya. Grotthern Seldonridge - Elmer - Huntington

TOTAL - YEAR BELL

Clifton Vaughan - Lethat - Roanoke, Va.

Henry Mason Vaughan (d) - Nancy Walton (d) Children (7) Grandchildren (22) Greatgrandchildren (19)

Dr. Robert Henick Vaughan - Dixie (?) . McConnell, W.Va.

Dock H. Vaughan - Maggie - Hillsboro. W.Va.

Forest Burrell Vaughan (d)

J. Lake Vaughan - Josephine (1) Logan, W.Va.

Leonard A. Vaughan - Bertha - Henlawson

Orlenna Clevenger - Edward - Cleveland, Ohio.

Hilton Dye Vaughan - Josephine - Hillsboro, W.Va.

Hannah Virginia Walton (d) Joseph Walton (d) Children (6) Grandchildren 18 Greatgrandchildren (12) Lockie Duncan (d) Colbert

Clarence Walton - Mary - Renick

Lon Walton - Renick

In Fougher - Marion + Ferman. Blanch Simmons - Harry - Renick

Lucy Plummer - James - Williamsburg

Basil Walton - Allie - Charleston, W. Va.

Mary Ann Howard (d) David C. Howard (d) Children 11 - Grandchildren 33 Greatgrandchildren 27, GGGChildren

George Arthur Howard (d) Mamie (d)

Dora Satina Perrow - Lawrence (d) - Fort Springs, W.Va.

Lennie Jake Cutwright - Rev. Vernon - Bridgeport.

Amy Lucy Howard - Charleston, W.Va. 'Writer of this paper'

Emma Bertha Howard (d) Charleston, W.Va.

Jane Bertha Howard Allen - Evert - Wheeling, W.Va

Blanch Irene Meador (d) - Elvyn - Washington, D.C. Milburn Clark Howard - Nellie - ST. Albans, W.Va.

Stella Laura Kirkpatrick - Arlie, Parkersburg, W.Va.

Milan David Howard - Hilda - Charleston, W.Va.

Genrich Rout C. Courtina - Grace House water

Manley Vaughan Howard - Virginia - Oak Hill, W.Va.

Charles Lockwood Vaughan - Mattie Walton - 2nd. Lillie Loudermilk. Children 11, Grandchildren 43, Greatgrandchildren 49, Greatgrandchildren 2,

Grace Mann (d) Porter - Oblong, Ill.

Oliver Waughan - Grace - Robinson, Ill.

Gertrude Sharp (d) - Joe Sharp - Millpoint

Lawrence H. Vaughan - Bessie - Gallopolis, Ohio.

Inez Blliott - Walker - Martinsville, Ill.

Orion Vaughan - (d) Lixzie (d)

Bertha Stidham (d) - Jerry (d0.

Gladys Wilkinson - A.J. Wilkson. Charleston.

Lockhard Vaughan - (d)

Nancy Loudermilk - Cleve - Vago

Winfield Vaughan - Merion - Vergo.

7. Joseph Morgan Lovic Vaughan -d- Georgia Hindgarner Children 11 - Grandchildren -- GGChildren --.

Bruce Waughan - Hines

Edwin Vaughan - California

Lloyd Vaughan - Richmond, Va.

Hallie Malcolm - Harley - Goody. Ky.

Mildred Fox - William - Victor

Lucille Sheppard - Californie

Anna Houghins - Baltimore, Md.

Bettsy Murray - Malcolm, Big Bear Lake, Calif.

Arlie Vaughan - Hillsboro

Yancy Vaughan - Hillsboro

Nesbit Coleman - Ansted

Elijah Burrell Vaughan - Fatima Susan Waugh Children 4, Grandchildren 4.

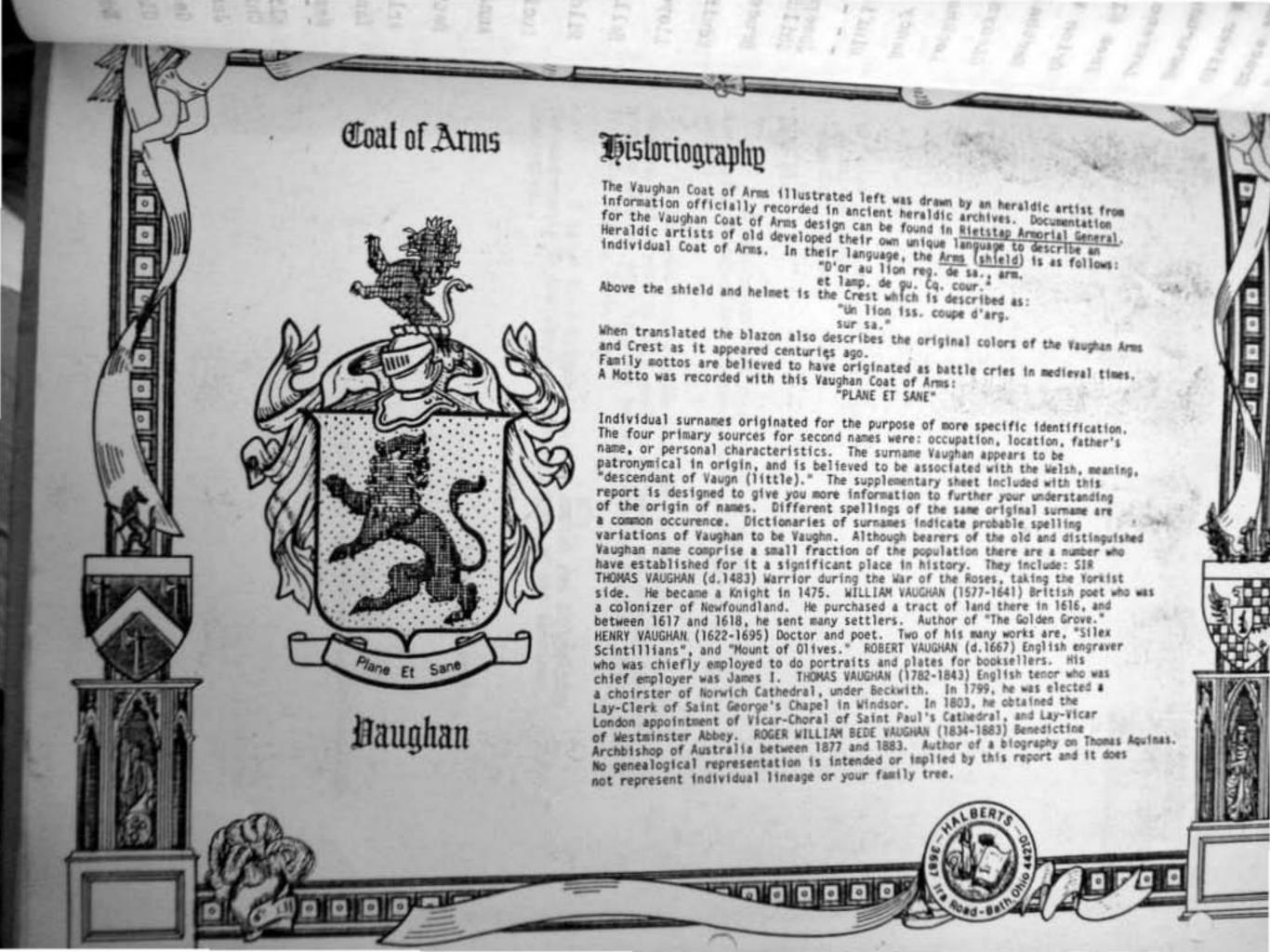
James Herbert Vaughan - Cathleen, Marlinton

George Beard Vaughan - Grace Hunt - Akron, Ohio.

Glen Leve Vaughan - Elsée Geneva Paget, Annapolis Md.

Edwin Vaughan (d) age 6 No. 22 days.

End Burrell Family.



6

THE CHRISAPEANE AND CHIED RAILWAY COMPANY BOHIOND 10, VEGNA

APR 7 - 1955

- John - Liber Belofen

April 6, 1955 File 171-G

Lt. Glen L. Vaughan, U.S.N. (Ret.) 400 Melvin Avenue Annapolis, Maryland

Dear Sir:

I understand from your letter of March 17, 1955, you are trying to establish the exact date of the death of your father.

Our book record shows that your father Klijah Burrell Vaughan, while working as a section foreman, was fatally injured when he was run over by a car being shifted at Handley, West Virginia, May 1, 1906.

I trust this information will assist you in applying for membership in the Maryland Society, Sons of the American Revolution.

Yours very truly,

Assistant Vice President-Labor Relations



Succumbs at 80

Funeral services for Mrs. Mary Ann Howard, 80, above, who died Monday at 7 p. m. at her home at 1317 Pennsylvania Av., will be held Tuesday at 8 p. m. at the residence, with Rev. C. R. Garrison officiating. The body will be taken to Ronceverte Wednesday for additional rites at 2 p. m. at the Ketron Memorial Methodist church, with Rev. Okey Summers, Rev. Mr. Mc-Cung and Rev. John Gillispie in charge. Bartlett mortuary will direct berial in Whanger cemetery.

Mrs. Howard, mother of 11 children, nine of whom are living, was born in Lewisburg to J. Burl and Mary Anderson Vaughn. She came to 'Charleston in 1918 with her husband, David C. Howard, who died 14 years ago. Known to neighbors as 'Grandma Howard,' she made her home with two daughters, Miss Amy Howard, teacher at Taft school, and Miss Emma Howard, surviving are four other daughters, Mrs. L. A. Perrow of Fort Springs, Mrs. V. C. Cutright of Salem, Mrs. E. E. Allen of Huntington and Mrs. A. J. Kirkpatrick of Parkersburg; three sons, M. C. Howard, principal of Owens school, and Manley V. Howard of Elkins; two brothers, Henry M. Vaughn of Lobelis, W. Va., and Lovic Vaughn of Hills-boro; M. Vaughn of Howard, P. V. Vaughn of Hills-boro; M. Vaughn of Hills-boro; M. Vaughn of Hills-boro; M. Vaughn of Howard, P. V. Vaughn of Hills-boro; M. Vaughn of Howard, P. V. Vaughn of Howard, P. V. Vaughn of Hills-boro; M. Vaughn of Howard, P. V. Vaughn of Howard, P. V. Vaughn

Mrs. C. E. Denison

Mrs. C. E. Denison, age 88 years, of Marlinton, died on Sunday, February 10, 1963, in a Beckley hospital after a long illness.

She was born at Edray, December 19, 1874, the daughter of the late Levi and Amanda Frances Poage Waugh.

Mrs. Denison was the last of nine children to be called.

She was preceded in death by her two husbands. E. B. Vaughan and C. E. Denison, and a son, J. H Vaughan.

Mrs. Denison was a member of the Marlinton Methedist Church and a charter member and past matron of Marlinton Chapter Number 97, Order of the Eastern Star.

Survivors include two sons, George Vaughan, of Akron, Ohio, and Glen L. Vaughan, of Annapolis, Maryland; and one step-daughter, Mrs. Anna Denison Fisher, of Saigon Viet Nam; five grandchildren, and eleven great-grandchildren

Funeral services were held Wednesday afternoon in the Marlinton Methodist Church with the Rev. George McCune in charge. Burial was in the Mountain View Cemetery.

SPENCE, George Washington -Service will be at 2 p.m. Sat-

urday in Wallace and Wallace
Funeral Home at Lewisburn
with Rev. G. C. Musick and
Rev. A. R. Hancock officiating
Burial will be in Oak Grove
tery at Hillshorn. Mr. Spence, i
90, of Caldwell. Greenhrier
County, died Wednesday at his
home after a long illness. He
was a resident of Greenhrier
County for most of his life, a
member of the Anihony Buptist Church, and a retrd mploye of the C & O Railway,
Surviving are his widow, the
former Bessie Hodges: two
daughters, Mrs. Thomas Legs
Allen of Roanoke, Va.; two sons,
Lloyd of Oak Hidge, Tenn., and
of Frankford, and Mrs. David
Capt. Eugene with the army at
Ft. Meade, Md.; a sister, Mrs.
Aregon Scott of Renick; and
nine grandchildren.

SILVER ANNIVERSARY.

Mr and Mrs. J. Herbert Vaughan entertained with an informal reception at their home on South Third Avenue, Saturday afternoon, November 12, 1938, celebrating the twentyfifth wedding anniversary of Mr. Vaughan's mother and step-father Mr and Mrs. C. Ernest Denison of Paw Paw, W.Va., who were their guests for the weekend.

The reception rooms were decorated with bowls filled with chryanthemums. The dining room table was covered with a hand made lace cloth. A crystal bowl filled with pink roses surrounded by white candles in crystal holders formed the center piece.

Mrs. Samuel Nixon Hench and Mrs. Robert Bruce Crickard presided at the coffee and tea service. While the guests were being served Miss Edith May sang two beautiful solos. Mrss. Elizabeth Waugh had charge of the guest list which included more than a hundred relatives and friends of Mr and Mrs Denison, who are former residents of Marlinton.

Out of town guests included Mr and Mrs Daniel
Fisher of Washington DC. Mr and Mrs George B.
Vaughan of Akron, Ohio; Mr and Mrs Ray Portsmess,
of Paw Paw, W.Va.; Mr and Mrs W. P. Clower and
sons William and Charles, of Rainelle: Mrs Floyd
Baxter and son Ernest of Cloverlick; Mrs. R. Bruce
Crickard of Valley Head: Miss Mary Moore of Mingo;
Mrs Malinda Hannah, Mrs Russell Hannah and daughter
Amy May, of Slaty Fork, W.Va.

SERVICE A SE LONGE AND

Dr. Vaughan, Retired, Dies

LOGAN — Dr. Robert R. Vaughan, 78, of McConnell, pioneer physician of Logan and Fayette counties, died at 6 p.m. Thursday in Logan General Hospital after a heart attack earlier at his home.

Service will be at 2 p.m. Sunday in Harris mortuary chapel here. Burial will be in Forest Lawn Cemetery at Peck's Mill with Masonic graveside rites.

Dr. Vaughan had practiced medicine in Logan County since 1911. Prior to that he taught school several years in Pocahontas County.

when he first came to Logan he was associated with Holden Hospital and had engaged in the practice of medicine for several coal companies of the area. He was at Holden and Dehue a number of years and at one time was associated with the Hutchinson Coal Co. at Macbeth.

Dr. Vaughan retired five years agó and since that time has done limited practice.

He was born Dec. 22, 1880 at Hillsboro, son of H. M. and Miram Nancy Vaughan, He attended West Virginia University and was graduated in 1905 from Chattanooga, Tenn., Medical College, He first practiced at Page, Fayette County.

HE WAS A 32d degree Mason and member of the Order of Eastern Star and Emmanuel Methodist Church at Lobelia.

Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Dixie Cook Vaughan; two daughters, Mrs. Katherine Fortney and Mrs. Howard J. Collins of Me-Connell; a sister, Mrs. E. F. Clevenger of Cleveland, Ohio; three brothers, D. R. and H. M. Vaughan of Hillsboro and Leonard A. of this city; and three grand-children,

Deaths

JAMES H. VAUGHAN

James Herbert (Slatz) Vaughan, age 54, died at his home in Marlinton Monday, Nov. 10 after a prolonged illness.

He is survived by his wife, Cathleen May Vaughan; three sons, James B., of Tokyo, Japan, George H., of the U. S. Navy, and H. Jackson, a student at West Virginia University; his mother, Mrs. C. E. Dennison, of Marlinton; two brothers, George B., of Akron, Ohio, and Glen L., of Annapolis, Md.

Mr. Vaughan had been assoclated with the S. B. Wallace Go. for the past 28 years as a sulesman. He was a World War I veteran and a charter member of the American Legion Post 50, and a member of Mariinton Lodge No. 127, A. F. and A. M.

The funeral service will be held from the home on Lower Third Avenue on Thursday afternoon. His body will be laid to rest in the family plot in Mt. View Cametery.

Valuate and Man

Vaughan Family Reunion

More than 260 relatives, friends and neighbors attended the Burrell Vaughan family reunion held at Droop Mountain State Park on Sunday, August 31, 1947. Following a sermon by Rev. Mr. Cutright of Parkersburg, a basket dinner was served.

In the afternoon the camera fans had a field day, with group singing of old time songs and hymns. The business meeting resulted in an organization with Amy L. Howard, president; Howard Hodges, vice president; Herbert and Milton Vaughan, secretaries; Dr. Robert R. Vaughan, treasurer. Executive Committee, Laurence Vaughan, Mildred Fox, Lucy Eagle, Clarence Walton, Milburn Howard.

store the Roge

Among those in attendance were Henry Mason Vaughan, ag ed 31 years, Joseph Morgan Lovie Vaughan; with 37 grand children and 63 great grandchildren and 43 great-great grandchildren, of the late Burrell Vaughan.

Among those in attendance from outside the State were:

Mr. and Mrs. Clifton Vaughan and family, Roanoke, Virginia; Mrs. Laura Whanger and son Lake, Steubenville, Ohio; Ed ward A. Hodges and son John Barboursville, Va.; Mr. and Mrs. Robert Vaughan, Mr. and Mrs Herbert Miller and daughter Het rietta, Baltimore, Md.; Mr. and Mrs. Ray Layton and daughter. Mr. and Mrs. Walker Elliott, Martinsville, Illinois; Mrs. Lucille Shepperd and children, To ledo, Ohio; Mrs. Edwin F. Vaughan, Memphis, Tennessee; Mr. and Mrs. Glen L. Vaughan, West Annapotis, Maryland.

The committee on arrangements set the Sunday before Labor Day, 1948, for the next Vaughan reunion.



GOTCHA! — Burrell Davidson, 14, a ninth grader from St. Margaret's, spears a ring to advance in the novice class. She

is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Davidson.

Jousting

Jousting, a Maryland tradition since the days when Baltimore was a lord rather than a city, was revived over the weekend at the St. Margaret's Church jousting tournament. Although the object no longer involves knocking fearsome foes from their gallant steeds, a keen eye and equestrian skill are still of prime importance. Modern day knights and ladies fair competed amid pomp and pageantry, and everyone had a good time, too.

Many story books on

Burrell Davidson is the daughter of Betty Jo Vauchan Davidson of the Davidson farm at St. Margaret's across the Severn river from Annapolis. Maryland. Burrell's Grand-parents were J. Lake and Josephine Vauchan of Logan, West Virginia, they were the first two persons killed on then new Cheseperke Bay Bride about 1952.

She is the Greatgranddaughter of the late Henry Ma and Nancy Walton Vaughan of Lobelia, W.Va.

Burrell is a member of the St. Margaret's Ponv Club, Last year during the 1975 meet at Ashland, Ohio, she competed in the Eastern Division of the U.S. Pony Club Games competetion. During this meet Burrell's riding earned her a place on the United States Eastern Division to Compete against Canada and Great Britian's teams in England during the summer of 1976. The U.S. teams will consist of two teams of five members each.

Burrell's older sister is a well known horse handler and trainer in Maryland.

pony riders' precision put to tournament test

BY LAUBAINE WAGNER omen's Editor

The St. Margarets Pony Club merally rode away with victory is regional competition recently and will send two sems to compete in the national tourney next week in

We won 30 per cent at the regionals," said coach Brianficer, they cut off the games early because nobody could catch us."

winning is nothing new for the group . The juniors, aged 9 through 12, are going to the sationals for the third year, and it's the second time for the senior team who are aged 13 through 16.

Burrell wavidson, 15, will be one of 16 riders from the United States competing in the international pony meet in England in August. She is the drughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Clark Davidson of St.

The national title has eluded them so far and the team from Frederick, which beat them in Ohio last year, will be there again. "But we have a good chance this year," said coach Boyer, "our precision is a factor." His daughter, Dawn rides with the juniors.

There's a lot more to being a winning rider than just riding well. Competition begins at home as the 45 members of the club try for places on the teams. They study books on



ROBIN ZEYHER sinks a basket from the back of her galloping pony, Pandora, during practice for relay races.

horses and first aid, and are judged in stable management, tack care and grooming - all of Ruth Grill of Arnold. over the which are part of the judging at - time left "In the riders take

tournaments.

"The horse comes first," said

care of themselves --- Her daughter, Jane, is on the senior "It's hard work," sighed

Jane, "we don't really mind, but - Oh, that tack cleaning!"

Called a Gymkhana, the tournament includes 15 relay. races with variations involving feats of balance and skill as well as speed.

Donald Ruths of Pasadena is the only boy who made the teams. Asked if he watched the equestrian events of the olympics where Mike Plumb of -Maryland won a silver medal, Donald smiled broadly and said, "Yeah, I'd like to be up there."

When is a pony not a pony? When it measures 14 hands a hand equals four inches) and three inches or more. Chocolate Chip Ice Cream, ridden by Laurie Bell, a senior team member from Davidsonville, is the largest pony on the teams measuring 14.1 hands. The smallest is Pandora, who measures 11.2 and is ridden by Robin Zeyher of Annapolis on the junior team.

Other members of the teams are Carin Pittinger of Bay Hills and Tammy Zeyher of Annapolis, seniors; Linda Ratchford of Arnold, Denise Ruths of Pasadena and Robyn Wintz of Bay Hills, juniors.

If confidence can do it, they'll bring home a title this year. "Did you hear we're going to win the national?" called out Donald Ruths Sr. father of two riders, "The kids fooi around a lot out here, but when it's time they really work as a team. The riders grinned and nodded in agreement.



Photos by Norm Goldberg

of the most inselligent authors, and decision accepts his decision accepts his decision accepts his decision accepts and decision of cases of daughtful or assessment of accepts the decision of the substitution of the substitut with the formal tanguage of the court, add space to their writing by using language of the common people. Ultimately, however, a Académic climinated the excesses of Académic climinated the excesses of the court of

each increture development 10:11554 STATE SECTION Veechan, Henry (b. 16217, Llansantff-net, Brecomhire, Wales—d. April 23, 1695, Lieszentfraed), poet and mystic remarkable for the range and intensity of his spiritual intuous. He attended Oxford and went to Lonsees. He attended Oxford and went to Lon-ice to study law but was summoned home in 1642 on the outbreak of the Civil War. In 1646 he published Poems, with the tenth Seyre of Juvenul Englished ("The Vanity of Human Wishes"), and another volume of cular verse the next year. Between 1646 and 1650, when he was profoundly impressed by George Herbert's poetry, he came to repudite all "idle verse." His Silex Scintillans 1650; "The Glittering Flint," enlarged 1655) and the prote Mount of Olives; or, Solitary Devotions (1652) show the depth of his religions convictions and the authorities of his pour convictions and the authenticity of his poetic genius. His secular poems include Olor Beasur (1651; "The Swan of Usk") and Thelie Redivive (1678; "Thalia, Muse of Lyric Poetry, Revived"). He also translated short poets and religious works in process which are Poetry, Revived"). He also translated short moral and religious works in prose which are included in Olor Iscanut, in The Mount of Oliber, and in Flores Solitudinis (1654; "Flowers of Solitude"). Vaughan became interested in medicine and translated two medical works by Remach Nolle under the titles Hermetical Physick (1655) and The Chymists Key (1657). When he began to practice medicine is not known, but he seems to have continued until shortly before he died. Anthony à Wood, the English antiquarian, observed that he "was esteemed by scholars an ingenious person but esteemed by scholars an ingenious person but proud and 'humorous'."

Although Vaughan learned from other writers and borrowed many phrases from George Berbert, he was one of the most original poets of his day. His chief asset was a gift of spiritu-al vision or imagination that enabled him to wite of immaterial things more freshly and exercingly than most of his contemporaries exept Milton. This is illustrated in the fa-mous lines from "The World," beginning:

I saw Elernity the other night Like a great Ring of pure and endless light,

He plays the same light of eternity round these of common experience. A lover of natu-al beauty, he held the old notion of a life in tature, believing that every flower enjoys the ar it breather and that even sticks and ston there man's expectation of resurrection. The contrast between unfallen nature and degenerthe man gained force with him from the politi-cal events of the 1640s. It may explain Vaug-lan's idealizations of the past and his admira-tion of fresh, unspoiled, existence. Some fea-ters of Vaughan's poetry have analogies in Wordsworth (the similarities between "The Extract" and the ode on "Intimations of In-ternality" have often been noted). Vaughan's technical accomplishments were

Vaughan's technical accomplishments were to a higher order than has usually been recog-Need. A master of evocative phrasing and persuasive rhythm, he knew how to make idi-censtic usage serve the purposes of poetry.

His prose also deserves attention for its furry, theory, and self-revealing comments. His poetry was largely disregarded in his own time and for over a hundred years after his death. Several editions appeared in the 19th death. Several editions appeared in the 19th death and his Harks was edited by L.C. Martin (2nd ed. 1957).

English increases development 10-11 and

English inersture development 10:1149h Vaughan, Sarah (1924-), U.S. popular

jazz vocalists 10:126c

Vaughan, Thomas (1622-66), British chemist and mystic, remembered for his contribu-tions to mystical philosophy rather than as a man of letters, though his writing, once noted for its obscurity, has moments of visionary power recalling that of his twin brother, Henry.

Vaughan Williams, Ralph (b. Oct. 12, 1872. Down Ampney, Gloucestershire—d. Aug. 26, 1958, London), dominant English composer of the first half of the 20th century, founder of the nationalist movement in English music. He studied at Trinity College Cambridge, and in London at the Royal Col-lege of Music under two principal figures of



Vaughan Williams, portrait by Juliet Pannett, 1957; in the National Portrait

the late-19th-century renascence of English music, Sir Charles Stanford and Sir Hubert Parry. In 1897-98 be studied in Berlin under the noted composer Max Bruch and in 1909 in Paris under Maurice Ravel, About 1903 he began to collect folk songs and in 1904-06 he was musical editor of The English Hymnal, for which he wrote his celebrated "Sine Nomine" ("For All the Saints"). After artillery service during World War I he became professor of composition at the Royal College of Music.

His studies of English folk song and his interest in English music of the Tudor period fertilized his talent, enabling him to incorporate modal elements (i.e., based on folk song and medieval scales) and rhythmic freedom into a musical style at once highly personal and

deeply English. Vaughan Williams' compositions include or chestral, stage, chamber and vocal works. His three Norfolk Rhapsodies (nos. 2 and 3 later withdrawn), notably the first in E minor (first performed, 1906), were the first works to show his assimilation of folk song contours into a distinctive melodic and harmonic style. His symphonies cover a vast expressive range. The first, A Sea Symphony (1910), for voices and orchestra, is based on poems of Walt Whitman. The second, A London Symphony (1914; rewritten 1915; rev. 1918, 1920, 1934), suggests moods and scenes of London; while the third, the evocative Pastoral Symphony (1922) has no detailed extramusical references. The fourth (1935) ventures into harsh dissonances and complex rhythms; but the fifth (1943) returns to a more modal, serene style, being based on and expanding sketches for his opera *The Pilgrim's Progress* (1951). The sixth symphony (1948) is in many ways expressive of the tensions and tragedy of

World War H. The seventh, Sinfonia Antaretica (1953), is an adaptation of his music for
the film Scott of the Antaretic (1949). The
eighth symptomy (1956) is noted for its lynieighth symptomy (1956) is noted for its lynieighth symptomy (1956) is noted for its lynieighth symptomy (1956) is noted for its lynifor its strong note of pessirusm and despair,
for its strong note of pessirusm and despair,
other orchestral works include the Fasiatia
on a Theme by Tallis (1910), concert for piano
(later arranged for two pianos and orchestra),
oboc, and tuba, and the Rosance for harmonica and orchestra (1952).

Of his stage works, The Pilgrim's Progress
(1951) and Job (1931; after William Blake), a
masque for dancing, reflect his serious, mysti-

masque for dancing, reflect his serious, mysti-cal side. Hugh the Drover (1924), a ballad opera, stems from his folk song interest. Riders to the Sea (1937) is a poignant setting of John

Millington Synge's play.

He wrote many songs of great beauty, in-cluding On Wenlock Edge (1909; to poems of A.E. Housman), a cycle for tenor, string quarlater arranged for tenor and tet, and piano, later arranged for tener and orchestra, and Five Mystical Songs (1911; optional version with chorus), to poems of George Herbert. His Flor Campi (1925), for small chorus, viola, and chamber orchestra, draws its inspiration from the Song of Solognon and without the technique of providing the statement of the solognostic statement of the solognosti mon and utilizes the technique of wordless vo mon and utilizes the technique of wordless co-calises. Also particularly notable among his choral works are the Mass in G Minor, the cantatus Toward the Unknown Region (first performed 1907 after Whitman) and Done Nobis Pacem (Grant Uz Peace; 1936), and the oratorio Sancta Civitas (The Holy City, 1926). He also wrote many part songs, and botton and folk song settings.

hymn and folk song settings.

Vaughan Williams broke the ties with continental Europe that for two centuries through and lesser German Handel, Mendelssohn, composers had made Britain virtually a musical province of Germany. Although his prede-cessors in the English musical renescence, Sir Edward Elgar, Parry, and Stanford, remained within the continental tradition, Vaughan Williams, like such nationalist composers as the liams, like such nationalist composers as the Russian Modest Mussorgsky, the Czech Bedřich Smetaria, and the Spanish Manuel de Falla, turned to folk song as a weilspring of native musical style. After World War I his idiom became established and unmissakable. He wrote in every form and in particular served the English choral tradition generous ly.

film score preparation view 12:69 folk elements in chamber music 4:27h sonata extension using germinal motifs 17:10d 20th-century English choral works 4:447f

vault, structure in building construction evolved from the arch, usually forming a ceiling, or roof. The basic barrel form, which appeared first in ancient Egopt and the Near East, is in effect a continuous series of arches deep enough to cover a three-dimensional space. It exerts the same kind of thrust as the



circular arch and must be buttressed along its entire length by beavy walls with limited openings, accounting for the character of Romanesque architecture. Roman architects, however, discovered that two barrel vaults that intersected at right angles formed a grain vault that reported in series could span rectangular areas of ordinited length. Because the groin vault's thrusts are condentrated at the four corners, its supporting walls need not be massive and require buttressing only where they support the vault. The groon walls, however, requires great precision in stone cutting, an art that declined with the fall of Rome. circular arch and must be buttressed along its

POCAHONTAS TIMES

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, APR. 15, 19761

Panther Killed

"If only Cal Price were alive" is what everyone has been saying since Sunday afternoon at 2:15 when a punther was killed in the Jacox-Lobelia area by Kessler Pritt. Pritt was working on his truck outside his home and saw an animal in his flock of sheep about 50 yards away. At first he thought it was a dog but then realized it was a cat animal. It picked up a lamb in his mouth and went over a rail fence down the hill a little ways and started eating on the back leg of the lamb. Pritt got his gun and came after it. He shot and the bullet from the 3.08 went through the lamb and exploded in the shoulder-chest area of panther; when he saw what it was be called a conservation officer. Within 15 minutes several were there.

Conservation Officer Larry Guthrie, of Durbin, pleased above, took the animal to the Department of Natural Resources Office in Elkins.

He stopped off in Marlinton where a big crowd quickly gathered.

The big cat weighed an even hundred pounds. He was a young male, 1 to 2 years old, 68 inches long from nose to tail (tail was 25 inches long.)

The dictionary says cougar, puma, panther, catamount and mountain lion are all interchangeable.

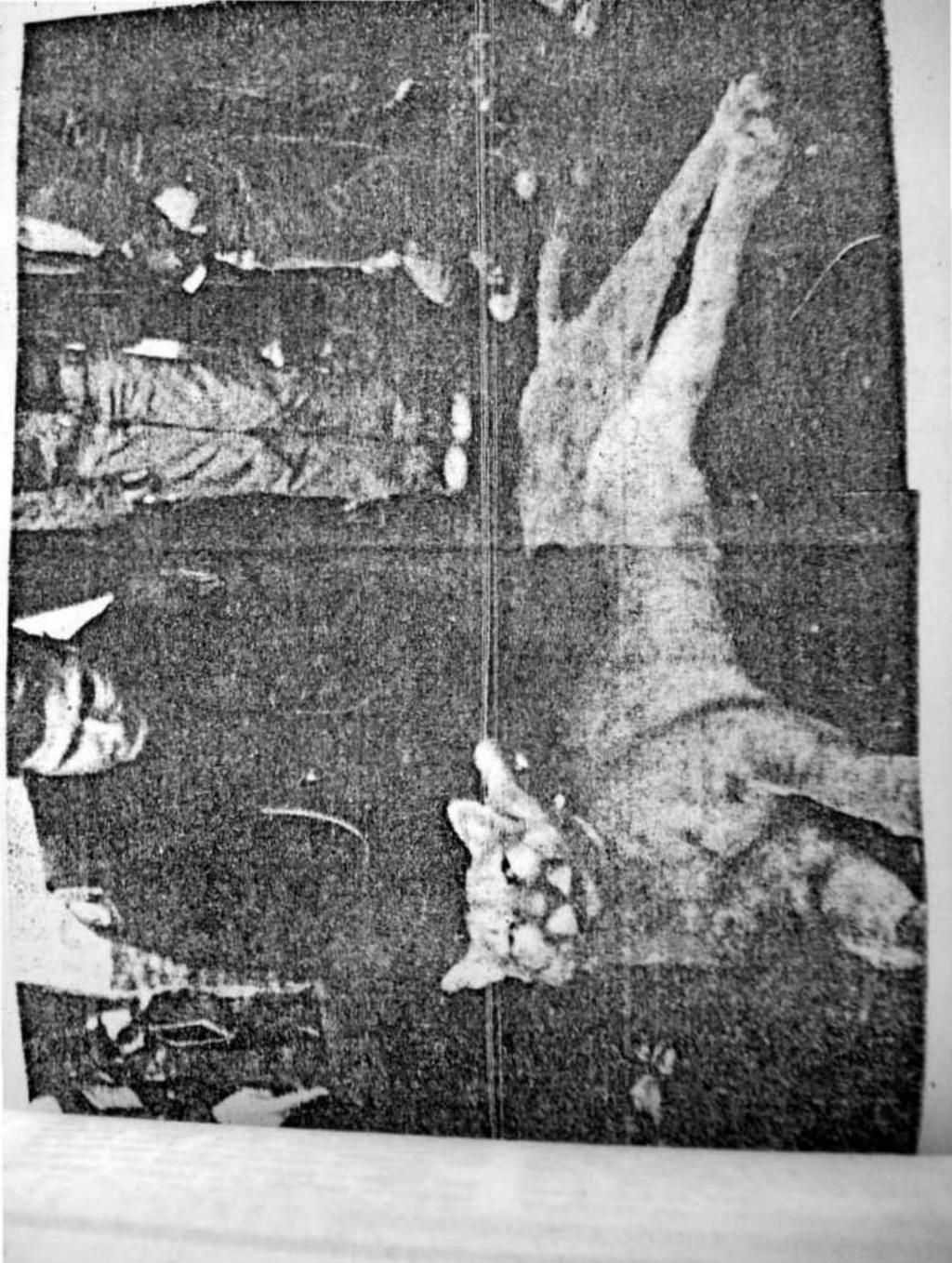
We couldn't put our hands on any panther facts—or even 'unfacts"—but remembered the story of Francis McCoy, who probably killed the last panther killed in Pocahontas before the turn of the century. We checked with his grand-daughter, Mrs. Lee Barlow. Theodore Roosevelt records in his "Winning of the West"

that Col. Cecil Clay and Francis McCoy killed a panther but I can't find the date. Col Clay was a friend and frequent hunting visitor of McCoy on Day's Run of Williams River. Clay had lost an arm in the Civil War. One hunting trip they treed a panther Clay steadied his gun on McCoys shoulder and shot. The wounded panther fell among the dogs and started mauling them, McCoy rushed in and with bare hands saved the dogs.

As if there wasn't already ough excitment, Tuesday enough excitment, evening the report came that another panther was on Bruffey's Creek. It was bedded down against a fence beneath a rocky ledge on the farm of Norman Walker. The night before his cattle and sheep had tried to push through the fence and now he knew why. DNR was called and soon officers arrived to observe the animal and to keep it from being disturbed. Federal authorities were also notified as eastern cougars are an endangered species and protected by federal law.

Some who saw it thought this one was bigger than the other one and, by the way it acted, a female about ready to give birth. The tail looked about half as long.

At 1 am the big cat was shot with a tranquilzer gun, ran about 80 yards and collapsed. The men got her in a box and took her to the French Creek Game Farm. A call from Pete Zurbuch Wednesday said a veterinarian verified it was a pregnant female, 65 to 75 pounds. But they question the wildness of the animals because they don't seem to fear humans and this one didn't mind the



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THURSDAY, APR. 22, 1976

Panther

The Bruffy Creek panther—
the second panther—will stay
at French Creek Game Farm,
according to present plans.
The U. S. Fish and Wildlife
Service at first asked that it
be released in the area where it
was found but later changed its
request.

Maurice Hornocker, of Idaho, is the recognized authority
on cougers, mountain lions,
panthers, or what have you.
He said they were probably
game farm animals. Pete Zurbuch told us Mr. Hornocker
says the Eastern and Western
cougers are the same species
but the Smithsonian people insist there is a difference. The
latter will examine the skull,
etc., on the first one that was
killed; no report has been received.

The second mountain lion had a tail that had been cut to 4 to 8 inches; the first one's tail was 25 inches long. Some one said it is common for confined young animals to chew off their tails but that may be just talk.

We have had several comments and letters about the possibility of a fine for killing the first animal but a game farm animal wouldn't be a protected species and there seems to be no inclination toward finding fault with a man protecting his property.

Panthers By Annie L. Cromer

I am surprised that exporienced workers in nature are looking for a shy animal in the form of a cougar, mountain lion or as I know it, a panther. They are tame or impudent and very unafraid.

I have heard, seen and been followed by such an animal and have heard many true stories by others from Pocahontas County and Randolpk and have yet to hear of one running away from a person.

O, I remember telling Howard Hevener about seeing a panther, a measured 100 yards from our house, walking slowly to the carcass of a sheep that had drowned in a water trough. He laughed, "Annie, you have been drinking too much of the mountain water."

To set a record straight that a panther hasn't been seen in West Virginia for more than one hundred years, I am not that old and can tell of many times we have heard and seen them on Cheat Mountain.

A few years ago, my husband, Harvey, and his brother, Rube, took a pony on a pickup to a road on Cheat Mountain where they planned to leave it. About two hours before one of our horses had kicked the pony and broke its neck. After a short distance they found they were mired in a swampy road. The truck While they was stuck. worked to get it out, two panthers screamed, one in a tree over them and another one a few feet away in the other direction.

Harve and Rube weren't scared? I don't know why they spent the night in the cab of the pickup with the windows up unless they didn't like the screams which can make one feel as if the ground actually trembles. Later, I read that pony meat is a special attraction to this type of wild animal.

I hope there is a fund somewhere that will pay for the loss of the lamb belonging to the farmer who killed the cougar last week. If this man is not paid and is jailed and fined as one paper stated was possible for killing this protected animal and the farmers of the county do not defend him, just maybe the Farm Bureau Woman's Committee may take a stand. I am the chairperson!

The American Circus
The year Nineteen-Seventy Six not only marks our country's bicentennial, but also is the Two Hundredth Anniversary of the American circus. The first American circus was introduced by John Bill Ricketts, in 1776.

The performance was held in an amphitheatre that he built in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. It consisted of a clown, a rope walker, and several equestrian acrobats and their horses. In the years following, small families, groups of acrobats and clowns toured the United States, playing small towns, performing inside roofless canvas walls. These groups would travel from town to town in two or three primitive wagons.

Animal exhibitions became popular at the same time as the early circuses. Later, the traveling circuses and performing unimal menageries combined to become what is known today as, "The American Tented Circus." The word circus was derived from the Latin word circulus, meaning circle or ring.

With even the earmest circus, there was always at least one clown. Dan Rice, born in 1823, became the first great American clown, and for years dominated every show he worked. He created such a following that circus owners fought for him. In his circus costume of red-striped tights, blue star-flecked leotard, high hat and gontee, he is reputed to have been the inspiration of our patriotic folk figure, Uncle Sam. He jumped from show to show, and ran his own circus for many seasons, making and losing fortunes.

Circuses today haven't changed much from the eighteen hundreds. They have changed wagons to trucks, old canvas tents to new steel reinforced, fire repellent canvas, aluminum center poles replacing the wooden ones, and much of the hand labor is now mechanized.

Chances are, if you visit the circus grounds early in the morning, you will be able to see a little of the old fashioned hammer crews pounding stakes, although most of it is now done by machine.

As part of the American tradition. "The Roberts Bros. Circus," under the canvas big top, will appear in Marlinton on the 5th day of May, with performances at 6 p. m. and 8 p. m., sponsored by Pioneer Days Committee.

Woman of the Year Named

Peggy Thomas was named Outstanding Volunteer of the Year at the Michigan Community School Education Association's (MCSEA) fall conference on Mackinac Island on October 3. Dr. Bruce Jacobs, director of continuing education, Ferris State College, and past president of the MCSEA presented Mrs. Thomas with a plaque in recognition of her vast contributions to the Bedford schools and community (see picture).

It is impossible to list all of Mrs. Thomas's volunteer activities because they are too numerous. The following are only a few of them.

Mrs. Thomas brought the Kerwin Theatre Ballet Company to the Bedford High School auditorium to perform Tchaikovsky's Nuteracker Balletin December, 1969.

She was chairman of the Bedford House Tour in 1973, All proceeds went to the Bedford Township Public Library. She is a charter member of Friends of the Library and was its vice chairman for two years.



She was chairman for the Community Holiday Fair for two years, a huge fall bazaar which raised money for Community Education and the Friends of the Library.

For the past four years Mrs. Thomas has held monthly antiques classes at the Senior Citizens Center. Her purpose is to make the Seniors aware of their antiques' value. She is an area historian and authority on early American antiques. She is also an RSVP Advisory Board member.

She was in charge of the one-man art show and reception held for Bedford's artist, Howard Schuler, held at the Bedford Library during the month of October.

She has been active in two of the school's PTOs, as president and a board member and as a volunteer mother at a third. She has been director of Bedford's preschool program for the past five years and is currently chairman of Bicentennial events for the schools.

On the local (den mother and Girl Scout leader) and council level, Mrs. Thomas has been active in scouting.

Active in local church work, she has been department church superintendent, a member of the Commission of Education for her church, a church school teacher and she conducted classes for training church school teachers.

In the spring of 1974 she was chairman of Bedford Township's American Cancer Society's fund drive and is a board member of the American Cancer Society.

Mrs. Thomas is on the advisory board for the summer parks program and recently was appointed to the Monroe County Health Board.

She lives in Temperance with her husband, Robert. They have five children Robi, a junior at Central Michigan University; Ralph, with the Army's 75th Airborne Assault Batallion of the U.S. Rangers; Rich, a junior in high school; Randy, an eighth grader and Philip, a fourth grader.

Mrs. Thomas is the daughter of Mrs. Van (Lucille Zickafoose) Poage, formerly of Marlinton.

THE POCAHONTAS TIMES - APRIL 15, 1976-

New Minister

Bishop Robert P. Atkinson, Bishop of West Virginia, has appointed the Rev. Dr. Eu-gene L. TenBrink as Vicar of St. John's Episcopal Church in Marlinton. With his wife, Ruth, Fr. TenBrink lives in the rectory at 811 Ninth Street.

They have four children. Their daughter, Carol Pifer, lives in Wyoming. Michigan, and works in a school for partially handicapped children.
Their oldest son, Eugene, lives in Columbus, Ohio, where he is a commercial artist. They have two sons in Bowling Green State University, near Toledo, Ohio, Calvin is a junior and Victor a Freehouse. junior and Victor, a Freshman.

In addition to his responsibilities in St. John's Church, Fr. TenBrink is also in charge of summer services at Grace Episcopal Church at Clover Lick. Along with these two mission churches, Fr. Ten-Brink has been appointed by Bishop Atkinson as Canon Evangelist for the Diocese of West Virginia. In that capacity the TenBrinks travel all over the state conducting parish renewal teaching missions and retreats. They also work as a team in the ministry of counseling and spiritual healing. They maintain an open household for people who come for the healing of their lives. In this ministry the peace and quiet of Marlinton and the beauty of the mountains around help to bring peace and whole-ness to troubled persons who come here.

Before coming to Marlinton, the TenBrinks lived and worked at Trinity Farm Renewal Center near Marietta, Ohio. For twenty years, from 1946-1967, they were missionaries in India, where their three sons were born. Now they are happy to live in Marlinton, one of the most beautiful spots in West Virginia.

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1976

Episcopal Church History Continued from a previous paper.

To the Council of 1873 the Rev. Mr. Mason reported that in 1872 "I have been officiating in Huntersville, and on Knapp's Creek (Driscol) once in four weeks, with much to encourage me. Communicants 8. Three candidates for confirmation".

The next year, 1873, Bishop Whittle again visited the church-people in Pocahontas County and reported to the Council of 1874, "July 25, Presbyte rian Church, Pocahontas C. H. Confirmed two." Rev. Mr. Mason reported nine communicants and stated that they were scattered widely over the county which made carrying on a Sunday School difficult but that family and pastoral instruction of the young were diligently attended to. He also informed the Coun-

of that in Pocahontas County there were five persons awaiting confirmation at Bishop. For some reason the Bishop did not make his annual visit that year and four of the five went to Warm Springs and were confirmed by Bishop Whittle in that church. In 1874 an act of the Council of the Diocese of Virginia crowned the work of the Rev. Mr. Mason by declaring the area of Pocahontas County to be Madison Parish in union with the Council of the Diocese of Virginia. The Rev. R. H. Mason had ministered in Pocahontas County over and above his obligations to his own parish in Bath County. Under him the work in Pocahontas had so progressed that Bishop Whittle placed the Rev. Emile J. Hall (in 1877) in Madison Parish as its full time minister. Soon more or less regular appointments were kept for preaching and other ministrations in Driscol, Huntersville, Dunmore, Green Bank, Mar-lin's Bottom (Marlinton), Hillsboro, Edray, and Clo-

The Diocese of West Virginia Created

As far back as 1851 the clergy of Western Virginia felt the need of a diocese of Western Virginia with its own bishop. To this Bishops Meade and John's objected. Finally, when Bishop Whittle became the Bishop of Virginia he gave his consent and at a special conference of clergy and laity assembled in Trinity Church, Staunton, May 16, 1877 the petition of the parishes of Western Virginia was granted and after approval of General Convention the diocese of Virginia was divided and a new diocese of West Virginia was organized. At the May 16, 1877 conference in Staunton Col. James T. Lockridge of Driscol was the lay-delegate representing Madison Parish, Pocahontas County. Col. James T. Lockridge was therefore one of the founders of the Diocese of West Virginia

and Madison Parish, Pocahontas County was one of the organizing parishes. On December 5, 1877 the

On December 5, 1877 the clergy and laity of the West Virginia parishes met in St. John's Church, Charleston, to organize the new diocese and to elect a bishop. The Rev. Emile J. Hall and Dr. C. P. Bryan of Clover Lick represented Madison Parish. The Rev. J. H. Eccleston, D.D., Rector of Trinity Church, Newark, New Jersey, was elected bishop.

The Rev. Dr. Eccleston declined the election and a new council had to be called. This council met in Zion Church, Charles Town, February 27, 1878 and was presided over by Bishop Whittle. The representatives from Madison Parish, Pocahontas County, were the Rev. Emile J. Hall and Dr. John Ligon of Clover Lick. The Rev. George Wm. Peterkin, D.D., Rector of Memorial Church, Balitmore, Mary-land, was elected bishop. He accepted and was consecrated Bishop of the Diocese of West Virginia May 30, 1878. Madison Parish had a part in the election of the first bishop of the diocese. We learn from a later report of Bishop Peterkin that at one time or another Col. James T. Lockridge, John Ligon, M.D., C. P. Bryan, M.D., Samuel B. Lowry and James Warwick acted as vestrymen of Madison Parish, Pocahontas County, West Virginia.

Madison Parish in the Diocese of West Virginia

When in 1878 Bishop Peterkin paid his first official visit to Pocahontas County he found the Rev. Mr. Hall living in Lewisburg but holding services in Huntersville and Clover Lick. Bishop Peterkin was not a stranger to Pocahontas County. He had campaigned there in 1861 as a Confederate soldier. He came to Pocahontas with the Twenty First Virginia Regiment which on August 6th, 1861 camped on Valley Mountain. The Bishop said that during the 43 days of

their encampment it rained thirty seven days. Of the nine hundred men who came to Valley Mountain six hundred came down with typhoid fever or measles. He nursed the sick, and since he had been licensed a Lay Reader by the Bishop at the request of General Pendleton, for those who died he read the Prayer Book Office for the Burial of the Dead. In his History of the Diocese the Bishop says nothing about his care for the sick but does comment, "I attended the funerals of the men of our Brigade, and gave them the last rites of the Church. After the War, at his own expense, the Bishop erected a monument at Mingo to the memory of those who died during that encamp-ment. The Rev. Dr. William T. Price, in his diary, On To Grafton, relates that on his return from the Battle of Philippi (June 1861) that he passed through Marlin's Bottom (Marlinton) on his way back to his Highland County Presbyterian churches. Dr. Price was a volunteer chaplain in Capt. Felix Hull's Company. The Rev. Dr. Price and Bishop Peterkin in later life became warm friends, and in Marlinton and Huntersville Dr. Price's Presbyterian Churches were always open to the use of Bishop Peterkin. One wonders if the two men could have met at Valley Head during the Confederate encampment there.

At any rate when Dr. Price was pastor of the Huntersville and Marlin's Bottom (Marlinton) Presbyterian Churches the Episcopalians held services in both churches, Bishop Peterkin preached in both, and on his visits frequently visited the Rev. Dr. Wm. T. Price. This information I received from his son, my father-in-law, the late Andrew Price, who also told me that when the Rev. Guy H. Crook held Episcopal services in the Marlinton Presbyterian Church he played the organ for him. The Rev. William T. Price

D.D.

Something here may well be said about the Rev. Dr. William T. Price. He was born near what is now Marlinton, July 19, 1830. He pursued studies preparatory for college at the Hillsboro Academy, he was graduated from Washington College (Washington and Lee University) in 1854 and he studied for the ministry of the Presbyterian Church in Union Theological Seminary, Hampden

Sydney, Virginia. He was ordained by the Lexington Presbytery and licensed to preach in 1857. In 1865 he married Miss Anna Louise Randolph of Richmond. Their children were James Ward Price, M.D., Andrew Gatewood Price, Attorneyat-Law, Susie A. Price, M.D., Norman Price, M.D., Calvin W. Price, Editor of the Pocahontas

Times, and Anna Virginia Price who was married to Frank Hunter. From 1861 to 1869 Dr. Price was pastor of the Highland and Bath counties Presbyterian Churches From 1870 to 1885 he was pastor of the Cook's Creek Presbyterian Church in Rockingham County and from 1885 to his retirement in 1900 he served as pastor of the Hunters-

ville and Mariinton Presby terian Churches. His military service as volunteer chaplain in 1861 has been previously referred to. To him and to the sessions of his two churches the Episcopalians owe a debt of gratitude for the Christian courtesy shown them by allowing them to share the churches in the days when they were without their own places of worship.

The Warwick and Ligon

Homes at Clover Lick After the War between the States Dr. John Ligon came to Clover Lick and began the practice of medicine. It was told me that Bishop Peterkin informed him of the opportunity and urged him to come. Dr. Ligon married Miss Sally Warwick, the daughter of John Warwick and Hannah Moffett. The old Warwick house at Clover Lick was replaced by a more elaborate or modern one by Dr. Ligon. This burned in 1884. The Ligons had nine children. In my time as Minister of the parish two of his daughters, Louisa (Mrs. J. J. Coyner) and Annette (Mrs. Luther Coyner) with their children lived at Clover Lick and were active in the work and worship of the Clover Lick Church. Just as the original Warwick family made their home a place of preaching or worship for Presbyterian and other ministers so the Ligons' frequently entertained the bishops and clergy, and prior to the erection of a church had services in their house. Dr. Ligon often acted as a lay reader, conducting the service in his home in the absence of a minister on the Lord's day and doing such other things as might be of spiritual assistance to his patients. For the above information about Dr. Ligon I am indebted to his daughter, Mrs. J. J. Coyner. To Dr. and Mrs. Ligon is due, more than any other persons, the existence of Grace Church, Clover Lick.

Bishop Peterkin's Visits to Madison Parish

Reference has been made to the Bishop's first visit in 1878. The following year, 1879, he made his second visit to the church-members in Pocahontas County. Here is a summary of his report of that visit which he made to the Council of the Diocese in 1880.

On Tuesday, August 17, 1879 he preached in the Presbyterian Church at Mingo, on Wednesday, August 18th he went to Clover Lick and preached in Dr. Ligon's house; on Thursday, on that same day, August 19th, he baptized a child there, and then he went on to Green Bank and preached in the Methodist Church. Of that visit he continues "the few communicants we have in Pocahontas County are very scattered, so that after you reach the county, you have to make quite an extended circuit to visit them. (He made that circuit and he visited them again and again.) As the record of our services will show, we tried during the trip to make the most of our time. On Friday, August 20 I rode five miles to Dunmore and preached in the Presbyterian Church. I preached again in the same place on Sunday morning, and in the afternoon rode fifteen miles to Huntersville and preached in the Presbyterian Sunday night I Church. spent in the country about three miles from town at the home of one of our most zealous Church people (the home of Col. and Mrs. James T. Lockridge at Dris Monday morning nde into Huntersville and baptized three children, and then went on fifteen miles further to Clow Here I joined Mr. Powers, (the Rev. W. H. H. Powers, then minister Weston) and Mr. Dam Rev. George W. Dame, Jr. minister at Clarksburg) a

presched at a school house in the neighborhood, and on Sunday morning at Dunmore and on Sunday night at Green Bank, in each case to large congregations. Mr. Powers had preached three times, in the afternoon to the Colored People at Clover Lick, and in the morning and at night at a schoolhouse about two

miles distant.....tomorrow we go to Mingo where I expect to preach." Note in this report and in all others following how often the Methodists and Presbyterians open their churches to him and invite him to preach to them. Note also his custom of taking other clergymen with him on his official visits and having them share with him in his missionary work. Such missionary activity of the Bishop and such brotherly sharing of it with his clergy was most effective in building up the membership and spiritual strength of the Diocese of West Virginia.

The bishop writes of making continual annual visits to Pocahontas county but I can not locate a report of those for the years 1880-1881 and 1882. In his 1884 report to the Council of the Diocese he said "My annual visit to Pocahontas County was made the last week in August. On Saturday, the 30th, in company with the Rev. Dr. Lacy (The Rev. T. H. Lacy, D.D.) I drove from the railroad to Hillsboro, a distance of about forty miles, having service that night. On Saturday, August 31st, we have services both in Hillsboro and in Huntersville, the distance between them being eighteen miles. In Huntersville, we have hope soon to have a lot, and then to go on to the erection of a church. On Monday, we had services at Clover Lick, in Dr. Ligon's house, eighteen miles from Huntersville, and on Tuesday at the school house about three miles higher up the mountain where I confirmed two.

At Clover Lick we have a beautiful lot for a church, and we trust the next year to see it built. That night we pushed on to Hillsboro on our return, a distance of about twenty-five miles."
(G. W. Peterkin, History of the Diocese of West Virginia, page 843.)

On his 1885 visit Bishop Peterkin took with him the Rev. Mr. Gibson (the Rev. Robert A. Gibson had been in the Seminary with the bishop, had been one time assistant to Bishop Peterkin's father at St. James' Church, Richmond and had been induced by the Bishop to accept a call to Trinity Church, Parkersburg.) The Rev. Mr. Gibson later became Bishop of Virginia. They came to Clover Lick on May 31st and held services in a grove. Mr. Gibson preached and Bishop Peterkin confirmed two individuals.

The Bishop reported to the Council of 1887 that Mr. Lacy was in charge of the parish and that he, the Bishop, had preached in the new church at Clover Lick on Sunday, November 14, 1886. The church there had been built after the Bishop's May 1885 visit and before his visit of Nov. 14, 1886. It was erected during the ministry of the Rev. T. H. Lacy, D.D. but the Bishop wrote in his report that the church at Clover Lick was the direct outcome of the "zealous interest of Mrs. Dr. John Ligon." The Bishop reported that he had again preached in the Huntersville Presbyterian Church and that Dr. C. P. Bryan was warden of the parish. He reported also that a lot had been obtained at Huntersville and that the officers of Madison Parish were Dr. C. P. Bryan, Dr. John Ligon, James W. Warwick, H. M. Lockridge, and R. S.

The Clover Lick Church During Bishop Peterkin's annual visit to the parish in 1892 he consecrated Im-manuel Church, Clover Lick, on August 21st. He so designates it in his report to Council but puts Grace in brackets. It would appear from this remark of the Bishop that Immanuel was the name first given to the church at its consecration but that it was later called Grace. After some years the church was moved to a new site nearer to the depot. In his address to the Council of 1910 he stated that on Sunday, August 8, 1909, he had consecrated Grace Church, Clover Lick. He says, "This is the old church which was located at a point a mile or so distant. and consecrated August 21, 1892. Owing to the changed population it was deemed

pest to move it nearer the depot, and so great were, the difficulties involved in taking it to pieces, that it may be considered practically a new building." He continued, "Preached in-St. John's Church, Marlinton. This is a new building, rendered necessary by the change of the church from Huntersville. (Had a church been built on the Huntersville lot?) The rector and congregation deserve great credit for their energy displayed in the work; and thanks are due to the Hon. John T. McGraw for his liberality in giving a desireable lot. On Monday, August 9th, Bishop Peterkin went to Huntersville and preached in the Presbyterian Church. He said, "notwithstanding the removals, we still have a few faithful members in that neighborhood. Tuesday met with the vestry at Marlinton and consulted with them about building a rectory." L910 Journal of the Diocese of W. Va., pages 16-17.)

So far this historical account of the work of the Episcopal Church in Poca-

shops of Virginia and Virginia. It should be ered that faithfi ters usually travelled with the bishops on their visitations and they carried on the work with regularity stil the next annual episal visitation. A list of se men will be given hortly. By such men during the episcopate of Bish-Peterkin services were fucted in such places as Driscol (Minnehaha Springs), Hunters Marlinton, Hillsboro, Huntersville, ray, Clover Lick, Green Bank, Dunmore, and at Campbelltown. Bishops Gravatt, Strider, and Campbell have continued visitations begun by Bishop Whittle and Peterkin.

St. John's Church Marlinton

The first services of the Episcopal Church held in Marlinton were held in the Presbyterian Church of which as has been pointed out the Rev. Wm. T. Price, D.D. was pastor from 1885-

1900. Marlinton (Marlin's Bottom) derived its name from Jacob Marlin who with Stephen Sewell camped there in 1750-1751. In 1890 John T. McGraw of Grafton purchased the Marlin's Bottom lands. Soon thereafter the name of the Post Office was changed from Marlin's Bottom to Marlinton. The farms were laid off in lots in 1891 and the town began to be. By 1901 the railroad from Ron-

ceverte up the Greenbrier to Marlinton and beyond was completed. Marlinton was incorporated as a town in 1901. The county seat was removed to Marlinton from Huntersville and the latter locality entered a decline. The Rev. Guy H. Crook served the Episcopalian in Marlinton from 1901-1907. The Rev. Jacob A. Hiatt followed him in 1907 and by his efforts on April 28, 1908 "Marlinton continued

Mission: St. John's Church ras organized." By 1911 there were forty-five communicants at Marlinton and 60 Baptized persons belonging to the St. John's Mission. A church was built at a cost of \$3,000. and a rectory costing the same smount. Both stood on the lot given by Mr. McGraw. After Mr. Hiatt's departure the rectory was sold but the church remains the proper-

ty of the parish, title held

by trustees, and at the present time its use is shared with members of the Roman Catholic faith who at present do not have a building of their own. The Rev. Mr. Hiatt listed the following vestrymen of the parish (Madison Parish) for Marlinton and for Clover Lick. For St. John's Church, Marlinton: Warden: Blake King. Vestrymen: J. W. Hill, Frank King, Dwight Alexander, and M. E. Pue. Registrar, Blake King. Treasurer, J. W. Hill. The officers for Clover Lick are listed as follows: Warden: W. C. Gardner who also serves as Registrar and Treasurer. Sunday School Superintendent, Sarah Simmons. Lay Readers: W. C. Gardner and Mrs. Eva McNeel.

Ministers who have served Madison Parish, Pocahontas County, West Virginia. The Rev. R. H. Mason, before 1866-1877, The Rev. Emile J. Hall, 1877-1880?, The Rev. Francis D. Lee, --1880--, The Rev. T. H. Lacy, D.D., 1885-1888 or longer, The Rev. Thruston M. Turner, 1897-1899, The Rev. Guy H. Crook 1901-1907, The Rev. Jacob A. Hiatt, 1907-1911. Vacant 1912. The Rev. Josiah Tidbald Carter, 1913-1916, (Bishop Peterkin died 1916), The Rev. F. A. Parsons, 1917-1918, Vacant 1919-1920, The Rev. George J. Cleaveland, D.D., 1921-1924, Vacant 1925-1926-1927, Rev. Robert Tomlinson, 1928-1929 (supplied from Buckhan-

non). The Rev. Olaf G. Olsen, 1930-1949 (At first he was also in charge of the churches in Greenbrieri, Mr. J. L. Welch, 1950-1951 (Church Army), Mr. E. S. Wilson, Lay Reader, 1952-1957; The Rev. C. L. Draper, 1958 (served from St. Thomas, White Sulphur); Mr. John Klatte, 1959-1961 (Church Army); Mr. Edward Wilson, Lay Reader, 1962-65; The Rev. F. H. Dennis, 1966-1970 (Minis-ter at Summersville); The Rev. J. W. Ford, 1971-; The Rev. R. M. Hall, Jr., 1972-1973-(also Minister at Summersville).

Sources: Journals of the Diocese of Virginia and of West Virginia, Wm. G. Peterkin, History of the Diocese of West Virginia. Rev. Wm. T. Price, D.D., History of Pocahontas County, W. Va.

POCAHONTAS COUNTY BICENTENNIAL

Vol. 111

G. L. VAUGHAN

ORIGINAL

POCAHONTAS COUNTY BICENTENNIAL

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entire undertaking has been a time consuming and hard tesk. Hare and

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have passed through my winds by their I have made on a

"THE POCAHONTAS TIMES" Those pages have been deliberately held to the grade school level

in phrases and composition -Vol. 1111 low the graduate level - to sa

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2nd. Book for editor Times.

along with the 3rd. Book for Laters. ANNA FISHER.

otherwise would be an imsult to those two sen pictured on our Stabe

4th. Book for Meade Waugh's Family collection,

All their convergations were of the dusty cross roads brand and This section started June first 1976 and will deal with the Counties schools past and present. Therefore there will be more items from the paper on this med their childre years activities and many descriptions Many people wof the past one room schools and consolidated schools from two to four rooms. as they light the This section will depend on the response from former teachers and pupils - as many tona Lina and to of these teachers are not with us now.

Glen L. Vaughan However when the light Lt. U.S.N. (Ret) or the Wastern would be 400 Melvin Avenue he men refill their cornecannapolis, Md. pull their counte over a bel 21401 thoulders and the cool preeze rushes down the gully - the stars sore

not and another day is gone. One day dies and emother will review of

In searching my memory recalling events of yesteryear and boyhood days in Marlinton and on the Greenbrier river after an absence of close to sixty years leaves but one thought, many, many times these events have passed through my mind.

Every page is true and original in every detail as written, Some items I have omitted as readers would not believe them as facts. The entire undertaking has been a time consuming and hard task. Many names have been left out but no fictitious ones replaces them, or places or events added.

These pages have been deliberately held to the grade school level in phrases and composition - well below the graduate level - to do otherwise would be an insult to those two men pictured on our State flag - a miner and a farmer - these people actually made our state, along with those at the convention - but they are the ones we honor today.

All their conversations were of the dusty cross roads brand and once reading they would remember for many days., tell their neighbors and their children, who would also remember.

Many people will have mixed reactions - old men will dream, dreams as they light their pipes while their wives will rock - heads back, a Mona Lisa smile on their wrinkled brows - thinking back to their girl-hood days and what it might have been.

However when the light fades with sun over the Western mountains the men refill their corncobs - the women pull their shawls over their
shoulders and the cool breeze rushes down the gully - the stars come
out and another day is gone. One day dies and another will replace it
tomorrow and tomorrow and tomorrow...

wou of Mr. & Mrs. R.B. Slavan, Brown

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Nountain View Cemetery

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Everyone in Marlinton or has ever lived there or close by for any length of time have traveled up the hilly road to Marlinton's Mountain View Cemetery. Many times I have made that trip for family and friends that sleep there forever.

Some how I know by heart what the Minister will say as he always recites the twenty third Psalm.

"The Lord is my shepard: I shall not want, He maketh me to lie down in green pastures; He leadeth me beside the still waters - etc. etc. etc.

The cemetery being located in such a beautiful spot that in turning completely around you must look up to see the beautiful sky and
down for a view of the town. So many trips to this beautiful place
for loved ones and friends that somehow I always think of the One
Hundredth Twentythird Psalm.

"Lift up thine eyes unto the Hills and into the Heavens above from whince thy strength cometh. Have mercy 0 Loard have mercy upon us. - etc. etc. etc.

Such a beautiful place to spend eternity, up among the hills up into the heavens. Whenever there I always think of the 123 Psalm.
Note: This version of the 123rd. Psalm is from an 1892 Bible./GLV.

A Child Dies

About 1908-09 a group of us youngesters were playing in the old apple orchard beside Birds Run about two blocks from the old Methodist church one summer day - probably catching tadpoles - when we saw a small child running towards us from Mr. Slavens house. He was playing with matches and had set himself on fire. I remember so plain his screams as he reached us and we were unable to put out the fire. he died there before us and his older Brother Hubert. He was the youngest son of Mr. & Mrs. R.B. Slaven, Brother of Hubert and Rebecca. Two days later I and seven other boys were flower boys at his funeral. Then an there I learned about death and playing with matches.

When I was sixteen and worked at the tanery on Saturdays with several other boys my age all being sort of never turning down a dore and having more courage than common sense. One day someone dared us to swim the river.

One Spring afternoon after work and the ice had run out of the river and the new cement bridge had replaced the old covered wooden one a few of us decided to take the dare and swim down the river to below town. The river was full from bank to bank.

Saturday after work put on our swim suits and entered the river at the tannery barn. The water waw cold and muddy with some trees and other debris that made the water dangerous. Jack lost his nerve and came out about the lower tannery row of houses. As we approached the bridge we saw that someone had passed the word as it was lined with people from side to side to watch those fools in the water.

was pulled out by some men with a boat and a rope.

Hubert a-nd I lived down close to the river and knew its currents from fishing there many times. Just before the strong current reached a rocky stretch behind Mr. C.J.Richardsons house it took a slight left turn.

Hubert and I did not fight the swift current but swam down stream working our way towards the bend on the left bank and came our well below where Mr. Calvin Price lived. We never timed our time in the water nor the distance covered but bet it was the fastest swim either of us ever took. We had swam in Knapps Creek many times when it was at about flood stage but this was our first time to tackle the river. If we hadn't known about the change in current our swim might have had another ending. Arriving home I never had anything said but from the looks on Mother's and Ernest's faces I knew they disapproved.

A Visit Home to Pocahontas

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Once while visiting Marlinton I drove up Elk Mountain through the fog - turned around and came down to the second big curve. The fog was heavy so parked my car close to the bank out of the way and waited. This was the land of my people for six generations and I wanted to have a good look and remember every detail. In about an hour the sun burnt through the fog and sparkled on every crystal.

So here was the land of my people for four generations of Waughs, and others. Of course on down the Greenbrier valley and up Knapps Creek there would be other generations of Vaughans, Waughs, Moses's, Poags, Rankins and others.

Immediately below me was the Edray cemetery where my Father and little

Brother Edwin were buried. My Aunt Annie Baxter and her only son Floyd. My

Grandmother Amanda Frances Poage Waugh, MY GREAT SRAND MOREY. JOHN WAUGH.

baby of Uncle Harlow Waugh's, these and many more of my kin sleep in the

Edray cemetery including some of my Rankin kin.

Preston Baxter had built for his second wife and behind that the remains of the large hewed log house my Grandfather Levi Waugh had bought and enlarged after returning from the C.S.A. and the Civil War. Here he had raised nine children - six by his first wife Amanda Frances Poage and three by his second wife Ella Ruckman.

Lifting my eyes a little I could see the Indian Draft location of the Indian Draft Church and school - both originaly in the same building that dated way back when Aunt Lizzie was a schoolgirl. The cemetery was behind the building and there were my Grandfather Levi Waugh beside his second wife Ella Ruckman and their daughter Sally Waugh Denison. Another row of unmarked graves contained the remains of Granddads three little Brothers and Sister, victims of the desease that followed the troops during the Givil war. My Granddads youngest Brother, John Waugh and his wife were in another row side by side. There were more older graves mostly unmarked se I do not know who they were.

Who could say that this was not my home land. On down in the valley of the Greenbrier river I had left my blood from stone bruises from every toe on down the river and up Knapps Creek on dozens of rocks and bolders, even on the hill sides above.

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above Marlinton on a beautiful hill in Mountain View Cemetery, owned by the town. My relections of this place goes back when it was a farm and the butchershops of town used a shed there as their slaughter house. Mr. Ratliff lived in a small house there and many times I had played with his children - even after he moved to menick.

DR. Williams, a medical man from Scotland and the father of A.D. Williams and the late Mr Ed. Williams was the first person buried there. His
grave is in the corner to the right of the main gate. There the road
turns sharply left and continued three miles up the ridge to the Mountain
View Apple Orchard - which was a failure. I spent one summer there.

After the hill was used as a cemetery and enlarged many times its
former size. There are few people in Marlinton who does'ndhave some one
buried there. There sleeps my Mother Fatima Susan Denison, Brother James
Herbert Vaughan, Step Father Clyde Ernest Denison, Aunt Elizabeth S. Waugh,
Uncle Harlow waugh, his wife Aunt Gertie and daughter Francis, Uncle Geo.
H. Waugh, Aunt Lulu williams and many, many cousins and firends. Surely
there must be something that makes this my eternal home.

Up Knapps Creek there are two more generations that go back to the late 1770's. My GreatGreatGrandfather Samuel Waugh and his Father James who fought in the Revolutionary War, he received a land grant for his services. Both samuel and his Brother James 2nd. are buried in an unmarked grave at Bethek, in the Hill country or near Dilleys Mill! They were both members of the counties first county court of Pocahontas Co., they both died in 1831

Surely this is my own, my native country, At the head of Cummings Creek on over to the Little Levels country there andmany, many marked and una marked graves of the Poages. My Grandmother Martha Poage's people

Col. George Washington Poage, her Grandfather gave the original land for the first church and cemetery and the present Gak Grove Church and cemetery in Hillsboro.

To further prove that this valley is my home, my Grandfather and Grandmother Burrell Vaughan are buried in the cemetery behind the Old Stone Church in Lewisburg. Their graves are unmarked but are recorded on the plot of the cemetery in the church.

Generations come and go and every one leaves their own mark or nich in a place they may claim as home. In this respect I claim Pocahontas County as my home although I was born in Roncervert, Greenbrier County.

However it gives proof that although a young country boy may cut his apron strings and go to the four corners of the earth - his heart strings remain entact forever - so this county called Pocahontas will always be my home - today - tomorrow - forever.

And thus it will always be forever more - sure as the thaw comes and the ice goes out of the river every Spring some young person will leave this valley and the cycle will continue. All things come to an end evidently - but life goes on and so it will always be - forever.

Wednesday June 6th. 1976, 5:50 AM.

our town band gave conserts every Seturday might and on special constitues

or, sob Grazer and Mr. You Anderson, both printers were the prime movera-

eachers and leaders of the band. Some of the mambers were, Mr. During

of fixed up the store and had a first older place

paired typewriters, cash registers and addiss

Thursday, June 7th. at 0800 AM was in the operating noom - had a malignent tumor removed along with about 40 inches of intestants.

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Our town in the early 'teens boasted a fine fire department that John Haslett so well described in his Times article. The three hose carts located in well chosed sections of town with the hose tower close to the hill behind the Railroad station.

Of course the largest and most damaging fire was when the tannery burnt in the twenties. The loss of employment to the community was a severe blow as rebuilding took almost a year.

In 1912 the large Valley Hotel behind the Railroad Passenger station burnt. A Mr. Humes was the owner and nothing was saved, he later moved to Charleston. The morning after the fire I remember going over to look at the ruins and heard several notes being played on the piano in the lobby. Madeleine Hume's, a classmate in school was trying out the few keys left. About 192-0 I saw Madeleine in Charleston, she was working in a law office on Kanawha street.

Another large fire was the two story frame building on the corner of Main Street and Third Avenue - where the dinner is now. This building contained several shops and had rooms and offices on the second floor. The building ran all the way back to the alley and was a total loss.

For a while the town had a band stand in the middle of the lot and our town band gave conserts every Saturday night and on special ocassions.

Mr. Bob Gramer and Mr. Tom Anderson, both printers were the prime movers, teachers and leaders of the band. Some of the members were, Mr. Harris the station master, Oren Gum, Sterle and Clive Woodell from Campbelltown, Arnot and Hull Yeager brother Slatz Vaughan and many more I have forgotten.

Later a Mr. Echols built a small newstand on the front part of the lot. He also sold penny candy, soft drinks etc. In the rear of the store stronger drinks could be bought. Harry Sharp bought the business in 1919 and fixed up the store and had a first class place of business. He also repaired typewriters, cash registers and adding machines. Some years later he bought the old A.S.Overholt building across the street and did a thriving business. Newstand and soda fountain in front - a pool hall and Pate Rose, barber about in the street and did and Pate Rose, barber about in the street and soda fountain in front - a pool hall

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and Court Street, where the Post Office now stands. The building covered the entire block and almost to the Bakery, it contained a fruit stand and several shops on the first floor. The second floor were the meeting halls of the Modern Woodmen and the I.O.O.F. The wooden sidewalk on the fromt was three feet above the ground which along with the building was a total loss.

Later the Woodmen and the 1.0.0.F built the two story building on the corner of Camden Avenue and Main Street beside the Hospital. There was a lot between the two buildings.

Mr. Morgan who lived two blocks up Camden Avenue bought the Moving picture equipment from a man who was showing movies in a tent about where Paul Overholts building stood - but behind the little office of Mr S.N. Snyder's office, who was an Insurance agent and had a coal RICHARD contract with the G. & O. Railroad. Later a Yeager boy had a small building where ran an auto battery repair shop. This building was later moved down third Avenue.

There were many fires during this period. The Marlinton Steam

Laundry located behind the mailroad freight depot on the side of the
hill burnt. Then Kliens Department store on Main street about 1915.

One fire I remember was a tent show that was being set up between Miss. Susie Gay's home and the bowling alley and swimming pool, which was later a movie house. No one knew how the fire started but every one blamed every body else. It took the big tent about three minutes to go up in flames as the canvas was dry and even the foreman of the crew was smoking himself.

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PREFFER Respicts and name Fires During the mid teens the municipal power house that supplied all the electricity to the town burnt. I was just a teenager but was the night telephone operator at the office on the second floor of the Bank of Marlinton Building

DOCTORS

Mering the temp's Harlingon had neveral good Dortors and A Com-

I had just relieved Mrs. Wames Bear at nine F.M. and around midnight the alarm sounded. Looking out the back window I could see the fire which was just above the Clifton Forge Wholesale Grocery Building and was between the tannery office and the mailroad. Could not raise anyone on the phone so called Mrs. Gum's boarding house and tried to get her Brandson Lawrence Kinneson to find out where the fire was but he had gone to the fire himself. Every subscriber for phone service must have been at the fire.

The Hospital called and inquired where the fire was as all their lights were out, said it must be the Light Plant but could get no answer from that part of town. About two hours later was able to give out the location of the fire. All the phones had self contained batteries. However the next morning the tannery came to the rescue and made arrangements to connect the Hospital to their electrical equipment. Later the town received an emergency power equipment until repairs were made. Soon I think the plant was sold to the West Penn Electric Company with the understanding that they would keep the old plant for some years as a standby in case of outages.

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During the teen's Marlinton had several good Doctors and a fine staffed Hospital and administrated. Many of the Doctors had outside financial interests to advance their fortune and standing in the smill community. Some were farming, cattle business, insurance and lumber business.

The large saw mill at Mountain Grove, Virginia hauled their lumber to the nearest rail head which was the large railroad yard behind C.J. Richardsons Hardware Store. Usually they used two or three teams to each wagon bringing their lumber over the mountain at Rimel and down Knapps Creek to Marlinton. A Mr. Farrell ran the mill at Mountain Grove and his son Michael attended Pocahontas County High School. He was a good looking Irish boy with red hair. Later his sister came to Marlinton.

Back to medicine - whenever a boy needed his tonsils out he would visit Dr. J.W. Yeager's office for an appointment and instructions. The next day after school our gang would go with the 'Paitent', this time it was Denny Lynch. We would look for Doctor Yeager and stop at whichever lumber stack he was scaling and loading on railroad car.

When he was ready he would open his little black Doctors bag - pour some alchole over his hands - get his instruments - hold Denny's head back - reach in and snip the tonsils - then show to us keds. After that he would throw them away, swab Denny's throat - reach down in his pocket and give us enough change for each boy to stop at S.B.Wallace's Drug store and have an ice cream cone. Seems strange medical practice now but guess me mountain boys were a hardy bunch of youngsters.

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Two boys growing up together in the Greenbrier valley - their experiences in many and various endevers during the mid teens. Naurince Lang, whose family had moved from Watoga to Marlinton for better schools. Their Mother Grace, Harry, Fleets, Mabel, Ottie and Naurice, Fr. Langs name was David and was one of Gods men who always had a good word for everyone whoever they were. Mr. Long was a scaler in the lumber camp for the Watoga mill. His camp was several miles from Watoga back in the mountains, once he made the mistake of telling Maurice and myself the quickest was to reach the camp.

One morning Maurice and I took the morning train from Marlinton to Seebart - waded the Greenbrier - crossed over two mountains untill we came out on the railroad track. Here we turned up stream and in about two miles came upon the logging camp, Mr Lang was scaler here. We both received a dressing down as we had passed through some of the wildest rattlesnake country in the whole lumber track. However we had been taught the way of forest and with our long walking sticks and Barlow knives we felt quite safe, That night after the loggers had dinner we were fed- told all the news about home in Marlinton - bedded down in Mr. Langs and the Camp Foremans bunkhouse (On the floor). After Breakfast Maurices dad sent us home by the same route and we arrived in Marlinton on the six PM train.

About two years later Mr. Lang (or Uncle David), had moved his job to the West Virginia Pulp and Papeer Company where his camp was about six miles down 81k river from Slaty Fork. Maurice and I left Marlinto about three AM one morning and by eleven had walked to Slaty Fork by lunch time we were down to the logging camp where Mr. Lang met with another stern face. At that camp the logs were dragged over about three mountains by overhead steel cable, What a sight to see hugh bunches of large logs dropped several hundred feet into the river.

From there they were loaded unto flat cars, secured, then hauled in about a tunive car bookup up to blaty Fork where a larger Shay engine would take then on to Spruce.

Another time Hautice and I walked over to Slaty Fork and the camp
was only two miles up the mountain at the left of Slaty Fork Store. We
stayed several days this time as we know the Gookee, Charlie Sharpe, who
we used to help such dishes and set the table for the evening seel. Once
we used to help such dishes and set the table for the evening seel. Once
we want fishing below the store and I caught a two pound trout about a
mile downstream from the store - Charlie cooked the troute for us and
the three had a full mess of trout with thepthers we had caught.

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clear of the loading operations as we liked to watch the derricks load the cars with the logs then chain them down and the little shay engines put on their branks taking them down the mountain.

Namy years after these trips with Maurice to Slaty Fork I spent the night with cousin Hyldred Crickett and Bruce for one night - this happen ed to be the night the tannery in Marlinton burnt. What a sight it was the next morning when the unilmans car drove down from Camplebell town across the river from the tannery or where it had originally stood.

Once on one of our camping trips - we were down river around the bend at the tunnel. This time Dempsey Johnson was with us- now here was a real sportswan and fine fisherman. For two nights we had a distinguished visitor - Mr. Moore, the game warden. Nr. Moore as a wonderful man and

taught us many things about survival and sportsmanship - he was a great

man. Dempsey Johnson had acquired a good habit of mailing fishing license to many men and boys he found who could not afford or know how to obtain a license, here was a spirit of a true sportsman hardly found in thems days. Dempsey will be remembered for some of the big fish he pulled in

ness strange in point of bettles.

Up and down the Greenbrier as well as over on Williams river, Tea creek and both Elk and Chest rivers.

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For spending money Maurice and I trapped muskrats in the slough below Enapps creek by the railroad track. Without much experiences we were not experts in removing the pelts from the rats.

once Mr. Ira Brill of the Peoples Store and Supply Company where we sold our pelts asked us who taug t us to skin a rat. Reveiving a negative answer - Mr. Brill being the kind of man he was took us into his store room and with a feesh muskrat proceded to teach us step by step just how to remove the pelt with the least cuts or damage. After that little lesson Maurice and I received at least a dollar more per pelt due to the thindness of Mr. Brill - who also I guess received a better price when he sold them.

Another money maker we used was going through the trash at the town dump down by the bed of the creek looking for old medicine bottles. The smaller the bottle the more we were paid for them. This was at a time when bottles were blown by hand. Usually five cents for a real small bottle up to a half cent for a half pint.

Many of the pottles contained dried medicine which coated the inside and our problem was to get them clean - our answer - get a willow stick fill the bottle half full of fine sand and atter - insert the stick- tie all the bottles in line on a long string and put into the rappids where they would not break. The string being tied around the middle gave the bottles a back and fourth mothen and soon the stain was gone. However the bottles had to be inspedted twice a day or the sand would leave the inside frosted.

When the bottles were clean we would take them home - boil them in the laundry boiler -dry in the oven - get a note from our Mothers the the bottles were sterile deliver to either of the towns Doctors who were always in need of bottles. I remember the last basket of bottles I sold - they were to Dr. J.W. Yeager - his office was in the First National Bank Building on the opposite side of the Bank itself. I remember that this was a good haul and Dr. Yeager after sorting out the bottles and reading Nothers note he gave me eighty two cents. This was a lot of money for a country boy on a Fridey afternoon.

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I remember that I crossed the street to the store being run by Mr.

A. S. Overhelt, a general store. (Later Harry Sharp had a newstand and soda fountain in the front and a pool hall in the back with Pete Boggs Barber Shop behind that). I bought a pair of knee length stockings, a pair of boys suppenders - a red bandanna handerkerchief, a small bag of stick candy - all this and thirtytwo cents to use for the Saturday Matinee 'Pearl White Serial', after the show Gertrude Overholt and I had enough between us to stop at Key's Drug store and get a chocolate soda (two straws). Ask her - she is now Mrs. Thomas Trent.

Many were the camping trips Maurice and I had all over Pocahontas County, we knew every swimming hole - where the fish were biting in what kind of weather.

When the Flu hit Marlinton in 1918-19 I always stayed with the Lang taking care of them with the help of all the neighbors who did all the cooking and shopping.

Maurice chose the Air Force and I picked the Navy. We never saw
each other after that in the early twenties but corresponded frequent
When he died I lost a very dear and good friend. Taps for Maurice in
Texas. I will always remember our happy days and nights we spent
together. Rest in Peace.

Just Comments

I've read with interest all the County School Superintendent's articles on the proposed grade school buildings for Pocahontas County. I attended the public meeting, saw the slides and heard the comments, pro and con. I read Mr. Charles Moore's article in a recent Pocahontas Times.

I'm sure everyone in Pocahontas County is interested in good school buildings and good schools inside those buildings. The problem we face is the fact, that a small percent of the people are the ones who will have to pay the tax to pay for the school bonds. Until a tax method is reached where every citizen of the county pays their fair share, there will be a problem. We had one person running for the Board of Education, who was interested in going before the Legislature, to get some type of county tax, where we would pay. That person was defeated by not too many votes.

We are a county of a large number of older people, who don't feel like voting a tax on the land owners and the few others who will have increased taxes. Many of these older people have taken Homestead Tax Act and are exempted the first \$5,000. It just takes 10 dimes to make a dollar-and 10one hundreds to make a thousand—and all of these extra dollars which are exempted would soon add

up. We could get passed a County Income Tax, or a County Car Tag, and then all would be in the business of getting the schools we need.

I, too, taught in a one room school. I got my grade school education in a one and two room school. My lunch froze from the time I set the lunch pail on the shelf in the hall until lunch time. Of course, I want our children to have better than this. We have much more in our homes, cars on the road and all these things, and we don't want our 1400+ boys and girls in grade school where the plaster may fall and knock them in the head, or where they will be electrocuted by exposed wires, or where they will be trapped by fire. A little walking in the snow or rain to gym or cafeteria won't hurt them-they'll play in the rain and snow as soon as they get home. That's good for them.

At the public meeting the question was asked, "What tax does a salaried person, owning no home, pay?" The answer was, "On their car."

My question is, "Why can't some method of taxation be reached where everyone would be a member of the team?" Maybe we would have to go to the state to get a new law. Why not? Mrs. Robert Hiner



West Virginia History

The marriage of business and politics that gave birth to modern West Virginia is documented for the first time in a book published by the West Virginia Univer-

sity Library.

West Virginia and the Captains of Industry was written by John A. Williams, WVU associate professor of history, who grew up in Greenbrier County and who received his doctorate from Yale Univer-

sity.

By 1900, West Virginia business and politics were dominated by industrialists who marshalled both the political and economic resource of the state for use beyond its borders," Williams writes. "The forging of this colonial political economy is the central concern of this book."

With development as their nostrum, those men gained control of both the Democratic and Republican Parties while also dominating the major industries, according to Williams.

But "West Virginia barely kept up with the national pace of improvement while failing to break out of its marginal and tributary position within the national economic system," Dr. Williams concludes.

"Thus in terms of their expectations, the boomers' utopia failed to materialize. What went wrong? Equally to the point, were there alternatives to the disappointing type of growth that took place?"

Williams cites the career of Joseph H. Diss Debar as one example of how faith in development failed West

Virginia.

In 1864, Debar was named the first state commissioner of immigration "to alert settlers and investors to the untapped riches of the infant commonwealth, Dr. William writes.

Debar, who designed the state seal and produced some 19,000 pieces of promotional literature about West Virginia, later ended his career in prison-"convicted in New York as a confidence man operating in partnership with a woman who claimed to be the daughter of mad King Ludwig and Lola Montez.

Copies of "West Virginia and the Captains of Industry" may be ordered by sending a check or money order for \$11 to Mountaineer Book Store, West Virginia University, Downtown Campus, Morgan-

town, WV 26506.

(Page 2)

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THURSDAY, APR. 1, 1976

Bicentennial Funds

Governor Arch Moore has approved an expenditure of \$2000 in Bicentennial funds for the Town of Durbin in Pocahontas County.

Moore said the funds will help the renovation of a town building for use as a mayor's office and community Center. The Governor indicated that the center will become a focal point of community activities, and will serve all the people of Durbin.

Governor Arch Moore has approved an expenditure of \$3000 in Bicentennial funds for several special projects being sponsored by the Cass Bicentennial Commission in Pocahontas County.

The funding will help enable the renovation and reconstruction of the Mayor's office and city council chambers, Moore said.

In addition, the commission plans to rebuild the suspension bridge that once linked the east and west sides of the town by providing a walk providing a walkway for pedestrians across the Greenbrier River, he continued.

The Governor indicated that planning is also being completed to convert a former church into a community center for the Town of Cass.

July 4

The Bicentennial Commission is asking all churches to ring their bells on July 4 at 2 p. m. for two minutes to celebrate the 200 anniversary—to the minute—of the first ringing of the Liberty Bell, proclaiming the independence of the United States.

CASS TRAIN

As the opening of the summer operating season approaches, things get busier at the Cass Scenic Railroad. Although regular public trips do not begin until Saturday, May 29, the railroad has already operated one special trip in February, has two scheduled for April, and will be operating at least six days in May prior to the 29th.

During the winter months Superintendent Jim Reep and his crew have been busy in the shop doing necessary repair work on the engines and cars and maintenance on the track. They have spent time this winter getting the new shop organized and have replaced the flues in Shays 2 and 3 and the tires on Shay 5. These three locomotives along with Shay 4 and Heisler 6 will be providing the motive power for the 1976 season. Cars have been cleaned and painted. On the track the major project has been the elimination of a curve between Whittaker Station and Old Spruce.

The State is in the process of receiving 25 surplus railroad cars and five diesel locomotives from the Federal government. Part of this equipment will be used at Cass and part on the new scenic railroad owned by the State in Fayette County.

At present the major need at Cass is someone to fill the shop foreman's position. If anyone is interested in this job they are asked to contact Superintendent Reep at Cass. Greenbrier Scenic Railroad

The popular Greenbrier Scenic Railroad is abandoning operations. Railroad board of directors March 9 announced their non-profit corporation is cancelling plans for any further Autumn weekend passenger trains.

Due to increased operation costs, these railroad officers said expenditures for fuel, diesel locomotives and train crew leases have risen. Air brake equipment upgrading is needed on coaches they own and use.

Additionally, the Chessie System is considering removing a large portion of the Greenbrier River Valley trackage from Durbin south to North Caldwell Station near here.

With the uncertainty both of track abandonment and the time frame in which it might occur, the railroad directors did not wish to invest in coach equipment repairs.

The four passenger coaches the Greenbrier Railroad owns are to be sold by bid. The remaining 14 coaches and cars will go into storage at the Cass Scenic Railroad. This equipment is owned by the West Virginia Department of Natural Resources.

(Page 2)

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THURSDAY, MAY 27, 1976

Historic Register

Pocahontas County
Historical Society, Inc.
U.S. Route 219
Marlinton, W. Va. 24954
Gentlemen:

We take great pleasure in informing you that the National Park Service, Department of the Interior, has notified us of the entry of Frank and Anna Hunter House (Pocahontas County Museum) in "The National Register of Historic Places."

It is a distinct honorhaving Frank and Anna Hunter House (Pocahontas County Museum) entered on a list which identifies for the people those properties worthy of preservation for their historic value. Those who made it possible for this site to be brought within the protective inventory of irreplaceable historic resources of West Virginia will take justifiable pride in this recent announcement by the National Park Service.

May we extend our congratulations, and take this opportunity to inform you that an official certificate attesting to this honor will be forwarded under separate cover in the near future.

> Sincerely, Leonard M. Davis State Historic Preservation Officer

A report on the progress of this project and information on possible markers will be given at the next meeting of the Pocahontas County Historical Society on Monday, June 28.

Two old buildings are coming down in Marlinton. The two story building next to Marlinton Motor Sales was recently purchased by them from Mrs. Paul Overholt. It was built by her father, Paul Golden, probably between 1900-1905, as a warehouse. He bought wool and the big long sacks were suspended from the second floor stringers and were filled from the second floor. There used to be a smaller building next to it that was a chicken house and a coal house.

A second building coming down is owned by Marlinton Electric and is next to the Opera House. It formerly was a two-story building but after a fire was made into one story. Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Slaven lived in the apartment upstairs at one time, also Mr. and Mrs. Tilton. The downstairs housed a three-chair barber shop for many years. Paul Gladwell was a barber there and remembers Bill Long, "Cotton" Roberts, Frank Moore, Elmer Palmer, and Clyde Evans as being other barbers who worked there. He thinks the barber shop closed about 1940.

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THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1976

PCHS Commencement

Annual Com-The Sixth mencement Exercises of Poca-hontas County High School will be held Friday night, May 28, 1976, at 8:00 in the school gymnasium. The program will be conducted by students from the top ten per cent of the graduating class. Remarks will be made by J. Moffett Mc-Neel, Jr., President of the Pocahontas County Board of Education, and Dr. James Lannan, Superintendent of Pocahontas County Schools. Diplomas will be given out by Dr. Lannan, assisted by Kenneth E. Vance, Principal of Pocahontas County School, and Robert Seaman, amistant principal of Pocahontas County High School. Music will be provided by Mrs. Frances Eakridge. The public invited to attend.

Members of the Senior Class!

Thomas Allen Arbogast Bonnie Auldridge Samuel Price Barlow II Frank Lacy Barrett, Jr. Alison L. Becker Jeffrey Allen Bennett Sandra Katrina Woods Beverage Loretta Sue Rexrode Blankenship Adam Charles Bond Thomas W. Boothe Diana Grace Buchanan Kathleen Elaine Burks Denise Alma Cain Sherry Dale Calhoun Eugene R. Carpenter Curtis Bruce Carr Karen Jean Cauley Virginia Lee Cloonan Douglas Martin Colaw o Anita Susan Crist o Gregory O. Curry o James Edward Cutlip

Mary Elizabeth Curry Dilley Lewis Michael Dunbrack John William Evans Kitty Jena Galford Lee G. Good Debra C. Grimes Emery Gilmer Grimes Erma Louise Grimes Rebecca Jo Grimes Alfred Renick Gum, Jr. o Donald C. Gum II Marilynn Efizabeth Gum Richard B. Harper Stephen Dale Hefner Dick Richard Hickman William Dallas Hill Larry D. Holson Marshall Allan Hoover Norma Jean Irvine Anetta Johnston David R, Jonese Karen Lynn Kellison Susan Jane Kershner Paul Allen Kesler, Jr. o Kris Douglas Kuhlken Sally Lynn Lambert Mary Ann Lightner Fredrick Dale Long Geraldine Patsy Mace Debra Jean Martin o Elizabeth C. Martin Faye Ellen Matheny Steve McCarty Robert C. McClure Steven Victor McCoy Carolyn S. McLaughlin Estelle Cook McLaughlin Michael Smith McLaughlin Patrick Smith McLaughlin Joseph Alan McMillion Georgia McNeill Randolph Curtis McPaters Janice Carlene Millican Gary W. Moats Gloria Elaine Moats Sherry Lee Wyatt Moore Forrest L. Mullenax Christopher P. Mullens

o'Randall Kenneth

o Larry G. Offutt o Mary Jane Oref Donald L. Pritt

Nottingham

John David Puffenbarger Kathy Lynn Richmond Janet Lee Rosencrance Jimmie Arlie Ryder, Jr. Mildred Carol Ryder Debra A. Scott Karen Elizabeth Scott George Daniel Sewell Debbie Lynn Sharp James William Sharp Leona Faye Sharp Jeffrey L. Shaw Annette Cheryl Shifflett Linda E. Shue Diana L. Simmons Janie Lusk Slaven David A. Stanley Christine Rosalita Taylor o Gary Wayne Taylor Mary Kathryn Taylor Rachel Elizabeth Taylor Bradley Allen Thomas George Lee Thomas Paula Jean Phillips Thomas Kennison A. Thompson, Jr. Priscilla Jean Tincher John Joseph Totten Michael L. Totten Sandra E. Triplett Edward Lee Turner Mary Ann Johnston Vandevender Teresa Lynn VanReenen Debra L. Varela Alberta Esther Varner Harrison Eugene Varner John Freeman Walker Jeffrey Douglas Weiford o Charles Albert Wilfong o'Janetta Irene Williams Alan Todd Wright Emma L. Young Top Ten Percent ON ational Honor Society

Add

David Lee Buzzard Patrica Varner Marllow

Golden Horseshoe Winners

Highest Scorers on the Pocahontas County West Virginia Golden Horseshoe test are:

Alten bucking saying may

empair of Lexis (42)

SHOWN SET THE TRANSPORT

Greg Friel Layton Beverage Anne Burns Vera Wade

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James & south

They are all students in Marlinton Elementary School.

Greg Friel is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Kyle Friel.

Layton Beverage is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Layton Beverage.

Anne Burns is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Burns, Jr.

Vera Wade is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Camie Wade.

These students will go to Charleston this Friday, May 21, to be dubbed Knights and Ladies of the Golden Horseshoe by the State Superintendent of Schools, Daniel B. Taylor.

In a morning assembly Martinson they will be addressed by Governor Moore, William Brotherton, president of the Senate, and Lewis Mc-Manus, speaker of the House, and Superintendent Taylor. They will meet members of the Board of Public Works.

> The Golden Horseshoe Ceremony, which began in 1930, is a climax of West Virginia studies, including history, geography, indusflora try, geology, fauna, natural resources, and government. The tests are prepared and scored by the State Department of Education.

Board of Education

The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on May 11.

Fred Burns, Jr., and Doug Dunbrack met with the Board to request the use of the Marlinton Athletic Field June 7—12 or June 14—19 for a carnival sponsored by the Marlinton Fire Department. This request was approved.

The Board approved the following school excursions using private transporta-

tion:

Hillsboro second grade to the Edray Fish Hatchery and Edray Community Center for field trip and class picnic on May 27.

A sheep shearing school

on May 13 and 15.

High School Forestry and Building Maintenance classes to visit Westvaco Gauley Woodland timber operations on May 12.

High School Forestry class to visit the Westvaco paper mill at Covington on May 13.

Hillsboro Fifth Grade to have field trip to Cranberry Glades on May 18.

Marlinton Eighth Grades to Watoga State Park for a class trip on June 2.

Marlinton Kindergarten to Foodland for a field trip

on May 13 and 18.

The Board approved the use of school buses for the following trips: Special Education students from PCHS to the W. Va. Special Olympics in Parkersburg on June 4 and 5.

Senior Class at the High School to the Observatory for a senior class picnic on

May 25 or 26.

The Board approved the use of school buses to transport campers to and from a Youth Opportunity Camp to be held in June at the 4-H Camp at Thornwood.

The request of the Oak Grove Presbyterian Church Women to use the Hillsboro cafeteria on May 29 for the Alumni Banquet was approved.

The Board accepted an office machine service contract for PCHS submitted by Brewer Office Equipment Company of Lewisburg.

Approval was given for the use of three buses, drivers, and folding chairs by the National Youth Science Camp, June 27 through July 19.

The Board approved the use of two buses and drivers for the Scenic River Cleanup Campaign this summer.

The request for the use of the mini-bus to transport students to the High School for the Summer Driver Education Program was approved.

Miss Rebecca Ann Fleming was employed as a science teacher at Hillsboro Elementary School for the 1976-77 school term.

Harry Booth was employed as Physical Education teacher at Marlinton Elementary School for the 1976-77 school year.

Mrs. Donna Barksdale was transferred from teaching the first grade at Marlinton to Title I Reading Specialist. This is a new position and is designed as a corrective program. Mrs. Barksdale will diagnose reading problems and sug-

gest teaching methods to be used by the classroom teacher to overcome these problems. She will be working in the Title I schools—Durbin, Marlinton and Hillsboro.

SUPPLIED & CHICAGO AL DI & NO.

Miss Laurel Puleo was employed as First Grade teacher at Marlinton Elementary school for the

1976-77 school term.

The resignation of Miss Wanda Wimer, Title I Speech therapist, at the end of the 1975-76 school year was accepted. Miss Wimer resigned to attend graduate school.

Mrs. Yvonne Lannan was employed as Librarian at Marlinton Elementary School for the 1976-77 term.

The employment period of Mrs. Louise Barnisky, Marlinton School Cafeteria Manager, was extended to eleven months.

Miss Deborah Faulknier was employed as a substitute teacher for the 1976-77 school term.

> Approval was given for the use of various Marlinton School facilities during Pioneer Days, July 9-10.

Moffett McNeel was chosen to represent the Board at the graduation ceremonies at the High School on May 28.

May 28 was set as the day for the Eighth Grade students to go to the High School to register for the Ninth Grade.

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smell correction, and extra-

The Board reviewed the bids received for the construction of a wing to the vocational building of the High School to house the Drafting and Nurses Aide programs and a separate building to be used as a Maintenance Lab. Two bids were received and had been opened on April 23. Kyle Construction Company, Summersville, bid \$136,951 on the wing and \$27,049 on the lab building while Moss Associates, Harrisonburg. Virginia, bid \$126,834 and \$33,425; with only \$146,000 available for the project, to both build and equip these new facilities, both bids were too high. The matter was turned over to the Vocational Education Advisory Committee, consisting of G. M. Peery, David Smith, James Lannan, Moffett McNeel, Kenneth Vance, and Tony Hamed. for their consideration. This committee recommended to the Board that the Maintenance Lab part of the program be eliminated and that the Board's architect, K. F. Weimer, negotiate with the two bidders to attempt to bring the price on the Vocational Wing to \$124,000, so \$22,000 will be left for equipment. The Board approved this recommendation.

The Board approved the April payroll in the amount of \$174,783,27.

The next regular Board meeting will be on May 25.

POCAHONTAS TIMES (Page 2) Poblished every Thursday encept the last week of the year. Settered at the Post Office at Marmount class matter. SURSCRIPTION CHARGES to Pocahontae County \$4.50 a year Eleewhere \$5.50 a year. In advance. JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1976

Open Letter to the People of Pocahontas County

I am writing this letter three days after the election and I still cannot believe that 65% or 2163 of the voters of Pocahontas County voted against the safety and health of the 1486 children who attend the elementary schools of the county. I suppose most of the people who voted against the issue did not attend the public meetings and do not realize that the present schools are unsafe.

Many of these elementary children are sitting in classrooms under plaster ceilings attached to wooden slats which have been hanging there more than fifty years. Periodically areas as large as ten feet square fall from these ceilings, knocking large holes in the school furniture. Fortunately, so far, there have been no children sitting under the areas where plaster has fallen. If they had been, their heads could have been split wide open; because these pieces of plaster are usually one and a half inches thick and do not fall flat as one might suppose, but turn to fall on their edges.

In my twenty-three years as principal at Hillsboro, I know of three attempts at arson in those buildings. One fire, of undetermined origin, in a classroom on Sunday was caught by an alert custodian, and extinguished by the Hillsboro Volunteer Fire Department in time to save the old

Hillsboro Elementary School. I also saw the old Bus Garage at Hillsboro burn flat to the ground within fifteen minutes. One school bus was burned and two bus drivers barely escaped with their lives. I also witnessed the two fires at the Board of Education Building and at the old Marlinton High School. Most people do not realize how rapidly these fires can spread nor the intense heat that can be generated which will ignite any combustible materials in the building.

The 1975-76 fire marshal's report lists 94 violations in the county schools. These include inadequate and unsafe fire exits, combustible wooden and glass classroom doors which must be replaced with fire resistant doors, and electrical wiring which does not meet the National Code. Also, among the requirements are installation of escape routes from all second and third story classrooms. The chances are good that if a fire occurred in any of the present buildings, during school hours, the loss of life from smoke inhalation or fire could be catastrophic.

We are fortunate to have been born Americans. But what brought our great country into existence and made it the envy of most other countries in the World? One of Thomas

Jefferson's persistant idea was that education of all the people participating in a democracy would bring about greatness for our country. Our forefathers in Pocahontas County believed in education. How right they all were! Education has made our country

great.

Some of the people long for the "good old days" of one room schools, which weren't so good when one thinks about them. I attended a two room school which dwindled to a one room school before I finished the eighth grade at Minnehaha Springs. I also taught one room schools for three years. Each of them had outside toilets, Brunside stoves, and no running water. I have seen children who walked three miles to school on very cold mornings come in crying because their feet were nearly frozen. The treatment was to put their feet in a pan of cold water, which felt warm to the feet, until they thawed and didn't hurt anymore. There are many good things to say about the one room schools; among them are that discipline at school usually meant discipline at home, teachers were respected and usually invited to the home for meals or to spend the night, parents were determined that their children were to receive the education that they themselves were unable to attain. The people that built these one room schools and

the presently occupied schools at Hillsboro, Marlinton, Green Bank, and Durbin had to sacrifice in order to get them. They had no automobiles, no indoor plumbing, no television, no radio, nor central heating: all are considered almost essential in most present day Pocahontas County homes. Their taxes were certainly more percentagewise than the pittance asked in the recent election.

I am not advocating a return to the one room school, they are gone forever, but the recent election shows that we have lost something that we have got to get back. Something that I thought we had; such as pride in our school system. a determination that our children have a better education that we had, and that they have opportunities for educational advancement equal to or better than other counties in the state. Our surrounding counties of Greenbrier, Nicholas, Webster, and Randolph have passed bond issues similar to the one just defeated. Don't the children of Pocahontas County deserve the same opportunities as other counties?

I publicly urge the Pocahontas County Board of Education to call a special election and resubmit the issue as soon as practical. In the meantime, perhaps the 1163 people who voted for the bond issue can

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convince the others that the need is urgent. Let us not wait until tragedy strikes.

Charles Moore Former teacher, principal, and superintendent of schools, Pocahontas County

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THURSDAY, APR. 29, 1976

Early Settlers

Sam Hill has compiled the following list of the early settlers of Pocahontas County from the pages of Rev. W. T. Price's book, "Historical Sketches of Pocahontas County." The page number follows each name.

name. Adam Arbogast, 122; William Auldridge, 368; Col. John Baxter, 50; Henry Baker, 463; John Beard, 548; Josiah Beard, 343; John Bradshaw, 505; James & John Bridger, 558: David Bright, 542; Joseph Brown, 363; John Bruffey, 117; Joshua Buck-ley, 211; John Burgess, 351; Abram Burner, 426; Reuben Bussard, 538; Valentine Cackley, 197; James Callison, 435; Lewis Canaan, 565; Michael Cleek, 379; William Clendenin, 155; John Cochran, 155; Thomas Cochran, 422; John Collins, 412; John Conrad, 397; Joseph & Andrew Crouch, 565; Michael Daugherty, 400; Henry Dilley, 298; Charles Lawrence and Thomas Drinnon, 459; Abram Duffield, 451; William Edmiston, 439; John Ewing, 612; John Flemmens, 274; Jeremiah Friel, 175: Thomas Galford, 269; Robert Gay, 128; David Gibson, 195; Felix Grimes, 188; David Hannah, 219; Richard Hill, 116; William Higgins, 273; Ellis Hughes, 108; Peter Ingram, 273; David James, 347; John Jordan, 500; George Kee, 292; Daniel Kerr, 376; Charles & Jacob Kinnison, 149: James Lackey, 567; Peter Lightner, 180; Jacob Marlin, 105; Timothy Mc Carty, 404; Dan McCollam, 229; John McNeel, 135; Thomas McNeil, 381; John William 289: Moore. Moore, 355; Levi Moore, 284; Moses Moore, 108.

William Nottingham, 526; William Poage, 513; Frank Riffle, 567; Stephen Sewell, 104; Jacob Seybert, 140; John Sharp, 213; William Sharp, 331; John Slaven, 144; John Smith, 302; James Tallman, 486; John Warwick, 428; Jacob Warwick, 234; John Webb, 416;

John & William White, 565; Alexander Waddell, 479; Ralph & Stephen Wanless, 455; James Waugh, 336; Samuel Waugh, 338; John Yeager, 442; William

Young, 306.

The Pocahontas County
Historical Society is hoping
to locate the sites of the
homes of as many of these
and other early Pocahontas
County pioneers as possible. Then it is hoped to
mark these sites with a
suitable marker as one of
the County's Bicentennial
projects. We hope that the
descendants of these pioneers will take an active
interest in this project.

If you have any information as to the location of these homes, please send it to Sam Hill, Hillpoint, Hillsboro, W. Va. 24946.

Early Pioneers

Anyone who is a descendant of the early pioneers of Pocahontas County of the Revolutionary Period or anyone who has knowledge of the location of their cabins or homes is asked to write to Sam Hill, Hillpoint, Hillsboro, W. Va. 24946. Mr. Hill is working on a Pocahontas Bicentennial project to mark the locations of the early cabins and farm homes. Some people have given him some information verbally but he wold like to have it written Sometimes verbal details are forgotten.

quantes un une senate moor has en Rusself Long, D.La., the rosh Senate Finance chairman, in customary role as medicine man

the lobbyists.

Do the airlines want their unused estment tax credits refunded? racadabral Long provided them h a \$300 million loophole. Would bil Oil like to continue claiming eign tax credits on property it no ger owns? Alacazam! Long proed another loophole, worth \$40 lion a year to Mobil. He fashed two more loopholes, which his oil heirs will be able to use to ape hundreds of thousands of dolin taxes.

But Long's legislative legerdein raised a howl, louder than al, from reform-minded senators public interest groups. Sen. Wiln Proxmire, D-Wis., called g's sleight-of-hand the greatest away since "Peter Stuyvesant ed the Indians out of Manhattan

nd for \$24."

tung by the criticism, Long has ed to reopen his hearings to air protests against more than 50 ial-interest amendments - loops of varying sizes which he d into the tax bill. He is expectuse the hearings to answer the ks and, if possible, to placate ublic.

it this time, it will take more Long's fast talk to quiet the c. Polls show that only one

has jumped 65 per cent during the past six years. The average American now works more than four months of each year to earn enough to pay his taxes, a situation which prompts tax fighters to point out that in the Dark Ages, serfs labored only three months a year for their masters.

The very complexity of the tax law, with 6,000 pages of rules and regulations, also repels many. Two out of five taxpayers now require professional help on their returns, thus adding accountants' fees to the tax burden.

Moreover, all the exceptions and special treatments in the tax laws convince many taxpayers that these are laws meant to be broken by the clever and those who can afford to hire the clever. When it is revealed that 3,000 Americans with incomes over \$50,000 paid no federal income tax in a recent year and that 11 major corporations paid no income tax despite substantial earnings, it fuels the public cynicism. The tax laws have less and less moral authority.

This has led to a noncompliance rate that is staggering. An estimated five to ten million Americans, who owe taxes, don't even bother to file returns. There are many more millions of semi-outlaws who admit only the income that their employers report to the government and hide additional earnings that are not

"That's him! My dad! at the same time as



They still don't quite know wha hit them, but the preliminary re sponse by Democrats from all ove the country has been gratifying.

The Democrats tend to recogniz power, and in Jimmy Carter the came upon it, and are settling dow without major demonstrations of resentment. One reaches for symbols Jimmy Reston's references to Cart er are now uniformly deferential Mayor Daley, whose iron grip ove the Illinois delegation was not chall lenged this year, instructed the dele gation to vote for Carter.

One dissenter said he would no go along. Daley replied in character istic fashion: "We'll report the dele

oh tue ust The deserved great credit for the part he did in helping to develop our county.

Shall appreciate your looking into it.

> Sincerely, Enid Harper

(Page 2)

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THURSDAY, MAY 13, 1976

Dear Jane.

Mr. Sam Hill omitted the name of Henry Harper, my great, great grandfather, from his list of early Pocahontas County settlers.

And the second

P. C. A. S. L. French, 1900.

I do not have my copy of the Historical Sketches by the late Rev. Wm. T. Price with me and cannot give you the page number. (note Page 393, Henry Harper settled here in 1812.)

Please check and make correction. I would like to see Henry Harper's name on the list. He deserved great credit for the part he did in helping to develop our county.

Shall appreciate your looking into it.

Sincerely, Enid Harper

POCAHONTAS TIMES (Page 2)

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THURSDAY, DEC. 18, 1975

Continued the log schoolhouse.

We are unable to say when the first school was taught in Frost. A person now living tells us of one being taught there in an old store building before the Civil War. At some later period a one room schoolhouse was built near the location of the present two-roomed house. This was abandoned in 1912 and a modern schoolhouse was In 1923 it was erected. found to be too small to accommodate the pupils who should attend and an additional room was added.

When the Civil War began school was being taught by Miss Mattie Gum, the mother of the late George Gingar, of Huntersville, in a log school house which stood on the knoll near L. R. Hively's residence. The next building used for school in the Sunset neighborhood was on the hill not far from J. A. Cleeks. The last term

H. Moore in the year of 1896 and 1897. By the next winter a new building had been constructed at the present location. It was destroyed by fire a few years ago. The building in which school is taught now, was located on the site of the old one.

The Moore schoolhouse first stood on the east side of the creek at the foot of the Allegheny Mountain, a short distance above Coe Beverage's, as the road was there at that time. Later, after the road was changed the schoolhouse of this sub-district was built further up the valley above C. D. Newman's. When it was decided that this structure could not be used any longer the house in which school is taught at this time was built.

The first school taught at Cove Hill near Frost was approximately in 1894 by J. M. Barnett.

Douthards Creek schoolhouse was built in 1910. It has also been used for preaching services and Sunday School.

A one-room building was first at Minnehaha Springs. It was probably erected twenty-five years ago. The two-roomed building was put up in 1915. W. L. Herold was the contractor.

Homes—The pioneer homes have mostly been replaced by new modern buildings. A telephone line reaches nearly every one. Many of the houses have been provided with water system and light plants.

The only brick residence in the valley is the one where I. B. Moore dwells. Mr. Moore's father had this house built. The man who had the contract burned the brick and did all the work for the consideration of two sorrel horses. The home has been well preserved to this day.

Conclusion—In conclusion I wish to say that Knapp's Creek Community has furnished to the world ministers, college professors, a judge, doctors, lawyers, civil engineers, teachers and people of many professions. Seven teachers have come from Douthard's Creek School alone since 1910.

We are all very much indebted to Rev. Wm. T. Price for the history he recorded and left us. It is to be hoped that the people of each neighborhood will follow his example and keep a record of future events in a more accurate manner than they have in the days past.



Note. This page should be added to Page 71 in Vol. I. Part over-printed.

Letter

I hear that people are writing letters about Marlinton, and I thought you might be interested in what I think of it.

In 1916 I graduated from D & E Commercial Department, after which they got me a job at \$25 per month. My father thought I was starving myself to death so with the help of Mr. Andrew Price and Mr. Beard from Hillsboro, I went to work at the Bank of Marlinton in February 1917 and worked there about three years. At that time Mr. McFerrin and Mr. Wade were bookkeepers. A couple of years later Mr. Wade went into the insurance business and Mr. Rexrode was hired in his place. I worked under Mr. Echols, Cashier, and Mr. Hunter, Vice President. Mr. Hunter kept an "Eagle Eye" on me and gave me much good advice when he saw me doing something I shouldn't be doing. One of the things he told me was that water running over stones for a half mile purifies it. I never forgot it.

I roomed and boarded with a family named Sheets who lived down on Second Avenue and later with the McFerrins who lived up near the tannery. One morning after a hard storm, I went to work in a row boat.

At that time the passenger train ran from Ronceverte to Durbin and everyone went to the station on Sunday evening to see who

was traveling.

After the first World War ended, there was a man from Hinton who brought an airplane to Marlinton and gave people rides. fifteen minutes for \$15. I wanted to ride in it but was scared. Catherine Clark kept begging her father to let her go up, and he finally told the man to strap her in and give her the works. He took her up, looped the loop and nose-dived and everything. When he landed she jumped out and ran to Mr. Clark and said "give him another \$15. I thought it wasn't so bad, so I paid my \$15 and took my one and only plane ride. We went up high enough that I could see Huntersville. I got down in the plane and promised if I got back safely to the ground I would stay there. I was up eight minutes.

> Sincerely, Mary B. Cromer

A News The American

The Award Winning Newspaper

4B Sunday, August 8, 1976 •

Annals Of America

In a letter to his wife, Abigail, on July 3, 1776, John Adams hailed the Continental Congress' action declaring the colonies free and independent states as a most memorable date in American history:

ported with enthusiasm, but I am not. I am well aware of the toil, and blood, and treasure, that it will cost us to maintain this declaration, and support and defend these States. Yet, through all the gloom, I can see the rays of ravishing light and glory. I can see that the end is more than worth all the means, and that posterity will

triumph in that day's transaction, even although we should rue it, which I trust in God we shall not...The second day of July, 1776, will be the most memorable epoch in the history of America. I am apt to believe that it will be celebrated by succeeding generations as the great anniversary festival. It ought to be commemorated as the day of deliverance, by solemn acts of devotion to God Almighty. It ought to be solemnized with pomp and parade, with shows, games, sports, guns, bells, bonfires, and illuminations, from one end of this continent to the other, from this time forward forevermore."

Military Order

OF THE

World Wars



ANNAPOLIS CHAPTER ROSTER 1974-1975

civilians, who happen to be in other

V

- *[PM] VAN ANTWERP, William M., Jr., Capt., USMC
 - *[P] VAUGHN, Glen L., Lt., USN, Ret. VERO, Andrew J., Maj., USAFR
 - *[P] VICTOR, James E., Lt.Col., USMC, Ret.
 - * VIOLETT, Quentell, R/Adm., USNR, Ret.

W

- [P] WADLEIGH, John R., R/Adm., USN, Ret.
- *[P] WALKER, Sherburne B., Maj., USMCR
 - * WALLACE, William C., Lt.Col., USA, Ret.

JULY ATM

Independence Day—the fourth of July—commemorates the birthday of our Nation. The day symbolizes the divine right of each man to have a voice in his own government. A Republic was born on this day! This special day is probably best summarized in a letter written by

John Adams to his wife on 3 July 1776:

"Yesterday, the greatest question was decided which ever was debated in America; and a greater perhaps never was, nor will be, deciding among men. A resolution was passed without one dissenting colony, that those United Colonies are, and of right ought to be free and independent States. The second day of July 1776, will be the most memorable epoch in the history of America. I am apt to believe that it will be celebrated by succeeding generations as the great anniversary festival. It ought to be commemorated as the day of deliverance, by solemn acts of devotion to God Almighty. It ought to be solemnized with pomp and parade, with show, sports, guns, bells, bonfires, and illuminations, from one end of this continent to the other, from this time forward forevermore."

Adams was talking about the discussion and the passing of the declaration of independence resolution introduced by Richard Henry Lee of Virginia on 7 June 1776, but deferred until 1 July, so that the committee of five could prepare a statement explaining the reasons for independence.

On 2 July, the Lee resolution was approved, and on 4 July, after much debate and some slight deletions from the explanatory statements as presented by the committee of five, the total statement of declaration, in-

cluding Lee's resolution was adopted.

Thus 200 years ago this month, our Founding Fathers wrote the Declaration of Independence, and as Benjamin Franklin was leaving the Constitutional Convention, he was met by a woman who said, "Sir, what have you given us?" And he replied: "A Republic, Madam, if you can keep it." There is a great deal of wisdom in that statement.

The very next year, in 1777, even though they were in the midst of war, Philadelphia residents observed 4 July as a day of celebration. Today, practically every hamlet in all of the 50 states, plus American Servicemen and civilians, who happen to be in other countries, observe the Fourth of July with prayers, speeches, parades, pageantry, and fireworks.

Fourth of July

Published away Thumber enough

Chiterest at the Post Office at Blue-

It was a grand and glorious Bicentennial Fourth of July celebration in Marlinton Sunday. The PCHS Band played, under the direction of Charles Fauber. Dale Curry was master of ceremonies, Mayor Ed Rexrode greeted the large crowd, David Corcoran led in the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag, PATRIOTIC PRESENTATION, Liberty Proclaimed, was directed by Mrs. Ben Morgan, with a county-wide group of singers, ten young persons representing various occupations, with "hats off to the past and coats off for the future," Connie Campbell and Davy Corcoran as Martha and George Washington, and "Butch" Michael as narrator. The ringing of the church bells brought minutes of throughtful gratitude for our freedom and many blessings. Congressman Staggers brought challenges of the changes facing us in the third century of our nation-one thing that is certain is change-and the program closed with patriotic favorites sung by a Bicentennial singing group led by Mrs. Willard Eskridge. There was plenty of cake and watermelon for everyone. The large cake decorated with a scroll, flag and Liberty Bell was baked and decorated by Helen Kellison, Cameron Astin, Osa McLaughlin and Sally Nottingham.

Happy Birthday, America

stratig but everyone wal try

(Page 2)

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SUBSCRIPTION CHARGES
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THURSDAY, JULY 15, 1976

Bicentennial

From the Fourth of July observances to the Bicentennial Hymn Sing, last week was a fitting celebration of our Country's 200th Birthday.

We will express here appreciation for everything done to help make this historical observance meaningful and a true County-wide endeavor.

Happy Third Century!

Pioneer Days

Pioneer Days have come and gone again. Next year's Pioneer Days will be July 8-10. Start making plans.

By almost everyone's evaluation, this year's activities were successful. Always a few things forgotten and a few things done wrong but everyone will try harder next time.

The crowds were good, the weather good, and everyone seemed to have a good time, which is important.

Saturday's Parade was unusually good. Real work had gone into the floats and entries. There were many fine horses. Steve Hunter was Parade Director again and this year he was assisted by Julia Price, coordinator, with, of course, many Good planning helpers. The surwas evidenced. prise Uncle Sam was good. There was a planned historical sequence, with the group of Indians, Princess Pocahontas, Chief and Braves on horses, pioneers on foot, settlers in a pioneer wagon, chicken coop on the side, mountain musicians, and a clown from bygone days for frivolity. Clubs and individuals made excellent entries. It was all good.

Many good comments were heard about "Godspell," presented by Green brier Theatre. It was exceptionally good.

The Flea Market was successful.

By Bobby Dean
As we walk through days of festival
O'er the paths our forefathers trod
And we imitate their workings
Sometimes with approval the elders nod

Well, it pleases me immensely
To hear the old ones say,
"Well Done"
That's the way we did in my day
From the dawn till setting sun"

And I welcome all the visitors
Who have come from far and near
Those who take part in the program
And those who just come to see and hear

As they travel through our county
With its lofty mountain peaks
And they gaze with awe and wonder
At the lovely hills and creeks

Now I am so proud of my heritage
That my ancestors left to me
It's been spread through out the country
Even clear across the sea

The courage of the mountain folks
Is told as far as history goes
And the same is still true today
Which proves—One reaps
Just what he sows

And when God fulfills his promise
That He gave in John:14
And we move on up to His House
The pattern of which I've already seen

It will be almost like this place
With its rivers, hills and streams
And the gathering of the mountain folks
We'll all be there, it seems

There'll be someone to pick
some bluegrass
And someone to sing a song
Maybe even have a square
dance
What e'er they do, we'll
go along

I hope this verse will pay
tribute
To the folks I love so well
And the beauty of our
County
Till the last tolling of the
bell.

(Page 2)

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1976 Pioneer Days-July 9-11, '76

Bicentennial Week Activities **Pocahontas County**

The Bicentennial Week is going to be very, very full of activities in Pocahontas County starting with the Durbin Jubilee on Saturday, July 3, and ending with the final events of Pioneer Days on Sunday, July 11. All types of activities are being scheduled in many different parts of the County. Mark your calendars now and plan to attend as many as possible.

This week we are printing a brief schedule of events and plan a detailed listing for next week's paper. If we have missed any events please let us know for next week.

Saturday, July 3

Afternoon: Durbin Jubilee Day at Durbin.

Evening: Rodeo at Fair-

grounds.

Sunday, July 4

Afternoon: Bicentennial Birthday Celebration at Marlinton.

Evening: Rodeo Monday, July 5 Evening: Rodeo

Tuesday, July 6

Afternoon and evening: Chautauqua at Hillsboro Wednesday, July 7

Afternoon and evening,

Chautauqua.

Thursday, July 8

Afternoon: Chautaugua. Evening: Miss Pocahon-

tas Pageant. Friday, July 9

All Day: Pioneer Days Evening: "Godspell"

Saturday, July 10

All Day: Pioneer Days

Afternoon: Parade Sunday, July 11

All Day: Pioneer Days Afternoon: Horse Show Evening: Bicentennial

Worship Service.

For information contact the following people:

Rodeo, Argile Arbogast,

799-4683.

Durbin Jubilee, Mrs. Alma Mick, 456-4030. Bicentennial Birthday Celebration, Mrs. Jane Sharp 799-4973.

Chautauqua, David Corcoran or Susan Hefner 653-4430.

Pioneer Days, Doug Dunbrack 799-4993

DURBIN BICENTENNIAL CELEBRATION

Upper Pocahontas County came alive again with the special Bicentennial Celebration in Durbin on July 3 that included a parade and carnival activities in the Hiner Park. This has been the biggest event in the Bartow-Frank-Durbin area for years. The Bicentennial Committee has worked for several months to make this celebration a success and were well rewarded with a grand turnout. We were honored by the presence of Mrs. Julia Pitsenberger, member of the W. Va. House of Delegates, who entered her car in our parade. We are grateful for the Parade entries from Marlinton and other local and neighboring areas. Our local area clubs and organizations were given ample opportunity to make money for their organizations by operating a variety of booths and they thank all who donated their baked goods, gifts, money, time, and efforts.

Mrs. Janey Warner, of Bartow, is to be commended for the fine job she did organizing the booths and fun activities at Hiner's Park.

We all appreciate Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hiner, of Durbin for donating the use of their property to these clubs and organizations.

The Bicentennial Commission's president, Mrs. Louise Collins, and the Vice President, Mrs. Lottie Moore, wish to thank each and every person who helped to make our celebration a success. Mrs. Alma Mick, Mayor of Durbin and secretary of the Bicentennial Commission, who was in charge of the parade, sincerely thanks Gray Wilfong and Karl Hille for helping organize and form the parade. The Town of Durbin and the Bicentennial Committee wish to thank Mrs. Barbara Hille for making the posters used to decorate their parade vehicles and for the one used on the carnival grounds.

We hope everyone enjoyed the celebration and if we missed thanking anyone, we take this opportunity to do so.

Durbin Bicentennial Commission

(Page 2)

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, JUNE 24, 1976

Pioneer Days -July 9-11, '76

Honorary Parade Marshals

Misses Mabel and Fleeta Lang will be Honorary Parade Marshals for the 1976 Pioneer Days Parade. These two young ladies are known to almost everyone after being in their business, Lang's Dress Shoppe, from 1936 to 1968, out two years, and then from 1970 to 1974 again before retiring for good. Mabel started work for Overholt's Store and stayed with them for 21 years; Fleeta worked for Schuchat's and Kline's Stores for 20 years, be fore they joined in a store of their own.

They were born in Kerens, Randolph County, but have spent most of their lives in Pocahontas. Their parents were David and Grace Lang.

Bicentennial Week Activities In Pocahontas County

The week of July 3-11 is going to be a most interesting and exciting one in Pocahontas County with at least one event scheduled for each day. No matter what your interests might be — parades, horses, country music, crafts, lectures, history, games, food, drama, singing, art work, dancing — you will find activities to suit your taste. Make no other plans for this week but to spend it here in "wild, wonderful" Pocahontas County.

A schedule of events for the week is given below. Be sure to let us know if we have left any activity out

(Page 2)

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IN Pocahontas County \$4.50 a year.

JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

Pioneer Days-July 9-11, '76

Pioneer Days Parade

The 1976 Pioneer Days Parade will be held on Saturday, July 10, at 2 p. m. Registration will be from 10 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. at the VanReen en Funeral Home parking lot, Judging will begin at 12:45 p. m. and all entrants must be in place at that time to be judged.

There will be classes as follows: Pioneer Horse and Rider; Horse or Oxen Drawn Conveyance; People Walking in Pioneer Dress; Western Style Horse and Rider; Floats of Pioneer or Bicentennial Theme; Bicycles and Riders of Bicentennial or Pioneer Theme; Commercial Entries; and Antique Cars of 1951 Model or earlier.

In addition this year, immediately following the parade, an Antique Car Show will be held at the Marlinton Elementary School field, with trophies for the first five places, and prize money for the top ten places in the show.

All parade classes, except the Antique Auto, will have trophies and prize money for the top three awards. No prize money will be given in the Commercial Class. For further information contact J. Steven Hunter, 799-4700

Pioneer Days Flea Market

If you have any collectibles, antiques, or odds and ends about that you want to be rid of, the Pioneer Day Flea Mark et is your opportunity to clean house and make some money in the process. It will be held on Saturday, July 10, at the old Marlinton Graded School playground, weather permiting, beginning at 9 a. m.

The charge for display space will be \$2 plus the Pioneer Days Badge. No clothing is to be sold.

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All parade classes, except the Antique Auto, will have trophies and prize money for the top three awards. No prize money will be given in the Commercial Class. For further information contact J. Steven Hunter, 799-4700

Band Practice

The PCHS Band will hold practice on Monday, June 28, 7:30 p. m., in the High School band room for Parades July 3-Durbin; Pioneer Days.

Charlie Fauber, Director

Durbin Bicentennial

The Durbin Bicentennial Commission has received the \$2,000 grant and applied it to the completion of the Durbin Mayor's office. This is a grant from the American Revolution Bicentennial Commission. Final plans for a Parade and Festi val at Durbin on Saturday. July 3, to commemorate the Bi centennial are being completed. Formation of the Parade will be at the Westvaco Wood yard at the west end of Durbin at 1 p. m. All floats and entries should be a sis site by that time. The for pooths at the carnival ground will open at 11:30 a. m. and the Parade will start at 2 p. m. The Town of Durbin is allowing free park ing from noon on that day.



Pioneer Days Program Changes

Since the official program for Pioneer Days was sent to the printers, several changes have been made to the schedule of events. Be sure to take note of the following changes and mark them in your copy.

The Pony Pulling Contest on Friday and the Horsepulling Contest on Saturday have been moved from the Marlinton Athletic Field to the Fairgounds.

the Fairgounds.
The Historical tour of
Marlinton listed for Sunday
afternoon will not be held.

On Page 11 of the program the dates for the Pocahontas County Mountain and Bluegrass Festival were left out of the advertisement. This event will be held on July 30, 31, and August 1, and is not part of Pioneer Days Mountain Music Festival is on Saturday at 6 p. m. at the Athletic Field.

The Marlinton Senior Citizens Crafts will be at Richardson's Store instead of the log cabin at the Museum.

Correction

Miss Pocahontas Pageant

In last week's paper and the official Pioneers Days Program the sponsoring organizations for Sharon Kellison is incorrectly given. It should have been the Swago Extension Homemakers Club. The Miss Pocahontas Pageant Committee regrets this error.

SATURDAY, JULY 3

Durbin Bicentennial Celebration
11:30 a.m. — Food Booths Open
2:00 p.m. — Parade
Following parade: games and food at Hiners
Park in Durbin. Community singing.

Flying "W" Rodeo and Wild West Show
Sponsored by the Pocahontas County Horseman's
Association
6:00 p.m. — Fairgrounds at Marlinton
Country music during intermission
Admission - \$3 for adults and \$1 for 12 and under.

SUNDAY, JULY 4
"Happy Birthday, USA"

Marlinton Bicentennial Birthday Celebration
First National Bank Porch

1:30 p.m. -- PCHS Band will play
2:00 p.m. -- Church Bells for 3 minutes
Star Spangled Banner
Pledge of Allegiance
Patriotic Presentation
Speaker: Honorable Harley Staggers
Bicentennial Choir
Refreshments: Watermelon and birthday cake.

- God & Country Service
 3:30 p.m. Grace Independent Baptist Church Marlinton
- Flying "W" Rodeo at Fairgrounds, 6 p.m.
- Flying "W" Rodeo at Fairgrounds, 2 p.m.
- Bluegrass Show with the Dominion Bluegrass Boys, sponsored by the Pioneer Days Committee 8:00 p.m. - Marlinton Municipal Building Admission: \$2 for adults, \$1 for children.

TUESDAY, JULY 6
Chautauqua at the Pearl S. Buck Birthplace at

Hillsboro, sponsored by the Hillsboro Bicentennial Committee and the Pearl S. Buck Birthplace Foundation

Greenbrier Valley Day
1:00 p.m. - Invocation & discussion "What is
Chautauqua?"

1-5 p.m. - Exhibits and demonstrations: Seneca District, Boy Scouts of America

12-5 p.m. -- Tours of Pearl S. Buck Birthplace 2:00 p.m. -- Mr. and Mrs. William P. McNeel, Educators and travelers, slide lecture and discussion: "Living and Working Down-Under: Australia."

4:00 p.m. -- Dr. Patrick W. Gainer, Folklore Authority, program: "West Virginia Folk Culture: Songs in the Home."

8:00-9:30 p.m. - Concert: Black Mountain Bluegrass Boys

11:00 a.m. - 9:00 p.m. - Concession Stand Open. Admission: Afternoon, \$1 saults, 50c students Evening, \$1.50 per person

WEDNESDAY, JULY 7

- Chautaugua at Hillsboro

Marlinton and Upper Pocahontas Day 1:00 p.m. - Invocation: Rev. Richard L. Newkirk,

Marlinton Presbyterian Church

1:05-1:15 p.m. -- Discussion "What is Chautauqua?" David H. Corcoran, Ex. Dir. PSBBF

1 - 5 p.m. -- Exhibits and demonstrations: Seneca

District, Boy Scouts of America

12 - 5 p.m. -- Tours of the Birthplace Museum. 1:45 - 2:00 p.m. - Mark Newkirk, Violinist

2 p.m. - Mr. Boyd Payton, Noted Author and Reformer, Program and discussion: Boyd Payton's America: Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow '

4:00 p.m. -- Mr. Woodrow Taylor, Lecturer and traveler, slide program and discussion: "The Holy Land: Religions of the World."

8:00 - 9:30 p.m. -- "Bicentennial '76" The Music of Broadway honors America's 200th Birthday.

Greenbrier Valley Theater Group.

11 a.m. - 9 p.m. -- Concession Stand Open. Admission: Afternoon, \$1 adults, 50c students Evening, \$2.50 per person

 Country and Western Music Show 7:30 p.m. - First National Bank porch in Marlinton. Free will donations.

THURSDAY, JULY 8

Chautauqua at Hillsboro

Little Levels Day

1:00 p.m. -- Invocation and discussion: "What is Chautauqua?"

1:00 - 5:00 p.m. -- Exhibits and Demonstrations: People of Hillsboro.

1:00 - 5:00 p.m. -- Art Exhibits

Local Pocahontas County artists only.

12 - 5 p.m. -- Tours of Birthplace Museum.

1:45 - 2:00 p.m. -- Mrs. Sherman Beard, Organist 2:00 p.m. - Panel Discussion: "The History of Hillsboro & the Little Levels."

Alfred McNeel, Chairman.

4:00 p.m. - Dr. Thomas R. Ross, Historian and

author. Program: "The Declaration of Independence and The American Revolution." 11:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. -- Concession Stand Open Admission: \$1 adults, 50c students

 MISS POCAHONTAS PAGEANT 8:00 p.m. - Pocahontas County High School Admission: \$1 adults, 50c children

FRIDAY, JULY 9 Pioneer Days

9 a.m. - 5 p.m. - Pearl Buck Museum open Regular admission will be charged.

10 a.m. - 4 p.m. -- Old Log Church on Stony Creek open

11 a.m. - 8 p.m. - Pocahontas County Historical

Museum open —Student Art Exhibit

11 a.m. - 7 p.m. - French Creek Game Farm Exhibit at First National Bank lot

11 a.m. - 7 p.m. - Wagon rides to and from Pioneer Days activities

11 a.m. - 6 p.m. -- Surrey rides, 50c

Noon - 7 p.m. - Percussion Rifle Shooting Contest Across Stillwell bridge

1 p.m. - 7 p.m. -- Craft exhibits and demonstrations at Marlinton School Gym

1:00 p.m. -- Pony Pulling Contest at Fair Grounds
Admission — \$1

1:30 p.m. -- Old Time Spelling Bee at Museum

2 p.m. -- Pocahontas County & Bicentennial History Contest at Museum

3:00 p.m. - GODSPELL Marlinton Methodist Church Admission: \$2 per person

7 p.m. - Frog Hop and Turtle races at Marlinton Athletic Field

7:30 p.m. -- Tobacco Spitting Contest

8:30 p.m. - GODSPELL

Marlinton Methodist Church

Admission: \$3 per person

Note: Unless otherwise noted, admission to Pioneer Days events is by the Pioneer Days Badge.

SATURDAY, JULY 10

- Pioneer Days

9 a.m. - 5 p.m. -- Art Exhibit at Hillsboro.

9 a.m. - 5 p.m. -- Pearl Buck Museum open Regular admission will be charged.

9 a.m. - 8 p.m. -- Pocahontas County Historical Museum open —Student Art Exhibit

9 a.m. - 9 p.m. -- Wagon rides to and from Pioneer Days activities

9 a.m. - 5 p.m. -- Surrey Rides, 50c

9 a.m. - 5 p.m. -- French Creek Game Farm Exhibit at First National Bank lot

9:00 a.m. -- Horsepulling Contest at Marlinton Athletic Field

Admission: \$1

9 a.m. - 6 p.m. -- Percussion Rifle Shooting Contest, across Stillwell bridge

9:30 a.m. - 5 p.m. -- Craft exhibits and demonstrations at Marlinton School Gym

10 a.m. - 1 p.m. -- Old Log Church on Stony Creek open.

2:00 p.m. -- PIONEER DAYS PARADE

3:30 p.m. -- Antique Car Show at Marlinton Athletic Field

4:00 p.m. -- Horseshoe Pitching Contest at Marlinton Presbyterian Church

6 p.m. -- MOUNTAIN MUSIC FESTIVAL
Marlinton Athletic Field

9:00-11:30 p.m. -- Square Dance at Southern States Store

9:00 p.m. - 1:00 a.m. -- Social Dance at Marlinton School Gym

Admission: \$10 per couple in advance \$12 at the door

Note: Unless otherwise noted, admission to Pioneer Days events is by the Pioneer Days Badge.

SUNDAY, JULY 11

Morning -- Church of your choice 10:00 a.m. -- Old Log Church on Stony Creek open 1 p.m. - 5 p.m. -- Wagon rides to and from Pioneer Days activities.

1 p.m. - 5 p.m. -- Surrey rides, 50c

1 p.m. - 5 p.m. -- Pearl Buck Museum open Regular admission will be charged.

1 p.m. - 5 p.m. -- Pocahontas County Historical Museum open —Student Art Exhibit

1 p.m. - 5 p.m. -- French Creek Game Farm exhibit at First National Bank lot

1:30 p.m. -- PIONEER DAYS HORSE SHOW Fairgrounds

Admission: \$1 adults, 50c under 12

2 p.m. -- Preaching and Song Service at Old Log Church on Stony Creek

2 p.m. -- Singing Festival at Mt. Olivet Methodist Church on Droop

2 p.m. -- Mountain Ballad singing at Museum

7:30 p.m. BICENTENNIAL WORSHIP SERVICE and HYMN SING

Marlinton Methodist Church

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THE WAR SHEETED THEN SEE . MINE DISTANT

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Note: Unless otherwise noted, admission to Pioneer Days events is by the Pioneer Days Badge.



Miss Pocahontas

Marla Chestnut, of Dunmore, was crowned Miss Pocahontas 1976 by Susan Viers, Miss Pocahontas 1975, at Thursday's red, white and blue Pageant. Connie Campbell, Little Miss Pocahontas,

gave out the trophies.

Miss Chestnut won the talent competition with a recitation and a song, the swimsuit competition, and was named the overall winner by the judges. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Murl Chestnut, of Dunmore, and she was sponsored by the Marlinton Business and Professional Women's Club.

Cheryl Dunbrack was elected Miss Congeniality by her fellow contestants.

Nathalie Dolan, of Arbovale, shown on the left in the above picture, was first runner-up, and Miss Dunbrack, on the right, was second runner up. Miss Dolan is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Dolan, of Arbovale; she was sponsored by

the Arbovale Extension Homemakers Club. Miss Dunbrack is the daughter of Mrs. Phyllis Jackson and granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Dunbrack, Sr., of Marlinton, and she was sponsored by the Edray Extension Homemakers Club.

The Pageant opened with a parade of flags and a dance and march presentation with the girls in white wearing Uncle Sam hats. Eugene Simmons was master of ceremonies. Linda Barker Hendrickson, a former Miss Pocahontas, entertained at the piano and with a vocal solo, accompanied by Houston Simmons on the drums. B. J. Estilow and Doris Hungerbuhler also provided musical entertainment.

Helen Kellison was chairman of the Pageant Committee and she was assisted by Ruth Taylor, Nora Workman, Donna Dunbrack, Dreama Burns, Frances Buzzard, Eugene Simmons, Doug Dunbrack. Results of '76
Horseshoe Pitching Contest
Singles

Champion - Jerry Wykle, Frankford.

Runner-up—Benny Holcomb, Craigsville (Holcomb was the Champion last year)

There were 18 entries in the singles matches.

Doubles

Champions—Jerry Wykle and Larry Wykle, Frankford.

Runner-up—Kyle Loudermilk and Connie Loudermilk (man and wife) Frankford.

There were 10 teams entered in the doubles.

Winners in the Tobacco Spitting Contest, new this year in Pioneer Days, were (right to left) Ricky Shearer, who spat a distance of 18 feet for first place, Kenneth Shearer second and Paul McNeill, third.

The American Legion
Post in Marlinton sponsored and supervised the Frog
Hop and Turtle Race, providing the prize money.
Attorney George Daugherty, of Charleston, judged
the races.

Owners of the winning turtles in the Turtle Race were Mike Layman, first; Jeff Hill, Frankford, second; Reta Jackson, third; Pat Jessee, fourth.

Other entrants were:

Winners in the Frog Hop were owned by Chris Hall, Charleston, first; Mike Layman, second; Tom Daugherty, Charleston, third; Brian Layman, fourth.

Other entrants were:

Brenda Ricottilli, 11, Marlinton; Allison Sturm, 9,
Houston, Texas; Danny
Davis, 6 Marlinton; Ann
Hall, 8, Charleston; Carl
Kopf, 12 1/2, Satellite
Beach, Florida; Scott
Emery, 10, Rockville,
Maryland; Jim Layman, 10,
Marlinton; Joe Layman, 4,
Marlinton; Denver Hamons, 6, Marlinton; Steve
VanReenan, 12, Marlinton;
Earl Jordan, 13, Marlinton;
Jeff Davis, 9, Raleigh,
North Carolina.

Turtles

Kathleen Shaw, 9, Marlinton; Rick Friel, 8, Marlinton: Dawn Workman, 4, Hillsboro; Holly Hyatt, 8, Easton, Maryland; Earl Jordan, 13, Marlinton; Caroline Sharp, 11, Marlinton; Shawn McCarty, 5, Gainesville, Virginia; William Hamons, 10, Marlinton: Dorothy Jessee, 7, Marlinton: Russell Jessee, 12. Marlinton: Chris Jessee, 10, Marlinton; Cal Sharp, 7 1/2, Marlinton; Denver Hamons, 6, Marlinton; Travis Friel, 7, Huntersville.

The Gym was crowded with fine handwork and many craftsmen.

There were so many activities it was hard to get to everything—music contest, square dance, horse show, horse pulling, etc.

The final event——the Hymn Sing on Sunday night—was a fitting climax.

Everyone was inspired by the singing by the County-wide choir directed by Mrs. Willard Eskridge and the congregational singing, with Rev. Harold Elmore who brought a short message. "America" never sounded so good.

Quilt Show
First-Mrs. Thelma
Thompson
Second-Mrs. Ernest
White
Third-Mrs. Gladys
Wooddell

Afghan

First and Second-Mrs.
Wilma Tennant
Third-Mrs. Ruth Beale

Honorable Mention— Debra McCarty Special Crafts

Antique Luggage Rack— Mrs. Louise Barlow

> Flower Show Potted Plants

First-Geraldine Shinaberry, Begonia

Second-Helen Hefner,

Third—Betty Williams, African Violet

Fresh Flowers
First-Geraldine Shinaberry, Roses
Second-Geraldine Shinaberry, Hydrangea

Artificial or Dried First—Louise Barnisky Second—Ruth Ruckman Third—Ruth Ruckman

Well Done

Marlinton merchants cooperated well with the Pioneer Days celebration. One person who checked around town came up with this list:

Best Window Decorated and Clerks Dressed

Shraders
Dollar Store
A-Jad's
Mountaineer Food
Treasure Chest
Williams Supply
H-P Store

Window Decorated
People's Store
C. J. Richardson
Curry's Super Market
Harper's Men's Store
Seneca Floral
Wooddell's Jewelry
Clerks
Benwood

Student Art Contest
First-Todd Wilfong,
Durbin, Grade 3.
Second-Kathleen Shaw,
Marlinton, Grade 3.
Third-Sandra Burner,
Durbin Grade 2.

First-Melinda Wilson, Marlinton, Grade 5. Second-Helen Miller, Marlinton, Grade 5. Third-Ann Marie del Giudice, Green Bank, Grade 4.

First Mickie Mullenax, Arbovale.

Second - Kelley Williams, Durbin, Grade 8. Third-Billy Lambert,

Durbin, Grade 7.

Pioneer Parade

Class I

Pioneer Horse and Rider 1st James McComb, Hillsboro.

2nd-Argile Arbogast 3rd Carl Sharp, Marlinton

Class II

Horse or Animal Drawn Conveyances 1st Don Hill 2nd Country Picnic

3rd Derrill Hoke Special

Class III

People Walking Pioneer
Costume
1st Teacher and Students—
Mary Alice Bowers and
Students.
2nd Mrs. Ernest White—
Sunshine
3rd Drummer—Spirit of
'76—Johnnie Hill.

Class IV
Western Style and Costume
1st Spike
2nd Kathy Harris—Tee Jay
Robbie.
3rd Polly Hull—Misty

Class V

Floats on Pioneer
Bicentennial Theme
1st Poage Lane Redskins
4-H Club
2nd Dunmore Mountaineers
3rd VFW and Ladies
Auxiliary

Class VI

Class VII
Bicycles
1st Bill Hyatt

2nd Caroline Sharp 3rd Cal Sharp 4th Frank Wyatt Class VIII

Commercial Entries
1st Telephone Company
2nd Eddies Wrecker
3rd Youth Conservation
Corps.

Pony Pull 48" and Under 1. Mike McCormick, Sinks Grove.

2. Bill McCormick, Ronceverte.

 William Middleton, Dryden, Virginia

4. John McClung, Ronceverte.

Pony Pull 48" and Over 1. Danny Olinger, Dryden, Virginia

2. Pat Ayers, Alderson

3. David Deem, Ronceverte 4 Lewis McCormick, Sinks Grove

Horse Pull

1. Ernest Ely, Goochland,

Virginia

2. Wayne Moreland, Lothian, Maryland

3. Kirk and Barnes, Marion, Virginia 4. Lawrence Colton, Gooch-

land, Virginia

 Richard Redifer, Penn Laird, Virginia
 John Salmon, Goochland

Virginia.

Rifle Shooting

1. Phillip Dean, Marlinton

3. Dave Shaw, Marlinton

Pioneer Days

Antique Cars
First Place—Cecil Drennen, Hines—1923 Model T.
Second—Lewis Flint,
Lewisburg—1925 Model T.
Third—Robert Wharton,

Summersville—1929 Model A Roadster, yellow.

Fourth-Bill Reynolds, Lewisburg-1931 Maroon

Model A Coupe.

Fifth-Howard Johnson,

Fifth—Howard Johnson, Ronceverte—1929 Model A sedan.

> Pioneer Days MUSIC

Old Time Fiddle

- 1. Bert Dodrill, Richwood
- Lloyd Stevens, Charleston

3rd Bruce Mulsky, Lexington, Virginia

Old Time Banjo

- O'dell McGuire, Lexington, Virginia
- Mike Burns, Lexington, Virginia
- 3. Ray Alden, New York City, New York Bluegrass Band
- 1. W. Va. Gentlemen, Hurricane
- 2. J. H. Loan and The Blueridge Mt. Grass, Staunton, Virginia

 Woody Simmons and The U-Piney Mt. Boys, Mill Creek

Bluegrass Banjo

- 1. Jerry Vance, Hurricane
- 2. Lawrence Lawhorne, Staunton, Virginia
- 3. Harry McCloud, Marlinton

Old Time Band

- 1. Collier's Town Night Crawlers, Colliers Town, Virginia
- 2. Virginia Creepers String Band, Lexington,

Virginia

 Woody Simmons and the U-Piney Mt. Boys, Mill Creek.

Singing

- 1. John Greene, Hurricane
- Mary and Phyllis Argenbright, Staunton, Virginia
- Virgil Henshaw, Lewisburg.

Miscellaneous

- 1. James Vance (guitar) Hurricane
- Dennis Argenbright (guitar) Staunton, Virginia
- Alan Argenbright (mandolin) Staunton, Virginia
- Allen Firth (bass)
 Lexington, Virginia
- 5. Scott Nelson and Cally Blake (mouthharp) Lexington, Virginia.

Museum

The Pocahontas County Historical Society Museum had over 800 visitors over Pioneer Days which led to the Museum's being very crowded at times. While the vast majority came from Pocahontas County, very often other counties of West Virginia were represented. We also had visitors from far afield as Texas. Hawaii, fornia, Florida Arkansas and Michigan and even some people visiting the United States from overseas. Since we were unable to admit children under twelve unaccompanied by an adult, we should like to encourage parents of these young people to bring them in to see our collection during the summer vacation. Admission is 50 cents for adults, 25 cents for children 12-18, free to under twelves. We are open every day of the week. The Museum Gift Shop did brisk business over the holidays and we still have a substantial collection of Blenko and Pilgrim glassware, books, stationery, stuffed animals, prints, and placemats other souvenirs. Memberships in the Historical Society may be taken out and renewed at the Museum.

Pioneer Days did end on a sour note for the Society as one item was removed from a picture frame on the second floor on Sunday—fortunately, it was not of major historical importance but the Society would like to have it back. If whoever took it would be good enough to return it—no questions will be asked.

while at Edry we staped to just Helen Buy, she is yringent daughter of a R (ab) Say & liver in old home place. It is a heartiful old house + functure in from By-gone-days". She has many intenting itempo of three days writings, faction feld but the joinnel kept by Lev George P. more of afficiel acts - wedfing, funder that he perfounded It later from relative to the great, is The Second many of franks Levi Wangh was recorded in Jan 1884 (2 this) He noted that the fee was 100 plus 65 for a Bible also that it was a very Cold day with 12 in Snow on The ground. The Grosse was 45 and the Bride 20 yours age. Other Wedding inheling such remarks as "Crowd Soher" or notice about food served etc. a most intensting original downerst. Glen you will be faiturely interested to know that I met Cleaner Beard. The huer at Hillohoro, said he & his buther torest (who is not morning) farm together.

Juhile at Elry we staped to just Helen Bry, she is youngest daughter place. It is a heartiful old house to functione in from By-gone-days". She has many intereting item of three days writings, fastern ete but the journal kept by lev George P. moore of afficiel acts - wedding, furnely that he perfound. It dates from 1871. He alsways affled some detail relative to the eneft, is The Second many of Grofelpa Zewi Wangh was runder Jin Jan 1884 (This se noted that the fee was 1,00 plus 65t for a Bible, also that it was a very Cold day with 12 in snown The ground. The Growne was 45 and the Bride 20 yours age. Other Welling militing such remarks as "Crowd Soher" or notice about food served etc. a most intensting original document. Glen you will be particuly intented to know that I met Cleaner Beard. He hier at Hillshors, said he & his buther torest (who is not morning) farm together.

Board of Education

The Board of Education met for a regular meeting

on June 8.

The most important item of business the Board transacted at this meeting was to take steps to determine in detail exactly what needs to be done to the various school buildings in the County to bring them up to the standard required by state fire and health regulations. For this purpose the Board retained Architect K. F. Weimer on an hourly rate of approximately \$30 for no more than two days to perform the following duties:

(1) meet with a representative of the State Fire Marshal to determine all fire regulation deficiencies.

(2) make an on-site inspection of the structural capacity of all buildings.

(3) meet with a representative of the Health Department to determine all health regulation deficiencies.

(4) make recommendations to the Board as to the expenditure of funds to bring the County's school buildings up to fire and health regulation requirements

The Board agreed to pay Mr. Weimer the following amount for past services rendered since August

Preparation of Comprehensive Plan-\$11,768.00

Travel expenses-\$251.78.

Reproduction cost and postage - \$1,110.24.

Telephone expense-\$29,94.

Total \$13,159.96.

Kerth Friel, Director of Maintenance, met with the Board concerning roof work to be done on several schools. He reported that the low bids for materials were as follows: Green Bank Elementary, \$885.11; Hillsboro, \$1902.57; and the Early Childhood Education classroom at Marlin-\$281.40; total, ton. 3069.08. This work is to be done by the County maintenance staff.

The Board approved the April Financial Report, the May payroll and Treasurer's Report, Investment Report for June 8, a budget transfer, and the payment

of various bills.

The Board rescinded its previous action in adopting the Macmillan Math Series for use in grades 1 through 8. This was done as the McMillan texts are not on the state approved list for use in grades 7 and 8. The Board adopted the Mc-Millan books for grades 1 through 6 and the Scott, Foresman and Company Math Series for grades 7 and 8, beginning with the 1976-77 school year.

Permission was granted for James Shearer to attend a Free Service School concerning school bus body maintenance and repair sponsored by the Blue Bird Body Company on June 22.

Approval was given to

the request of the Green Bank High School Class of 1926 to erect a small marker at the Green Bank school to commemorate their 50th Anniversary and to mark the site of the old high

Approval was given for a summer English class at PCHS for juniors and seniors to be taught by Mrs. Virginia Shafer. Her salary will be paid by the students tuition.

The Board approved paying 1976-77 membership dues to the W. Va. School Board Association in the amount of \$979.17.

Approval was given for the PCHS majorettes to attend the National Majorette Clinic at W. Va. Wesleyan College, July 16-19.

Approval was given for the Marlinton Presbyterian Church to use the Marlinton School cafeteria on July 9 and 10.

The employment of Robert Seaman was extended to 12 months to accommodate his duties as assistant principal, athletic director, assistant football coach, and head track coach at the High School.

The Board accepted the bid of the General Tire Company in Elkins to supply tires and tubes for the 1976-77 school year.

Approval was given for the payment of \$250 to the Southern Regional Research and Training Institute for renewal agreement on the Pocahontas County

Policy Manual.

Mrs. Alice Gibson appeared before the Board on behalf of the County Board of Health requesting that the Health Board be allowed to transfer approximate-\$650 in unexpended funds in the Health Nurse's travel expenses account to the payment of retirement and social security for the County Health Nurse. This travel money is an item in that portion of the Board of Health's budget that is funded by the Board of Education. The Board of Education approved this request.

The next regular Board meeting will be June 22.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1976

Board of Education The Board of Education met for a regular meeting June 22.

In the absence of the President, Moffett Mc-Neel, Ernest Shaw was elected president pro-

tempore.

t

The Board approved the requests of the Pioneer Days Committee to use the old Marlinton Graded School lot for a Flea Market and the hallway of the Marlinton Elementary School for a Quilt Display.

The request of Reginald Atkins and James Morgan to use a classroom at the High School this summer for instruction leading to a Novice Class Amateur Radio License was approv-

The Board approved the sale of a 1960 Dodge school bus to the Braxton County Board of Education for \$300.

The following resigna-

SHEET OF SCHOOL BY SUMP

tions were accepted:

George Bartell as sixth grade teacher at Marlinton.

Brenda K. Cales as Title I Math teacher at Hillsboro.

Rebecca Ann Fleming as classroom and science teacher at Hillsboro.

Debora Johnson as second grade teacher at Marlinton.

The Board approved the transfer request of Kenneth Nottingham from the High School to Hillsboro to be the Title I Math teacher.

The transfer of Charles Rexrode from Green Bank to the Guidance Counseler position at PCHS was ap-

proved.

The Board approved the employment of Curtis Vick as seventh and eighth grade language arts teacher at Hillsboro and Lella Ann Dilley as fourth grade teacher at Durbin.

The Board approved the extension of the employment term of Janice Carter, Secretary at Durbin, from ten to eleven months with additional salary to be paid from Durbin school lunch funds.

The Board approved the request of Elizabeth Helmick to take the Marlinton majorettes to the State Majorette Camp at W. Va. Wesleyan College, July 16—19.

The Board approved certain supplemental appriations to the school budget for the 75-76 fiscal year as submitted by the Treasurer, Betty Lambert, to be sent to the State Board of School Finance for approval.

The next regular meeting of the Board will be Tuesday, July 13, at 7:30 p. m.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1976

Board of Education

The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on July 13.

This was an important meeting as the main order of business concerned the fire safety deficiences of the County's Schools as indicated by the Fire Marshal's office.

Meeting with the Board were Mr. Wayne Lewis, from the Fire Marshal's office, Dr. Doug Machesney from the State Department of Education, and Mr. Haskel Brown, representing the Board's Architect, K. F. Weimer Associates.

Mr. Brown presented to the Board a report he had prepared on the work required to bring the County schools into compliance with the requirements of the State Fire Marshal. This report was prepared following an inspection he and Mr. Lewis made of the schools last month. A summary of this report is given elsewhere in this paper.

Mr. Brown and Mr. Lewis both spoke to the board concerning the fire hazards in the schools. Mr. Lewis made it very clear that the County must set up a compliance plan and that it must be followed. The Fire Marshal will not be unreasonable in the amount of time allowed to complete the work, but sooner or later, buildings that do not comply will be recommended to the State Superintendent of Schools for closure. Mr. Lewis indicated that all work need not be done at once, but the rious items can be placed in an order of priority.

Unfortunately, as Mr. Brown pointed out, the items with top priority are the most expensive to complete. The work to be completed first is to provide proper exiting which includes the building of stair towers at all schools and to achieve one hour fire separation ability between the floors in the buildings. Then come proper fire alarm systems and the upgrading of the electrical wiring in all buildings. Following on the priority list come emergency lighting, proper fire doors, hazard separation, emergency windows, upgrading of interior finishes, and the other items on the report. Mr. Brown said that in his opinion the completion of the highest priority items alone will cost almost \$1,000,000.

Dr. Machesney reviewed the Board on the need to have any plan that makes use of the \$1.2 million available to Pocahontas County from the Better School Amendment approved by the State Board of Education. He gave his opinion that the State Board would not approve a modified comprehensive plan for the County unless some new construction was involved. It was also his opinion that there would not be any additional state money for school building construction for a good many years and that a change in the method of supporting schools on the county level by the use of the property tax will not occur in the near future.

David Smith, Vocational Director at the High School, appeared before the Board concerning the new section to the Vocational Building that is now under constru tion. A decision was needed to be made as to what material to use in a new hallway leading to the new portion. After considering rious alternatives, the Board selected terrazzo to match the existing ball-

The Board employed the following teachers for the 1976-77 school year: Miss Lillie LaVonne Witt as science and self-contained classroom teacher at Hills-

Miss Marilyn Armstrong as second grade teacher at Marlinton.

Mrs. Diane Smith as Early Childhood Education teacher at Marlinton.

Peter Tennant as Fifth Grade teacher at Marlin-

Miss Kathern Hall as mathematics teacher at Green Bank.

Ben Campbell as social studies teacher at Green

Mrs. Alice Vance as Sixth Grade teacher at Marlinton.

Miss Jane Cogar as Early Childhood Education teacher at Marlinton. This is a new position and will allow kindergarten students to go full time (4 days) at Marlinton this coming school year.

The Board accepted the resignation of Mrs. Carole Young as Fourth Grade teacher at Green Bank.

The Board approved the transfers of Mrs. Catherine Bartels from Early Childhood Education teacher at Marlinton to the Fourth Grade position at Green Bank and Mrs. Danieth Patton from Green Bank to fill the math vacancy at the High School.

Superintendent Lannan reported to the Board that all teaching positions are presently filled for the

76-77 school year.

The Board approved the employment of James Ryder and James Simmons, Jr., as custodians at the

High School.

The Board approved a policy to prevent any discrimination against students or employees in the Pocahontas County Schools on the basis of sex as required by Title IX of the Federal Education Act.

The request of Ancil Schmidt to use the Marlinton cafeteria for a 4-H Fair on August 16-18 was ap-

proved.

The Board gave permission for Lee McMann and two students to attend FFA Leadership Conference at Jackson's Mill, July 15-18, and for Dolan Irvine

and two students to attend the State Land Judging Contest on July 16 at Jackson's Mill.

Approval was given for an adult summer driver education class at the high school.

authorized The Board Moffett McNeel to act as applicant" on behalf of the Board in the requesting of surplus lands from the Observatory adjacent to the Green Bank School.

June Riley was selected to represent the Board on the Regional Education Service Agency Board of

Directors.

The Board approved the County Special Education Plan for Fiscal Year 78.

The next Board meeting will be July 27.

School History Lt. Glen L. Vaughn, U. S. Navy Retired, of Annapolis, Maryland, has contributed much to the recording of Pocahontas history. He has sent two typed records and a loose leaf binder full of records and recollections and now is working on a history of the schools, one room and otherwise. He has had responses from several teachers and former students and is now appealing publicly for teachers and students to write about their experiences in teaching and early education. You don't have to know the entire history-write what you know.

July 18, 1976 Due Glen + Jenny - Seo + Grece and 6 Ann & Man: I wanted to write to tell to tell him how happy we all are that be some thru this operation and years is on the road to recovery, I also wanted to tall each of you 2 the about our trip home to Beachenless So please the Carbon Copies. un We drove to markiton on seled July 1, arrived in line for Supper J'af Course! as mount alice had a el, big spred for all comme. The margaret + I want to Valley Head that spit the day I trought Hed + uckage Bruce back to marketon. Fineer Days how well organized and we enjoy much of it, makely el the miss Pocahontar feagurt at the High School on The night, and the I form & Bean (contry ham that is) at zeure the methodist Church Fri - rike Whillie Come up from Lewishing and families rell at the 14 7 B Suppen. Wike in a fine young man I enjoye being with er ly Det. We all went to the Parele

while after the Parade we all gather Helen It wer a huntiful dry + a gan of he phil Crowd In addition to the hange formate Jack Vaugham, feul I thur young Sher Tenny mike, Such Virginia (till days, Sharperhager, he husband + s most daughter - Elsie Gaharf + her Join Tindia of husband of mither (In the of there were ather that I can't me now, It was a mice time to 1871. of you falke were telking also relet I thought of . Semlay morning my heart to methodist Church to ma mar non to the Old Lag Church. nun also muited the Dreft Church + Ch notes to the India draft Church (mis 65 2 a vi mc Kenny) looks after it, Bell the of + Commentery are well carel for. find part of the week we went inch Edray Cemetery, Saw grower of non of our amentour wielerling George father, our Grandmuther haugh 14 Sendputter Solvetson. They Contry also half minitand, Bab Bay In top after it. Offmere we winted Cometayin

(Sag While at Edry we stoped to pisit Helen Buy, she is youngest daughter, The has of a R (ab) Boy I liver in old home 7 place. It is a beautiful old house of functure in from By-gone-days" years e K She has many intereting items of the 2 the days writings, persture etc but the of her most interesting to me was the 0 journal kept by lev George P. moore at. of official acts - wedling, funder w in t that he perfound. It dates from of al 1871. He always added some detail el. 7 relative to the event, is The second 7-24 manage of Grandpea Levi Wangh was that meh recorded in Jan 1884 (I think) the who h noted that the fee was \$100 plus uckage ica 65 for a Bible, also that it wer (Date a very Cold day with 12in Snow m el the ground. The Growne was 45 and 1.1 the Bride 20 years age. Other Welling for while such remember as "Crowd Soher wh que or notes about food served the a 10% rell most intensting original downers. Gery Glin you will be faiturely intented 10 to know that I met Cleaner Beach. He en ty But him at Hillsboro, said he this buther Lugo tout (who is not browing) farm together.

Clarence + Clara were turin Bruce talf me that the for Mrs. 8 of these Beard lived men last of mingo on a not far Dear 1 (Luna + Zuther) may frame he there) later her Bend, whom pubsc war fourt, sold the farm next to us on Counder over high world wer a butcher. Sow many all friends in my la you George talked about work ! for a while in akron, the what. talked of ald friends there, ale has I om yeiger, 1st time in almost a for Hope this finds you all what? we are thinkful for the Lords. of me all margaret joins med in love & hest wisher to each of 9 She we do hope that you are informated any agent family will be how about goily 28 & Could transfel aliker to any many people that I see about you t wind you will

ANNAPOLIS, HO.

July 25. 1976

Mrs. Jane Price Sharp: -

Dear Jame! Enclosed check is for my next years putscription to the Times. Many thanks for the article about the old schools of the county and what I am trying to do - as I wrote in my last letter will need all the help I can

Received a letter from Mr. Moffett Mr. Neel.

Supt. of Board of Education and he wrote that

had forwarded my letter to Mr. Moore of Buckeye

former Supt of the Board for action and moted

not the files of the Board were at his disposal

of could be used anutime.

To do any research this way would require

with some time and much typing as well to photostating to obtain enough copies to listibute in several safe places in the country

nd be available to the Sublic as well.

However of think it could be done if In Museum: Historical Society: Womens Club It the Polices Teachers association would Had a letter from meade Waugh about is recent visit during Pioneer Days and one eragraph sluck in my mind. Om taking the borty of sending you a copy of page 2. This conserns the journal of the late w. George P. Moore of Edray. Much of material there is todays history as your nee - I would put it just behind the respontant History of your grandfather. Any ing that dates back to 1871 to his Will hat was printed in the Times of his death when lest a few hundred dollars to "Miss Juggie ough of the Times Office" - am sure he meant with beapth to read. Am sure Helen Pay wild let this journal be capied, after all ev. George P. Moore was one of Pocahontasie not respected ministers - also. Postmaster-

storekapen - coffin maker and tombotone engraver. I remember him very well as his stone with Past office was just up the road from Mer. Barlows store. "Please note page two of neads letter." Jane I would come home and help with all this work myself but less than a month 190 I had a malignant Tumor removed long with 40 inches of my intestines. So my confined to home for about eight weeks. However when the weather is cooler anna and Ian are taking Janny and myself on a hip ack to Pacaponlas. I have to stop at V.M.I. and pick up one picture and historical data for the new imits Lebrary at the naval academy. Am mains espies of this letter to Meade Olice W. aiss Mill Plase in Lewisburg in hope we an work something out. Part. 2 also Val. IV. ich is history. Guess when everything is written all rold be taken about and rearranged. Soncerly lan.

In going over my letter would like the Marlinton Chapter of the american zion or some civic or social society start lecting the names of all the men from realistas that served in the armed services, I branches. If possible; name; branch ! service; Rank or Rate: where served and on long. De corations etc. The above along with the ald chool houses and Rev. Mones owned should be found some place the county. copied and preserved several places. Now all of them just a match or spark away from tol destruction. GIV. pieste anna. Louis. alice & Meale. Waugh.

Salar M. Harrist H. Borniganine County Schools July 18,1976 Mr. Moffett McMeel Blevt Blegiota 25054 President Board Of Education Epinge N. Sans Pocahontas County, Harlinton, W. Va. 24954. Dear Mr. McNeel:-For several months I have been writing notes on Pocahontas County Bicentennial year and now that the Fourth of July has passed and the Pioneer Days events are history am turning my enterests to the history of the old one room (or more) school houses that were in the county during my boyhood. Have had responses from several teachers and former students of these schools and am striving to collect all the data obtainable. Dr. Louise McNiell Pease wrote ten pages (Typed) of her early education and experiences in teaching - all in Pocahontas County. Will soon receive several more - Slaty Fork of 1914 -Linwood 1927 - Spruce 1926, these as well as some of the men who helped guide and build the CCC campe. My request to you is there on file anyplace within the records of the Board of Education a record of these schools, say back to 1890 to 1930. If so are they available? Would like the name of the school, its history, its teachers and if possible names of the students. Those names are news today but will be history tomorrow. Am trying to produce four typed books on the year 1976 of Pocahontas and the third will be about education in our county. I have retained and had copies made of all the School Board Meetings this year as well as the P.C.H.S. graduation, with names of 1976. Mrs. Jane Price Sharp has the first two books and am sure she will verify anything I write about - she is giving her copies to the Museum after she has completed her use of same. Please let me know at your earliest so I may make plans for the fourth Volume. This will be men from Pocahontas who served in both World Wars - if possible. I remain Sincerely Jane could you help with a small notice in the paper about former teachers orstudents? Glen L. Vaughan

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Pocahontas County Schools

926 Fifth Avenue

Marlinton, Mest Hirginia 24954

Telephone 304-799-4505

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July 22, 1976

Lt. Glen L. Vaughan 400 Melvin Avenue Annapolis, Maryland 21401

Dear Lt. Vaughan:

I have taken the liberty of turning your letter over to Mr. Charles Moore. Mr. Moore, presently of Buckeye, west Virginia, is a former superintendent of Pocahontas County Schools and a lifelong resident of this county. He is now retired.

I have advised Mr. Moore that our files are at his disposal in pursuit of any information he might wish to procure.

Sincerely,

James D. Lannan, Superintendent

James D. Janvan

Pocahontas County Schools

JDL: ag

cc: Mr. Charles Moore

Note; Received no answer GEV.

In this Volume I have tried to include all the County Board of Education meetings, all the county school news, graduation of Pocahontas County High School of 1976, and Honor students, Golden Horseshoe winners, and finally as many of the teachers and their early experiences in the one to four room early schools as are obtainable.

Here I wish to commend Dr. Louise McNiell
Pease of Lewisburg for her excellent memory
and written description of her early school
days. Such a vivid article from her first day
in school, through the grades and Edray District High School and on through her first
teaching assignments - her classmates, name
by name for Louise remembers all of them and
many events and sports they competed in.

This one paper alone is worth all the trouble, time and correspondence that has gone into this section. In fact the old one room schools of Pocahontas will long be remembered through this paper.

Other teachers have assured me they would send their experiences in teaching. Any would be a welcome addition to what has already been collected.

orig Line Sun. July 25-Pocano TOTO or Glen and Jennie, first to a ir bas our you and to know ou are gettinny along so re while sh their (1908-1915) ROOT H book home hope you end other till get along good at one and not have to go 1899 Бла ack. I am sorry I have day + written sooner but my ni ands are so crooked of in an hardly rurite so 93 my one can read it. The main reason of ravent rurote oftener. and a didn't want to John you while you ere sick, by sending the es They were all Gibsons not was about, all that is over there there one one

LENA Corrected this. Slaty Fork School as resembered by Lena Hannah Baxter. Lens attended school at slaty Fork from the first to eighth grade. Her sister Eva Hannah taught school there while she was student. Lens's teachers during those years (1908-1915) ?. were Moude Smith Kyle Woods Grace Stewart Farry Hannah +Stella BAXTER. " Married Edd Shanahan Some of Lena's grade school class mates were. Hessie Hanneh - Peters bushess Marion Hannah Willie Gibson Florance Gibson Allie Gibson Phillip Gibson Luther Gibson Edne Gibson - -Note: I remother . Lizzie Sibson bis brother Dissley and I wareld seventh grade Mary Gibson for sighth grade Stenlay to Enterton Efficiery Dock Gibson outon, Virginia for him sigh belool species. His Herland Gibson in the third or loomth makes Amother states in the Forest Gibson was subsett Horgis was a finally had nowed to h One Gibson on throngs an their children small Altered better schools Lonnie Gibson at two years for Sharks was with the mew mill at Loc Gibson Munic Sheldon 1 of 2

Lenn Hannah Baxter Continued

prom Slaty Fork Lena was in the one room High School for one year in Marlinton. Her teacher the first year was Mr.

Herbert Vaughen

Arnold Klein

Dora Moppin

Nell Hoppin

Leo Price

Reid Moore

Floyd Baxter (Her future husband)

Wilbur Doan

Hunter Dean

Frank McLaughlin

Annie Smith

Vernon East.

and several not remembered.

Note: I remember Arnold Klein as his brother Stanley and I werein seventh grade together - after eighth grade Stanley went to Staunton Military Academy, Staunton, Virginia for his High School studies. His sister Ruth was in the third or fourth grade. Another student in the seventh grade was Menneth Harris whose family had moved to Marlinton from Watoga so their children could attend better schools during the last two years Mr. Harris was with the saw mill at Watoga. /glv

Notes on Pocahontas County -- 1914-1938 (Written for The Lt. Glen Vaughan Historical Collection)

I was born and brought up on the old family farm near Buckeyein our faded white cottage under Bridger's Gap. The old house-which
we lived in until 1932-had been built by my grandfather, Captain
see house McNeill (C.S.A.) just after his return from Yankee prison
james Monroe McNeill (C.S.A.) just after his return from Yankee prison
at Fort Delaware. It was a 6½ room Dutch cottage and had two great
stone chimneys at each end. One of these chimneys still had the old
fireplace, which was a center in my childhood and where we still sometimes cooked corn pone and boiled beef and "fadder" beans.

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older brother and sister, Ward and Elizabeth, composed our family group until 1918 when my brother Jim was born. Also, in my very early childhood, an important member of our household was "Aunt" Melindy Griffin—not a blood relative but, the kindly old woman who had no other home and had come to us to rock the children, tell stories, and sing her "quavery" songs.

We were busy on the farm, and I early learned to ride the horse, to haul hay, plow and hoe corn, feed the animals, hunt the cows, milk, and carry in the wood and water. We churned, too, and made cheese, hominy, soft soap, kraut, apple butter, dried apples and "fodder" beans. In the spring we usually "opened" the sugar camp up the hollow and made sugar tree molasses, sugar cakes, and sugar Easter eggs. We also picked wild greens, the wild fruit, and the various herbs for medicine. And I can remember Granny picking, washing, and carding

ser wool, spinning it on her "little" wheel, and-very occasionallysking candles in the old candle mold. She leached out wood ashes for
her scap in the old ash hopper, and we made a "run" of cider every fall,
wried our apples and root vegetables in great holes in the back yard
or garden, and picked great sacks of walnuts and chestnuts-the
chestnuts picked from a great grove of trees, called the "Chestnut
orchard" which stood just across our line fence on the farm of my
made Dan'l (Daniel A. McNeill), who ran-with his two sons-the store
town in the village, just above the fork where Rush Run goes into Swago
Orick.

Our village had four centers--Uncle Dan'l's (Wint's) Store, the two room school house, and our two white churches, called the "Upper Church" and the "Lower".

When I was five, I went to my first school down at Buckeye. "G.D."

**as principal, and Miss Annie Cleek was my first teacher. My primer

**book was about Dot and Don. "Here we are. We are Dot and Don. Here we

are." In the second grade, Miss Pearl Carter was my teacher, and I

still remember the memorization of the 48 states and of West Virginia's

55 counties: "Barbor, Berkley, Boone, Braxton, Brooke, etc." In the

third grade, Miss Marjorie Warwick was my teacher. Other Buckeye teachers

I remember were Miss Carrie Brown (Morrison), Miss Clara Palmer, and

Miss Anne Correll.

When I was in grade 4, my mother and father moved the family to Warlinton for about a year and a half, and I went to school to Wise

rections.

For me, this move to town was rather sifficult, and I was lonely, poor at my studies, and became utterly confused by the mathematical complexities of long division and common gractions.

Cur town house, which we rented, was on Upper Camden—the big old size which today stands between the Miss Susie Gay House and Alice sights. I often played with Alice and with Jean Sharp down on the next sock. Other neighbors were the Mays, wades, McCoys, McFerring, and piscans. I sometimes played with Billy Duncan or went down on Lower casten to play with Libby Williams—a little girl with a blonde Dutch not and blue eyes and an up-turned nose. Sometimes, too, I visited my little cousin Helen Overholt at her house near the old Fariground, and sometimes Aunt Lucy (Overholt) would send us out in the "Common" to bring home her Jersey milkcow. In our barn back of our house, we kept a farm milkcow or two, and there were several other cows who pastured on the town Sommon, and—I believe, too, that a few chickens, inhabited the barns of allys of the town. On a few occasions an ox wagon passed along Upper Camden, and there was the Livery stable and the old "Opera Kouse"—a monumental "drama" in cement.

As I look back at this old town circa 1920, it seems to me to have been a prosperous and self-sufficient village. There were the daily sorth and south trains, at least one drug store, groceries, hardware, tanks, hotel, etc. There were four practicing physicians, three dentists, and numerous lawyers. We had regular ice service, a garbage sagon, and daily milk delivery. On Main Street were the banks, the

various stores, and even a milliner, whose job it was to trim the ladies' hats. The Tannery whistle marked the hours, and there were the churches and the two almost new brick schools.

During this era, my father was County Superintendent of Schools, and because one winter I was presumably too ill to attend school, I sent with "G.D." in our Model-T Ford on a wide-ranging school visitation—to Durbin, Cass, Hillsboro, Huntersville, Elk, etc. and up the windy hollows to one room school houses on Droop and Beaver Creek. The question of my illness remains a question. Presumably, I was afflicted with St. Vitus Dance, but (in 1976) I am inclined to believe that my illness was the "Jommon fractions syndrome." Anyway, I visited the country schools with G.D. and have always been able to add and subtract! This mathematical block of mine was a great puzzle and pain to G.D. who—at age seven—had already worked his way through Rdy's Third Arithm&tic!

To be a child in Marlinton during these years was to be happy and free. We played around the Slough, walked the railroad bridge, played hopscotch, roller skated (I one one of Jean Sharp's skates....), rolled hoops, followed the ice wagon for its delicious "off-fallings", went to Chautaugua, to picnics, and hoped for an ice cream cone from Kee's Drug Store. Or one could attend a Sunday School festival, feast in Aunt Lucy's grape arbor on a fall Saturday, or wait for the utter bliss of circus day. Or if one grew tired of this all-year waiting, one could go up to the Depot and wait for the noon and afternoon trains.

gy family's sojurn in town was not successful, and when I was not to years old, we returned to the farm and remained there—as a prother Jim still remains. I went to the 6th and 7th grades at suckeye, where—by now—we had playground swings and our first "hot unch"—. For this latter innovation, the children brought the meat and regetables for a mighty soup pot which the teacher boiled all morning on the top of the "Big Room" heating stove.

when I was 12, I entered Edray District High School where G.D. had pust (1923) became principal. Some of the High School teachers, 1923-27, ere "Cap" Killingsworth, "Brunyan" Lord, "Miss Fannie" (Overholt), Miss amonth, Wiss Stancill, Esther Williams Green, Miss Eskridge, Miss Yeager, liss Richardson, William D. Saunders, Jr., Mr. Travis, and Mr. Clutter-rom whom I always managed a marginal D-in math.

In these years, "Bulldog" Kenny was our football star; Mary Warwick unlap, most attractive; Ed Rexrode, most popular; and Add McNeill our littlest boy". "Bunny" Hill and Libby Williams were our girls' basket—

11 stars, and I became a questionable and heavy-footed guard on the

27 team. One of the more shocking "great events" of the 1927 season is that we girls first were our "new" athletic shorts for basketball!

28 above-the-knees shorts replaced our black sateen or blue serge comers and were—along with the "boyish bob"—the very "latest" thing.

I remember many of the High School "kids" of this era. I remember tis McCoy—and his banjo, and I remember Jesse Wiley, the Hill twins,

May girls -- their lovely voices -- and Margaret Van Reeman, Anna

Dennison, Margaret Rose, Bus Edgar, Helen Smith, Margarite Moore, Louise Smith, Pearl Auldridge, Allie Kelley, Virginia and Gaynelle Meers, Laura Nelson, Virginia Neel, Babe Wilson, Charlie Miles, Pan Hill, Sterle Shrader, etc. etc.

and I remember, forever, "G.D." walking the corridors and telling sea stories in chapel. I remember, too, Mr. Clutter's chapel rendition of Kipling's "Gunga Din"! We had various clubs--French, Glee, Literary, "psp", stc., and at football games would yell, "Boom-a-lacka, Boom-a-lacka, Bow, Wow, Wow! Chicka-lacka, chicka-lacka, Chow!Chow!Chow! Coop-a-lacka, chicka lacka, Who are we? Edray District High School! can't you see?"

After the spring of 1927, I was in and out of college and taught terms in the Pocahontas schools. My teaching and trying-to-get-brough-college years were 1928-1938--the decade of the Great Depression.

My first school teaching experience was in the "Brush Country", at easant Hill school. I boarded at Oley Jackson's and at Menafee's orgood weather--walked from the Fairground road to the school house-ite a trek (35 miles?) down-hill and up-hollow.

At Pleasant Hill, I had about 25 pupils in all eight grades, and ough—as was common in these years—the plan had been for the big is to "run me out of the school", I had my happiest year—in all 35 years of school teaching—in the Brush Country School. I knew visited over—night with the parents, and there were evenings of thain music and popcorn and chestnuts roasting in the coals. And are were pie suppers, the Christmas pageant, and other community

sights at school. In school, I had several families of Wilfong children (first cousins) and the Wheeler children and the Waughs. I remember eany of the Wilfong children--Granville's, Earl and Frances; Seebert's clarence, Harry, and Catherine; Ress Wilfong's Wilburn, Valley, and little Kate; and Asa Wilfong's little Elsie. There were the Menefee children, Starling and Evelyn; Eula, Edith, and Zoe Wheeler; Iris and Edith Dean; Rebecca Jackson; Elzie and Arch Waugh; and Denton Wilfong's Howard and Reed. It has been 46 years since I taught at Pleasant Hill, and Howard Wilfong died long ago in World War II. But I still remember Howard's red hair and freckles, and I remember Elzie Waugh-one of my favorite little boys -- and I remember Eula Wheeler's neat arithmetic papers and Rebecca Jackson's little red coat. Outsiders would call the Brush Country school an "Appalachian Backwash", but to me it is, forever, my best school. The people were warm and friendly, the children learned gladly, and I was 19 years old, walking up the "Crick" on a September morning with the fare-well-summers all in purple bloom. It was that year -- in Jackson's log house along the dirt road -- that I began my first book of poetry, Mountain White. Because there was no heat in my bedroom, I wrote the book in bed-with bedquilts piled over me and a warm coverlid wrapped around my shoulders. I would write late at night by the oil lamp light. It was a good year, and I earned just short of \$90.00 a month, paid \$15.00 for my room and board, and saved some money for college fees.

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My next school was at Slaty Fork. Paul Sharp was principal and Goldie Gaye Hannah and Rebecca Slavens the two other teachers in this

set. soders, brick "consolidated school". I boarded up on Elk-near ary's chapel-with "Uncle" Bob and "Aunt" Ellie (Sharp) Gibson-who ary's chapel-with "Uncle" Bob and "Aunt" Ellie (Sharp) Gibson-who ary's spint on earth. In the get up before daylight, build the fires, and start breakfast. Then, she would kneel down in the sitting lowed" by name-"God bless allie, God bless willie, God bless Little starls." Dear "Aunt" Ellie-with her work-gnarled hands and happy is ughter and great steaming plates of hot biscuits and fried ham. Ind as she sang as she worked, I know there is-for her-that "land that is fairer than day."

Down at the Slaty Fork school, our first school buses ran in from gace and from the top of Elk. That year Willie Gibson would not send his children to school. He was against consolidation and the yellow hus-long before the Supreme Court got the blame.

I remember Willie's and Stella's children—Goldie, Sterle, Louise (sho was named for me) Glenna, and all. And down at school were Stanley Glee and Charmelea Gibson, Wilda Smallridge (such nice handwriting), Lawrence, and Wanda Lee Smith, Cecil Sage, Ruby Galford, Nancy Coberly, sarvick Gibson, and all the Maces, Hannahs, Van Deveners, Sharps, Tarners, etc. And there were the Thomas children—little Harry is, today, a medical doctor out in Machine of the Gibson Reunion every year.

My next 3 years of teaching were at Buckeye Graded ("the home school") where I taught "The Little Room". Hugh Moore and then Bill make were my principals, and the children included Evelyn Cochran, "Teeny", "Sis", "Buck" and Junita Howard, Grace, Dot, and Betty Rogers; Doris, Dorothy, and Margaret Miller; "Sis" and Junior Holley.

claude Auldridge; George Duncan; Junior Jackson (expert in Mathematics); day Rellison-(excellent student); Fay and Fred Morrison; Eddie palmer; Dempry and Walter McNeill; Harry and Ernestine Cutlip, Ruth ned led to affige from Mari Litter, or Falser, and Florence Auldridge, James and Russel Phillips, and all the rest.

Dr. Wales at suckeye school we had festivals and pie suppers and Christmas trees and cakes walks. At noon and recess we played "Brisoner's Base". Run, Sheep, Run", "Bretty Girl Station", "Go in and out the Window", and stick ball. Development to Fort Series and on main the trip tempthers. He will make t

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3423 56 5000 The old school house is a ruin now, and the bell has gone from its G tale proud white tower. But for us it still rings out across the village trap wide. I will nower furget my first shape of Me in the sweet September mornings, and all the children came running to (20) Sim Stiller line up for flag salute. Then we march in to our seats and stand there S ATTE to sing "America", "My country 'tis of thee, Sweet land of liberty" then we bow our heads at the last verse and sing it very softly, "Our 'ather's God to thee, Author of liberty, to Thee we sing"

MARKE N In Feb. 1938, when I had saved enough money for tuition, I resigned I also recent with Mrs. Ties Serold. Bloging hases my job and went to Miami University of Ohio to work on my M.A. Degree. ince then, I have returned only briefly -- to visit, to spend a few seks at the Miller Place (purchased 1941), or to teach college exstep record there. But beyond out to be a future ension courses up at town. But in a very deep sense, the Pocahontas a 1970-1 would story bur brother Meade, arth is still under my "bootsoles". It was a good world to grow up I have always full I was guided to Norlinson. I make at I n, and I am grateful to have known it and to have drawn from its glat J. con come back to hitee Sengle, But and Brace Orlinarie and trength.

AUG. 30.1976.

Dr. Douglas McNeill Pease, of Storrs, Connecticut, is to present a paper at the International Conference on the Physics of X-Ray Spectra, August 30, in Washington, D.C. Dr. Pease is the grandson of the late Dr. and Mrs. G.D. McNeill, of Buckeye.

Louise McNeill April 14, 1976 Coventry, Conn. 06238 I graduated from Valparaiso University in 1930. It was during the Mapression of the 30's. I resolved to take the first job offered in either mathematics or business education. I joined a teacher's agency as had an offer from Marlinton, and accepted. I was probably one of the first is my class to have a job assurance and was much envise.

I sas born in Ft. Wayne. My family had lived there since the 1830's.

not I said I was going to West Virginia my uncle thought I was "backeliding".

not family was proud of getting as far west as the growing city of Ft. Wayne,

no the three rivers.

fast susser I had a letter from G. D. McHeill. He wrote that
partis Giroulz would be a new teacher. She was a graduate of Ball State at
pancie. He suggested we might like to get in touch with one another, and
sake the trip east together. This is one example of his thoughtfulness.

Partis came to Fort Wayne and we made the trip together. We will never forget
that trip. How glad we were for each other's company.

On the train from Ronceverte to "arlinton, one sees no towns and it is a long ride. I will never forget my first eight of Marlinton, as the train comes through a pass and one sees the town in the valley; it looked like an oasis to us.

Mr Brill met us at the station and presented us to Mr. Harper Smith, with them so were staying that winter. MrsSmith was a very good cook; and we had a happy winter there. Ann Frazier also stayed there with us.

The other teachers were Eric Clutter, Paul Lord, Helen Hunter, Lets Beard, Polly Reynolds, Mancy McMeill, Delpha Snedegar, Priscilla Collins, and later Florence Price. Mr Flynn was Superintendent of Schools at that time,

I also roomed with Mrs. Wise Herold. Staying there also was Derris Girouls, Geraldine Haupt and her mother, Mrs. Olson and her daughter. Carolyn. Priscilla Colline had an appartment on the third floor, where I spent many happy hours.

In the year 1933-34 I stayed with Hydie Callison Sharp. Ann Dennison also roomed there. She turned out to be a future cousin! One of the first people I met when coming to Marlinton was Alice Waugh, never dreaming that in 1934 I would marry her brother Meade.

I have always felt I was guided to Marlinton. I enjoyed living there and knowing the people and the many students I had in my classes. I am very glad I can come back to Alice Wangh, Hud and Bruce Crickard, and Test Virginia.

Margaret & Wangh (Mrs. Mondo In Maugh) gecollections of the Civilian Conservation Corps. (CCC) 1933 - 1937
Written for the Lt Glen L. Vaughan
"Pocahontas County Bicentennial"

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The C C C was established in March 1933 by an Act of the 73d Congress.

It was an agency born of hope from the devastating economic and social catastrophe of the "great Depression".

The purpose of the CCC was generally twofold. First it was to provide a means whereby thousands of young men, from economically depressed families, could be given gainfull employment and at the same time assist their fathers, mothers, sisters and brothers at home. The second general purpose of the CCC was to provide the manpower for the conservation and renewal of our devastated forests and establishment of public parks and recreational areas throughout the nation.

all accross the country. The Army was given the responsibility of administration, housing, clothing, feeding, paying and of having the men ready for work each day. At that time the Army in the United States was organized into Corp Areas. The Y Corp comprised the states of Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky and West Virginia. Fifth Corp Headquarters was located at Fort Hays, in Columbus, Ohio. Each state was a Military District. West Virginia District Headquarters was in Charleston. The districts were devided into sectors. Marlinton, Elkins, Richwood, Lewisburg, Clarksburg etc.

Verious techancal services, i e, National Forest Service, State Forest Service, National and State Park Service ect, were given the responsibility for the projects of thecamps located in their forests or parks.

The first camps were established and administrated primarily by personnel form the Regular Army (There were a few Navy and Marine personnel)

is intersting to recall that the Standing Army in 1932 was only about serenty thousand men, and a Privates pay was \$21.00 per month. Gradually members of the Officers Reserve Corp were called to active duty and assigned to the COC. The camps were operated as military companies, army clothing, bedding and feeding were handled on army basis. The Mess Officer was given a ration allowance, about thirty five cents per man per day. He bought fresh vegetables, fruit and other perishables from local suppliers and requisitioned "dry" stores from the Corps Area Quartermaster. (The purchase of a great deal of equipment, supplies and services within the local communities, was a considerable economic heldp during the depression) most camps had their own vegetable gardens and some raised a few hogs and chickens. These projects were carried on by the men after working hours, and served to suppliment the regular army rations.

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Each Enrollee was paid \$30.00 per month of which \$25.00 was sent to his parents by allotment and he would receive \$5.00 in cash. In addition the Enrollee received housing, clothing, food and medical attention. Any one who lived during those depression days, knows of the economic help this \$25.00 a month provided those families. The benefits derived by the thousands of young men who were given meaningful jobs in the CCC is immeasurable. Thousands of them learned skills which equiped them for good jobs later on. Many learned machine and equipment operation and maintance, welding, trusk driving, forestry, surveying and many learned office skills such as typing and bookkeeping. Hundsades become cooks and medical assistants. Most of all it gave them hope at a time when things looked rather happeless. When the country went to war in December 1941, the men with 000 experence performed a great service in forming the nucleusof administration for the rapidly expanding army.

The work performed by the CCC under the direction of the verious techanal services was near miraculous. Prior to the CCC our forests and timber land were burned over almost without control, each spring and fall. Brush thickets and chared treetrunks covered our hillsides. Mountain streams were closed and littered, and wild life suffered the ravages of this forest neglect. With the help of the CCC the Forest Service built fire roads, cleared up streams and planted millions of trees throughout the wast forests of our country. The Park Services built and rehabiliated hundreds of state and national parks all over the nation.

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Today beautiful forests and parks stand as living evidence of the effort of thousands of young men who were without hope, but were organized into one of the great "experiments" of our country to the benefit of themselves, their families and the enduring public good.

The writter was privileged to have had a part in the CCC. I had earned a commission as a Reserve Officer in the army through attendence at Civilian Citizen Military Training Comp during the summers of 1929 - 1932 so was ordered to duty durning the CCC expansion in the spring of 1935. I served in verious camps throughout West Virginia, including Black Mt. Comp F 15 and Camp Thornwood F 6 in Pocahontas County. My assignments ranged from Camp Commander, mess officer, exchange officer, finance officer, and on some occasions, all at the same time. As a very young officer I had to learn quickly, I made many mistakes and received much help from all sides. I want to mention a few people that I knew and was associated with in the 000 who were from Pocshontas County or who had connections there.

The only Reserve Officer with whom I was acquainted in the CCC from Pocahontas was Lt Quinn L. Oldaker of Durbin. He was a member of the Cadre that established Camp Thornwood. Capt Wilfred Jackson was at Black Mt. along with Lt Floyd Ingram. Capt Jackson lived a number of years in Marlinton and Lt Ingran was married to the former Miss Billie Nelson of

Marlinton. Mr Bill Kraumer of Bartow was camp Superintendent at Black Mt. and Mr Pets Hanlon was Superintendent at Thornwood, Lt Fred Reilly married the daughter of Mr Tim Kannelle of Cass. Also several young ladies of Pecahontas found good husbands through the CCC. Among them wereMiss Esthryn Adrison, married Jullian Fawcett, and Miss Mable McNeill married "Bunk" Conrad of Haumond, Indiana.

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While I was at Camp Nicholas at Cowan, Rev H. H. Orr, former Presbyterian Minister at Marlinton, who was at that timein Richwood, conducted services at least once a month at the camps in that area. Mrs Orr would play a portable organ which they carried in the trunk of their car. Rev and Mrs Orr were wonderful, unselfish people who served Gods childern wherever they found them. Mr. E. C. Dadwyler, long associated with the First National Bank in Marlinton, was during CCC days a banker in Webster Springs. He was always most helpful to the CCC personnel.

My Brother-in-law, Bruce Crickard served in several different camps including Camp Wattago where he helped supervise the building of the dam for Wattago Lake. Mr Odie Clarkson of Cass, who later lived in Marlinton, served with the technical service at Thornwood while I was there and Mr Meal McKissic, who settled in Marlinton, was an equipment operator at Black Mt. Ofcourse there were many more local people who served so well and contributed much to the success of the CCC.

The hard work, the snow, rain, mud and at times bitter cold sor stifeling heat; the seamingly endless inspections, the "CCCpills" seem pretty small now in light of the lasting accomplishments in conservation of forests and parks, and of thousands of American youth of the "Great Depression".

> Mondo L. Waugh May 31, 1976 Fort Wayne, Indiana

I am enclosing a copy of a Camp Paper "Thornwood Engle" which tells something of the CCC from the vantage point of May 4, 1937



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SPORTS



THORNWOOD DUST

with new equipment and uniforms ordered the spring sports season cens into its own at Cary Thornwood. With now rookion signing up in every branch of sports our Camp should take in now laurele

The inter-camp schodule for the Canalities (no Sector has not been released as you

Tontative managers for the followsp is are announced. They will . . ! se o until a pormanont ono is na la

seball - Kylo Fishor S. "thall -- "Yonk" Malson To nis -- Mr. Hanlon Horseshoos -- Earl Bush Volley ball -- Loyd Monear Boxing -- "Art" Campbell

Lot's show what we have in us by participating in at loast one camp aport

Now for the big leagues -- in the National league St. Louis sooms to be running true to form. The Cincin nati "Rods" at the present time are a big diseppointment.

In the American league the Yankees are also running true to form with the Philadelphia Athletics surprising overyone by playing 500 percent ball.

- COMPLETE ATHLETIC EOUIPMENT IS 11 MPURCHASED

When a representative of The Sport Shop, Plocated in Clarksburg, W. Va., visited Camp Thornwood last week, he came to the right place at the right time. Camp Thornwood needed athletic oquipment and wooded it badly. Only the bare necessities had been purchased in former seasons.

After looking over his stock of samples, the best of everything, the administration of this camp purchased the following bill of goods, everything the best that could be bought:

12 Baseball uniforms, complete with jorsey, pants, socks and hats. Those uniforms will be grey with a gold and blue trimming. They will have a 9" circle on the front, in which the Company number will appear. They will have the word THORNWOOD across the broast.

12 Softball uniforms, gold body with blue sleeves, white duck pants and blue caps.

- 9 fielder's glaves
- 1 Catcher's Mitt
- 1 1st Baschans mitt
- 12 Bats, asst.
- 12 Balls, MA league Sliding pads, athletic supporters, sot bases, softball mask and catcor's glevo.

DON'T FORGET TO WRITE YOUR MOTHER ON

MOTHER'S DAY.

'NEXT SUNDAY, MAY 9TH, 1937.

CACOLD SEVER POR SEGUE

CHE AND DESCRIPTION AND PROPERTY.

THE RESIDENCE WAS ASSESSED.

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WIT



offer "I've put your shirt on the lothes line, Jim". lothes line, Jim". what odds did you get"?

Blosser: "There's a moose loose".

per: "Was that a silent cop I test ran ever"? Art: "He isn't now".

Irbella: "Who was the last man to the John L. Sullivan"? Cur cell: "The undertaker:"

a ut a collar button being found in r ma's stomach," In thes: "That must be false. Ea tild a cow get under a bed room dre. r?"

"Proquent water drinking", said the specialist, "will prevent you from becoming stiff in the joints." Williams: "Yes, but some of the joints don't serve water."

Ecokie: "Can you tell me the quickest way to the station?" Durbin town cop: "Run, man."

Campbell: "I wouldn't cash a check for my can brother." Edgell: "Well, of course, you know your can family better than I do."

Popoyer "Easter) to you are good, Popoye Popoyer "Easter) to you this bright new penny."

Risamore: "A good worker derives a great deal of pleasure when he s steps back to view the effects of his work."

steeple jack. "A Yes, unless he's a

Gothard: "What are the prices of the seats, Mister?"

Usher. "Front seats, one dollar; back seats, fifty cents and programs five cents."

Gothard: "I'll sit on a program, please."

Two colored boys were having an argument about ghosts. One of them claimed to have seen a ghost the night before.

"What was did here ghost doin' when you list seen him?" asked the doubting one.

"Jus' fallin behin', mistah, fallin behin', rapid."

Bode: "I can't eat this soup."
He haicks a "I'm sorry, I will call
Davis."

Davis: "I'm sorry, I will call Hensley.

Hensley: "What, is the matter with this soup?"

Bode: "Nothing, only I don't have

Tahaney: "What is a cannibal, Pop-

Popeye: "I don't know."
Tahaney: "Well, if you are your
mother and father, what would you be?"
Popeye: "An orphan."

On April lat the Technical Staff of Camp Thormsood was increased by one when Mr. M. S. Grimes reported for duty as field Mechanic. Foreman Grimes came to F-6 from the Elkins Forest Service shop where he had been stationed for the last year. to has had wide experience in the mechanics field and under his superision the monkey wrench crew are stling a new high in keeping the -p's machinery and trucks in tip-

MR. ROSE'S FAMILY top shape. _ NOW ONE LARGER

On the night of April 16th, the night guard, startled by a strange whirring sound in the air; looked up to see a huge white bird winging its way over camp. A strange specios, he was unable to identify it until next day when a report from Durbin cleared the matter up'once and for all. It was the stork. A 'it deposited at the home of Mr. an Marden Rose a fine nineyound boy who has been named Ben A on. The Eagle welcomes little Ben and congratulates the Rases. It is predicted that he some day will be a timber survey man, cruising the timber his daddy is planting these days.

ROOKIES ARRIVE

All members of Co. 2586 take great pleasure in welcoming the rockies to Camp Thermwood.

In all 40 mon have been enrolled here since April 1st. Twenty came from Elkins, W. Va.; Thirteen from Clarksburg, W. Va.; and S. from Huntington, W. Va. One from Greenbank, W. Va.

TWO KEY MEN

Bernard As Faust and Azel E. Her. sley, one a 32 year man and the other a two year man, will leave Camp Thornwood sometime in the coming wpekt.

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POLICE.

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Faust came to Camp Thornwood from Camp Parsons with the cadre July 1, 1935. He held the position of Supply Sergeant here for one full year. Loaving there for his health, he went on the road. After a little more than six months on the road, he was again pressed into duty for the Army to fill Julian Caldwell's Shoes at the vacant First Sergeant position.

Hensley came into Camp Thornwood from his acceptance station at Huntington, W. Va. July 25, 1935. He has spent most of his stay here in the kitchen either as first cook or as mess sergeant. He has been so successful at the latter position that other camps have sent their Mess Stewards here to learn his "technique". "Hefty" has made our Mess hall one of the best in the State, crowning his many achiever with the recently inaugarated individual table service, in which the KP's wait upon the entire company.

Both of these men will be very hard to replace. Both are leaving the organization to accept civilian employment.

Simon Davis has been understeading Hensley for a week and will be our new Mess Sergeant.

"Bill" Singhass will attempt to fill "Bernie's" shoes at the difficult job of First Sergeant.

TURKEYS LIBERATED ON LITTLE RIVER

3 10 to 101 Year Ma

od sometime

1500

to cap to On the morning of April 1st; our sons with the eight guard, making his last round He bold to of casp just at dawn, was both astspished and spished and spished and spished and spished in only his g-i gooded, clothed in only his g-i gooded, clothed in only his g-i gooded, sand menacing a long-tom ars and menacing a long-tom his mished and alarmed to see Roscoe seachin running up the company baroroad. And freers and menacing a long-tom shot to atte or the in his hands. Summoning his essed to b urage to the sticking point the l Julies (1) at guard asked him what was amiss Roscoe's answer is camp history: 'm going Turkey hunting.

ent Pint Later it was re waled the loscoe's sleep had been disturbed by twenty-be state one semi-wild turkeys, which had by spent the night messing up Frank mly & spent the high shop. Much mystory his the surrounded the turkeys until it was as fire learned that they came from Camp Wat-He has been the day before and were to be latter released on the Little River Game ave ser le'uce. Through a cooperative arto lear as ment with the Forest Service the best as blishing a 9000 acre game refuge part of what is known as Game Many top nstration Area 11, being managed language at the present time by Game Technican in the Freen. Already eighteen deer have nting teen released in this refuge. The turkeys, which were liberated early will win April, were also furnished by the to state. In accordance with the stockcontains program of the Conservation Commission in the case of other State refuges it is expected that more will be liberated in the Little dver Refuge. It is our fervent tope that Mr. Houchin will be notified of future shipments of turkeys.

So as to make it more convenient for everyone the cooks of Camp Thornmod recently asked for and received ermission to establish their quartre in the rear end of the Moss hall.

3 JR. ASSISTANTS ASSIGNED HERE

The endeavor of the President to provide civil service jobs for enrolless resulted in the addition of three men to the Technical staff of Camp Thornwood when three Junior Assistant to the Technican were assigned here. Bob Kinkead stepped out of the supply sorgeant's quarters to don, a forest green uniform and become Thornwood's contribution to the select group of young foresters. Teaming with Bob are Odio Clarkson from Cass, and Carlton Morrison from Kerens: Clarkson was formorly with Co. 2598 at Droop Mountain where he was Mess Steward. He is a votoran of almost four year's experience in the CCC. Merrison reported from Co. 2590 at Neola where he was prominent in Timber Survey activities and was forest service clork for almost a year. Addition of these three young men brings the Technical Service to the highest point in the camp's history. *** *** *** ***

Tony: '"Bid you say the man was shot in the woods last night Doctor?"

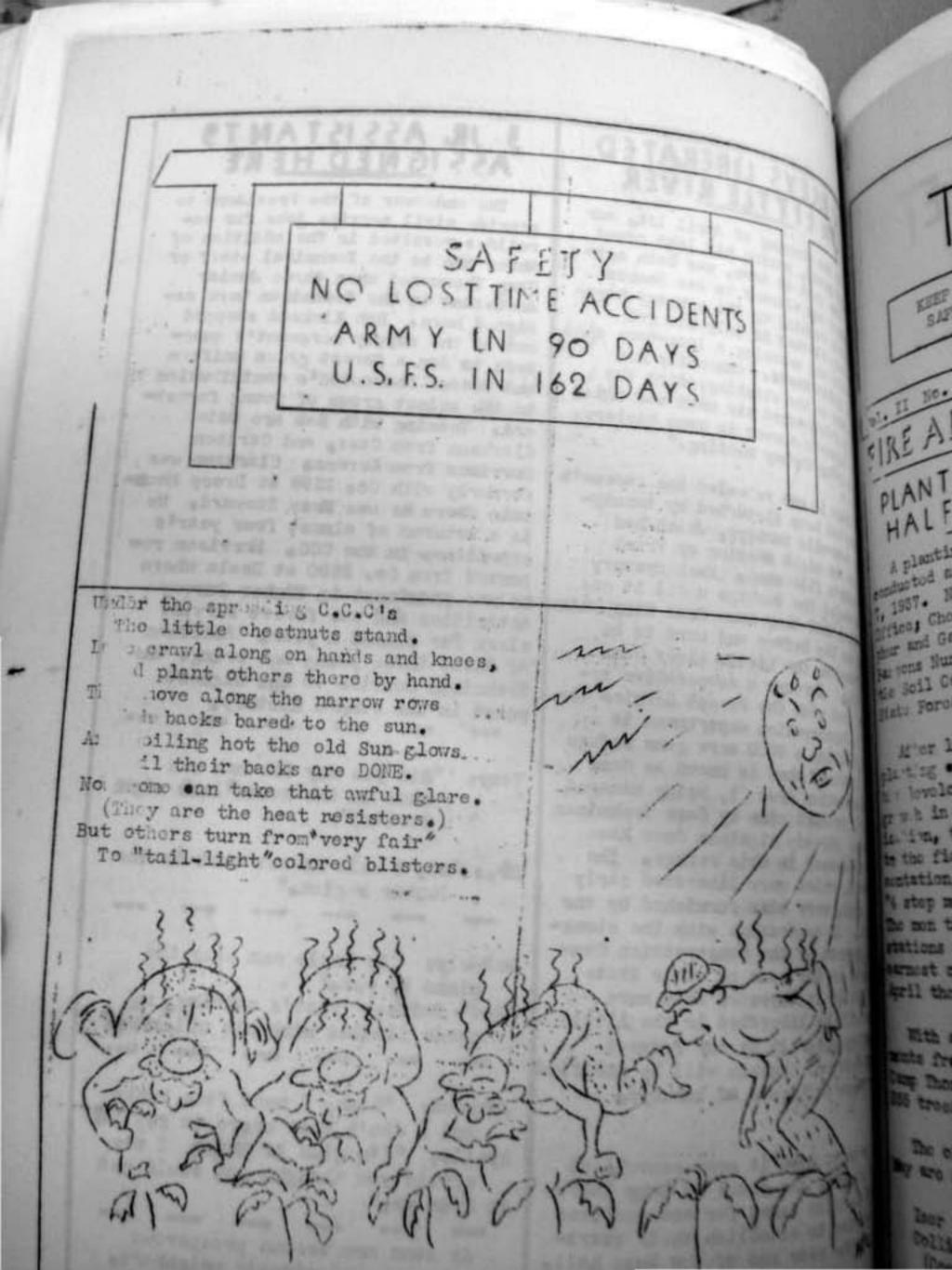
Dr.: "No, I said he was shot in the lumbar region."

McNeely: "My uncle can play the piano by ear."

"Red" Smith: "That's nothing, my uncle fiddles with his whiskers.

Johnson: "Gosh, I need five bucks and I don't know where to get it. Ryalls: "I'm glad of that. I was afraid you thought you could get it from me."

As some men become prosperous they become undesirable neighbors.



THORNWO

KEEP OUR SAFETY

bl. II No. X

Company 2586, Camp F-6

FIRE ALARMS NUMEROUS OVER WEEKEND

PLANTING NEARLY HALF FINISHED

A planting training school was conducted at Camp Thornwood April 6& , 1937. Notables from the Regional office; Cheat, Greenbrier, White Sulthur and Gauloy Ranger Districts; far ions Mursery and visitors from He Soil Conservation Sorvice and the Sinte Forests attended.

Af or learning all about the plating of a troo, its relation to to levelopement of any area, its gr wh in the nursery and crew organis in, the crew leaders were taken to the field for some practical prosontation, mainly in the use of the "s step method" of planting a troc. The men then returned to their home stations and troo planting bogan in earnest on three Ranger Districts, April the 8th.

With approximately 40 roonforcomonts from Camps White and Hutten, Camp Thornwood has planted some 378, 355 trees of its allotted 800,000.

The crew averages to the first of ay are shown below:

Lsor 58,000 387 Collins 47,900 343 (Continued on page 4)

The comparitive quiet of the spring fire season ended abruptly Saturday, May 1st, when the fire bell rang no less than four times.

Foreman Rose with Houchins, Collins, Rexrode's and Smith's crews were called back to camp from their work project at 2:00 p.m. Saturday to not as snap crews in case of fire.

The first alarm sounded at 2:10 p.m. and Rose with 20 men took off for Big Run in Pendleton County at 2:11 p.m. He arrived at the scene of the fire at 3:17 p.m. and called 20 more mon from camp from the Gatewood Tower telephone. Mr. Meekins, Asst. Rangor, and Mr. Hanlon, Proj. Supt., arrived shortly. Mr. Mookins, acting fire boss ordered 60 additional men from Camps-Laurel Fork and White.

The fire, which was caused by fishermon, was in second growth hardwood, bracken forn and slashing and was corralled and under control at 6:18 p.m. The last of Thornwood's 60 mon loft the scene of the fire at 10:00 p.m., the fire truck leaving at that time. Supt. Sutten with his Laurel Fork boys patrolled the fire all night. They turned it ever to Wardon Rose and ten men Sunday morning, who in turn turned the mop-up job to Foreman Thompson and 10 frosh mon at noon (Cont. on page 4)

THORNWOOD EAGLE

Published by the journalism class of Camp Thornwood bi-monthly.

Contributions from anyone are always welcome.

STAFF

Compton L Gothard...... Edito
Roy Spencer New
Rebert Cunningham St
William Singhass
Robert Tahaney W

Editor-in-shief
News Reporter
Staff Artist
Columnist
Columnist
Wit & Humor

HEARTY COOPERATION

When the athletic-minded enrollees of this company met recently to discuss the problems of the spring and summer sports program, one of the main questions was the shortage of almost every kind of athletic equipment.

When this question was brought before the administration, they immediately took inventory of the number and condition on hand, and with the best interests of the company at heart, purchased some \$246.00 worthsof equipment.

This whole-hearted cooperation should, and we are sure it will, induce the personal of this company to produce their utmost in completing the splendid new baseball diamond.

The Technical Service and the Camp Administration have done their part, so now let us get our shoulders behind the wheel and do our part.

"AU REVOIR"

Fer seemingly effortless efficiency, for quick decisive discipline, for gaining absolute respect while making loyal friends, none of us have not his equal. It is common acknowledgement, yes, unanimous acknowledgement, that the Camp improved overnight under his administration. The improved morale of this company since his arrival is semething over which to marvel. The cooperation between the two services in the past few months is rapidly transferming the appearance of this camp inte an object of which to be proud. The way he gained leyal, cooperative friends among both enrollees and facilitating personnel is a lesson in personality to all of us, The improvement in the Mess hall, in the "Rec" hall, the barracks, the exterior of camp, the shop, then the athletic equipment, the tennis court and the ball diamond, under construction: he has been a complete success.

We all hate to see you go Lt. Waugh. We wish you all the good fortune which we know you merit.

LT. WAUGH TRANSFER-

LT. HICKERSON RETURNS HERE

Effective Hay 1, 1937, Lt. Waugh, former commanding officer here, will be transferred to Camp Domora, Pick-ons, W. Va.

2nd Lt. E. H. Hickorson, recently transferred from Camp Thornwood to arp Bowers, will return here and a summer the duties of Junior Officer.

Lt. James D. Francis, 1st Lt. Mod-Ros., is now permanently attached to this company. He has been rendering medical services here although his home camp has been Camp Seneca. He will now serve Camps Thornwood and . urel Fork.

(FIRE - cont. from page 1)
The fire was officially pronounced out at 7:00 p.m. Sunday, May 2,
1937 by Mr. Hanlon, Proj. Supt.

(Troo)	lanting - co	nt. from pg1)
Bullton.	38,750	293
Huf an	42,100	289
Mor or	31,950	251
Rynlls	28,680	247 9
Roxrode	34,900	244
Smith, J.H.	34.200	225
Houchin	35,450	- 217
Rosoneranco	26,425	* 206
*** ***	*** ***	Fre '000 '

Zeke: "Iser, did your watch stop when it hit the floor?" Iser: "Sure, did you think it

Iser: "Sure, did you think it would go on through?"

"Hunnyack" "Could I move my choongum to the other side
of my mouth?"

Self-love is more commendable at times than self-forgetfullness.

ALARMS APLENTY

During the month of April, Can Thornwood was lucky not to have single fire. However, the alara was sounded several times and street dispatched.

On April 2nd twenty men were dewn back Allegheny road near Rose terman. The fire was on private land and no fighting was done.

April 13th ton mon wore mont to Circleville to help suppress a fin

Twenty men were sent to the farm of B. B. Beard on April 19th to its vestigate a brush burning there.

The alarm again sounded on April 23rd and men were dispatched, but no fire could be found.

for a fire in the Williams River Country, but none were dispatched.

PREVENT FOREST FIRES

CAMPGETS THREE INSPECTIONS

three practically straight days

Major Mitchell inspected came and found it satisfactory on Wednorday, April 29th. On the fellowing day, Major Gibbons, not knowing Major Mitchell had inspected, will inspected and found everything in order.

Capt. Rice, Sector Commander, paid us a visit Saturday, May let. After auditing some records, he gave the camp a brief inspection.

AMP COLL

rish job s so tisk sport ox voithout ir without ir with

following scorplishing scorplishing seem stands but it meter picture. It will be but it will be

per Collins Sullion Buffman Broor

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hardo hardo hith, J. H

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bit area

CAMP SUPERINTENDENT'S COMPANY COMMAND-

I wish to commond you men on your inting job. Inspections thoroof testing post satisfactory. Practselly without exception you mon are sing through in a way that makes proud of you and in a way that justify pride in yourself. You building a living momorial of accomplishment out there on ini-Ex Run. It is boing built woll efficiently. Congratulations;

The following is a tabulation of row accomplishment. It shows how esch erow stands in number of trees elanted, but it is far from a complete picture. It does not show the rely hillsides planted by Houchins grow and Rexrode's erow. It does set say that "Ryalls Referesting sockios" are rookies but that they or up there just the same. It does Fod to the up there just acknowledge the comerative spirit of most of the demehod mon. Unfortunately it indict se crow as lying down -- inoxcussoly.

Isor	58,000	387
collins	47,900	343
Bullion	38,750	293
Huffman	42,100	289
Morcor	31,950	251
Ryalls	28,680	247
Roxrodo	34,900	244
Smith, J.	H.34,200	225
Houchin	35,450	217
Rosenerane	0 10 10 10 10 17 E 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	206

ns, not by Let this not stimulate competition aspected, at the expense of good planting . worythin and boar in mind that tree planting s about half over. Many a footall game is won in the second half. Also, it'is much easier for low rows to go up than it is for high rows to go higher.

And new, the bitter ---- mon who

On account of the short period that I have been assigned to this company I have had little opportunity to become acquainted with many of its members. Yet I can sense a fine spirit of cooperation within the organization, for which I am truly gratoful.

It is with doop rogret that I rocord the departure of the fermer Company Commandor, Lt. Moado L. Waugh, from our camp and may we all wish the "the bost" as he goes to his now assignment.

Now that the season for outdoor sports is near at hand, each member is urged to take an active part in at least one unit of those now being organized. By so doing each individual will promoto his own personal wolfare, as well as strengthen the moralo of the entire company.

I am glad that I have the opportunity of sorving with Co. 2586 and am sure that my assignment here will bo a most pleasant one.

It Dlen R. Tipyeri.

turn up missing for fire duty at night or over the week-end. We can net lot you got by with it. You are AWOL. You are refusing to obey orders. We must insist upon compliance with fire orders. Violation moans storn discipline.

III BARARAR BARARAR BARAR BARA

The reason for the delay in publishing the E.LL. is the breakdown and subsequent repair of our mimoograph machine. We hope to have it published on time hereafter.

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April 1988 burning the a sounded to dispatchet,

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NEW KANO. WELL EXPERIENCED

lst lt. Glon R. Myers, our now comminding officer, has led a very interesting life.

He was enrolled in the Chicago
Technical College when America entered the World War. Enlisting at the
first call, he saw active service in
first call, he saw active service in
france. When the war was ever, the
coturned to his studies, graduating
1921:

For the hext fourteen years, he worked in a wide variety of fields, mainly that of an Interior Decorater salesman;

Lt. Myers was one of the first reserve officers to go an active duty with the 6.C.C. On April 21, 1935, he was assigned to Camp Gallipolis, Pomercy, Chic as Junior fficer.

In the spring of 1935, he took a come from that/corps, established at the from that/corps, established at the fame Marshal at Moundsville. He are od as Commanding Officer of the Camp until he was transferred to camp eaver at Clifftop, W. Va. ON Decor er 21, 1936. He served as commanding officer there until he was transferred to Cam Thornwood April 22, 1937.

Lt. Myers is married and has four shildren, two boys and two girls. • He is fond of music and takes a keen interest in archery.

Pete Turner: I was here yesterday and had steake.
Waiter: Yes sir; will you have the same today.
Pete: Well I might as wall if no one else is using it.

PERIMENT STARTED

It has been an accepted fact to camp Thornwood has had more red-had more left-handers and more dogs at its mess list than any other camp its Forest. It is only recently the Comp has gone in for mass production of dogs and here again it pears that F-6 will carry amy the

Taking his que from these fertile facts, Educational Adviser Healey is sponsoring thru Game Technisian Green an experiment in the propagation of wild birds. Although some forms of Game Management include the raising and stocking of gard in order to in order wild life, the Forest Service has so far gone in lenly for environmental control of dland which means increasing game by improving game conditions.

By spensoring a propogation experiment the educational program is doi
ing an original thing and one which
may have far reaching results.

Ring neck pheasants have been selected as the birds to be propogated and plans now include the purchase of several brood hens, a number of eggs, the erection of a rearing coop to house the brood hens and wire runaways for the young pheasants. After the young birds have passed the first oritical ten to twelve weeks they are to be liberated on the Little Riwar Game Preserve.

In addition to doing some actual wildlife rearing and stocking of our own many of the boys who help with the project will gain valuable experience and vocational training.

School Bond Fails

It would be beneficial to give our children reared in Pocahontas County a safe and thorough education. Perhaps we could be more realistic about possibilities. For 6,700 persons to go in debt 2.8 million dollars is quite extravagant and would result in modern schools which are often shoddily built and show the cracks of age in just a few years. Are these old buildings as irreparable as is made out? In Europe 800 year old buildings prevail. Why not pass a School Bond for \$600,000 to repair

the existing schools and add to the taxpayers burden the permanent expense of a larger maintenance crew. At this time there are only 2 men to handle all the schools in the county.

There need to be at least 5, possibly 6 men, for effective maintenance. Even the best buildings in the world will fall apart if not taken

care of.

My mother has been a teacher for 24 years, both in the old schools and in the modern buildings. She says she appreciates the high ceilings in the old class-rooms because they reduce the noise factor considerably, allow more air space for the 32 students and teacher.

The general credit market is in a squeeze and it is already too late to go deep in debt. Our existing schools are all right. If the roofs need fixed, let's fix them. If the drains are clogged, let's dig them out. If the chimneys need fixed, let's fix them too. If the fire door needs hinges, let's put hinges on it.

Sincerely, B. S. Lauster Bartow Board of Education The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on April 13.

A group from the PCHS
English Department met
with the Board concerning
a non-graded English program in grades 10-12.
The Board advised the delegation to proceed with
these plans.

The Board approved the College-Work Study Program whereby the Board pays 20 per cent of the salary of a qualified college student to act as a temporary employee of the Board, May through August.

Approval was given for the Observatory to use the Green Bank School Auditorium and rest room facilities during the summer months for its tourist pro-

Approval was given for the Boy Scouts to use the Marlinton cafeteria for the Scout Fair on May 8.

Mrs. Karen Hinkle's request to attend the State Math Field Day at W. Va. Wesleyan College on May 7 was approved.

The retirements of Norman Beale, bus driver, and Geraldine B. Dilley, teacher at Marlinton Elementary, were approved, both effective at the end of the 75-76 school year.

The Board approved the purchase of an electric typewriter from Brewer's Office Equipment in Lewisburg for the High School at a cost of \$439. Quotations were received from three office supply companies.

Approval was given to the request of Allen Stewart and Helen Sala of the Durbin School to take the Fifth grade students to the Davis & Elkins planetarium on April 21. Approval was given to use the Hillsboro cafeteria for an Adult Sewing Class, from April 26 through May.

The quotation of Hunter Hiner, Ashland Petroleum Company, of 36.5 cents per gallon for regular gasoline for the 76-77 school year was accepted.

Quotations were also accepted from the Marlinton Electric Company to supply oil and grease to the Board for the 76—77 school year.

The Board approved the use of school buses for the following trips and excursions:

(1) PCHS Band students to the State Band Festival at Clarksburg, May 6, 7,

and 8.

(2) Third and Fourth grades of Hillsboro School to NRAO and Edray Hatchery, April 28.

(3) PCHS Special Education students to the County Special Olympics at Hillsboro, April 22 and 23.

(4) Winners of County Math contest to Buckhannon on May 7 for State Math Field Day.

(5) Eighth Grade of Green Bank school to Visitors Center and Hills Creek on May 6.

(6) Seventh Grade Green Bank School to Pearl Buck Museum and Droop Mountain Battlefield on May 13.

(7) Fifth Grade students of Marlinton School to Bear Town, Droop Mountain Battlefield, and Pearl Buck Museum on May 14 or 17.

(8) Introduction to Vocations Class at PCHS to NRAO on May 6 and to tour business establishments in Marlinton on May 13.

1 0 2

The Board denied the request for the Green Bank School Fifth Grade to use the school bus for a trip on the Cass Train on June 2.

The Board approved the MacMillan mathematics text books for grades 1 through 8 for use in Pocahontas County Schools, 1976—1981, as recommended by a mathematics textbook adoption committee consisting of a mathematics teacher from all the elementary schools.

The Board employed the following non-tenured teachers and service and auxiliary personnel for the 76-77 school year:
Durbin Elementary

Teachers
Robert A. Crist
Thomas E. Plumley
Helen A. Sala
Linda L. Robinson
Louise M. Shinaberry

Non-Teaching Personnel Ella M. Taylor Loretta E. Burner Danny Nelson

Green Bank Elementary Teachers Danieth Patton

Non-Teaching Personnel James Cook Murrel Mullenax Richard Workman

Teachers
Lynn Hinkle
Harry E. Holsopple
Brenda K. Cales
Phyllis B. Crickenberger
Karen P. Hinkle
Betty M. Seaman
Mary K. Fisher
Sue Hollandsworth
Barbara Luttrell
Julie Macqueen
Sally Nottingham
Barbara Richman

Non-Teaching Personnel Bertie M. Kramer Wanda G. Wilfong Nora Lou Workman Mason Vaughan Emma McCoy Georgene Cutlip

Marlinton Elementary Teachers George D. Alt Paula B. Newkirk John O'Brien David E. Burdick William C. Durbin Teresa Barb Ulreca G. Shultz Debora Johnson Rebecca A. Burdick Carol S. Dale Catherine Bartels George Bartels Jane Massi Robin McElwee Barbara Shaw Katherine Snyder

Non-Teaching Personnel Judy Sanders Albert M. Kelley Louise K. Roy Barbara Gibson Gertrude Wooddell Janice Nelson

Pocahontas County High
School
Teachers
Robert F. Seaman
Molly T. Diller
Kathleen V. McGee
Samuel L. Taylor
Berlin B. Vandevender
Robert C. Welder
Emery K. Wyatt
Glen Wade
Martha Wade
Linda VanReenen

Non-Teaching Personnel
Nancy L. Rose
Cora L. Wyatt
Janet L. Shank
Marilyn Kirk
Sharon Turner
Dale Armstrong
Neal Cassell
George Gladwell
William Wyatt
James Shearer
James D. McLaughlin
Kenneth Shearer
Robert M. McLaughlin

Board of Education Office Betty O. Lambert Roger L. Trusler Wanda Wymer Kerth Friel Tommy Campbell Johnnie Kinnison

The resignation of John Kinnison, electricity teacher at PCHS, effective at the end of the 75-76 school year, was accepted.

The request of American Cancer Society to solicit in the elementary schools, beginning May 3, was approved.

The Board approved the purchase of C. B. radios and P. A. systems for the four new buses at a total cost of \$546.

Approved the request of Gladys Vance to take her Medical Explorer troops at PCHS to the Medical Exploring Seminar at Charleston on April 24.

Approved the request of Charles Fauber to take the PCHS Band to the State Band Festival at Clarksburg and for Mr. Fauber, Quentin Stewart, Linda Stewart, and Kathleen McGee to accompany the Band.

Approved the request of Reta Rose to take her Advanced Physical Education class at PCHS to the Fairlea Bowling Lanes on April 23.

Approved the request of Larry Yagodzinski to hold rehearsals and a concert at the Durbin school outside of school hours.

The Board will meet again on April 20.

2 0 2.

FOCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

untished every Thursday except had week of the year, and at the Post Office at Mar-a. Wast Virginia 24954, as d class matter.

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, JUNE 3, 1976

Board of Education The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on May 25,

The first order of business was to reorganize the Board based on the results of the elections on May 11. At this election Board members were selected for one full term and two unexpired terms. At the opening of this meeting the Board consisted of only three members. Moffett McNeel, June Riley, and Ernest Shaw, since Everett Dilley and Bobby Vance were serving unexpired terms only until the election. Everett Dilley, Jr. was administered the oath of office to the unexpired term to which he was elected on May 11. Moffett McNeel then resigned from his term of office due to expire in January 1977 to accept the unexpired term to which he was elected on May 11 and was administered the oath of office for this term. Walter Helmick, who was elected to the full term beginning in January since he received the highest number of votes on May 11, was elected by the Board to fill the unexpired portion of the term from which Mr. McNeel had previously resigned. Mr. Helmick was then administered the oath of office to this unexpired term which, by law, runs to the date of the next election. November 2. After all this the Board was again at its full strength of five members. Mr. McNeel was re-elected as President of

The Board heard Arch Wooddell who was acting as spokesman for a group of teachers, parents, and citizens who were protesting the use of the athletic field at the Marlinton Elementary School by the Fireman's carnival in June and the horse pulling contest during Pioneer Days. Twenty-four people were in attendance on this matter and presented a petition signed by 122 people. The Board agreed to take the issue under study.

Lonnie Ratliff spoke to the Board concerning the trimming of trees along the Marlinton athletic field to improve the playing conditions on the softball field.

The Board approved the request of Rev. Gary L. Jarrel, pastor of the Church of God, to use the Marlinton gym on May 28 for a church basketball tournament.

Miss Anna Cornell Moore was employed as County Speech Therapist for the 1976-77 school term.

The request of the Pioneer Days Committee to use the PCHS gym for the annual Miss Pocahontas Pageant on July 8 was approved.

Approval was given to the request of Kathleen McGee, PCHS Cheerleader sponsor, for the varsity cheerleaders to attend a summer camp at W. Va. University, August 8-11.

The Board approved the request of the NRAO Recreation Association to use the Green Bank gym and cafeteria for their annual picnic on July 17, in case of

The following dismissal schedule for the students final day at school, June 4, was approved: (1) The High School will be dismissed at 10:30 a. m.

(2) The elementary schools will dismiss in accordance with the high school schedule.

(3) Teachers will be dis-

missed at 1 p. m.

The contract of Lawrence Brannan, PCHS Guidance Counselor, was extended from June 25 to July 19, at no increase in pay. During this period Mr. Brannon will be chaperoning the PCHS students on their trip

to England.

The Board approved the application for money from Federal government under the ESEA Title I Program in the amount of \$136, 848 from Fiscal Year 1977 funds and \$25,464 from unbudgeted reserve from Fiscal Year 1976. Title I funds support remediation programs to overcome learning deficiencies for economically deprived students. In Pocahontas County these funds pay for the tutorial aides in the elementary classrooms and support the remedial reading and mathematical program.

Gary L. Jarrel was em-ployed as a regular bus driver and Alfred L. Dilley employed as a substitute

bus driver.

The Board gave approval for Sam Taylor to drive a bus for the Building and Maintenance class at PCHS and for Robert Welder to drive a bus for the Forestry class and athletic trips.

The Board withdrew the 1976-77 teaching contract of John O'Brien on the basis of his verbal resignation of May 14, 1976, by a unanimous vote.

The Board heard from archictect K. F. Weimer in regard to the Board's previous direction for him to procure a negotiated bid from one of the two bidders in the amount of \$124,000 maximum for the addition to the vocational building at the High School. Mr. Weimer reported that he had made repeated unsuccessful attempts to contact Kyle Construction Company but had worked out an agreement with Moss Associates, Harrisonburg, Virginia, in the amount of \$124,000. The Board authorized Mr. Weimer to draw up a contract with Moss and authorized Mr. McNeel to sign this contract when it is prepared.

The Board decided to make its contributions to the budget of the Pocahontas Board of Health for 1976-77 the same as that for

1975-76.

The Board agreed to assist the Pocahontas Memorial Hospital by hauling coal for the Hospital within the capability of the Board's equipment and manpower. The Hospital will pay salary, fuel and oil, and mileage for maintenance and in return receive a saving on the price of coal.

Approval was given for the following excursions and field trips:

Durbin Eighth Grade to the NRAO for a tour and

picnic.

Marlinton 6-A and 6-C classes to Watoga State Park on June 1 for a picnic.

Hillsboro Fifth and Sixth Grade to Watoga State Park on June 1 for a picnic.

Marlinton Special Edu-

cation Class to Watoga State Park on June 3 for a picnic and swim.

Green Bank Fifth Grade to the Cass Scenic Railroad

on June 2.

PCHS Advanced Physical Education Class to the NARO pool on June 1.

Marlinton Second Grade to the Cass Scenic Railroad. Cass Museum, and Seneca State Forest on June 1.

Marlinton Third Grades to the Cass Scenic Railroad and Seneca State Forest on June 2.

Marlinton 7-A to Watoga State Park for a picnic on June 3.

The next regular Board meeting will be on June 8.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

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JAND PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

Luther Preston Beard

Luther Preston Beard, 76, died in the Naval Academy Hospital in Annapolis, Maryland, August 16, 1976.

Mr. Beard was born at Hillsboro, November 21, 1899, the son of Forrest and Rachel Clark Beard. The Beards lived at Hillsboro and at Marlinton where the elder Beard had a meat market.

THEY RESIDENCE THE

Stor's on Law The

He joined the National Guard Army at Ronceverte in 1917 to guard the tunnel at White Sulphur, later served in France. After World War I he joined the Navy and served for 20 years. In World War II he was recalled and served at the Naval Academy Hospital at Annapolis.

ers, Clarence and Forrest Beard, of Hillsboro; two sisters, Clara King, Annapolis, Maryland and Eda Beard, of Hillsboro.

Preceding him in death were three brothers, Ryce, Sherrett and Warren; two sisters, Laura Weiford and Mary Beard.

The Fleet Reserve Association held services at Taylor's Funeral Home in Annapolis on Monday evening and he was buried the next morning in Arlington National Cemetery.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

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CALVIN W. PRICE, EDITOR

THURSDAY, NOV. 18, 1948

An Open Letter to President Harry Truman

Dust Mr. President:

First of all, Mr. President, may I congratulate you on your vinmer at the polls today. It was one of the most exciting elections in the history of America.

They say that the day before the election, the odds were study to one, in favor of the other side, that is. Many of the hig buys test a lot of dough; it goes fari a sixty to one.

Everyone is still stunned—some because they had visions of a few meaty changes for themselves, like, perhaps, a fat tax cut. They lalled themselves with such dreams, and when they woke up —well, it was just too much to bear!

Others were stunned because this first group had convinced them it just couldn't happen! But they had gone out and voted for you—voted a kind of personal protest. These are the people who really believe in their right to you.

Maybe you, too, were stonged.
Everyhedy—all the analyiets and other know-sile—had assured you that it just wasn't in the carrie.
Well, you, too, protested; you want out and protested—long and loud—from whistle stop to whistle stop—from early morning to late night.

Do you remember, Mr. President, the other side had a big publicity campaign a few months ago- "The Grass Roots?" The right oor, had they only known it! The guy that thought that one up had the right ides. Now, what did they do! They glamor-lad it! They showed us pictures of the other goy sitting on an expensive white fence (that was bud psychology right there.) They slowed as pictures of him going into his church; coming out, and staking hands with the preacher. that was all right with us, most of us go to church, and we too. stake hands with the preacher, when the service is over. They showed us nice family group pic-Street that was just fine, we all an kade. But that is where they

Storped Mr. President, with my

Roots? I'm "Green Ructs" One of my great grandmothers married, becare the Civil War, and had her first son before she was different poses old. My great grand duddy went off sed fought in the Lunfateralise. He came has to their farm, when the war was user, and they had ten more children. One of my aunts dog into a lot of old court house records, and found out she could become member of the D. A. R. She likes those things—lots of tradition!

Now, Mr. President, don't you agree with me that I'm Gram Hootel

My husband came here twelve years ago to get an education. He didn't even know any English when he came; now he's a college instructor. I remember the day he became a citizen of the United States of America, He came bonne and told me all about it: "Batis". he said it was thrilling! The so ly question asked was, 'How many judges in the Supreme Court-are they elected ... appointed l' Some of the people there had to answer a lot of questions; so I asked the indge why he asked me so little He just laughed, and said, young man, with all your schooling, you had better know the answers' and when I went back to my class at school, my students rose and sang. the National Anthem. I cried a littly, and wasn't ashained. Their eyes were wet too,

Mr. President on November 2, my husband and I went to the polls to vote. He said. "You anow this is a great honor" if this were an election, where I came from, the atreets would be full of soldiers. Many cars and trucks call for the people—take them to the voting places, but they rote the way they are take or they get shot." Now. Mr. President don't you agree that he's grass ruots?

Times, a middle aged Jee came than the office sneed I work. He was very happy. He said, "I was up all night drank for mostly itis hands shook, and his extwere bloodshot, "but he continued." I'm very excited! I hadn't in fened to an election since 1935 in thermany. I've been in American almost one year now. Reform the almost one year now. Reform there: Poland, Italy, France, Hussis, too, without a passpect. Now, to my way of thinking. My President, he too, is "Green Roots."

I think, Mr. President, that you know that were here—the grave mote." They're here, much through deeps they can all through America, etting and altered alter, and they are altered to the point you. If

you slways remember they are bere.

Very sincerely yours, Virginia Ramos Espino.

Open Letter to President Truman is from the former Virginia Disk con, of Mariinton. She is a grand daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. J. H. May, and a nicce of Mrs. J. Herbert Vangban.)

Pearl Buck Life Membership Gift



Woman's Club

The Friendship Dinner of the Marlinton Woman's Club opened the new year Friday, September 10, at the Edray Community Center. A delicious turkey dinner was served by Mary Shafer. It was a night of surprises. A gift package was presented to Mrs. Steve Hunter, president, which, when opened, revealed a \$1000 check from Miss Julia Price for a life membership to the Pearl Buck Birthplace Foundation for the Marlinton Woman's Club. Miss Price was presented with a beautiful basket of flowers: pink carnations for the club flower, roses for love, and daisies for practicality. Then there was an additional surprise as the Club Year Books were opened and a dedication of 1976-77 Club Year was dedicated to Miss Julia L. Price for her generous gift in the Club's name, helping to assure that "My Mother's House" -Pearl Buck's birth home may live again.

Mrs. Kerth Nottingham was wished a happy birthday in song, and Mr. and Mrs. Ben Morgan were remembered for their fortieth wedding anniversary, and Mrs. Marvin Perry led in group singing, accompanied by Mr. Perry on the harmonica.

Members and guests attending were: Miss Peggy Smith, Miss Alice Waugh, Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Perry, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Morgan, Mrs. Gordon Dilley, Mrs. Lee Barlow, Miss Julia Price, Mr. and Mrs. I. B. Bumgardner, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Gibson, Mrs. John Pritchard, Rev. and Mrs. Eugene Ten-Brink, Mr. and Mrs. William McNeel, Mrs. Jane Sharp, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Rexrode, Mr. and Mrs. Steve Hunter, Mrs. Glenn Shrader, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Cooper, Dr. and Mrs. Robert Hite, Mrs. Rachel Sharp, Mr. and Mrs. Dale Curry, Mr. and Mrs. Neal Kellison, Eugene Simmons, Mrs. Kerth Nottingham, Mrs. Grace Harper. Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Montgomery, Mr. and Mrs. Layman Davis, Mrs. Eldridge McCormack, Mrs. Sherman Moore, Mr. and Mrs. J. Z. Johnson.

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SUSSCRIPTION CHARGES Pocabontas County \$4.50 a year,

JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, SEPT. 16, 1976

Board of Education

The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on September 13. Representatives from the Citizens Advisory Committee met with the Board and presented a proposed questionnaire to be distributed to the citizens of the county. The purpose of the questionnaire is to determine the feelings of the County's people as to why the school bond was defeated in May and the direction in which the Board should move in alleviating the poor physi-cal condition of the Coun-ty's schools. The Board approved the questionnaire and the Committee's plans for distributing it to the public by use of The Pocahontas Times and personal

Mrs. Minnie Cochran met with the Board concerning establishing a school bus stop for her children on Buckeye Hill.

Dale Curry and Doug Dunbrack met with the Board on behalf of the Pioneer Days Committee. They expressed the Committee's thanks for the Board's past cooperation with Pioneer Days and made a request for the use of the Marlinton School facilities during Pioneer Days in 1977. They also asked that the Board established a set policy for the use of the school facilities to prevent the problems that arose this past Spring with the circus and carnival using the Marlinton athletic field.

The Board accepted the resignation of Frederick VanNostran as science and math teacher at Green Bank.

Robert Crist was transferred from Durbin to Green Bank as science teacher.

The Board employed Thomas Stipe as science and math teacher at Dur-

The request of Mrs. Catherine Bartels for a maternity leave beginning

in February was approved. Mrs. Mary Brundage was transferred from Durbin to third grade teacher at Green Bank due to increased enrollment at Green Bank.

Mrs. Heidi Hickson and Mrs. Agnes Bennett were employed as substitute cooks at Green Bank.

Samuel Taylor, Paul Kesler, Jr., James Meek, and Wallace Dorn were employed as substitute bus driv-

Kay J. Spruill was added to the substitute teacher

The Board considered increased insurance coverage for the High School and deferred action on this until the next meeting.

The request of the Girl Scouts to use the art room at Green Bank for meetings was approved.

The Board approved the request of Larry Mustain to use private vehicles to transport the Hillsboro football team to games on September 25 and October

The purchase of two or three 66 passenger school buses was authorized. These buses are to be purchased under the State Purchasing Plan with bids to be received on a statewide basis. The number the County will buy will depend on the bid price. These buses will be paid for out of the 1978 Fiscal Budget.

The Board approved the July and August Treasurer's Reports, September Investment Report, July Financial Report, August Payroll, and the Annual Financial Report. The Annual Report was printed in

the paper last week.
The Superintendent advised the Board of problems concerning the sewage system at Green Bank and that steps are underway to rectify these probems.

The next Board meeting will be Monday, September

The Gibson History
Written for the Gibson
Reunion, held on July 11,
1976, by Harold David Gibson, son of Allie C. Gibson
and the late Forest Gibson.

My Mother has the history of the Gibsons in her head,

But this history assignment was given to me instead. If you want to hear all sides of the fence

Speak to her and it all makes sense.

Not much is known to be truly exact,

Of the history of us Gibsons from David on back.

Revolutionary heroes we cannot readily acclaim.

But we are proud to be Gibsons all the same.

David, from Waynesboro, in the 1800's came To settle in Hillsboro Western Virginia—now of Pearl Buck fame.

Over now Elk Mountain beyond the crooked fork Here he and his wife, Mary Sharp did raise

Five sons and three daughters in God's grace William, Jim, John, Doctor Dave and Jake,

Mary, Nancy and Lizzie married and new names did take.

Jim and Jane Friel, seven children did rear

Jake married a Wamsley, killed in the Civil War and no children did bear John and Mary Towsend added Sam, Nancy and Joe

Mary and Rankin Poage bore another two

Three children had Martha Hogan and Doctor Dave He was called Uncle Doc— Many lives he did save. And to get to the more immediate concern

We wish to pay homage to those who have passed on

Harlan and Dock, the last of Jim's sons, Cloe, Julian, Ray Lewis and Earl their work is done.

We do not mourn, but wish to praise

The useful purpose served during their days

To those who are sick and in need of bed care

Our prayers and best wishes together we share

As a footnote to those not here, I'd like to add

There are those who are sick, and other reasons to be had

Those of us present descendants of William outnumber the other

We do not boast, but hope that rather

Future Gibson reunions will continue to grow

And include the host of others who did not show So, to all of us here, be of

good cheer
And we hope to see all of
you back with us next
year!

Seven children Nancy and

Sam Gay did grace Lizzie and James McClure eight more were blessed William and Polly Gay were wed

For death of three children, tears were shed

Add Sam, George, Jim Robert, Mary and Sally To most of us here as descendants do rally.

David is buried in Moffett Cemetery, atop the hill His wife honored by "Mary's Chapel," where they worship still.

Both sides did they take in war of rebellion Some refused to fight and were taken to prison Gunfire from the soldiers were heard

By our grandfathers at play In this Pleasant Valley we inhabit today.

Waugh, Shelton, Jackson, Moore, Hannah, Varner, and Mace

Kramer, McLaughlin, Jordan, Showalter, Schaffer and Yates

Miller, Rankin, Meeks, Thomas and Shear add to the line

Higgins, Hammond, Rider, and Stalnaker, all mighty fine

Baxter, Beverage and Price

—It goes on and on

For names not mentioned, the Gibson seed is still being sown

Names, religion and nationalities intertwine

But continue the blood of the Gibson line.

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, SEPT. 30, 1976

Board of Education

The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on September 27.

The Board met with Architect K. F. Weimer to review the plans for the elementary schools.

The Board approved the payment in lieu of transportation to Mrs. Bertha Defibaugh of 75 cents per day per child for each day the child is in attendance at school.

Approval was given for the use of a school bus to transport fifth grade students of Green Bank School to the Cass Train on October 11.

The resignation of Theodore Callahan as bus driver was accepted.

Alfred Dilley was employed as a regular bus driver.

The request of the Marlinton School to take the football team by bus to Upper Glade on October 14 was approved.

The Board approved a request for maternity leave from Lura June Fauber, Speech Therapist, from October 20 to January 3.

Approval was given for the Hillsboro football team to be transported to Renick on October 20 by private cars.

Permission was given for classroom at the High School to be used for the Adult Basic Education Class one night a week.

Mrs. Anna Virginia Hayes was employed as an Aide at Durbin for the balance of the 76-77 school year.

The Board approved the use of the High School gym and cafeteria on October 16 for the 4-H Achievement

Approval was given for use of the Green Bank auditorium for a Community Forum meeting on October 12.

Approval was given for the Green Bank Women Sports Group to use the Green Bank Gym every Thursday night for a physical fitness program.

The use of the Marlinton cafeteria for a Marlinton Chamber of Commerce dinner on October 11 was

approved.

The Board approved the request of the Hillsboro PTA for a Fall Music Show on October 3 on the Hillsboro Athletic field. Proceeds to be used to buy books for grade 5-8.

Approval was given for the Marlinton Rotary Club to use the Marlinton cafeteria for meetings on Mon-

day nights.

Approval was given for the Girl Scouts to use a room in the Marlinton School on the first and third Tuesday of each month for meetings.

Approval was given to a supplement to the 76-77 budget due to the larger than expected surplus from the 75-76 budget.

The Board approved a revision in the 76-77 budget to include additional money from the state to pay for increased salaries.

The request of Bio-Preps Laboratories, of Fairmont, to offer a blood screening examination to school personnel and the general public was approved. The exact dates will be announced.

The Board approved the purchase of bleachers for the High School athletic field to seat approximately 500 fans and the band. The cost will be \$2,000 to \$2,500.

The Board approved increased insurance coverage on the High School building and contents to cover the increased valuation from \$2,666,966 last year to \$3,029,926 at the present time. The policy on the High School is one that covers 90% of total loss of the building and 100% of any loss less than total. The additional premium was \$1,065.

The Board adopted the following policy for the general use of school facilities and for the Pioneer Days Committee to have exclusive use of the school facilities during Pioneer Days:

It shall be the policy of the Pocahontas County Board of Education to permit the use of school facili-

SOCIAL,

fraternal, and private organizations so long as the public is served in the areas of cultural exposure and/or enlightenment, or wherein the public is best served in the area of worthy use of leisure time.

It is the will of the Board, however, that no such usage prevent or disrupt the educational program for which the facilities were originally designed and intended, and that such activities shall in no fashion distract children in the pursuit of their education, or create unseemly, unhealthy or potentially dangerous situations for them in the school environment. As an example, circus, carnivals, etc., during the school term on school property will be considered in violation of the above and as such will be prohibited. Activities of this nature may be undertaken during the vacation period provided that there is no risk of damage to the property, and no health or safety hazard is created for the public in general by such. Judgments as to the propriety of the above shall be made by the superintendent acting in conjunction with appropriate authorities who may advise him on unusual circumstances.

EXCLUSIVE USE OF FA-CILITIES: The Board, being aware that Pioneer Days activities, conducted under the auspices of the Pioneer Days Committee, represent a valuable contribution to the transmittal and perpetuation of the Pocahontas County heritage, shall grant exclusive rights to said Committee for use of school facilities during such period as shall be identified as Pioneer Days. The execution of such rights by said Committee, however, shall be in accord with the terms of Item No. 1 of this policy. The Pioneer Days Committee, in brief, will bear the entire burden of responsibility for all elements tangent to and associated with such activities approved by it and conducted under its auspices.

The next Board meeting will be October 11.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, OCT. 7, 1976



Marlinton Junior High Football

High School got their sec-ond win of the season by against Webster County, beating Hillsboro, 8-0. The Tuesday night. game was played in a The girls were leading downpour. Although the through the whole game. weather wasn't ideal, both teams played well.

of 2 yards gave the Copper- Coleman 8. heads the winning points. around right end.

Hillsboro and Marlinton defense. Some of the lead-Jess Heavener, and Glenn Lottie Buzzard with 8.
Taylor. Terry Kramer and Leading rebounder was

The Copperheads play at 7. home again this weekend, Saturday, Oct. 9, at 7:30. good luck. They will be playing Green Bank.

This Thursday, Oct. 7, there will be a boosters meeting in the gym at 7:30.

Girl's Basketball

The Warrior girls bas-The Marlinton Junior ketball got their first victory

The highest scorers were Mike Doss did all the Cathy Coleman with 8. scoring for the Copper- Leading rebounders were Lottie Buzzard with 9 and heads. His touchdown run Vicki Shears 9 and Cathy

The girls also had a Doss also scored the point winning game on Thursafter touchdown on a run day September 30; they played against Circleville.

both played outstanding defensive game. They kept The girls played a hard playing hard right down to ing defensive players for the last quarter. The high the Copperheads were Rick scorer was Cathy Coleman McCarty, Laurence Kiner, with 18 points, next was

Chuck Beverage both had Cathy Coleman with 12, next was Teresa Rose with

Congratulations girls,

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THURSDAY, OCT. 14, 1976

of the Building Course De

College Day at PCHS

On October 11, 1976, PCHS junior and senior students received college information firsthand during the school's college day program. Eighteen state colleges and universities were present and each student could talk to any three representatives. The college representatives presented a short program and then answered all questions relating to their individual college. The students received applications, financial information and all general information pertaining to attending college. The students could also talk to the representatives individually after the program.

Board of Education

The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on October 11, 1976.

The Board approved the following requests for the use of school buildings:

 High School cafeteria and band room by the Pocahontas Producers Cooperative Association and Pocahontas County Farm Bureau on November 13,

 Hillsboro cafeteria by the Hillsboro Volunteer Fire Department on October 30 for a Ham and Oyster Dinner,

 A classroom at Green Bank by the Girl Scouts on Thursday afternoons for a meeting room,

 Hillsboro, Green Bank and Marlinton buildings by the County Commission for the General Election on November 2,

 Marlinton gym by the Athletic Boosters Club for a dance on October 23.

Approval was given for Hillsboro students to be transported by private car to a football game at Renick on October 20 and for

Marlinton students to be transported by private car to football games at Hillsboro on October 30 and Green Bank on November

The request to use a school bus to transport the Green Bank football team to Upper Glade on October 28 was approved.

Permission was given for Whitman Hull to attend the National Association for Pupil Transportation Convention in St. Louis on November 14-18. The cost is approximately \$400 which is 80% reimbursable by the state.

The Board approved the payment of 50c per day for each child for each day of school attendance, in lieu of transportation, to Mrs. David Cassell, Green Bank.

Permission was given to advertise for bids for a new dump truck chassis.

The Board approved the September payroll and payment of various bills.

Board President McNeel reported on the recent meeting of the W. Va. School Board Association that he and Superintendent Lannan attended.

The next regular Board meeting will be October 25.

PCHS Football

halftime tie to down Frank- week. lin 22-6 in a water covered field Friday night.

Alfred Pondexter scored point conversion then passanother.

Franklin scored early in the first quarter but a strong Warrior defense Greenbrier West 6-0 shut them out for the remaining three quarters. The defense was led by Doyle and Fred Tibbs. tough. Other standouts were Mark and three seniors.

PCHS plays Kingwood in PCHS came out of a 6-6 the Homecoming game this

The Warriors have been playing good football but a tough schedule has kept three touchdowns and them out of the winning Mark Waslo scored a two column until this week. The combined record of 4 PCHS ed to David L. Cassell for opponents is 23 wins and 3 losses.

Nicholas County is 5-1 Richwood 5-1 Marsh Fork 5-1 Greenbrier West 6-0 The teams on this year's strong linebacking of Rick schedule are unusually

The PCHS staff and Gum, Richard Oref and Team would like to thank Glen Arbogast. The defen- Mr. and Mrs. Tony Ricottilli sive team was composed of for the fine meal they six sophomores, two juniors furnished in Beckley on the Marsh Fork trip.

The sale was to be before the

Flood

The rains came and the river rose.

Friday night at 11:03 the automatic flood alarm system sounded in the Marlinton Volunteer Fire Department office, which first indicates from upper drainage areas that a 10 foot level of water will 4 hours later be at the Marlinton bridge. Twenty-four hours later (after 11 p.m. Saturday), the alarm reset itself when the water level went below flood stage, after reaching a crest of 13.1 feet at Marlinton and 16.55 feet at Buckeye about 3 p.m.

This system enabled the Fire Department to chart within a few inches the time and actual level of the water, being in constant communication with Cincinnati and other informa-

tion centers.

Ilean Walton, at Buckeye, said the rainfall was
4.5 inches. Moody Moore,
on Browns Creek, reported
about 4.5 in 24 hours from
Friday morning to Saturday
morning. The Observatory
at Green Bank recorded
Thursday at 6 a.m. for the
previous 24 hours .03 inches, Friday morning 1.7
inches, Saturday 3.62
inches, Sunday .55 inches.

Deer Creek was the high-

est in many years.

The heaviest rainfall was in the Edray - Woodrow areas, with about six inches of rain being considered the average everywhere. Douthards' Creek area had the least.

The Greenbrier at Marlinton was 16 to 18 inches below the level in the 1967 flood and this was true at Buckeye. Knapps Creek was not as high as usual.

Riverside area had lots of water from Stony Creek and the Greenbrier. First Avenue around the bridge in Marlinton was flooded with water in homes and trailers. Fas Chek had about a foot of water. Burns Motor Freight had two feet of water in its offices. Foodland had water all around but only seepage inside. Some camping trailers went down the river at Buckeye. Mayor Carl Davis said some road washing was their main damage at Cass.

Marlinton Volunteer firemen were on duty from Friday until midnight Saturday, then worked Sunday to help pump basements and clean up debris. The Observatory and Hillsboro Fire Department helped Saturday. The volunteers kept watch, warned, help move things out of the water's reach, cleaned up, and in general proved to be good samaritans. We thank them.

Joe Smith caught a small fish in the floodwaters in front of Home Products Meat Market on Third Avenue in Mariinton.

Don Wooddell saw a black cow and TV go down the Greenbrier.

Bob Miller and other Telephone Utilities workers were watching the floodwaters off the bridge and saw a doe deer come down the river. As it neared the bridge the deer turned easily to the left and left the water near the hospital. It was sighted by several people as it bounded along through several properties, in and out of the water, to cross over the railroad across from Stanley Wooddell's.

Bill Bob Meadows saw a deer come down the Thomastown road and get caught in Clarence Smith's fence. He left it for Clarence to cut loose. Notes on Pocahontas County 1914 - 1938

(Written for the Lt. Glen Vaughan Historical Collection)

I was born and brought up on the old family farm near Buckeye- in our faded white cottage under Bridger's Gap. The old house- which we lived in until 1932- had been built by my grandfather, Captain James Monroe McNeill (C.S.A.) just after his return from Yankee prison at Fort Delaware. It was a 61/2 room Dutch cottage and had two great stone chimneys at each end. One of these chimneys still had the old fireplace, which was a center in my childhood and where we still sometimes cooked corn pone and boiled beef and "fodder" beans.

My mother and father ("G.D." McNeill), my Granny Fanny (Perkins) Mc Neill, and my older brother and sister, Ward and Elizabeth, composed our family group until 1918 when my brother Jim was born. Also, in my very early childhood. an important member of our household was "Aunt" Malindy Griffin- not a blood relative, but the kindly old woman who had no other home and had come to us to rock the children, tell stories, and sing her "quavery" songs.

We were busy on the farm, and I early learned to ride the horse, to haul hay. plow and hoe corn, feed the animals, hunt the cows. milk, and carry in the wood and water. We churned, too, and made cheese, hominy, soft soap, kraut, apple butter, dried apples and "fodder" beans. In the spring we usually "opened" the sugar camp up the hollow and made sugar tree molasses, sugar cakes, and sugar Easter eggs. We also picked wild greens, wild fruit, and the various herbs

for medicine. And I can remember Granny picking, washing, and carding her wool, spinning it on her "little" wheel, and - very occasionally - making candles in the old candle mold. She leached out wood ashes for her soap in the old ash hopper, and we made a "run" of cider every fall, buried our apples and root vegetables in great holes in the back yard or garden, and picked great sacks of walnuts and chestnutsthe chestnuts picked from a great grove of trees, called the "Chestnut Orchard" which stood just across our line fence on the farm of my Uncle Dan'l (Daniel A. McNeill), who ran- with his two sons- the store down in the village, just above the fork where Rush Run goes into Swago Crick.

Our village had four centers— Uncle Dan'l's (Wint's) Store, the two room school house, and our two white churches, called the "Upper Church" and the "Lower".

When I was five, I went to my first school down at Buckeye. My father, "G.D.", was principal, and Miss Annie Cleek was my first teacher. My primer book was about Dot and Don. "Here we are. We are Dot and Don. Here we are." In the second grade, Miss Pearl Carter was my teacher, and I still remember the memorization of the 48 states and of West Virginia's 55 counties: "Barbor, Berkley, Boone, Braxton, Brooke, etc." In the third grade, Miss Marjorie Warwick was my teacher. Other Buckeye teachers I remember were Miss Carrie Brown (Morrison), Miss Clara Palmer, and Miss Anne Correll.

When I was in grade 4, my mother and father moved the family to Marlinton for about a year and a half, and I went to school to Miss Mathews and Miss Pennybacker. For me, this move to town was rather difficult, and I was lonely, poor at my studies, and became utterly confused by the mathematical complexities of long division and common fractions.

Our town house, which we rented, was on Upper Camden— the big old house which today stands between the Miss Susie Gay House and Alice Waugh's. I often played

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Designation There shalls

Et boots thotal trobust

EDY Misch against the films

with Alice and with Jean Sharp down on the next block. Other neighbors were the Mays, Wades, McCoys, McFerrins, and Duncans. I sometimes played with Billy Duncan or went down on Lower Camden to play with Libby Williams - a little girl with s blonde Dutch bob and blue eyes and an up-turned nose. Sometimes, too, I visited my little cousin, Helen Overholt, at her house near the old Fairground, and sometimes Aunt Lucy (Overholt) would send us out in the "Common" to bring home her Jersey milkcow. In our barn back of our house, we kept a farm milkcow or two, and there were several other cows who pastured on the town "Common," and - I believe, too, that a few chickens, inhabited the barns of alleys of the town. On a few occasions an ox wagon passed along Upper Camden, and there was the Livery stable and the old "Opera House" - a mon-umental "drama" in cement.

As I look back at this old town circa 1920, it seems to me to have been a prosperous and self-sufficient village. There were the daily north and south trains, at least one drug store, groceries, hardware, banks, hotel, etc. There were four practicing physicians, three dentists, and numerous lawyers. We had regular ice service, a garbage wagon, and daily milk delivery. On Main Street were the banks, the various stores, and even a milliner, whose job it was to trim the ladies' hats. The Tannery whistle marked the hours, and there were the churches and the two almost new brick schools.

During this era, my father was County Superinendent of Schools, and because one winter I was sumably too ill to attend ool, I went with "G.D."

in our Model-T Ford on a wide-ranging school visita-tion to Durbin, Casa, Hillsboro, Huntersville, Elk, etc. and up the windy hellows to one room school houses on Droop and Beaver Creek. The question of my illness remains a question. Presumably, was afflicted with St. Vitus Dance, but (in 1976) I am inclined to believe that my illness was the "common fractions syndrome." Anyway, I visited the country schools with G.D. and have always been able to add and subtract! This mathematical block of mine was a great puzzle and pain to "G.D." who — at age seven — had already worked his way through Roy's Third Arithmetic!

To be a child in Marlinton during these years was to be happy and free. We played around the Slough, walked the railroad bridge, played hopscotch, roller skated (I on one of Jean Sharp's skates...), rolled hoops, followed the ice wagon for its delicious "offfallings", went to Chau-tauqua, to picnics, and hoped for an ice cream cone from Kee's Drug Store. Or one could attend a Sunday School festival, feast in Aunt Lucy's grape arbor on a fall Saturday, or wait for the utter bliss of circus day. Or if one grew tired of this all-year waiting, one could go up to the Depot and wait for the noon and afternoon trains.

My family's sojourn in town was not successful, and when I was about 10 years old, we returned to the farm and remained there- as my brother Jim still remains. I went to the 6th and 7th grades at Buckeye, where- by now -we had playground swings and our first "hot lunch"-. For this latter innovation, the children brought the meat and vegetables for a mighty soup pot which the teacher boiled all morning on the top of the "Big Room" heating stove.

When I was 12, I entered Edray District High School where "G.D." had just (1923) become principal. Some of the High School teachers, 1923-27, were 'Cap' Killingsworth, Bunyan' Lord, 'Miss Fannie' (Overholt), Miss Lazenby, Miss Stancill, Esther Williams Green, Miss Eskridge, Miss Yeager,

Miss Richardson, William D. Saunders, Jr., Mr. Travis, and Mr. Clutter- from whom I always managed a marginal D- in math.

In these years, "Bull-dog" Kenny was our foot-ball star; Mary Warwick Dunlap, most attractive; Ed Rexrode, most popular; and Add McNeill our "Wittiest boy" "Bunny" Hill and Libby Williams were our girls' basketball stars, and I became a questionable and heavy-footed guard on the 1927 team. One of the more shocking "great events" of the 1927 season was that we girls first wore our "new" athletic shorts for basketball! These abovethe-knees shorts replaced our black sateen or blue serge bloomers and were along with the "boyish bob" - the very "latest" thing.

I remember many of the High School "kids" of this era. I remember Curtis Mc Coy and his banjo, and I remember Jesse Wiley, the Hills twins, the May girlstheir lovely voices- and Margaret VanReenan, Anna Dennison, Margaret Rose, Bus Edgar, Helen Smith, Marguerite Moore, Louise Smith, Pearl Auldridge, Allie Kelley, Virginia and Gaynelle Moore, Laure Nelson, Virginia Neel, Babe Wilson, Charlie Miles, Fan Hill, Sterie Shrader, etc. etc.

And I remember, forever, "G.D." walking the corridors and telling sea stories in chapel. I remember, too, Mr. Clutter's chapel rendition of Kip-ling's "Gunga Din"! We had various clubs— French, Glee, Literary, "pep", etc., and at football games would yell, "Booma-lacka, Boom-a-lacka, Bow, Wow, Wow! Chickalacks, chicks-lacks, Chow! Chow! Chow! Boom-a-lacka, chicka lacka, Who are we? Edray District High School! Can't you see?"

After the spring of 1927. I was in and out of college and taught 514 terms in the Pocahontas schools. My teaching and trying-to-getthrough-college years were

1928-1938- the decade of the Great Depression.

My first school teaching experience was in the "Brush Country", at Pleasant Hill school. I boarded at Oley Jackson's and at Menafee's or- in good weather -walked from the Fairground road to the school house- quite a trek (31/4 miles?) down-hill and uphollow.

At Pleasant Hill, I had about 25 pupils in all eight grades, and though- as was common in these years -the plan had been for the big boys to "run me out of the school", I had my happiest year— in all my 35 years of school teachingin the Brush Country School. I knew and visited over-night with the parents, and there were evenings of mountain music and popcorn and chestnuts roasting in the coals. And there were pie suppers, the Christmas pageant, and other community nights at school, In school, I had several families of Wilfong children (first cousins) and the Wheeler children and the Waughs. I remember many of the Wilfong children- Granville's, Earl

and Frances; Seebert's Clarence, Harry, and Catherine; Ress Wilfong's Mil-burn, Valley, and little Kate; and Asa Wilfong's little Elsie. There were the Menefee children, Starling and Evelyn; Eula, Edith, and Zoe Wheeler; Iris and Edith Dean; Rebecca Jackson; Elzie and Arch Waugh; and Denton Wilfong's Howard and Reed. It has been 46 years since I taught at Pleasant Hill, and Howard Wilfong died long ago in World War II. But I still remember Howard's red hair and freckles, and I remember Elzie Waughone of my favorite little boys- and I remember Eula Wheeler's neat arithmetic papers and Rebecca Jackson's little red coat. Jackson's little red coat. Outsiders would call the Brush Country school an "Appalachian Backwash", but to me it is, forever, my best school. The people were warm and friendly, the children learned gladly,

and I was 19 years old, walking up the 'Crick' on and I was 19 years old,
walking up the "Crick" on
a September morning with
the "fare-well'summers"
all in purple bloom. It was
that year— in Jackson's log
house along the dirt road that I began my first book of poetry, Mountain White. Because there was no heat in my bedroom, I wrote the book in bed- with bedquilts piled over me and a warm coverlid wrapped around my shoulders. I would write late at night by the oil lamp light. It was a good year, and I earned just short of \$90.00 a month. paid \$15.00 for my room and board, and saved some money for college fees.

My next school was at Slatyfork. Paul Sharp was principal and Goldie Gaye Hannah and Rebecca Siaven the two other teachers in this new, modern, brick "consolidated school". I boarded on Eik- near Mary's Chapel- with "Uncle" Bob and "Aunt" Filie (Sharp) Gibson - who was truly a "saint on earth."

"Aunt Ellie would get up before daylight, build the fires, and start breakfast. Then, she would kneel down in the sitting room and say her prayers "out loud" - praying for all her loved ones name by name -"God bless Allie, God bless Willie, God bless Little Sterl." Dear "Aunt" Ellie-with her work-gnarie ed hands and happy laughter and great steaming plates of hot biscuits and fried ham. And as she sang

as she worked, I know there is- for her- that "land that is fairer than day."

Down at the Slatyfork school, our first school buses ran in from Mace and from the top of Elk. That year Willie Gibson would not send his children to school. He was against consolidation and the yellow bus- long before the Supreme Court got the blame.

I remember Willie's and Stella's children- Goldie, Sterl, Louise (who was named for me) Glenna, and all. And down at school were Stanley Glee and Charmalea Gibson, Wilda Smallridge (such nice handwriting). Lawrence and Wanda Lee Smith, Cecil Sage, Ruby Galford, Nancy Coberly, Warwick Gibson, nahs, Van Devenders, children- little Harry is, today, a Medical doctor out west, and Willie's children are in Detroit and all overbut come home to the Gibson Reunion every year. teaching were at Buckeye gone from its proud white

Graded ("the home school") where I taught "The Little Room". Hugh Moore and then Bill Buckley were my principals, and the children included Evelyn Cochran, "Teeny", "Sis", "Buck" and Juanita Howard, Grace, Dot, and Betty Rogers, Doris, Dorothy, and Margaret Miller; "Sis" and Junior Holley; Claude Auldridge; George Duncan; Junior Jackson (expert in Mathematics); Guy Kellison- (excellent student); Fay and Fred Morrison; Eddie Palmer; Dempsey and Walter Mc Neill; Harry and Ernestine Cutlip; Ruth and Florence Auldridge; James and Russell Phillips, and all the rest.

At Buckeye school we and all the Maces, Han- had festivals and pie suppers and Christmas trees Sharps, Varners, etc. And and cake walks. At noon there were the Thomas and recess we played "Prisoner's Base', "Run, Sheep, Run'', "Pretty Girl Station", "Go in and out the Window", and stick ball.

The old school house is a My next 31/2 years of ruin now, and the bell has

tower. But for us it still rings out across the village in the sweet September mornings, and all the children come running to line up for flag salute. Then we march in to our seats and stand there to sing "Amer-ica", "My country 'tis of thee, Sweet land of liberty . . ." Then we bow our heads at the last verse and sing it very softly, "Our father's God to thee, Author of liberty, to Thee we

sing "

In Feb. 1938, when I had saved enough money for tuition, I resigned my job and went to Miami University of Ohio to work on my M.A. degree. Since then, I have returned only briefly -to visit, to spend a few weeks at the Miller Place (purchased 1941), or to teach college extension courses up at town. But in a very deep sense, the Pocahontas earth is still under my "bootsoles". It was a good world to grow up in, and I am grateful to have known it and to have drawn from its strength.

Louise McNeill April 14, 1976 Coventry, Conn. 06238

The following news item was found among my papers on "G.D.".

The rest of the item cannot be ?GLV 10-26-76. located at this time. som I diede observed

> Shree coming back to the farm.
>
> Dr. McNelll has devoted some of his time to writing and research.
>
> He is a prelific writer and during his career in the legal and teaching professions has produced many articles for teachers' publications, newspapers and magazines. He is also the author of a book entitled, "The Last Forest", and the West Virginia section of the civics book now used in the elementary schools of West Virginia.

22, 1264:

TAPS

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and experiences or some Gigg station, Change

There are two outstanding things that have happened to Dr. Mc-Neill for which he is extremely proud, which he says have never

been published before.

SE She value NXX JULY.

The first was when he was serving in the navy and was selected from all the personnel in the Brooklyn Navy Yard to give a speech of appreciation and present a loving cup to Helen Gould, daughter of Jay Gould, for the fine home which she presented to the Navy for use as a Y. M. C. A. At that time the building was so pretentious that it had the largest staircase in the world.

The second honor which came to Dr. McNeill was while he was teaching at Davis and Elkins College at the time the Air Force cadets were training there. Dr. Mc-Neill taught geography and tried to help the Air Force profit from what he had learned about people and customs on his trip around the world. One night he was invited to was a faculty and student meeting.

The Last Visit

Twas a cold and blustery fall day in November 1963 when I made what turned out to be my last visit with "G. D.," on his farm below Buckeye, as on all my trips home these visits were a must.

A gentle "Come in," answered my knock. When entering "G.D." started to stand until I spokerecognizing my voice with a warm "Come in, have a chair."

Then I realized that he was almost blind. I sat in a rocking chair near him close to the fireplace. Soon the topics of the day were past and we settled down to talk and rock. There were many periods of silence as we reached far back in our minds to recall places both had visited and had memories of.

Now and again the logs in the fireplace would drop a burnt ember sending sparks up the chimney as though to prove something in the room was alive.

Two old sailors-the teacher and his retired grade school student. We spoke of flying fish, por-Storms and calms, Northfin in Lima, Peru, the and more work-yes, Pampas of Argentina, ships studies, too.

stores, tar and caulking hemp, belaying pins and marlin spikes, Jacobs ladder and the crows nest, flag hoists and yardarms-two block then execute.

Some thousands of miles west and we were in the South Pacific working our way north on the Asia coast and experiences on the China station. Crossing equator, King Neptune and Davy Jones Locker-becoming a shellback. More silence and then we moved from coal to oil burning ships, ships with composite hulls, steel covered with wood which was then covered with copper to retard fouling, barnacles and sea moss.

We had gunnery exercises off the west coast of Mexico and visits on the United States west coast. Ships with mangers on berth decks to clean chain as anchor was being weighed.

Out of nowhere "G. D." said, "It's a long way from the Fo'c'sle to midships to an officers stateroom aft, but you made it without college-must have been some hard work and study. Maury's charts Knight's navigational aids poise playing tag around and seamanship. I can rethe bow at eighteen knots. call few students I have known that could equal ern Lights, sunsets on the your record." I stammered equator, Pizaros glass cof- my thanks and said work

I put a small log on the fire while we just rockedgoing back home soon-tomorrow I answered and the hour is late and I must be going. "Always nice to have you drop in, Vaughan, come back soon." We shook hands, no goodbys or farewells. We had sailed * oceans in the space of a handful of minutes.

As I walked down to the car, little did I know that this would be our last visit. When I heard of his passing I prayed that a gentle breeze would come off the mountains to the west and carry his spirit across the seas to the Highlands.

"G. D." died Sunday,

March 22, 1964.

TAPS Taps: There it sounds with its quivering note,

Like a voice full of tears or a sob in the throat

That saddest and sweetest most beautiful call

How its notes hold the music, in rise and in fall

Whenever I hear it I think of the day

When for me they shall sound it and I far away

And I Pray that they'll say, "He has fought a good fight,"

As the Trumpeter's bugle is saying Good Night

By: Midshipman Wm. N. Porter, Deceased.

-Glenn L. Vaughan History Collection 1976

This line should have been. "We had sailed thousands of miles of the worlds oceans in the space of a handful of minutes."

"Let us get on with the business of a State Government that serves the people,"

> Teaching in One Room Schools

The following article is from the Pocahontas Times of August 5, 1898. The author is not given but the article was probably written by Andrew Price.

Teachers and Things

Does a teacher have to confront a condition or a fact, we ask in a dramatic way in the words of a rising young novelist. This reminds us of the way they theorize in the training schools, shaping young persons to teach and filling them chock full of ideas and ideals. The novice who has been taught sees the smooth current of the stream down which he is to travel but not the rocks beneath the surface.

Nearly every one who has risen from among the people to assume prominence as a public man or a public deadbeat has taught. Nearly every child has a desire for teaching bred into him as he sits day after day under the control of his teacher, who is the monarch of all he surveys. A great many teachers get bravely over their desire to teach, but it hangs to some. It seems bred to the bone.

Professor D. L. Barlow,
County Superintendent,
from whose pen we published a typical article last
week, is a good example of
one confirmed in the habit
of teaching. He lays awake
at night planning how he
can impart information by
making a point plain.

In Pocahontas the school teacher receives an appalling amount of attention, and the people of the neighborhood watch him flattering when the teacher succeeds in pleasing those who exercise this surveillance, but as a rule it causes much irritation to the teacher and therefore interferes with his good work. When the country at large have their eyes upon the doings of Congress, and are grumbling and growling about high taxes and lavish appropriations, our average school patron is making the neighborhood too hot to hold the school teacher.

The first school that I taught was in a truly rural district, and I entered on the work with the feeling that I had reached the very acme of my ambition. The longer I taught the more I chafed under the conditions confronting those who indulged in teaching, and I did as the majority do—fled the scene, and let another take my place who goes to his work in a blissful state of ignorance.

Those who have never taught have no idea of the finesse requirements to

teach a school.

My first school was what is known as a success. That is, I taught to the last day of the term with an average attendance, but I had trouble. People talked about me. Some said taught too many hours and others too few. I was too strict and too mild. They complained that I had never whipped anybody and that young ones needed to be whipped with the same regularity that cattle should be salted. I whipped a boy for a petty offense to quiet this rumor, and expected to bushwhacked for weeks. I kept the schoolroom too hot; I kept it too cold. I let the children starve to death for water; I had the children carrying water half the time. One old clod compeller complained that I did not teach from six to six.

These are only a few of the many complaints that rose throughout the neighborhood on account of my mismanagement. I never dared to do or say anything without weighing the consequences and thinking how it would sound. One set would tell me what another set said, and I was overwhelmed and vexed with the cares of state.

One of the worst troubles I got into was caused by the introduction of calisthenics, which are "light gymnastics suitable for and adapted to girls, designed to promote grace and health." The children took to them wonderfully well, and I would have my little gang of twenty or so fling their arms in unison, and it made an agreeable change in school work. But the little scamps soon saw a way to utilize the exercise. When their mother wanted a back-log cut, why the teacher had put him through such violent exercise he was so stiff and sore that he couldn't get his coat off. And the girls were the same way.

Pretty soon there was a corn-shucking, and the brutal treatment by the teacher was discussed in all its phases. I was notified that I would have to stop abusing the children. I did not comply as I had found out the best plan to pursue was not to weaken. One evening a trustee came spying around, and when I put the team through their exercises he had to admit that it was about as heavy work as shaking hands.

After this it gradually dawned on the old folks that the young ones were a-doing of them, and the next plaint was naturally that I did not whip enough. I thought there might be some justice in this myself; and shortly after one of the boys whose arms had suffered most from calisthenics gave me an opening, and nerving myself to the desperate deed, I cut a twig and brushed him. I scared him very much and hurt him very little, and the school was tremendously impressed and the neighborhood pleased but some complications arose with his immediate connections. The whipping evidently did him good, for he grew up and lately distinguished himself by licking a man fifty pounds heavier than he. We hope this is partly due to his early training.

The greatest forte a schoolteacher can have is to make himself solid with the children. If the school interests them they will come, if it bores them they will not, for the children rule the roost. Therefore the schoolteacher should provide lots of Noah's Arks; Punch and Judy shows; unlimited supply of candy and lickerish; picture books, and other things to make the school attractive and not like home. I offered a dollar on the first day of school for the pupil who attended the most days. The school was nearly out and there were two children, a boy and girl, about eight years old, who had not missed a day. On the last Thursday the little boy was sick, and the little girl looked at him constantly, hoping he would be too sick to come out next day. The next morning found him much worse, but he managed to reach the schoolhouse and everybody gloried in his spunk. He made no attempt to study or recite. We had gathered all the girls' shawls and made him a bed on the bench, and he lay there all day the sickest child I have ever seen. He was game to the last and received the half dollar that was his with the greatest complacence.

We feel that the school teacher is poorly paid in Pocahontas, but it is nevertheless true that we are paying too much school tax. It would be better if there were half the number of schools. —1898

Note:- My Father, Elijah Burrell, Viughan taught school at huntersville. G.L.V.

An Acrostic on Mill Point
Pocahontas County
West Virginia
Mirrored in beauty,
Inviting in charms,
Lies the village of Mill
Point

Linked among farms.

Purling around foothills
On Stamping Creek
flows
Invading the flour mills,
Near where the willow
grows

To turn the old mill wheels.

Pure and limpid flow the streams
Out of the hills beyond,
Caught in a mesh of day dreams
and beauty all around.
Heaven's dome is brooding
Over a scene so fair,
Nature's heart is thrilling touched by the vibrant air

A sunset hush steals o'er the land Soothed by a Father's tender hand. Crimson clouds float softly Over a sky so blue. Unfolding Nature's symphony Night birds call to you. Turn from toil to your homesteads Yeomen tried and true! West in the Blue Spring fens Exquisite fern leaves grow Swaying on graceful stems Turning to and fro.

Views from Cliffside
Invite arrest, and lure,
Romance and mystery
abide
Goodness and mercy
endure.
Innumerable footpaths
lead,
Near and far they stray,
Into valley and mead
Across the hills and away
The first part of this
noem was written before
he State Road was built.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)
Published every Thursday except the last week of the year.
Entered at the Post Office at Martinton, West Virginia 24954, as second class matter.

Is Possbontas County \$4.50 a year.

THURSDAY, OCT. 28, 1976

Board of Education
The Board of Education
met for a regular meeting
on October 25.

The Board approved the following special uses of school facilities:

Junior Girl Scout Troop 857 to use a Green Bank classroom one day a week for a first aid course during November and December.

Virginia—West Virginia Crime Clinic to use Marlinton Cafeteria on November 10 for a dinner.

Hillsboro PTA to use Hillsboro Cafeteria and auditorium on November 8 for a dinner and play.

The Board voted to accept the resignation of Marvin Waugh as a custodian at Marlinton Elementary School.

The Board voted to terminate the contract of Johnny Nelson as bus driver.

The Board approved evaluation forms for service and auxiliary personnel and directed these evaluations to be completed a minimum of four times a year (teacher evaluation forms and procedures were approved several years ago).

The Board accepted a bid in the amount of \$7200 from Mitchell Chevrolet Company for a new dump truck cab and chassis. One other bid was received for \$7700.

The next regular Board meeting will be November

POCAHONTAS COUNTY BICENTENNIAL

Vol. 111. Part 111.

G. L. VAUGHAN

POCAHONTAS COUNTY BICENTENNIAL

we are article from the Posshoutse Independent of March 21, 15

to the Pecahontas Times Office by Alice Waugh, This age

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"THE POCAHONTAS TIMES"

January 1, 1976 to December 31st. 1976. With some extra pages from the desk of the writer.

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school Year Books.

yere in school, Teachers 1st. book for writer. 2nd. book for Editor Times 3rd. book for Anna Fisher 4th. book for Meade Waugh's family collection.

It is hoped that the following pages will be about the one the Point room school houses of Pocahontas County. This is very doubtful as all the early school records were destroyed by fire. However we are doing the best we can with the help of a few interested former teachers and students.

counties High school Glen L. Vaughan Lt. U.S.N. (Ret). 400 Melvin Avenue Annapolis, Md. at least two copies of 21401 year from the old K.H.H.S.

soro, Greenbank and now Poenhontan County High School. Th

be kept in two separate locations so a fire that

d one room schools, would not completely wipe out

EARLY SCHOOLS OF POCAHONTAS COUNTY WHERE ARE THEY?

In an article from the Pocahontas Independent of March 21, 1912 brought to the Pocahontas Times Office by Alice Waugh. This article was written by then Superintendent of Pocahontas County Schools, Mr. B.B. Williams. This was a published letter to the public entitled, "Pocahontas Teachers Lack Preparation".

The letter contained many suggestions and although is quite lengthly my mention is this:- There were one hundred and ten(110) schools or grounds but only thirteen (13) were fenced, and only through out of every four pupils in the county were in school. Teachers certification, libraries, etc. will not be brought up in this item.

How can we reason or believe that in what is now Pocahontas
County we can locate the homesites of over ninety percent of our
forfathers who fought in the Revolutionary War from the Point to
Yorktown over two hundred years ago and now in 1976 are unable or
not care about the names and locations of the old one to four room
schools, Teachers, students etc., for the past fifty to seventyfiv
years

The counties High schools are well taken care of themselves three their school Year Books. Would suggest that the County Museum obtain at least two copies of each year from the old E.D.H.S. Hillsboro, Greenbank and now Pocahontas County High School. They should be kept in two separate locations so a fire that destroyed the old one room schools, would not completely wipe out their records.

Due to a fire that destroyed the records of the old schools to make a complete list now would be next to impossible - but let us try.

The following list are a few of the names that have been in the Pocahontas Times during the past eighteen months so please write about about your early schooling, classmates, grades in, name and location of schools - teachers and where they stayed. Conduct of student bodies - games played at recess - did you carry lunch or lived close enough to go home.

If you can only remember the name and location of the school and a teacher together with the year - you will be emezed at what you can remember - and what a help with other reports perhaps an entire class or school can be brought together. PLEASE TRY.

Some names that should be able to start the ball robling.

Mr. James D. Lannan, Supt. of Schools.
Mr. Charles Moore, Former Supt.

Vera Ritchie

Mary Isetta Wellace John McNeel

Charles H. Sharp Julia Price (Edray)

Mrs. Dempsey Johnson, Former Beulah Palmer Douthards creek and Woodrow. Her sister Clara.

Mrs Oliver Sprouse Cathleen (May) Vaughan, Raywood.

Ada Vaughan Sidney Goodwin's family.

Mr. F.M. Sutton Sue Crommer

Mary Cromer Enid Harper

All Beverages of Knapps Creek and Huntersville B. Nelson.

Fleeta Lang, Watoga. Any Coyner of Clover Lick

B.S. Lauster Geraldine Haupt, Cass, Sister of Clari. E.D. H.S Football Any Gibson of Sharp from Slaty Fork. Nancy Currance

Alice McClintic Moore. Polly Smith Reynolds.

Marte M. Flory, Arth. W.

Dutty, Varn Hy Trucy, Ada

Weblet, Carol Young.

Members of all the many family rounions held yearly throughout the county. Any item no matter how small. All duplications will be printed side by side to help make a complete description.

When completed these records will be placed in two places in Pocahontas County - the Museum and one in the Library system of the county. However would recommend that they never be removed from their respective buildings but should be read in their home buildings.

Any item would help and all would be handled you went them to be. There will be a total of four copies and if you cannot type your letters please write plain - any how send anything you have or can remember. Everything would be appreciated.

Jo. Age. Williams. Was in the property

Sorah Jano Irvino was more month.

tion Alde at Cores, state changing the regular seems

About Airie at Maritimen for managing with hinty from the

susplayed as firestal fiduca-

Glen L. Vaughan. 400 Melvin Ave. Annapolio. Md. 21401 Board of Education

The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on August 24. The following were hired as substitute cooks:

High School- Ethel Stewart, Alice Kesler, Shir-

ley Welder:

Durbin- Dottie Colaw; Green Bank- Media Rexrode, Creola Brubaker,

Mable McCarty;

Marlinton- Jean Mc Kenney, Martha Carpenter; Hillsboro- Nellie Arbogast, Annabelle Perkins, Annie F. Rock.

Allen D. Stewart was employed as Principal of the Durbin Elementary School for the 1976-77

school year.

The following were employed as substitute teachers for the 1976-77 school year: Peter M. Beuttell, Stella Callison, Dwight Diller, Wallace F. Dorn, Macel K. Harris, Virgil B. Harris, Bonnie N. Hill, Garnet B. Hoover, David C. Hyer, Debora Johnson, Lynn Kerr, Hope H. Mallow, Virginia G. Mason, Edith E. May, Carrie Morrison, Marie H. Parg, Ruth F. Riley, Deborah Rinaldi, David B. Rittenhouse, Sandra Woods Saffer, Robert A. Sheets, Orda H. Smith, Linda S. Snyder, Elizabeth Swift, Gretchen Terry, Vere Bly Tracy, Ada W. Vaughan, Alice Rowan Waugh, Carol Young.

David B. Rittenhouse and W. Sherman Beard were employed as Attendance Directors for the 1976-

77 school year.

The request of Robert Keller to use the High School cafeteria for the Pocahontas Agriculture Grassland and Field Day on September 9 was approved.

The Board approved a bid from the Pilot Life

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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SUBSCRIPTION CHARGES

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, SEPT. 2, 1976

Public Notice

The following Resolution was adopted by the Pocahontas County Board of Education.

The Pocahontas County Board of Education will release for publicity reasons so-called directory information. This will include statistical information, i.e., honor roll students, statistics for athletes, such as height, weight, age, name, etc.

This action will be expedited unless public or parental objections are voiced.

Insurance Company for the optional accident insurance policy, on the release of policy which is available to information concerning students. The cost will be students to the public \$4.50 per student.

Jo Ann Williams was in this paper. employed as Special Educa-1976-77 school year.

Sarah Jane Irvine was each month. employed as an Early Child-

The Board approved a which is printed elsewhere

The Board approved tion Aide at Green Bank changing the regular meetand Janet L. Shank as a ing night for Board meet-Special Education Aide at ings from the second and the High School for the fourth Tuesdays to the second and fourth Mondays of

The next regular Board hood Aide at Marlinton for meeting will be on Monday. the 1976-77 school year. September 13, at 7:30 p.m.

The This America Streamed Street, Markey, of Office.

School Calendar 1976-77

	No. of days
School Months for year 1976-77 will begin and end	in school
on the following dates:	months
FIRST MONTH - August 30, 1976 through September 24, 197	6 14
(August 30 - Teachers meet at each school)	2111111111111
(August 31 - 9:00 a.m 3:30 p.m County Wide Meetin	g
at Pocahontas County High School)	
(September 1, 2, and 3 - In-Service at each school)	
(September 6 - Labor Day, holiday - Not to be made up)	
[September 7 · First Day of school for students] SECOND MONTH · September 27, 1976 through October 22,	1976 20
THIRD MONTH - October 25, 1976 through November 19, 19	76 17
(November 2 - Election Day, holiday - Not to be made up	
(November 9 - End of first quarter - 45 days)	
(November 11 - Veterans' Day, holiday - Not to be made	up)
(November 12 - Teachers' Workday - No school for stude	
FOURTH MONTH - November 22, 1976 through December	
(November 22 - Teachers' Workday - No school for stude	
(November 25 - Thanksgiving, holiday - Not to be made	
(November 26 - No school - To be made up)	
FIFTH MONTH - December 21, 1976 through January 21, 19	77 18
(December 23 - Last day of school before Christmas Vaca	
(December 24 through December 31 - Christmas vacation	
December 24 - Christmas, holiday - Not to be made up)	
(December 31 - New Year, holiday - Not to be made up)	
(January 3, 1977 - Return to school)	
SIXTH MONTH - January 24, 1977 through February 18, 197	7 19
(January 26 - End of second quarter - 45 days)	
(January 28 - Teachers' Workday - No school for student	s)
SEVENTH-MONTH - February 21, 1977 through March 18, 1	977 20
EIGHTH MONTH - March 21, 1977 through April 19, 1977	19
(March 31 - End of third quarter - 45 days)	
(April 1 - Teachers' Workday - No school for students)	
(April 8 and 11 - Spring vacation - To be made up)	
NINTH MONTH - April 20, 1977 through May 17, 1977	20
TENTH MONTH - May 18, 1977 through June 14, 1977	15
(May 30 - Memorial Day, holiday - Not to be made up)	ALC: UNKNOWN
(June 8 - Last day for students)	
(June 8 - End of fourth quarter - 45 days)	
(June 9, 10, 13, and 14 - Teachers' Workdays)	
(June 14 - Last day for teachers)	
TOTAL DAYS SCHOOL IN SESSION	180
LEGAL HOLIDAYS	7
TEACHERS' IN-SERVICE DAYS	13
TOTAL DAYS IN SCHOOL TERM	200

Mrs. Johnny Hilleary, ac- 1977. companied by Linda Hill

Sherman Markley.

site.

Officers and Committeemen were re-elected for 1976-77.

Oldest Hill relative present - Roy Mace of Weston, 92 years; youngest - Timothy Eugene, 7 week-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Adkins, of Lookout; oldest married couple - Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hill, of Mechanicsburg, Pa., 58 years; newly weds - Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. VanReenen, of Hillsboro, 14 months; largest family - Mrs. Lemma distance - Bradley Lee Eck. Harry Hockenberry over the ert, Boulder, Colorado, weekend. They also attend-1600 miles. Those receiving ed the State Fair.

silver dollars were: Ste-The 27th Annual Richard phanie McCoy, of Hills-Hill Family Reunion was boro; Bonnie Hill, Durbin; held August 15, at Droop Fredda Brown, Mechanics-Mountain State Park. Due burg, Pa.; Andy Taylor, to rain the morning pro- Dunmore; Ruth C. Cutlip, gram was somewhat delay- Hillsboro; Ward Hill, La ed. But despite the rain, Porte, Ind.; Mrs. Herbert brave people wore rain Hill, Petersburg, Va.; Faye coats and carried umbrel- Good, Forest Hill, Md.; las. Mr. Grady Moore, of Teanna McMillion, Christ-Marlinton, has a very in- ianburg, Va.; Martin Mcspiring Memorial Service. Million, Christianburg, Va. Flowers were placed as Candy and buble gum were names were read of Hill given all children under 12

relatives who are deceased The meeting was adsince last reunion. Hymns journed by singing "Blest were sung by the Hill Be the Tie" - to meet Reunion Group and two again next year same time, special songs by Mr. and same place, August 16,

Attending the reunion VanReenen at the organ. from out of state: Mr. and Bountiful tables of food Mrs. Wendell Hamrick, were spread and table and daughter, Michigan; grace was given by Rev. Ward Hill, La Porte, Ind.; Carolyn Hill Morrison and The afternoon program sons, John and Keith, and started off late but with Mark Wilford, Columbus, much enthusiasm with sev- Ohio; Denzil Williams, Toeral hymns by the Hill ledo, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. group and a special by the Elvin Good and Marion Hillearys. Sam Hill intro- Lawrence, Forest Hill, duced the afternoon speak- Md.; Mrs. Virginia Scotten, er, David Hyer, Executive Churchville, Md.; Mr. and Director of the Pearl S. Mrs. Lorraine Hill, Joyce Buck Birthplace Founda- and Larry, Baltimore, Md.: Kenneth and Fredda Plans were made to do- Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Fred nate \$25. to the Martha Hill, Mechanicsburg, Pa.; Davis Bible Fund and to Mr. and Mrs. Lee Young, place a bronze marker on Wellsville, Pa.; Mr. and the Richard Hill Homestead Mrs. Neil Bruffey, Bel Air, Md.; Ivor Bruffey, Kingsville, Md.; Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Hill, Petersburg, Va.; Mr. and Mrs. Walter Joyce, Orda Jane, Charles, and Clarence, Bluefield. Va.; Fred, Margy, and Brian Poteet, Virginia Beach, Va.; Bob, Patti and Christy Pedigo, Manassas, Va.; Mr. and Mrs. Martin McMillion, Teanna and Myra, Christiansburg, Va.; Mrs. Lucille Pedigo, Covington, Va.; Bradley Lee Eckert, Boulder, Colorado.

Mr. and Mrs. Rodney Ply-Boggs, Hillsboro, 6 chil- bon, of Barboursville, visited dren; traveling greatest her parents, Mr. and Mrs.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

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THURSDAY, AUG. 26, 1976

Pioneer Days-July 8-10, '77

Schools

102 1084

Schools open for Pocahontas County teachers next Monday. They meet in their respective schools on August 30. On Tues day there is a county-wide meeting of the teachers at the High School. The program includes the introduction of new teachers, comments by school staff, meetings of ACT, CEA and Service and Auxiliary Personnel. After lunch a representative from the textbook company will discuss math textbooks and three men will explain the new State insurance plan.

Evening Capital

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Founded 1727

PHILIP MERRILL, President and Publisher

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EDWARD D. CASEY, Executive Editor GEORGE R. CRUZE, JR., Business Manager TERRY W. HEBERT, Circulation Director RICHARD P. MURCHAKE, Production Manager

Our say

Remember 1984 only 8 years away

EVERYONE knows that today's high school and college students often graduate with deficient reading and writing skills. but not all of us appreciate the future impact of such deficiencies.

It has always been difficult to sort out the cause-effect relationship between language and thought, but some scholars have come down on the side of George Orwell in his apocolyptic novel, "1984." The terrible future sketched by Orwell is populated by citizens whose every thought is limited and controlled by the government-approved language, called Newspeak. The theory behind Newspeak is the crushing of individual thought by creating a language so narrow and empty that people can no longer express. or even imagine, concepts alien to the wishes of the state.

No one seriously expects such a future for this country, but by the year 1984 we may very well have a generation of functionally illiterate citizens who can express only the most basic mental functions. If thought can be limited by language, as in the bleak world of Orwell's 1984, then we have reason to doubt the ability of the upcoming generation to face the difficult world of the future.

Those of us living today will have to turn this world over to that generation well before we die, so we should look carefully at the education system which is producing tomorrow's leaders. Just as a builder is limited by the quality of his tools, our young people are constrained by poor reading and writing skills. To build for the future, we need articulate, informed citizens. 1984 is only eight years away.

U.S. Forest Service

Vandals have again been at work damaging and destroying public property on the Gauley Ranger District of the Monongahela National Forest. The Red Oak Fire Tower which has been maintained for emergency fire detection and forest communication throughout the Cranberry Back Country and Wilderness Study Area and for use by the W. Va. DNR in their bear tracking program has just recently received such unwarranted destruction.

The electrical service box and wiring have been torn out and damaged beyond repair with the cabin's interior electrical heaters stolen. Locks have been broken to gain entry to the tower cabin with contents of the cabin thrown about. The tower was to have been in use as a communication post during the National Girl Scout Encampment to be held here in Mid June.

Picnic tables have been damaged in the Woodbine Picnic Area and along the Cranberry River with a table recently being thrown off of the Cranberry River bridge. A bulletin board has been busted off at the base at Woodbine Picnic Area with litter scattered throughout the area by dumping of the garbage cans. Several garbage containers and picnic tables have been stolen along the Cranberry and Williams River Concentrated Use Areas.

Continued vandalism of the Summit Lake Shelter beyond repair has necessitated the removal of the facility. The structure's floor had been burned out twice after replacement with the last burning weakening the structure making it unsafe for further public use. The public is reminded that such acts of vandalism is destroying public property which is provided for by the taxpayers. With the rising costs, such facilities are becoming more and more costly to repair or replace. One picnic table for example costs \$150.00 to build. Though it is made to last a long time under reasonable and intended use, vandals can destroy one in one escapade.

Theft or vandalism of one table eliminates the use that another family or group of 5 may have had use in seeking pleasing outdoor recreation experience in the National Forest.

Citizens witnessing such acts of vandalism are requested to get any information they can and report the incident to the nearest Federal Forest Officer, DNR Conservation Officer, or the District Ranger Station.

Destruction of government property is a violation of Title 18, United States Code 1361 and shall be punished as follows: If the damage to such property exceeds the sum of \$100, by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than ten years, or both; if the damage to such property does not exceed the sum of \$100, by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or by imprisonment for not more than one year. or both.

Pioneer Home Sites Located

Below is a list of the locations of the sites of homes of the pioneers of Pocahontas County that Sam Hill has received to date. Sam reports that interest in locating and recording the home sites of the early pioneer settlers of the Revolutionary War period seems to be increasing so keep the letters coming. They are all informative. It is interesting to note that more than half of those received to date are from people living out of the County, so we local folks need to get busy.

A decision must soon be reached as to the type and cost of marker to be placed on the public road near each site. A decision on the part of the descendants of each pioneer as to placing a bronze plaque on the site must also be made.

This project will be the main topic for the next meeting of the Pocahontas County Historical Society on June 28. It is hoped a decision on the type of markers can be made then.

In the following list the name of pioneer is given, the home site, and the name of the person sending the information.

Bradshaw, John - Knapps Creek, above Huntersville-Glenn L. Vaughan.

Buckley, Joshua-East side of Greenbrier River, opposite mouth of Swago Creek-Ralph B. Buckley.

Burner, (Abraham) Abram-river from Hermitage Motel, Bartow down-Eugene

Collins, John-Hosterman between Durbin and Cass off Back Mountain Road-Goldie Collins, Baltimore.

Conrad, John H.-North Fork Road from Green Bank, 1/4 mile from Orndorff home-Marie Leist.

Cooper, James-2 miles east of Green Bank on Wesley Chapel Road where Audrey Patterson house stands. Cooper's Run flows through old farm, joining Deer Creek below Green Bank-Hubert Taylor.

Gay, Robert-On left side of road going to Pocahontas Fairground-Frances M. Williams.

Gillispie, Jacob-East of Green Bank, later owned by James Gillispie, now owned by Delbert Gillispie-Hubert Taylor.

Hanna, David-Old Field Fork of Elk River-Veo P. Hanna

Hill, Richard-Hill's Creek-Johnnie B. Hill.

Hudson, Richard-Headwaters of Sitlington's Creek, cabin about 50 feet below old barn on Taylor's farm on Galford's

Creek near Dunmore-Hubert Taylor,

Lightner, Peter-14 miles from Marlinton on Knapps Creek between old Dever place and Dr. Roland Sharp-Charleie Beverage Snider.

Kennison, Charles-On Lobelia road, across from Harlan Kennison-Harlan Kennison.

McNeel, John-Short distance south of present residence of Richard McNeel-Richard I. McNeel.

Moore, Moses-Knapps Creek below Frost-Grady Moore.

Nottingham, William, Sr.-Homesite approximately 400 yards above "Hevener Scales" on land now owned by Layton L. Tharp (old Neil Hevener farm) - Forest Wooddell.

Nottingham, William, Jr. - Sam Barlow place, now owned by Jay Rockefeller-Forrest Wooddell.

Sutton, John, Jr-Settled on Gillispie farm, 2 miles S. E. of Green Bank, where old Ed Hudson house now stands-Hubert Taylor.

Taylor, Ludy-Galford's Creek, east of Dunmore, located where present home of Charles Jack Taylor stands-Hubert Tay-

Warwick, Jacob-Clover Lick, on John

Coyner farm-John Coyner.

Wooddell, Joseph-Adjacent to home of Belle T. Wooddell and Forrest Wooddell-Forrest Wooddell.

East Rainelle For. March 1-1968 Dear anna I received The Two glad to hear from you a trans frame the Haspital more Jeel real good most of the time. are same trad days. trouble is my stomache and Supposed to go back to the tilde after the first of afril a small operation ent-over there for X-Pays of my whe the ductors said the opening my stomache was to smove stid they could help me with a of that and lit marit a serious ration at all & court lat much Tray it is so think & let-Thumdoit Sate Sant said There mes no Concer ! That is what I worried about also no relieve. how is your reather out There time Sensi piled on top & Trace

El super than we have trad years, It teasist been to cold minter only at times the wind To day is real pretty, the sun Shineing and the smart is welling. ope tested some it - Jose off. nellie and Jane are in Hla. link they are coming home this ele They west dawn two weeks ago. & youngest bey trax been morried yeare to day They team a little of four modelles told. and great grandice Three times aprice Itellie has two grand, Udrue and when Puth Fleris body here she will team three. me and mary Zamell total trave to Mary lines fin California and rid liver in the State of Wash liam of berla and three boys . Mel Sincle Will is doing pretty I This winter, He has to walk will Lune, the D'el close for mond come to see us- There & 95 - to wow

Juling Letter, Dem going Spend a much with timber Rujung house while Q was gan Lo It am gaing to let theme agains thile to me soon flighth is in sechools aunt-matte The live in East-Ra Trong a great grandice Three times Apreting our mage The fine he hellie her her grand hely my line fire Party and

POCAHONTAS TIMES

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MABEL M. PRICE, OWNER JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, AUG 28, 1958

Baxter Centennial

This week marks the one hundredth anniversary of the Baxter Presbyterian Church at Dunmore. The church was built in the summer of 1858 and the building itself was dedicated on August 27, 1858, with a sermon by the Rev. Charles M. See, his text being, "Except the Lord build the house they labour in vain that build it..." Psalm 127:1.

Baxter Church was organized for the worshippers in the Dunmore area who found the distance to Liberty Presbyterian Church (formerly Head of Greenbrier Presbyterian Church) inconvenient.

The architecture of the church is Virginia colonial, with a recessed entrance and large white columns. The original slave gallery remains intact in the interior. The original pews, with the partition in the center which separates the men and women of the congregation, are still in use. Despite the demands of time upon the building, and the introduction of a modern furnance and kitchen, basement church school classrooms, the general appearance of the church remains as it was a hundred years ago. The chancel and the sanctuary have been changed hardly at all. During the War Between the States the Union Soldiers used the church as a shelter and it was thirty-five years before the damages were fully repaired.

Greenbrier Presbytery officially organized Baxter Church August 21, 1859, with the Rev. John C. Barr being the first minister. The sixteen original communi-cants were: Robert D. McCut chan, Ruling Elder, Clerk of Ses-sion, Robert Curry, Ruling Elder' Elizabeth Z. McCutchan, Nancy McLaughlin, Samuel H. McCutchan, Christiana Jane McCutchan Elizabeth E. Curry, Caroline R, Nottingham, Nancy C. McCut-chan, Matilda C. Craig, Caroline E. Warwick, John B. McCutchan, William A. G. McCutchan, Robert L. M. McCutchan, Elizabeth E. McCutchan and Mary Jane McLaughlin. These were transferred from the Liberty Church and Mr McCutchan resigned as Clerk of Session at Liberty Church to become the first Clerk of Session of Baxter Church, which offiee he held for many years. Another Clerk of the Session for many years was C. E. Pritchard, who was active in the church's work from 1891 until his death in

Ministers and supply ministers of the church have been John C. Barr, R P. Kennedy, M. D. Dunlap, Matthew Lyle Laey, David S. Sydenstricker, A. H. Hamilton, J. H. McCown, William T. Price, J. V. McCall, E. E. Alexander, R. M. Caldwell, Henry W. McLaughlin, A. F. Watkins, Robert Fultz, W. W. Bain, J. S. Kennison, Lewis Lancaster, H. H. Leach, L. A. Kelly, J. M. Sydenstricker, D. McD. Monroe, George Mauze, D. McD. Monroe, George Mauze, D. McD. Monroe, A. B. Williford, Hobert Childs, B. B. Breitenhart, Graham Keyes, George Bowman, J. D. Arbuckle, A. J. Kelway and P. R. Newell.

The Centennial service will be August 31 with the Reverend D. McD. McD. Mionroe preaching in the morning, and services in the afternoon.

(Page 2)

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MABEL M. PRICE, OWNER JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, JAN 29, 1959

Old Bridge

At the public meeting about the new bridge Dr. Norman Price was reminiscing about the wooden bridge that preceded the present structure, so we talked a little more and have a few items on it.

The wooden bridge across the Greenbrier was built as a part of the road development in this section, which was then Virginia. The three main roads were the Staunton-Parkersburg Turnpike, which crossed the northern part of the county and was built about 1840; the Warm Springs-Marlins Bottom Turnpike; and the Lewisburg-Huttonsville Turnpike. The Warm Springs-Huntersville road was built about 1838, then the road was extended and when the road from Lewisburg north was started about 1853 a bridge was necessary to connect the two at Marlins Bottom.

The bottom land here was called Marlins Bottom until 1887. The postmistress at that time, Mrs. Janie Baldwin Skyles, a member of the prominent Maryland railroad family of Baldwins, was instrumental in having the name changed to Marlinton. Her hus-band was Thomas B. Skyles, a land ranger for the B & O in what is now the Richwood area. Skyles in Webster County is named for him. Her mother and her 12 year old brother, Winchester Baldwin, visited her here about 1888. Norman Price, son of the local minister, was selected as guide and guardian for the boy, who was fat, wore shoes summer and winter, and wanted to enter Annapolis. This dream evidently was never fullfilled, for he died in St. Louis a few years ago as president of the Southern Pacific Railroad.

Back to the bridge. It was a covered, narrow one-lane toll bridge. The farm land here was owned by Margaret Davis Poage Price, wife of James Atlee Price, and for giving the land for the bridge and road she was given the job of toll-keeper. The Toll House, still standing at the west end of the bridge, was built for that purpose. Collection of toll was interrupted by the War, then resumed by the county but it gradually died out in the 80 s.

The toll charged was five cents. The few local residents paid a token charge of \$1.00 a year for a family. Many people waded or forded the river to save paying the toll.

Automobiles had been crossing the bridge several years before it was replaced but they were light. A steam tractor or a sawmill engine had to ford the river. The necessity for two-way traffic was a factor too. The bridge itself was in good condition when it was torn down.

The bridge and the roads were built by Virginia and were included in the "Virginia Debt" when West Virginia became a State

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THURSDAY, JULY 29, 1976.

Project Funded

Daniel B. Taylor, State Superintendent of Schools announced on July 15 that \$136,848.00 has been approved for the teaching of educationally deprived children in Pocahontas County Schools under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, Title I of Public Law 89-10.

Programs in tutorial reading for grades 1—3, remedial mathematics in grades 5—6 and the supportive service of speech pathology and audiology are included in the approved project. More than 300 elementary children in the county will be served in this project which has been titled "Closing the Gap."

Coal Tax Money

State Treasurer Ronald G. Pearson today distributed \$6,212.87 to municipal and county governments in Pocahontas County representing their shares of the 25 per cent allotment of the West Virginia severance tax on coal.

An Act passed by the First Regular Session of the 1975 Legislature established the severance tax of 35 cents per one-hundred dollars of valuation on produced coal, and earmarked the proceeds to be returned to counties and cities in the State. Seventy-five per cent of the tax is returned to those counties in which coal was produced during the preceding quarter proportionate to the amount produced in each county. Statutory provisions detailing this distribution were established when the Act was passed, and the first two quarterly allotments have been returned to eligible counties by Treasurer Pear-

Pocahontas, with a population of 8,870, gets \$6,212.95. It is divided as follows: Cass, population 173, \$121.15; Durbin, 347, \$243.05; Hillsboro, 267, \$187.; Marlinton, 1286, \$900.75; County, (outside of municipalities), 6,797, \$4,760.92.

Museum Notes

The Pocahontas County Historical Society would like to acknowledge with thanks the following recent donations to the museum collection: a set of ladies' ornamental combs, at least one of which is 120 years old, a penmanship hand book and a writing set, from Mrs. Helen Brumagin, of Marlinton, a large set of photos of Harter, from Mr. Ward Sharp, of Millheim, Pennsylvania, a photo of Thornwood, c. 1914 from Mr. Richard A. Frantz, Montgomery, several old hymnals and religious books from Karen Davis, Marlinton, 1 tuxedo and 2 pair of trousers, from Mrs. Samuel Gibson, Marlinton.

The museum is looking very smart this season since its exterior was painted and the floors gym-sealed prior to opening on 12 June. The Society's next aim is to have the museum roof fixed.

D. K. M.

Grandmothers Day, 1870

in the years after grandmother married about 1870, I am listing some of the things she did as her housekeeping duties. In summer she made balckberry jam first picking the berries from the tall thorny vines), apple butter dark and spicy (which means three or four bushels of apples had to be peeled and cut and cooked into sauce, then sweetened and seasoned with spices and cooked to a certain consistency), huckleberry jam (the berries were picked by going into the mountains and hunting around until the low growing bushes were found, then she usually killed two or three rattlesnakes which somehow always were near huckleberries). In later years my sisters and brothers and I went with her.

Easier to make was the peach butter and pear marmalade. These trees were near the garden fence which also sheltered the beautiful currant bushes covered with red berries used for making jelly; her grape vines were always loaded with grapes, used for making jelly, as were the wild plum trees; each of these fruits made beautiful jelly, the grape a deep purple, the wild plums a fiery red. Her raspberry patch was one of her prized possessions; she usually canned the black raspberries and made preserves from the red ones.

Her back porch was covered with a vine called hops; this vine had thousands of cone shaped yellow bloom. These she picked and boiled and thickened with flour and corn meal; this mixture was spread one inch thick on a clean cloth, let dry for several months, then cut in squares. The hops are the only source of yeast even

today. Two cakes two inches square melted in sweetened warm water made three loaves of delicious home baked bread. All bread was home baked in those days—buckwheat flour for pancakes, corn bread, rye, and whole wheat, all grown on the farm.

Vinegar was made by filling a wooden keg with apple cider. A hole was drilled in the end of the keg; a wooden stopper was made and inserted, to be removed each time the housewife needed more vinegar. It took the cider several months to get sour however.

Every farmer used the same method of making do, with available supplies. In his tool shed he had the necessary tools to shoe his horses, emasculate his pigs, lambs and calves. Amazing how the families managed to survive, no doctors—each family helped the other in childbirth, they made their own medicine. Cherry bark boiled and liquid sweetened with honey for coughs, mint tea for sick stomach, camphor and whiskey for colds and croup. Not even aspirin in 1870, at least in the county.

In August the cabbage was ready for making sauerkraut. One or two neighbors came to help (as they did to cut the apples for apple butter or to string white wax beans to be placed in a 10 gal. crock in salt brine with a press as pickle beans). The cabbage was chopped fine and put into a 10 gallon crock with salt to taste, a stomper was used to start the juice (or brine); this operation continued all day, because it takes many hours to chop fine two or three hundred heads of cabbage. When

the crock was full (or perhaps two crocks, size 10 gal.), grape leaves were placed on the top, a 20 pound rock (washed and placed on a board cut to fit the crock) weighted down the process. After a few weeks a brine would rise, then the cut cabbage would sour and lo! and behold! delicious sauerkraut was the result.

Every day or so grandmother churned. The word churned would mean nothing to our youngsters of today, unless they lived on a farm but in 1800 and through the early nineteen hundreds it was a duty, a must, if the family wanted butter. The churn was handmade of wood, so was the dash. An up and down motion (using the dash to quickly stir the cream) began as soon as the sour cream was placed in the churn. After a half hour beautiful yellow creamy butter came to the top of the milk, to be lifted off and made into rolls or pats. Buttermilk (a farmer's delight) was left in the churn; this was removed and chilled for drinking, also for making corn bread or biscuits. Leftovers were given to the chickens.

When I was a child about 1910 I remember gypsies came on their annual forage through our section. Grandma had her wash on the line that day. The mobs of

women who traveled with their husbands and child dren usually did the steal-ing: Four of them went tograndmother's kitchen and began baking bread. They baked all afternoon, used a half barrel of flour which was about one hundred pounds, or more. Others of the group stripped the garden and corn field of roasting ears. Also they took quilts, blankets, sheets, towels and clothes. There was no way to stop them. They camped in tents about a mile away and every farmer for miles around was robbed. Cows were milked or butchered for meat. Rail fences were opened and the sypsy horses turned into the meadows. If they stayed all summer, fruit trees were stripped as were the grape vines and berry patches. There was absolutely no relief except in later years, after the county could boast a sheriff, some one would ride to Marlinton and get the sheriff. Then they loaded their wagons and began moving across the mountain to Knapps Creek where there were fresh supplies. None of the men ever seemed to help with the stealing or loading of the covered wagons. Sometimes one would stand close by, with a gun while the woman grabbed anything usable, some of the women were Indians; they kept their babies in the pockets. of the tent at night, but strapped to the mother's back in day time. The first World War took the men and after 1916 we never saw them again, although I think there were colonies in Florida, where the children were forced to go to school.

THE POCAHONTAS TIMES - AUGUST 5, 1976-

Reminiscing

Hi—this is Frank Colson, Tony's older brother, sons of Louis and Lens Colson.

Jane, when I get your newspaper, The Pocahon-tas Times, and read up on those tales of the past that many people remember and are telling you about, it brings back memories, tears to my eyes and sadness to my heart. Ah, where have all the years gone.

It's been so long ago that my memory is fading away of my wonderful childhood days in Marlinton. I guess those young young years are the most wonderful and important years of our

lives.

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I remember faintly of going to grade school across the street from my house on Court Street near the Methodist Church. Mr. Grant was principal at the time; I know this because Mr. Grant gave me a good shaking. I ran into him pretty hard while being chased by another kid. I know when Mr. Johnson became principal we started basketball at the grade school for Bull Dog Kenney was our grade school coach. We had a good little team, even went to Elkins one time and played a high school freshman team. There we got beat but had a lot of fun. I remember Dick Hill who played on the

Jane, I remember most of those people and places that 61J11 mentioned in her story. I remember all those and more. I got such a clear picture of everything that I figure she must have been a telephone operator at the time. It was her articles that brought back some fond memories.

I remember several times a group of us kids (we were kids once upon a time, oh, so long ago-years and years) mostly Sundays, we used to go to Stillwell with sling shots (gravel shooters is what we called them) and battle with the kids from Stillwell. That's when the old sawmill was located there-used to have stacks or piles of lumber, maybe three or four rows about twenty feet high with small rail tracks running out to the end, about half to three-quarters mile of track. We would spend all day running, jumping, playing hide and seek and battling a Stillwell gang.

Street, and Greek Jim McGraw would probably remember about those good old days. I spent many a day picking blackberries, hunting lizards, sassafras tea roots or fishing up and down Knapps Creek with Jim. I felt like Huckleberry Finn and Tom Sawyer with Jim when we did things together. The truth is we used to make Jim McGraw bat left handed when we played baseball because he was so much better than the rest of us. That's how he became a lefty when it came to batting a ball.

In winter we would sled ride on Stillwell Road. We would come shooting down the road with our homemade chargers (sleds) out on Knapps Creek which would be frozen over. It was great fun or maybe skate there too, or even walk on the ice, to break it or make it real slippery until we could break through and get our feet and clothes wet. Of course, we got a little cold but that didn't matter when we were young.

In the fall we hunted chestnuts on the hill back of the Court House. They were the best in the world. The Black Walnuts were everywhere. We were like squirrels, getting ourselves a big supply of them for the winter. Our hands would be dark brown with stain, but what mattered, it was fun and we were young. Those were the years.

The millions of times I would fill my pockets with those beautiful yellow and delicious early apples in the Yard of the T. S. McNeel family. We would ask them if we could have a couple. They never refused to let us kids have some. Boy, were they good! So mellow and eatable, it makes my mouth water just thinking about them. There are so many things to remember-a quiet peaceful evening of relaxation at Wilbur Sharp's Pool Room, or having a coke at Harry A. Sharps where Tony worked.

You know, Jane, if we could turn back the pages of time and live our lives over again. All those things make Marlinton the world's most wonderful "little country" within a country in the U. S. A.

The people of Marlinton you will never find those wonderful people anywhere else in the world. They are all heart, friendly and interesting. I am grateful to all of them. They all made Tony, Father, Mother, and myself feel like one of them, even though we were Italians. We were treated with respect and kindness I love them all for that. That's why Marlinton shall always be a part of me. Tony feels the same way. He may live in Florida but his heart is in West Virginia. I feel the same way. In fact, I told my wife when I die to ship my body back home to West Virginia.

I would like to pay my respect to a certain gentleman, Mr. John Hayslett; that is a man someone should write a book about. I would say that John has done more for Marlinton than any one person. He has been the town leader all those years. Anytime there was something to be done Mr. Hayslett got the ball rolling. If someone was sick and needed help, broke and bent John was there. He took a collection or helped in some way. In sports John was the most active member, the biggest cheer leader and coach. He gave everyone that certain drive that got that little bit of extra out of the athlete. He supported sports of any kind with all the leadership of any coach. If anyone got married John got a serenade for them together to wish them happiness. If someone passed away, he was there to help in any way, rich man, poor man, little or big, Mr. Hayslett was the first one to help. He is a fine fellow. He deserves a "John Hayslett Day.

There is lots more to write about Marlinton but the U. S. Mail has too big a burden as it is.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, AUG. 5, 1976

History

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Glen Vaughan has sent us a copy of Part, 2, Volume III, of his Bicentennial Pocahontas History. He has written his recollections of his early years in Marlinton, included copies of all current reports on the Bicentennial and schools, with several interesting accounts from teachers and a section on the history of CCC camps in Pocahontas by Meade Waugh with some camp papers.

We neglected to put Mr. Vaughan's address in the paper on our plea for more teachers to write the story of their teaching expe-

riences. It is:

Lt. Glen L. Vaughan (Ret.)

400 Melvin Avenue Annapolis, Md. 21401

Mr. Vaughan writes that he recently had major surgery and won't be able to make his visit to Pocahontas until fall.

We would like to print some of these recollections if we receive permission.

Also, Mr. Vaughan is seeking someone to research the history of the local schools. Rather than write him a letter, we take this means to remind him that most school records were lost in the fires.

THE FOCAHONTAS TIMES - AUGUST 19, 1976-

Board of Education

The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on August 10.

The Board met with the Citizens Advisory Committee. Several Committee members gave reports on what they had found concerning the opinion of the general public on the proposal for another bond election. After discussion it was decided that the Board and the Committee need more detailed information on the feelings of the citizens than can be determined by talking with a few people. So it was decided to prepare questionnaires to be filled in by citizens who voted for the bond, against the bond, and did not vote in the May election. A subcommittee was formed to work on this questionnaire and to decide the best method of distribution.

Also meeting with the Board were Bobby Vance and the Board's Treasurer, Betty Lambert. Mr. Vance represented the Pocahontas County Board of Health and presented a request from the Board of Health for an additional \$4452.81 contribution from the Board of Education to the 1976-77 Health budget. The Board of Education tabled this request.

Mrs. Lambert reviewed for the Board the June Treasurer's Report, the Investment Report and the preliminary Financial Report for 1975-76. This report will be finalized and printed in the paper at a later date.

The Board accepted the resignation of Mrs. Michele Fomalont as Language Arts teacher at Green Bank.

The following personnel were employed: Mrs. Louise Ann Flegel as Language Arts teacher at Green Bank, Sherwood Wile as fourth grade teacher at Marlinton, Lawrence Mustain as principal at Hillsboro, Floyd Walton, Jack Horner, and Sally Lyles as substitute bus

operators.

The Board approved the requests of Lee McMann and Dolan Irvine to take Vocational Agriculture students to the State Fair at Lewisburg on several dates.

The request of Mrs. Nancy Kirk, cook at PCHS, for a maternity leave of absence for the 1976-77 school year

was approved.

The Board approved the job description for the position of Special Education Director.

The request of the Green Bank High School class of 1961 to use the Durbin cafeteria for a class reunion on September 4 was approved.

Mr. James Gibb was employed to audit the financial books at all schools for a fee of \$500.

It was reported to the Board that only one bid had been received for insurance on the school bus fleet for the 1976-77 school year. This was a bid of \$11,267 from the Nationwide Insurance Company. This bid was accepted.

Everett Dilley was appointed to represent the Board of Education on the County Board of Health.

The next regular Board meeting will be on August 24.

Fall Duties

Her soap making was a marvel of ingenuity. Wood ashes were placed in a hopper (a handmade wooden box atop a chute) which when filled with water dripped very slowly into the chute which drop by drop was lye (a grease cutting liquid); this liquid bolled with lard formed a soap that was the only cleansing agent of that day. In June she sheared the sheep, the wool was washed and sun dried (spread over the back yard). It was then carded (a combing process to break up the tangles and make it ready for the spinning wheel) and spun into yarn. This yarn made mittens, socks and other garments by knitting. Her loom wove the wool yarn into blankets and carpets, colored by boiling bark or berries (poke mostly) and dying them while the wool was still in hanks from the carding and spinning process. New bedding was taken care of in the fall, yards of heavy ticking were made into bed-size cases, filled with fresh straw and placed on the criss-crossed rope that was used as we use bedsprings today. The bulging straw tick was a foot thick. Atop this was another tick filled with goose feathers. Every bed had its bolster, a long pillow the width of the bed; atop this sat two goose feather pillows. Then to make a pretty bed, hand woven bedspreads of different colors were used through the house. On each bed pillow shams covered the pillows (large pieces of muslin embroidered or appliqued. These were starched until they were stiff enough to sit upright over the pillows.

Her well house near the kitchen door in later years contained her spinning wheels, cow bells, sheep bells, sheep shears, garden tools, coffee grinder, candle molds, nutmeg grater, large copper and brass kettles. Her dinner bell atop a tall pole was near by; she used it everyday to call the men home from the fields at noon; each worker slapped the cold water from the well (drawn up on the roller by a chain holding a wooden bucket) on his face, arms and head; this entitled him to a place at the

In the fall she made her clothes, skirts long and wide, blouses tucked, lacy and long sleeved, hats flowered with yards of ribbons. Her riding skirt which covered her legs on the side saddle also covered most of one side of the horse. A pair of saddle pockets made

of leather was thrown across the back of the saddle; they were filled with
paper wrapped eggs. She
rode the three miles to
Huntersville to Beckley Mc
Comb's grocery store once
a week; she got 25c for a
dozen eggs, but mostly she
went to talk to Beckley or
whomever might be in the
store.

Church on Sunday morning was the only break in the work week. She was a Presbyterian; she could not tolerate the shouting and hysteria of my father's Methodist church. I never saw her cry or even laugh out loud. She did not believe in any outward show of emotion. A gracious lady from her heart to her size 3 button shoes, she was the youngest daughter of Col. Logan and was married to Samuel Hogsett (a grandson of Col. Bradshaw who once owned most of the land from Huntersville to Dunmore.)

I am hoping some of the people who remember her will write to me.

> Vera Ritchie 7423 Allan Ave. Falls Church, Va. 22046

Sectional Lines, Market

The Brighter Side
By Annie Cromer
Someone wanted me to

write about food stamps. I wanted to express my views and experiences with free school lunches but decided on things of a more pleasant nature.

Back to century farms. I have been thrilled with reports from farms that have been in the same family for one hundred years or longer. For the state recognition contest the present owner must be a member of the Farm Bureau.

Ten farmers reported: Richard McNeel, Hillsboro, 211 years.

Mrs. Harold Murphy, Stony Bottom, 185 years. Hugh Hill, Hillsboro, 109 years.

Hubert Callison, Hillsboro, 194 years plus.

Howard and Mildred Lee Hevener, Arbovale, 127 years.

Dayton Herold, Marlinton, several years before the Civil War.

Ruth C. Cutlip, Hillsboro, 126 years.

Robert S. Gay, Marlinton, 125 years.

Phillip A. Sheets, Green Bank, 126 plus years. Genevieve Moore, Marlinton, about 200 years.

July 30 was the deadline for these reports for the state but I still take reports for the County until October 10. Please send me news of your century old farm with any pictures you may have that I may keep for a scrapbook. At the state meeting several counties displayed books with bits of news and pictures that have become history. To my knowledge, no history of the Pocahontas Farm Bureau has been kept in this way.

I would appreciate knowing the oldest farmer in the county. Mrs. Elliot, Boyer, was recognized at the Farm Bureau picnic as an 87 year old farmer. How nice.

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, AUG. 12, 1976 Pioneer Days-July 8-10, '77

McNeel Bible

The Historical Society has received the following letter from Hubert Taylor, of Wilmington, Delaware, which will be of particular interest to the descendants of John and Martha Davis McNeel.

I am writing to ask your assistance in completing a project that will surely interest you and a multitude of relatives in Pocahontas.

I am a descendant of Martha Davis McNeel through her daughters, Nancy McNeel Hill and Miriam McNeel Jordan. Having an interest in family and community history, it has been my desire to see the Martha Davis McNeel Bible returned to Pocahontas County. Following the death of Miss Mary Thrasher, I contacted the Executor of her will and learned that Miss Mary did not designate any specific disposition of the Bible. I suggested to him that it should be displayed in the Pocahontas County Museum. He agreed with the idea and presented the Bible to me for that purI am hoping that you will insert an ad in the Times for interested descendants to send a dollar contribution to you to help cover the cost of preparing the Bible for display which will cost about \$200. In that manner contributors can share the accomplishment of this special project.

The curator of a local museum has offered suggestions to help prepare a suitable exhibit. Since the Museum has little fire protection, the best solution appears to be to have the opened Bible encased in an abcite box. This is a tough, completely clear, scratch resistant 3/8 inch plastic that is also being used to house the Delaware Tricentennial time capsule. The boxed Bible can be placed in a portable fireproof vault that will be purchased when the Museum is not

I have photocopied the fly pages which are in a bad state. The top half of the second fly page has been cut away. The copies of these pages are of poor quality because of faded ink and missing parts of the pages. The title page of the New Testament with the printing date of 1690, along with the first page of Genesis have been copied. There was no title page for the Old Testament. A Marry Davis, not the sister of

Martha, had written a note in the margin of a page and dated it 1701. These page copies along with a history of the Bible will be framed or placed behind plexiglass for viewing near where the Bible is exhibited.

The Bible will be opened to the page containing the Twenty-Third Psalm so observers can gleefully translate the Welsh language.

So I'm hoping many of Martha's descendants will assist in making a permanent home for her Bible. The late Dr. John McNeel would have been pleased to

Those wishing to make the requested dollar contributions can send them to William McNeel, c-o The Pocahontas Times, Marlinton, W. Va. 24954.

New Hope Lutheran Church Hundredth Anniversary



A capacity crowd enjoyed a beautiful day, an appropriate service, and a fine meal last Sunday afternoon as the New Hope Lutheran congregation at Minnehaha Springs celebrated its one hundredth anniversary. Pictured are the present and preceeding two pastors of the New Hope Church. On the left is the Rev. Andrew Ballas, pastor 1960 - 1964, who is now pastor of St. John's Lutheran Church in Deshler, Ohio; the Rev. Cecil Bradfield, pastor 1964 - 1971, and now a professor at Madison College in Harrisonburg, Virginia; and the Rev. Joseph Bartczak, pastor at New Hope since 1971. Rev. Ballas delivered the message for the anniversary service.

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New Hope Lutheran Church Minnehaha Springs 100TH ANNIVERSARY

New Hope Lutheran Church of Minnehaha Springs will celebrate its hundredth anniversary on August 22 with a service at 3 pm.

In the summer of 1876 Henry White and his wife, Sabina, with their family came to Pocahontas County. They were the first Lutherans in this section of the country and to this time New Hope is the only Lutheran Church in this Coun-

All former pastors now living are invited to be present. It is hoped that all former members and friends of the Congregation will be able to attend this happy occasion.

More details next week.

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For a number of years the congregation was supplied by ministers from the South Branch Charge of Highland and Pendleton Counties. Later it was made a congregation of its own along with Valley Center and Headwaters, Virginia. Rev. M. A. Ashby served this congregation from 1895 to 1897. Rev. P. L. Snapp was called in 1898 and served here until the summer of 1900. He was succeeded by Rev. S. H. Puffenbarger who was here un-

From 1906 New Hope had occasional services by visiting pastors until 1928 when Rev. Paul Lautenshlager accepted a call to the Thorn Spring Parish. Around 1936 Rev. Siegfried Kullman was called as an assistant pastor. Then in 1946, while Rev. Orville E. Luech was pastor, New Hope was made a part of the Franklin Parish. This Parish includes New Hope, Faith at Franklin, and Mt. Hope at Upper Tract and is now served by Rev. Joseph Bartezak.

All former pastors, members relatives, and friends of the Congregation are invited to at-tend this happy occasion of our hundredth anniversary.

The guest speaker will be Rev. Andrew Ballas, a former ohn's Lutheran Church in Jeshler, Ohio. A fellowship wai - pot luck - will be served

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1976

> History of Edray Community

Community bounded on the west by Stony Creek range of mountains, on the north by Elk Mountain, to the top of Slippery Hill on the Clover Creek road, then to the Bridger Place on the Greenbrier River where Paul Sharp now lives, on the south by the top of river ridges including the Fairview and Brush settlements to the top of Drinnen Ridge where the state road crosses, and to Elmer Sharps at the foot of Stony Creek Mountain. This community is about five miles wide where the state road crosses and ten miles long from east to west.

First Settlers

The Drinnons were the first settlers in Edray community. Thomas Drinnon settled near Edray Graveyard. There is some difference of opinion as to the exact spot where the Drinnon cabin stood, but I feel sure it was on the bank just close to the graveyard. A spring under the bank has always, since my earliest recollection, been called the Drinnon Spring. Other proof is an old apple orchard, trees of large size, mostly winter apples, near the spot where the cabin stood. My father, Isaac Moore, went to this orchard in the fall with the wagon for winter apples when I was a small boy, though large enough to pick apples from the ground. My uncle Robert Moore and his boys always called this field the "Old Orchard Field" and it

goes by that name yet. A part of the field belongs to A. R. Gay and the other part belongs to Wm. M. Sharp's heirs, all of which once belonged to Thomas Drinnon, first settler in this community. He owned a large boundary of land, several thousand acres that extended from Indian Draft to Stony Creek. Drinnon's Ridge took its name from the old settler, an everlasting monument.

Drinnon's home was broken up by the Indians. His wife was captured and taken away. She was murdered somewhere in

Elk Mountain.

Charles Drinnon, a brother of Thomas Drinnon, settled near Onoto. He cleared a field which bears the name "Charley Field" which is now owned by Anderson Barlow.

The Drinnons all left this country many years ago. I remember seeing James Drinnon, a member of the distinguished family. I think the Drinnons went to the north western part of the state.

Robert Moore, my grandfather, was a son of Moses Moore, who was captured by the Indians. (See W. T. Price's History of Pocahontas County for a full account of this capture)

Robert Moore, Sr. once lived at the Bridger Place, reared his family there. My father, Isaac Moore, was born and reared there. One brother, Andrew, fell from a tree and was killed while other members of the family were stirring off a kettle of sugar. About 1820 Robert Moore, Sr. moved to Edray and settled on the Drinnon holdings. He and his boys opened up a fine farm and erected a fine two story brick dwelling house, the only brick building in the community. I believe the lumber that went into the house was all sawed with the whip saw, as at that time there was no water power saw mills. The

broad ax was extensively used in getting out all of the heavy timber for buildings. Robert Moore and his wife lived and died in the brick mansion. Buried in the Edray graveyard. He was born in 1768, died in 1858, age of 90 years. His wife born in 1771, died 1855, age 84 years. These graves were the first in Edray Robert Graveyard. Moore's real estate was divided with his boys and one daughter. The names of the sons were Isaac, James, William, and Robert, Jr. Robert received the old homestead, lived there many years, sold to J. W. Sharp about 1867 for seven thousand dollars, that included the upper part of the place now owned by Isaac Sharp's heirs. I want to say just here, there was an old house stood about halfway between the old brick house and the gate at the road. I think the old settler built and occupied this house while the brick house was being erected. When I was a small boy elections were held in the old house. There was no ticket or ballot used. The Commissioner or conductor of election asked the voter, "Who do you vote for?

My father, Isaac Moore, settled in the woods where I now live. Father's house was a hewed log house, about 16x20 ft., shaved shingle roof, chinked and daubed walls, one door and one window in the first story and same in second story. The porch was on the side and stairs went up from the porch. In 1911 I built a new frame house on the spot where the old house stood. R. S. Jordan and Jeff Killingsworth were the contractors.

The soil of Edray community is productive. The upland is largely limestone naturally sod with bluegrass when shade is taken off. The flat land below the mountains is sandstone, not as rich as the limestone and not so good for grazing but better for farming when improved. Produces well and less liable to wash from heavy rains.

As to timber in this community, it has been covered with all kinds of hardwood, basswood, some spruce high on the mountains. hemlock along streams. Some of the most valuable timber is black walnut, ash cherry, red oak, white oak, a great deal of which has been cut and shipped. Other hard woods are chestnut, oak, some black oak, pin oak and sugar. There is still some yellow pine on the flats.

Edray can boast of the best water in the state, both limestone and free stone. There are many bowled springs around the foot of the mountains, always flowing, never dry. Namely at Elmer Sharps, E. R. Sharps, a sulphur spring at E. R. Sharps, bowled spring at the Cochran Place, at A. C. Barlows head of Big Spring, now owned by Bank of Marlinton, and sufficient to run a grist mill with twenty foot overshot water wheel. Other bowled springs at M. K. Sharps, G. W. Manns and Drinnon Spring at Mrs. J. W. Price's at Edray. John D. Gay owns head of Indian Draft. Other fine springs not named. There are many drilled wells in the flats, all good water.

Some of the first schools were taught in the old farm homes. One among the first, if not the first, was in an old house near Mrs. George Baxter's home.

The house was a round log structure, clapboard roof, held in place with press poles. The fireplace took up most of one end of the It was made of rough stone, chimney made of slats and mud. Now for light, paper was pasted over cracks and greased to give light. Other cracks in the building were chinked and daubed. Seats were made of split logs or poles. holes bored and pins put in for legs. The term of school was about three months. The salary was one dollar per scholar a month. Writing was done with quill pens. The teacher boarded with scholars. My father, Isaac Moore, taught at this school when a young man. The first schools were called Open Schools-every one spelled and read aloud. The first school I attended was at Indian Draft, now called Mt. Pleasant. building was constructed of round logs, chinked and daubed, covered with boards, a rough stone chimney and a large fireplace. Seats were of split logs or poles set on wooden pins. Figuring was all done on slates. No lead pencils or tablets used in those days. The writing was done with quill pens. The desk to write on was a plank against the wall. One or two small windows, and for additional light greased paper was pasted over cracks.

The first church in Edray community was built on Stony Creek and called Hamlin Church. It is a hewed log building, cracks chinked, and daubed. shaved shingle roof, side galleries, seats-long benches with slat backs. Door in one end of building. elevated pulpit in other end. Two small, twelve light windows on sides. Some years ago the side galleries were taken out and building ceiled. benches were taken out and chairs put in. This church is still in use and was built near 1835, as the records show it was deeded July 4. 1835

Edray church was built in 1883. E. D. King was contractor and builder. Contract price above foundation \$700 for his work. Lakin and Peters furnished about twenty thousand feet of lumber from their mill at Clover Lick, delivered at

the Gay Siding, now in Fair Ground for ten dollars per thousand—white pine lumber. All heavy lumber was sawed at Edray by D. H. Garber and Bros. Everything summed up, all told, the Edray church cost \$2032.25.

Edray Post Office was the first post office in Edray community. When looking for a name Mrs. Eliza Moore, mother of the late George P. Moore, being a Bible reader suggested a Bible name, she said "call the Post Office Edri." Leaving off the ri and adding ry, making Edray the name of the first post office. (see Numbers 21:33). This office was established about 1850. As soon as George P. Moore was of age he became postmaster and continued to be until his death in 1922. He was the oldest postmaster in the United States.

There are now six churches in Edray community, nine frame school buildings, about one hundred and ten families averaging five members to the family, estimated at five hundred and fifty.

About five miles of state road in this community. On the point of Wolf Pen Ridge on Elk Mountain from the state road a very fine view of our community can be had and we challenge all of West Virginia for a more beautiful scene than the community and surrounding mountains. The roads are in fair condition. Travel is done mostly by automobiles.

Mail routes and telephones throughout the

community.

The village of Edray has two stores at present. The first store at Edray was sept and owned by William Allen at the place where Elmer Poages now live. Isaac McNeil, George P. Moore and Amos Barlow kept store at this same place years ago.

George P. Moore built the store building that A. R. Gay now occupies.

At one time there was a successful tan yard in Edray, owned by A. J. Smith and Brothers.

Robert Moore, Sr. built a mill at the head of Big Spring. This house was a hewed log building, two or more stories high, equipped with a twenty foot overshot water wheel, and water trunk from head of spring. This water never freezes up in winter nor goes dry in summer. Inside equipment of mill consisted of two sets of runners, both country made, one for grinding wheat and other for grinding corn and chops.

Tillie director: Down

The first sawmill of the community was built near the grist mill by Isaac Moore and got water from the same source as grist mill. These mills were used for many years and was one of the important business centers of the community.

Viewing the past and the present we see that old things have passed away and all things have become new.

Respectfully submitted S. B. Moore

Miss Helen Gay shares with us this history of Edray Community dictated many years ago by S. B. Moore. ent test

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Photos by

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Pony riders' precision put to tournament test

BY LAURAINE WAGNER Women's Editor

The St. Margarets Pony Clubliterally rode away with victoryin regional competition recently and will send two teams to compete in the national tourney next week in Radnor, Pa.

"We won 30 per cent at the regionals," said coach Brian Boyer, "they cut off the games early because nobody could eatch us."

Winning is nothing new for the group. The juniors, aged 9 through 12, are going to the nationals for the third year, and it's the second time for the senior team who are aged 13 through 16.

Burrell Davidson, 15, will be one of 10 riders from the United States competing in the international pony meet in England in August. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Clark Davidson of St. Margarets.

The national title has eluded them so far and the team from Frederick, which beat them in Ohio last year, will be there again. "But we have a good chance this year," said coach Boyer, "our precision is a factor." His daughter, Dawn rides with the juniors.

There's a lot more to being a winning rider than just riding well. Competition begins at home as the 45 members of the club try for places on the teams. They study books on

ROBIN ZEYHER sinks a basket from the back of her galloping pony, Pandora, during practice for relay races.

horses and first aid, and are judged in stable management, tack care and grooming — all of which are part of the judging at

tournaments

"The horse comes first," said Ruth Grill of Arnold. over the time left "In the riders take

care of themselves. "" Her daughter, Jane, is on the senior team.

"It's hard work," sighed-Jane, "we don't really mind, but-Oh, that tack cleaning!"

Called a Gymkhana, the tournament includes 15 relay races with variations involving feats of balance and skill as well as speed.

Donald Ruths of Pasadena is the only boy who made the teams. Asked if he watched the equestrian events of the olympics where Mike Plumb of Maryland won a silver medal, Donald smiled broadly and said, "Yeah, I'd like to be up there."

When is a pony not a pony? When it measures 14 hands a hand equals four inches) and three inches or more. Chocolate Chip Ice Cream, ridden by Laurie Bell, a senior team member from Davidsonville, is the largest pony on the teams measuring 14.1 hands. The smallest is Pandora, who measures 11.2 and is ridden by Robin Zeyher of Annapolis on the junior team.

Other members of the teams are Carin Pittinger of Bay Hills and Tammy Zeyher of Annapolis, seniors; Linda Ratchford of Arnold, Denise Ruths of Pasadena and Robyn Wintz of Bay Hills, juniors.

If confidence can do it, they'll bring home a title this year. "Did you hear we're going to win the national?" called out Donald Ruths Sr. father of two riders, "The kids fool around a lot out here, but when it's time they really work as a team." The riders grinned and nodded in agreement.

Photos by
Norm
Goldberg

VAUGHAN, DAU A OF LAKE VAUGHAN OF LOBLIA. GRAND DAUGHTER OF HENRY VAUGHAN. BURRIED IN CEMETERS OF OLD STONE CHURCH-LEWIS BURG.

St& VOL 11.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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THURSDAY, SEPT. 9, 1976

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

First day enrollments for the Pocahontas County Schools, with last year enrollment in parenthesis:

> Marlinton 671 (688) Hillsboro 253 (257) Durbin 161 (170) Green Bank 350 (334) High School 544 (557) Total 1979 (2006)

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These enrollments will no doubt change slightly during the first few weeks of school.

P. C. H. S. ATHLETICS

AND DESCRIPTION OF STREET

Varsity Football
Nicholas County, 7 - PCHS, 6
Sept. 10, PCHS at Richwood

Sept. 10, PCHS at Richwood,

Sept. 17, Greenbrier West at PCHS, 8 pm

J V Football

Greenbrier East, 14 - PCHS, 8 Sept. 20, PCHS at Greenbrier West, 7 pm

Ninth Grade Football

Sept. 9, White Sulphur Springs at PCHS, 7 pm

Sept. 16, Webster County at PCHS, 1:30 pm

Varsity Girls Basketball Sept. 14, PCHS at Petersburg, 1:30 pm Remarks of Superintendent of Schools, James D. Lannan, to the County Teachers.

I want you to know that I've searched my mind for something really impressive-profound if you will -something genuinely exciting to say at this county wide meeting. Those efforts, however, were entirely unsuccessful and I came to realize that most of what I might have said has been said before by superintendents far more venerable than myself, therefore you've heard it before. We live in such a world of noise and chatter I sometimes wonder if there's anything new that remains to be said.

In addition to that it isn't all that appropriate for a superintendent to address himself in an instructive fashion to teachers and to service and auxiliary personnel. For you're where the action is. You're with boys and girls on an hourly. day-by-day basis. You touch children. You help them. You form impressions in them that will have a lasting impact on their lives. It is axiomatic that years from now a great deal of what these youngsters shall have become will be directly attributable to your efforts. Me? I do not have the opportunity for this intimate and powerful contact with America's tomorrow. The nature of my job is such that I wrestle with papers, and numbers and finances, and aging buildings and frustrated employees. Frankly, I don't know which task is the most maddening.

In a very real fashion I envy you the experiences that await you this year. I know that you'll experience impatience...you'll feel anger, and dread and defeat and a whole host of mixed emotions. But if you're the real professionals that I've come to know you are, you'll rise above these emotions and realize that what makes this system work, and therefore what contributes to the people of this county in a really dynamic fashion is you. Without you or someone like you, it couldn't be done. Be proud of that; I'm proud to be part of your team.

Do you know what's the most difficult part of my job? Criticism! Oh my, do I ever get it, and do I bristle under criticism. And of all the criticism that we received last year, and most school systems are falling under the fist of public criticism these days, the most illegitimate complaint was that we didn't care. "They don't care... The teacher doesn't understand. She doesn't care. The principal doesn't care. The superintendent doesn't care. The Board doesn't care." How often I heard that from some angry, or hurt, or confused parent. I knew it wasn't true and you know it wasn't and isn't true. But sometimes- in fact all the time- it's not only important what is true, but what people believe to be true.

Let's work hard on that this year, folks. Let's go the extra mile, and then another, and still another beyond that with the young people and the parents of Pocahontas County. That doesn't mean the dilution of subject matter, or the abrogation of authority, or the abandonment of discipline. It doesn't mean any of these things.

It means only that we must commit ourselves to convincing people- students and parents and taxpayers alike- what we're all about ... That we do care. Sure we work for money. We've taken no vows of poverty. But we go beyond simply earning wages. We're in the business of building lives; developing citizens for tomorrow. Ours is the task of taking kids where we find them, and challenging them, scolding, pushing, pulling, begging, exciting them- and all the time caring and showing ituntil they're better people for having known us. Let this be the year that people will view your efforts with the real admiration that you richly deserve. Spare children your sharp words. Spare them the feelings of despair that you will inevitably feel and that will surface in the form of sarcasm, or cutting remarks.

Care for them.....and

New Teachers

Pocahontas County and the County's schools are pleased to welcome the following new teachers:

Durbin

Lella Ann Dilley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Everett Dilley, of Dunmore, AB degree from Glenville Col-

Thomas Stipe, of York, Pennsylvania, BS degree from York College.

Green Bank

Benjamin Campbell, son of Mrs. Geneva Campbell, of Dunmore, AB degree from Glenville College.

Louise Ann Flegel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Burner, of Cass, BS degree from W. Va. University, previously taught at Bruceton High School.

Kathern Hall, of Clendenin, BS degree from W.

Va. University

Rebecca O'Brien, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jamie Sheets, of Green Bank, BS and MS degrees from W. Va. University, previously taught at Oxford Elementary School, in Iowa, and Ouzinkie Elementary School, in Alaska.

Hillsboro

Larry Mustain, Principal, from Ronceverte, AB degree from William & Mary College, previously taught at the Lewiston Job Corps Center, California, Anthony Job Corps Center, Neola, Branchville Job Corps Center, Indiana, Golconda Job Corps Center, Illinois, Langley Air Force Base, Virginia, and Union Elementary School.

Curtis Vick, from Huntington, AB degree from Marshall University.

Lillie Witt, from Kentucky, BS and MA degrees from Union College, in Kentucky.

Marlinton

Marilyn Armstrong. daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Armstrong, of Buckeye, AB degree from Glenville College

Delmos Barb, son of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Barb, of Marlinton, AB degree from Glenville.

Harry Booth, from Elkins, AB degree from Bethany College.

Laurel Booth, from Trappe, Pennsylvania, AB degree from Bethany Col-

Jane Cogar, from Buck-

hannon, AB degree from W. Va. Wesleyan. Yvonne Lannan, from Marlinton, AB degree from Davis & Elkins College, previously taught at Union High School, China Spring Elementary School in Texas, Paden City Elementary School.

Diana Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Shifflett, of Marlinton, AB degree from Glenville College

Peter Tennant, from Blacksville, BS degree from W.Va. University.

Alice Williams Vance, from Illinois, AB degree from Northwestern University, MA degree from New York University, MS degree from the State University of New York, previously taught at the Dalton School in New York City.

Sherwood Wile, from Port Washington, New York, BS degree from North Adams State College, previously taught at the Linden Hill School in Massachusetts.

Pocahontas County High School

Jane Foster, Special Education, from Harrisville, AB degree from Glenville.

County-wide Anna Cornell Moore, Speech therapist, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Moore of Marlinton, BS degree from Madison ColIN POCAHONTAS COUNTY THERE IS ONE UNDENIABLE FACT:



Once you come to visit -You'll always want to come back

Huntersville Motel

9 Units with restaurant and Inn keeper's apt., high profit potential considering year 'round touristry business and planned reopening of Vepco Dam project. Located on Rt. 39 near State and Federal Park systems, \$83,000.

3 Year old, 4 bedroom, 25 bath, all electric home on 1.9 acres, has 2 car garage, full basement, large fireplace, lots of living space, plus an efficient kitchen. One of the fine homes in Arbovale — \$69,500.

152 Acres, more or less; 50 Acres, more or less; 2 Tracts, not adjoining, near Beaver Creek, on paved road between Huntersville and Watoga Park. Larger tract has older farm house. Prices, respectively, \$45,600 and \$15,000.

5 Acres, more or less, frontage on Rt. 219, small house and 155 acre meadow, balance in woods, located in Slatyfork, \$19,000.

3 Bedroom, 1 bath, older home on 1 acre, large area for Spring garden, has root cellar and garage, located in Boyer, \$15,000.

Unfinished 24x30, 3 bedroom, 1 bath home with 34 basement on 11/2 acre lot near Arbovale. House needs construction completion - \$18,000.

Large 4 bedroom, 2 baths, 1 story older home in Marlinton. Complete with den, spacious living room and kitchen, 1 car garage and partial basement, hardwood floors and nine ft. ceilings, a beautiful home made for comfortable and convenient living- \$37,500.

6 Acres, more or less, all cleared except for small apple orchard and several trees around old farm house, has several other buildings and 38' hand-dug well - \$11,500.00

Acres, more or less, cleared with excellent building site on slight ridge - \$4500.00

Acre, more or less, wooded, also with beautiful home site on high ground - \$1650.00

158 Acres joining over 2000 acres of Monongabela Forest, provides several building sites in beautiful and accessible areas - recently reduced to \$300 per acre.

11.93 Acres, possesses partly cleared one acre building site on ridge with panoramic view — \$6,500.00

30 Acres, more or less, several miles north of Marlinton, on Sally Shearer Road, natural setting with many trees, potential homesite faces south and west — \$10,500.00

4 Adjoining lots in wooded area of Waybright subdivision, Arbovale, 3 one acre lots, \$3000.00 each, one acre & a half lot, \$4,500.00. Buy them all and save \$1,500.00.

Modern home for permanent or recreational living, near Casa Scenic Railroad, Greenbrier River, two bedroom, all electric, with large fireplace — \$16,000.00

Three bedroom, modular home, on River Road, Buckeye spacious basement, large lot [1 acre] for garden, and beautiful view — reduced to \$25,000.00 EXCELLENT BUY

record; and a

of steary force

Buy reasonably priced home with great potential in Hillabore.

Use savings on purchase price to remodel — \$12,800.00

Beuttell Real Estate

PETER M. BEUTTELL, Broker CHARLOTTE T. BEUTTELL, Salesman Stony Better

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, OCT. 21, 1976

Pioneer Days-July 8-10, '77

School Memories

Last week we published a most interesting account of the early school days and experiences as a teacher in Pocahontas County of Mrs. Louise McNeill Pease. These were written last spiring in Connecticut. Since then Mr. and Mrs. Pease have moved to Lewisburg and her address is 517 East Washington Street, Lewisburg.

Early Schools of Pocahontas County WHERE ARE THEY?

In an article from the Pocahontas Independent of March 21, 1912, brought to the Pocahontas Times Office by Alice Waugh. This article was written by then Superintendent of Pocahontas County Schools, Mr. B. B. Williams. This was a published letter to the public entitled, "Pocahontas Teachers Lack Preparation".

The letter contained many suggestions and although is quite lengthy my mention is this: — There were one hundred and ten (110) schools or grounds but only thirteen (13) were fenced, and only three out of every four pupils in the county were in school. Teachers certification, libraries, etc. will not be brought up in this item.

How can we reason or believe that in what is now Pocahontas County we can locate the homesites of over ninety percent of our forefathers who fought in the Revolutionary War from the Point to Yorktown over two hundred years ago and now in 1976 are unable or do not care about the names and locations of the old one to four room schools, teachers, students, etc., for the past fifty to seventy-five years.

The County's High schools are well taken care of themselves through their school Year Books. Would suggest that the County Museum obtain at least two copies of each year from the old E.D.H.S., Hillsboro, Green Bank and now Pocahontas County High School. They should be kept in two separate locations so a fire that destroyed the old one room schools, would not completely wipe out their records.

Due to a fire that destroyed the records of the old schools to make a complete list now would be next to impossible—but let us try.

The following list are a few of the names that have been in the Pocahontas Times during the past eighteen months so please write about your early schooling, classmates, grades in, name and location of schools—teachers and where they stayed. Conduct of student bodies—games played at recess—did you carry lunch or lived close enough to go home.

If you can only remember the name and location of the school and a teacher together with the yearyou will be amazed at what make a complete descripyou can remember- and what a help with other reports perhaps an entire class or school can be brought together. PLEASE TRY. Some names that should be able to start the ball rolling.

Mr. James D. Lannan, Supt. of Schools, Mr. Charles Moore, Former Supt., Claude E. McLaughlin, Vera Ritchie, Mary Isetta Wallace, John Mc

Neel.

Charles H. Sharp, Julia Price (Edray), Mrs. Dempsey Johnson, Former Beulah Palmer, Douthards Creek and Woodrow, her sister, Clara.

Mrs. Oliver Sprouse, Cathleen (May) Vaughan, Raywood, Ada Vaughan, Sidney Goodwyn's family.

Mr. F. M. Sutton, Sue Cromer, Mary Cromer, Enid Harper, All Beverages of Knapps Creek and Huntersville, B. Nelson.

Fleeta Lang, Watoga, any Coyner of Clover Lick, B. S. Lauster, Geraldine Haupt, Cass, Sister of Clari, E.D.H.S. Football Star, any Gibson or Sharp from Slatyfork, Nancy Currence, Alice McClintic Moore, Polly Smith Reynolds.

Members of all the many family reunions held yearly throughout the county. Any item no matter how small. All duplications will be printed side by side to help

tion.

When completed these records will be placed in two places in Pocahontas County - the Museum and one in the Library system of the county. However would recommend that they never be removed from their respective buildings but should be read in their home buildings.

Any item would help and all would be handled as you want them to be. There will be a total of four copies and if you cannot type your letters please write plainany how, send anything you have or can remember. Everything would be appreciated.

> Glen L. Vaughan 400 Melvin Ave. Annapolis, Md. 21401

PRINCE DINGS Chickle William

should be a few first

Me and the School Board by Annie L. Cromer

I was taught better Engash than to title an article as this but that is the way it . This is my opinion and that of the school board can come next.

Sometimes I want to gream and sometimes I want to cry but always I find it hard to control my emotions every time I see or hear the caption used to convince the people to vote for better schools, "Our children deserve better than this." Compare the then and the now.

For foster parents, it is not only a no-no but forbidden to remind children of today, "When I was your age I didn't have -However, our ten foster children and two natural sons loved to hear how we walked miles to school often going through woods and fields to avoid the mud in the unpaved roads. I laughed at Hevener Davidson who moved from Back Mountain to Pennsylvania and was thought of, prohably, as "Poor Heb" as he had told how he had walked three miles to school when he was small. When he measured the distance with his car it was just one mile.

We carried our lunch in a one-half gallon Karo syrup bucket. We set our lunches on a shelf in the hall of the school house and when we got a chance to take off that light fitting lid the aroma was great if it did come from a cold, cold buckwheat cake folded over elderberry butter or jelly that had turned perfectly green. If our sister, Ina, packed the lunch almost always we had piece of apple pie. If the crust had become a little soggy I can taste the goodnoss yet.

I can never forget my most extravagant teacher, the late Ethel Nottingham. She wore a fur collar and rode a beautiful horse from her home at Nottingham to Hoover School and for her lunch she always had two boiled eggs and never ate but one. How that other one did rattle in her lunch bucket! The only time we had all the eggs we wanted was on Easter Day. We had to save them to trade at the store for coffee, sugar, etc.

These stories sounded to our children like fairy tales. One time Larry said. "Mom, did you ever read out of the Horn Books?" When I asked, "What on earth is a Horn book?" he seemed so surprised as he told me they were in use

300 years ago.

O, I must tell about my first job. How I got it I do not know but I was janitor for the Hoover School. In the spring I was paid twenty-four dollars for the year. When the snow was above my knees and the

temperature was near zero, ! my father, Wm. Great-house, broke the road and helped me to get the fire going in the big pot-bellied stove.

I was rich. I was indeendent. I was taught a lesson of appreciation and respect that has given me a life that many wouldn't enjoy should they live to be 200 years old.

Next, this is not a "they say" but an "I know" one that illustrates what can happen when children are told, "You deserve more than you have." To our foster family of seven, six had been with us for eight years, came, "This is not your home. If you don't have everything you want or are not happy, you don't have to stay here. There is a big brick house on a hill where you can go. You should be able to watch television all night if you want. Your allotment must be paid promptly." On and on this went until the children were obsessed with an uncontrollable frustration that brought results that can never be mended.

I can never forget the screaming sobs of one of our foster sons as he was being led away by an officer to a home where he would have more than we had been able to give him. Every time I go out I must look at the place where, a short time after, we had to leave this fine young man of 19 because he never found that place in life where he had been made to think was good enough for our Guide.

him.

Someone labeled me "long-winded". I have that in mind but want to list a few of the areas where I find some children get less than they deserve. Because of reasons beyond their control that are known as "that kind"; are singled out in classrooms by someone needing to know what they had for breakfast and with whom they had to sleep. One foster girl we had was sprayed with a deodorant before riding in a teacher's car. One of the times my temper really flared was when Jeannie and Beulah Rae came home, "You have to take us to the doctor to see if we have lice.'

Many children and parents actually go through torment over home work the children must do. I told one substitute teacher. "When my children need a bath or food I don't call the teacher, then, when there is an educational need I don't think the teacher should depend on me." Home work only confuses children. How many I have seen crying, "That is not the way the teacher does." Parents are not qualified to help with the subjects that teachers are trained to do. Parents have their job and teachers are paid to do theirs.

I am not mad at teachers and feel sorry for the Board of Education in knowing how to do what.

May the Good Lord be

A Wonderful Day

Now I am not competing with Annie Cromer and couldn't, even if I wanted to. Yesterday, the 13th of October, was a day well spent. We like to talk about wild wonderful West Virginia. If you want to see some of its beauty try driving on the Back Mountain road between Cass and Durbin. I had been over part of it at one time when we went to the Wanless Church for a revival service that was held by Rev. Maharaj and Rev. Cov Mathews.

As I was driving along in our old rusty top station wagon, the tape player on with that old familiar hymn, "Amazing Grace."-Amazing Grace, how sweet the sound, that saved a wretch like me! I once was lost, but now I'm found, was blind but now I see. I have always enjoyed the good old-fashioned hymns, which is one way to help restore a church that is dead. Hymn singing and Bible reading - a singing church and a teaching pulpit-what better way to lead unsaved souls to Christ?

Yesterday was also my dad's birthday, Harry M. Taylor. He was called to be with his heavenly Father, November 3, 1965. He was 89 years old. Before he died he sang "Whiter Than Snow." My sister, Mrs. Gray Wilfong, had bathed and shaved him, then he started out singing that old familiar hymn and he sang it all the way through. That was the day before he died. How great it is for one to know, "I'm going home at last."

You know I thought it was a good way to Bethel Church but really it wasn't long enough. To drive along one turn after another, the birds flying everywhere, and the leaves were so beautiful, the colors so amazing, I had a notion just to park and gaze and wonder and think what a "Wonderful Saviour We Have." He does so much for us, do we do all that we can in return for Him?

What a view from Bethel Church; one can stand there and gaze and think how beautiful heaven must be. Anyone who has never driven across Back Mountain, now is the time to do so.

We had a good day at Bethel. The church is so beautiful with its stained glass windows. One can feel at ease and know all is well when you walk in that church. Annie, Thanks to you for being such a swell hostess and parish worker. We need more like you. I enjoyed the singing by Mr. Burner, Mrs. Rittenhouse and Mrs. Rider and all the rest that took part. The topic of the devotion, was "Trees." Scripture was from Genesis and the Gospels by Rev. Trowbridge. "Trees," made me think more of how beautiful and worthwhile my drive was to Bethel Church.

I also enjoyed listening to
Mayor Juanita Trickett
from the Tyrand Parish at
Huttonsville. To hear her
talk you would know she
loves her Lord. The slides
she showed of scenes that
the parish covers made me
think more of my drive over
there.

Any of you United Methodist Women, Presbyterians, Brethrens, or whatever, or who ever, that wishes to come to our meetings, welcome. Everyone is always welcome in God's House.

The next Parish Meeting will be at the United Methodist Church in Dunmore, April 13, 1977.

Mildred McLaughlin

Queen and King Homecoming



Tammy Crist was chosen Miss Homecoming Queen at Pocahontas County High School last Friday night.



Tom Valencia was selected as Homecoming King at Friday's PCHS Homecoming.

Girls Basketball

The Girls Varsity Basketball team, in their fourth week, has a record of 4 wins and 3 losses. Their 4th win of the season was played last Thrusday night at PCHS with Union.

The girls played a good defensive and offensive game. The score was PCHS 36, Union 33. Top scorers were Debbie Ralston with 7 and Cathy Coleman with 6. Top rebounder was Lottie Buzzard with 14.

The girls' next game will be October 21 at home with Tygarts Valley at 7:00.

Good luck, girls.

PCHS Football

Pocahontas won an exciting game with Kingwood in the PCHS Homecoming contest.

The Warriors scored early on a pass to Albert Pondexter from Mark Waslo. Ronnie Sharp's kick for the extra point was good.

Kingwood came back to tie the score on an option play by quarterback, Bill Dewitt. The extra point was kicked by Mark Thorn.

Pocahontas scored again in the second quarter on a run by Albert Pondexter. The attempt for the extra point failed.

Thorn then kicked two field goals to tie the score at half 13—13.

Neither team scored in the second half, putting the game into an overtime. In an overtime, each team is given an opportunity to score from the 10 yard line with four plays. PCHS won the toss of the coin and elected to go on defense, forcing Kingwood to go for the field goal. Pocahontas then came back and gave the ball to Albert Pondexter who scored on the second down, making the score 19 - 16.

The Pocahontas defense did an outstanding job, led by Melvin Ricottilli, who recovered two (2) fumbles in regulation play and sacked the quarterback in the overtime.

MARLINTON JR. HIGH FOOTBALL

The Marlinton Jr. High Copperheads got their fourth win of the season by defeating the Cowen Bulldogs 32-8.

Mike Doss again led the scoring for the Copper-heads. He had two touchdowns and two conversions. John Barton also scored for the Copperheads Barton had a touchdown run of 30 yards. He also had a conversion. The final touchdown was scored by Brett Withers, who intercepted a Cowen pass and ran it back 30 yards for a touchdown.

The defense again played an outstanding game. Leading the defense were Lawrence Kiner, Rick McCarty, Donny Rose, John Barton and Bob Shelton.

The Copperheads will be playing Webster Springs this Saturday evening, October 23. Game time is 7:30. FINAL BOOK-SEE LAST PAGE

Pocahontas County Bicentennial

Vol. 1V

Glen L. Vaughan

POCAHONTAS COUNTY BICENTENNIAL "THE POCAHONTAS TIMES"

Vol. 1V

1st Book for writer
2nd book for Editor Times
3rd book for ANNA FISHER.
4th book for Meade Waugh's
family collection.

This section started April 23th.

Glen L. Vaughan
Lt. U.S.N. (Ret).
400 Melvin Avenue
Annapolis, Md.
21401

Milk Delivery About 1914.

From the early teen's until the time Mr. Zed. Smith, Jr. built the first dairy with machines to sterilize the bottles and equipment in handling large quanties of milk, Marlinton had daily milk deliveries Mr. Isen Waugh, whose farm was on the flat land behind Kee's Rock. Ther he kept his herd of cows.

Every day Mr. Waugh would drive his old fashioned buckboard buggy to town with the milk, cream and buttermilk cans tied on the back of the seat. His old horse with the fringe net to keep the flys away almost knew his route. Mr. Waugh would simply say 'Get up', and talk him over his entire route, the horse in front of the regular customers

There were hooks on the buckboard where his measuring containers and strainers were carried. From a half pint to half gallon containers which were made of copper - handle on one side spout on the other sid The customers would bring out their own containers paying no attention to the dusty street as the measuring containers were wiped clean each time they were used. Sometime Mr. Waugh would sell butter and eggs, although many of the town's citizen's had their own chickens and a few owned their own cows. old son stored in the ice house

MRs. Lizzie Waugh did the churning and butter making in her large kitchen back on the farm. I remember many times when her mail was sent to my Aunt Lizzie Waugh. Evidently they had their friends use - Kee's Rock and Times Office and the problem was corrected.

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tigues a teri eli Following the milk buggy was usually the ice wagon from the The plant or storage room on upper third Avenue. There being very few electric refrigerators in town most families had ice boxes with one compartment reserved for about a seventy five pound piece of ice.

These famlies had a large card with the numbers 25-50-75-100 ri wan etc. in the corners of both sides of the cards. Whichever number d 11.8 was readable from the street that is what the iceman would deliver. Ke Wel He would sometimes have to saw of use an ice pick to cut a 300 lb. diner. cake of ice and all the kids would be in for a treat catching the smaler pieces that fell to the ground. The iceman would carry the large piece on his shoulder with a pair of ice tongs and place in the ice compartment- always being careful to replace the smaller piece that was already in the box.

Earlier I remember that in the cold winter months ice was cut with a saw pulled on a sled on Knapps Creek between the Railroad Bridge and the river. This was stored in the ice house and used in summer for making ice cream.

Often boxcars of this ice was shipped to Charleston during the winter months to be used in the cold storage wardhouses there. Of course Knapps Creek was much deeper and cleaner during those days than now. programmed with your way. and the Section of the Contract

Also we want to creatmen



PCHS Football

The Warriors defense did a good job shutting out Webster County Friday night and the offense moved the ball consistently.

The young Warriors won their third straight game. Albert Pondexter, the area's leading scorer, scored two touchdowns. Sophomore, Rick Irvine, scored on a screen pass thrown by Sophomore Richard Oref. Oref also had two interceptions from his defensive halfback spot. Defensive tackle, Mike Williams, recovered a fumble deep in Warrior territory. Webster County was able to get inside the thirty yard line twice in the game.

Keith Pondexter had a 70 yard run nullified by a clipping penalty and his brother, Albert, had a 70 yard run nullified on a motion penalty.

Rick Doyle and Fred Tibbs played well at the linebacker spot.

POYEMBER 4, INTO-

The entire team offensively and defensively executed well, displaying good blocking and tackling form.

Warriors Petersburg at home this Friday night which will be parents night. We hope to have an offensive and defensive unit for Friday night's game, enabling 22 different players to start, besides the kicking team. Offensive Probable Starters

Center-Ronnie Van-Reenen (54) Senior.

Left Guard-Ronnie Mullens (63) Senior.

Right Guard-Mark Kinder (67) Sophomore.

Left Tackle-Glen Arbogast (72) Sophomore.

Right Tackle-Craig Doss (71) Sophomore.

Left End-David L. Cassell (31) Junior.

Right End-Mike Buzzard (85) Senior.

Quarter Back-Mark Waslo (10) Junior.

Tail Back-Albert Pon-Perchand Assemble. The

dexter (24) Senior. Full Back-Keith Pondexter (34) Sophomore

Half Back-Rick Irvine (30) Sophomore.

The Warriors have three players in top three in New River Valley Conference statistics, Albert Pondexter, Conference leading scorer with 72 points, Mark Waslo, third in pass percentage, David Lee Cassell third in pass receptions.

Defensive Probable Starters Middle Guard- Melvin

Ricottilli (52) Junior. Tackle-Mike Williams

(51) Sophomore.

Tackle-Tom Barnisky (75) Junior, or Greg Rose (74) Sophomore.

End-Phillip Hill Sophomore.

End-Mark Gum (87)Junior.

Linebacker-Fred Tibbs (43) Senior

Linebacker-Rick Doyle (44) Senior

Halfback-Richard Oref (22) Sophomore

Halfback-Wayne Cassell (15) Sophomore.

Safety-strong-William Dilley (88) Junior

Safety-free-Mike Ryder (23) Sophomore

Other members of the squad that will see action are (55) Ronnie Sharp, (69) Conrad Smith, (68) Richard Faulknier, (64) Bob Myers, (81) Lewis Fromhart, (36) Eddie Beverage, (89) John Dilley, (80) Bruce Johnson, (62) Tim Galford, (73) Grant Galford, and Tony Wiley.

Warriors The play Clarksburg Roosevelt Wilson in Clarksburg, November 12 at 7:30. The Boosters Club will furnish the eve-

ning meal.

to choice the Department P. C. H. S. ATHLETICS

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Varsity Football

PCHS 18 - Webster County 0 Nov. 5. Petersburg at PCHS 8 pm. Last home game.

Ninth Grade Football PCHS 14 - Franklin 0

Varsity Girls Basketball Petersburg 25 - PCHS 16

Nov. 4, Franklin at PCHS,

Nov. 8, PCHS at Greenbrier East, 1:30 pm Nov. 9, PCHS at Richwood, 7 pm

Elementary School Football Nov. 6, Marlinton at Green Bank, 2 pm

Friday night PCHS plays their last home game with Petersburg. The Athletic Boosters have planned this game for Parents night. We hope the parents will plan to attend this game to be recognized with your son. Also we want to recognize the parents of the Varsity Cheerleaders.

County depth \$750, not

often to proceed with plans

Everyone come out and support our Warriors to a fourth win.

Sprencher & M.

Louise Barnisky

Town of Marlinton

The Mayor will meet with State Road personnel to check on drain at Mitchell Garage and clogged culverts at Knapps Creek

bridge.

The mayor reported letters had been written to several town residents that fences and property extended over into town property and explained they would be responsible for any damages resulting from this.

No funds are available for street paving at present.

Bobby Dean appeared before the Council concerning the town dump and prevention of fire—the Mayor made plans to meet with him Wednesday.

Multiple problems were discussed. The weather, flood, and many demands on time have curtailed many repairs needed.

A preliminary proposal for work on a sewage system and possibility of a grant was presented in a short written outline from Martin and Associates. The Council decided to ask them to proceed with plans to contact the Department of National Resources, etc.

A building permit was approved for James Lannan for an addition to his home at 1210 Parrish Street.

A financial report was made on the five active accounts and bills were approved.

The cemetery, records, location of lots, etc., were discussed. An enlarged map will be secured.

Doug Ryder was employed as part time policeman

at the last meeting.

Col. Smith, of the Corps of Engineers, will be here Monday, November 8, at 1:00 P. M. to discuss flooding. There Ain't No G in Marlinton
A smart and stylish man was he,
He had a college-bought degree,
He wished to buy some timber land,
And so he took his pen in hand,
But when it was said and done,
He hurt his friend in Marlinton,
He did a capital crime you see,
Spelling Marlinton with a G.
There ain't no G in Marlinton,

Jacob Marlin, a hunter bold,
Settled here in days of old,
He camped in a hollow tree,
And spelled his name with nary G.
His partner, a hunter, also came,
Stephen B. Sewell, was his name,
The year was seventeen-fifty-one,
They founded the town of Marlinton.

While they dwelt in solitude,
Sewell got in an ugly mood;
He took his knife and on a tree,
Cut M A R L I N G.
Then Jacob Marlin, mighty quick,
Fell on him like a thousand brick,
For it always riled his family,
For folks to spell the name with G.

Old Jacob Marlin died in bed, Sewell—the Indians killed him dead. It was an awful fate, but he Was prone to use the extra G. Let all take warning from his fate, And when our town they designate, They sure must mind their p's and q's, This awful G we can't excuse. THE POCAHONTAS TIMES - NOVEMBER 4, 1976-



New Ambulances

Shown above are the two new ambulances now serving Pocahontas County. One went to Denmar State Hospital for use by the Hospital and it is also available in the Southern part of the County. The other ambulance went to the Bartow - Frank - Durbin Fire Department to serve Upper Pocahontas County. These vehicles were made available to the County by the Governor's Highway Safety Administration on a 50/50 cost sharing basis at a total cost of \$12,875 each. The state share of the purchase price came from the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. At the county level, the matching funds were pro-

and deep Day and Land

vided by Denmar State
Hospital and the B-F-D Fire
Department. The ambulances were among ten
presented by Gov. Moore to
nine counties on Wednesday, October 27. They were
then turned over to Denmar
and the B-F-D Fire Dept.
on Thursday when the
photo was taken.

In the photo are John Simmons, B.F.D Fire Chief, Steve Hunter, President of the County Commission, Fred Burns, Jr., County Coordinator for the Governor's Highway Safety Administration, Carl Weimer, Administrator at Denmar, Ivan Withers, Accountant at Denmar, and Harry Hull, with the Governor's Highway Safety Administration.

Letter

Dear Editor:

When I am Annie L. Cromer's age, will the Lord forgive me if I see the educational needs of any child, including foster children, in the way that her article implies.

This writer seriously doubts that the education of any rural child in Pocahontas County was obtained in a vastly different manner from Mrs. Cromer's if said child was within 10 years of Mrs. Cromer's education

Our grandparents walked muddy roads to one room schools, our parents did, and this writer walked through woods and fields, muddy roads (Later hard surfaced) to get her first nine years of education. The ninth year was walked from Pap's farm, way off the hard surface of U. S. 219 on the southern end of Droop Mountain, almost to Hillsboro for much of her Freshman High School year. May the Lord forgive me if I should think a person attending school in the affluent years of the 1970's should walk five miles each way just because this writer, "When I was their age didn't have" transportation.

This writer, though never a foster child, experienced living in several homes re she worked to defray enses of board, room, ad clothing while pursuing se years of high school d college degree. In a of these homes we e treated as siblings peers. We were given time to prepare our ons for the morrow, and s folks helped us unri assignments we did understand. Most of e folks taught us to be ts to the community by tept and example, thus g our self concept that

There were two other homes in which this writer worked which was a bitter experience.

This writer is a parent and has been a foster parent. The natural and foster children were treated equally and also helped with any assignments or memory work that needed help or drill.

Having taught in grades two through seven in public school, this writer wishes to inform Mrs. Cromer that home work is necessary to give practice which "ties down" (reinforces) the skill taught, particularly in arithmetic, spelling, reading, English and generally true in all subjects.

As a teacher, this writer has had much experience in the classroom with children. Learning is harder for children from broken homes. This teacher has seen a child "go to pieces" because of "war" and later divorce in the home and/or a parent's death. As their world of trust, faith, and security falls, they are unable to cope with something they cannot understand. With troubled thoughts, they do not readily grasp what is being taught. Therefore, these children need all the love and help that can be given in a foster home, especially with home work. Help patiently, and if the foster parent can't help please don't blame the teacher.

Parents are not always qualified to be parents, nor are foster parents always and don't know the meaning of it according to Webster's 1941 Collegiate Dictionary second edition:

Nurture (noun) 1. Breeding; education; training. (2) That which nourishes; food

Nurture (verb transitive)
(1) To feed or rear; to foster. (2) To educate; to being up or train.

Foster (adjective) Affording, receiving or sharing nourishment, nurture, or sustenance, though not related by blood.

Foster parent— A womman or man who has performed the duties of a parent to the child of another.

This writer, parent, teacher, foster parent and grandmother is 58 years young, and she knows that if parents do not reinforce the teacher and/or support the teacher in faith their child will seldom do well in school.

Mrs. Cromer should be

invited to and spend seven days and nights with any teacher in Pocahontas County, listening, watching (without interfering) then make comments for what teachers are paid and comments concerning homework.

This writer is not angry at Mrs. Cromer but she does feel sorry for her, because Mrs. Cromer who is neither informed nor qualified to comment on either today's teachers, or today's educational procedures, so boldly displays her ignorance to the readers of The Pocahontas Times.

Respectfully, A taxpayer in Pocahontas County

Name withheld by request.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

Published every Thursday except the last week of the year.

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THURSDAY, NOV. 4, 1976

Pioneer Days-July 8-10, '77

Letter

Dear Jane

I look forward to my Times each week, even tho' it comes one week behind each time.

I try to call Mom each Saturday, so I get all the big news, i.e., deaths and floods, before receiving your paper—it still brings me a little closer to "home" and solves that homesick feeling when I read it all with your special details.

I was sorely tempted to write you when I read Frank Colson's letter—I wish more of us would do that occasionally—"just sit down and reminisce about growing up in Marlinton and letting everyone know our feelings about how good and kind it all was—and still is."

It is great living in the wild, wild West, and believe it or not, behind the tourism trap of casinos and gaming (we do not use the word gambling out here), there is a strong, conservative neighborhood atmosphere of decency and 'right doing''. Maybe even stronger than most communities because of the exposure to so much freedom of behaviors "downtown." It is interesting that we natives are not attracted to the slot machines and gaming tablessort of an attitude of "let

the tourists pay our state taxes for us and support our community resources" and they do!

Larry and I have been attending the Westminster "United" Presbyterian Church out here and there are only two Presbyterian Churches in this area. This is Mormon country! We feel right at home as there is no difference in the ritual of the worship servicessame doxology, creed and we even say "our debtors" instead of "trespassing." One thing I appreciate about the church services here is the very informal but meaningful 'get acquainted time," after the minister opens services, when we all stand, and the minister descends from the pulpit, and circulates somewhat shaking hands and exchanging our names with others in the sanctuary: It certainly helps us new-comers "get acquainted" and feel even more welcome and accepted.

The Westerners are the most friendly, personal people I've ever lived amongst (very similar to us mountaineers), but you never hear any gossip

RANGE RAIDKAN

around here unless it's about some tourist who gets his name in the paper for a flagrant wrongdoing.

Our local paper, "Reno Evening Star," is also warm and personal—deals more with local fetes and accomplishments than with world violence, etc.

We're happy here but at times homesick for trees and gentle mountains. We are already planning retirement for Pocahontas County and read Mr. Beuttell's real estate ads with eagerness to start our land payments before it is all out of reach.

Guess you know Mother is flying out here November 14. We're hoping she'll stay through Christmas—and won't be too offended at the "ways of Reno." We'll do our best to convert her to "blue jeans" and cowboy boots—and I expect one trip with me over 7,200 feet Mt. Rose to Lake Tahoe and she'll throw her crutch away for a para-

Love to all my friends.

Dorothea McLaughlin
Mrs. Lawrence C. McMillion
Sparks, Nevada

Nonagenarian Easily Recalls Simpler Days, Ways of Life

By Linda Hager

MUSTOE - When a person has 86 years of living on her timecard, she can tell folks "a lot about the times, and how they've changed." And, Time has to be spelled with a capital letter when one reaches this age, it is an old friend with whom you are wellacquainted.

Levie Sabina Hannah, was born July 7, 1881 in Pocahontas County W. Va. Her girlhood was that of any youngster raised on a farm: she helped put up hay, did household chores, brought the cows from the fields. "I would go barefoot most of the summer, she recalls, "and in the morning when I'd creep out on the wet grass, and my feet would get cold, I would stand and warm them where the cows had been sleeping before taking them out."

Memories of girlhood good times are not hard to bring back to Mrs. Hannah's alert mind. She recalls old-fashioned taffy-pulls, good times in the evenings, when her mother played an accordion and the family would sing together, and times of story telling. Those were days when parents taught their children ABCs and mursery rhymes, reading and spelling. Smilingly, she remembers one of her favorite verses: "The bees and the flies have nice little eyes, but they can't read like me; They climb on the book and seem to look, but they can't MAY ABC!"

The years have dimmed Mrs. Hamah's eyesight. Until about a year ago, she could still read, but now, cataracts prevents that pleasure. As a girl, she took pride in her reading and scholastic shillties. "I was a good speller-always at the head of the class," she says. And, she went on to become a school teacher, instructing students in grades 1-7 in a one room school near the Greenbrier River.



MRS, LEVIE HANNAH

Today's school child can't imagine the hardships endured by children of yesteryear who wanted an education. Most of the students would walk over a mile to school, through winter snow or spring rain. Running water, central heating and electricity were not readily available to country folks School cafeterias? Nonsense! Lunch was brought from home, and drinking water "toted" in a bucket from a nearby spring; all drank from a common dipper. Summer heat was combatted by a fresh breeze through an open window. In winter, a wood fire was kept going. Mrs. Hannah says it was a world of the McGulfy render and the hickory switch. "But, I didn't spank the children often," her gentle voice reminisces, "Mostly I could talk to them and get

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them to mind."

At 23, the school teacher traded ber Miss for a Mrs. and began the life of a farmer's wife. She bore 8 children, 5 daughters and 3 sons (one daughter died in infancy), and the years of raising her family were "busy, but happy," she recalls. People had few clothes in those days, and what they did have were washed in a wooden or galvanized tub over a washboard. "Washing was an all day thing."

THE POULSTENZAS TIMES - NOVEMBER 4- 1918

Thrift was a virtue in the early 1900s and Mrs. Hannah made her own soap and sewed the family's clothes; her kitchen was seldom without the aroma of fresh-baked bread. Her husband, Hugh, would raise vegetables in a large garden, and she put up as many as she could. Fresh butter and milk were family staples, as well as a daily supply of eggs from the benhouse. Sweets were served only on special occasions.

Candlelight and oil lamps were the only evening light Mrs. Hannah knew until "I think it was the late 1920s before we got electricity-maybe the 30s." Trips to church or for occasional outings were, for many years, on horseback. Parties were seldom held without some woven-in work purpose: gatherings for quilting, corn husking or apple peeling were followed by dancing, playacting, singing or other gaiety. Families maintained close ties then. "My mother helped a great deal with the children. Both Hugh's mother and mine had looms and they made blankets and cloth for clothes. They were always around to help in sickness. Old home remedies were that day's substitute for the corner drug store of patent medicine. When children had a cough or sore throat, a mixture of honey and butter would soothe and pacify. Then, there were other,

less pleasant remedies for other ailments-castor oil and camimile tea! Every mother knew the secret of making a mustard plaster to fight the dangers of pneumonia.

A widow since 1957, Mrs. Hannah looks back on her long lifetime with a sense of accomplishment. If she has any "secrets" of her longevity, seem to be her relaxed attitude and her devotion to God. Always, she had read and studied her Bible; now she likes to have it read to her. She can recite favorite verses, which she has adopted as part of her life's philosophy. "This earth has always been a good place, but I know there's still a better place," she smiles. Recently, when she celebrated her 95th birthday, she received congratulations from President Ford. Her children beam with pride over their Mom. Two of her daughters are well known to local residents; Hazel Cor-bett and Ethel High. Other children are Lucille Lahti, Fred Hannah and Warren Hannah, Marjorie Collins, another daughter, is deceased.

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Letter

Here is my first school days; I thought they might be interesting to some that know me. Although most of them have passed on.

I started in the year of 1901 or 1902, and Bertie Hill from Lobelia, was my first teacher. The following are the names of other teachers I went to: Lucy Hannah, Mary Hannah, Lucy Smith, Ellet Smith, Elmer Duncan, Ava Green, of Roane County, Ruth White, Bertha Baxter, Nannie Barnes.

We had to walk over a mile to the little old West Union schoolhouse. We had to cross Stony Creek on a foot log and cross another run five times to get there. Sometimes the water was too high for us to cross and we had to miss school. I went with five other brothers and sister at the same time. We had to wade snow waist high sometimes; they didn't scrape roads in those days. We carried our dinner (biscuits mostly) in a little wooden salt fish bucket. Two of the girls went during the noon hour to bring a bucket of water from William Gilmore's spring and it lasted until

the next day. We all drank out of the same dipper and no one died from diseases from it. We girls would sweep the school house and whoever got there first would build a fire but later on they hired a school boy to build the fires. School took up at nine o'clock and was taught until four o' clock. We just got off one day for Christmas, and if we lost a day on account of bad weather we made it up on Saturday. Those were the good old days. I think the teachers pay was twenty five or thirty dollars a month. We had spelling matches and speeches about once a month.

Ida Beverage McNeill

BORWOOD 7-3

MINGTON. DEL. 19805

November 6, 1976 Here is an assortment of notes that are collected about schools in the area e I grew up. I've reed some of the ellections that have been submitted to the Line. you are welcome to use any of material if you can It was collected my gersoral satisfaction and much of is for from complete. Wishing you continued success in N endeavor. Sencirely, Wulet Vaylor BORWOOD RD T-3 MINGTON. DEL. 19805

EDUCATION IN GREEN BANK DISTRICT

The first school in the vicinity of Green Bank was erected in 1780. It was a typical pay school of that period; the fee was paid by boarding the teacher a certain length of time, according to the by boarding in the school.

As Green Bank became a larger place than a one-house town, a school was erected below the town at what was then known as the Crossroads, and named after that location. The school lasted until the year 1820, and named after that location what is now the property of John R. Gum then a school was built on what is now the property of John R. Gum which was then known as Cartmill Creek. This school served the purpose which was then known as Cartmill Creek. This school served the purpose of educations the pioneer children for a decade or more.

As churches were built with better regard to the density of the people, the session rooms bacame the school houses, the session room people, the session room of the most important in Green Bank of Liberty Church being one of the most important in Green Bank Community. The session room schools were usually taught by the pastor, and if the pastor did not teach, outside teachers would teach a term of three months for a dollar a scholar if there were as many as ten scholars.

The session room schools lasted until 1842, when the Green Bank Academy was erected where the Odd Fellows Lodge Hall now stands in Green Bank. This was the first free school and was first taught by Professor Benjamin Arbogast who had influenced the founding of it. The usual number attending was from sixty-five to seventy-five. This school was part of the Academy program of the County which called for the erection of three academies: at Green Bank, Huntersville, and Hillsboro. These three buildings xxxx were of brick and were the most modern buildings in the County. Nost of the people in Green Bank District sent their children to this school. These scholars boarded at Green Bank for there was no method of conveyance from the more distant homes.

When a student had finished this school he could attend Institute for a week, and then pass a test given and prepared by the County Superintendent and become qualified for a teaching position. Green Bank District had its own Board of Education at that time, so the teachers went before them to qualify for a job. But they had to have as many as two trustees of the three to sign their contract before the job was forthcoming; the salary being about sixty dollars a month.

A few years after the Civil War, the buklding was remodeled and changed to a two-storied one and renamed the "Advanced School." It had a high standard of education.

The old Academy served until it was replaced with a frame structure that lasted until 1916; the last session being taught by C.E. Flynn, who late became County Superintendent. Its place was taken by the High School.

In the year 1916, John W. Goodsell, President of the Board of Education, with the aid of Dr. Leland Moomau, founded the Green Bank High School with the graded school being in the same building. The first levy of money called for enough money to build the part known a few years ago as the high school part, which extended from the from of the building to the present end of the press room. At first high school and grades were taught in the same part, but as enrollment increased, the building was extended to the beginning of the gymnasium, and a few years later the gym and the rooms above it were erected. This last was completed in 1926.

Quite a dispute was aroused over the location of the building, so it was submitted to ax a popular vote. The main candidates for the

mite were: Cass, Dunmore, Durbin, and Greenbank, with the latter coming

in shead with a fair majority.

The first term of school opened in the fall of 1918 with a small enrollment. The first principal was W. P. Haught of Bristol, W.VA., enrollment. Heredith, Margaret Hunt, and Lillian Moomau as with Miss Lucy Heredith, Margaret Hunt, and Lillian Moomau as

The first graduate of the school in 1919 was Grace Curry, who had attended Marlinton for three years. In the year 1920, there were five attended Marlinton Dare Moomau, Helen Beard, Bertie Beard, Lillian graduates; Virginia Dare Moomau, Helen Beard, Bertie Beard, Lillian Beard, and Lucille Oliver. In 1921 there were ten graduates, fifteen Beard, and Lucille Oliver, in 1921, nineteen in 1924, and so on.

N. Phay Taylor, the second principal, was succeeded by T. P.
Harwood, who served nine years as principal. Mer. Harwood was replaced
in 1931 by John Roach who served four years. In 1936, Claude A.
NcMillion became principal and served until his death in the spring
of 1945, when Mr. Mack Brooks, Assistant County Superintendent, served
until the end of the term. In the fall of 1945, Mr. Virgil B. Harris
of Gassaway, W. Va., became principal and has served ever since.

Brief Highlights: Basketball started early in the school's history; football not until 1926 -- first touchdown for the school was made by Olen Hiner in a game with White Sulphur. Home Economics was installed about three years after the founding of the school. The FHA Club was organized in 1930 and is one of the oldest in the state. In 1930, a separate Vo#Ag building was constructed; the following year, a huge garage. Hot Lunch Program for Green Bank High School and Graded School was introduced about fifteen years ago. In 1936 a new addition to the main building was made and steam heat was installed. In 1944 the GHS Bank was organized under the direction of Anna Margaret Johnson. In 1946 a new floor was laid in the gym and a new heating system installed. Pocahontas County added County Music Supervision in 1945, Miss Derothy McMeel now serves in that field. Plans are being made to install fire escapes and to wire the building during the summer of 1949.

Madeline Fuhrman, 1. GASS (N), Cast. U, 1-8, 10. Sidney Good-CANS, Case M. 1-8, 3ed.
Petn. J. K. Arbugast, Sov. St., Sci.
Edmonia Gibson, Soc. St., Pen. Louise Hull, Math., Sp. June Riley, Read., Sci., Mary Warwick, Enc., Sp. Elizabeth Wooddell, Geog., Ma. Laurie Arbuckle, 4. Louise Jennings, 2 Mayo Beard, 3.

POCAHONTAS COUNTY 1939-40

S. Clutter. Superintendent Marlin-J. A. Belcher, Director of Attendance, Mack H. Brooks, Assistant Superintendent Marillaton.

Crystal Houchin, Financial Secretary, Marilinton.

Generiere Moore, Stenographer, Marlin-

BOARD OF EDUCATION

John S. Hannah, President, Greenbank; Elmer McLaughlin, Huntersville; Frank King, Marlinton; Clarence Sheets, Greenbank; S. D. Kirk. Hillsborn.

BLUE LICK, Milpoint, U. 1-8, 10, Made-BIG RUN, Mariinton C. 1-8, S. N. R. BOGGS AUN, Jacor, U. 1-8, 17 Wallace BRADY Mingo, U. 1-5, 19. Lowell Snyder. BROWNSBURG (N). Marlinton, M. 1-5. Springs, U. 1-8, 9, Vesta Starp, Minnebaha Springs, U. 1-8, 9, Vesta Starp, IREFEYS CREEK, Hillshore, 2nd 1-8, REUSH RUN, Boyer U. 1-4 24, McNest BEAVER CREEK, Huntersville, Ind, 1-4, 28. Fred Mouser. 15. Paye Drulap. 11 Lynn Kert. line McNelll.

BUCKE RUN, Martinton, U. 1-8, 16, Hunt BUCKEYE, Buckeye, 2nd 1-7, 55 Glen Shinnbery, 4-7.

BRUSHY FLAT, Merlinton U. 1-6, 19.

adjenna Barne.

DRAFT, Marliuton, 2nd, 1-8, 31. Elsie CUMMINGS CREEK, Huntersville, 2nd, DENMAR (N), Denmar, E, 1-8, 15. Mary CLOVER LICK, Clover Lick, 2nd, 1-8, 64, CLAWSON, Marlinton, 2nd, 1-8, 29. Opel CHERRY GROVE, Durbin, I., 1-8, 17, DUNNORE, Dummore, 1st, 1-8, 38. Prin. Evalyn Corner, 4-8. 1-6, 16, Charles Moore. Ids Rexrode, 1-3. Monna Colaw. Henderson. Shinnbery. Adkison.

Helen Jean Buckler, 1-4.

DURBIN, Durbin, M. 1-8, 307.

Prin, Max Poscover, Math.

Hull Collins, Read., Sci. Soc. St., Sp.

Hilds Leader, Mu., Soc. St., Sp.

Leone Oliver, Eng., Geog., Sp., Lfb.

Marguerite Kisner, 6. Prin. Glen Tracy, 5-8.

EDRAY, Marlinton, U, 1-6, 11, Glenna PAIRVIEW, Marlinton. 2nd, 1-8, 13, W. M. Mary Rives Hiner, 3. Margaret Wilson, 2. Violet Hoover, 1. Hope Hall, 4.

PRANK (N), Frank, U. 1-8, 11, Ida Sue GRASSY RIDGE, Durbin, U, 1-8, 11, Lina FROST, Frost, 2nd, 1-6, 29, Euid Harper, GREENHANK, Greenbank M. 1-9, 193. Prin. C. A. McMillion.

Buckley.

Garnet Beverage, f. Mildred Notlingham, f., Ellaabeth Oliver, 8-4. Rachel Wooddell, 1-2. Margaret Lightner, 7.

LeRoy Sheets, Eng., Soc. St. Anna Frances Smith, Math., Soc. St. GREENBRIER HILL (N), Merilaton, 1st. Bardon Harper, Soc. St., Coach Warren Blackburst, Lat. Eng. F. W. Hedrick, Vu.-Ag. Storling Hill, Sci. Louise Lynch, Eng. Soc. St. Boutrice Sairs, Com. Letta Beard Vo. II. E. Prin. C. A. McMillion. Opal Shaw, Math.

MA LITTERER. MA. 191, 9-12.

CAESAR MOUNTAIN, Hillsbore I' 1-5, 21. Harry Hellandsworth, CAMPRELLTOWN, Marlinton, C. 1-6, 52.

Prin Lealle Gehauf, 4-6.

Maude Rarnes, 1-3

1-8, M. Ednu Knapper.
HILLSBORO, Hillsboro, M. 1-8, 254.
Prin. Virgil Brekett, Math., Sci., Sp.
R. Dice Smith, Read., Eng., Mat.
Hattle Jane Sheets, Geog., Soc. St. Laura Pyles, 4-5. Elizabeth McLaughiln, 2-4 Martha Beard, 2-3. Virginia Moore, 1.

Zenna Brake, Sci. H. E.
Basil Sharp, Soc. St., Coach.
Helen Smith, Eng., Lat.
HILLSBORO (N), Hillsboro, U, 1-8, 9. HILLSBORO, Hillsboro, 1st, 9-12, 111. Prin. F. K. Johnston, Eng., Soc. 8t., Math.

JACOX, Jacox. U, 1-6, 15. Plummer Cut-W. A. Bolen. HUNTERSVILLE, Huntersville, U. 1-6, 44. Prin. Clark McCutcheon, 4-6. Ords Hill, 1-3.

MARLINTON, Marilaton, NSC, 1st, 9-12, KERR, Arbovale, U, 1-8, 15, Manie Parg. Pearl Carter, Eng., Sp. Odita Gay, Geog., Sp., Eng. Raymond Shrader, Sci., Sp., Math. Elva Will-on, Soc. St., Sp. MARLINTON, Maritaton, 1st. 1-8, 354. Prin. J. Z. Johnson, Math. Eleanor McLAughlla, 1. Bestrice Howard, 1-2. Ellith May, 5, Ma., Art. Lucille Gibson, & Ada Wooddell. 4 Allee Waugh, 3. Bly Dever, 2.

Prin. G. D. McNelll. Soc. St. Jessie Brown Beard, Soc. St., Phys. Ed. Mary Elizabeth Berry, Vo. H. E. Conch Reed Davis, Com.
Virginia Fleaber, Eng. Lat.
Barger Lilly, Muth.
R. Pani Lord, Sel., Ind. A. O.
Anne O'Dell, Sec. St., Lib.
William Powell, Eng. Nu. Princilla Collins, Eng.

PINE GROVE, Frank, M. 1-6, 16, M. PLEASANT HILL, Meritaton, U. 1-8, OLD LICK, Bartow, U. L. & Fat OAK HILL Arborate U, 14, 19 E. OAK GROVE, Greenists, U. 14, 24, G. NOTTINGHAM, Durble, Thd. 14, 11 H. Edna Lee Gibson, MT, Z10N, Hunter-ville, ind, 14, II, M Springs Frd. 14, 31 Mary Rackman, CERANON, Lebells, U, 34, 38, 1. NORTH FORK, Hauterwille, F. 1-4. ten Shirp. Mr. PLEASANT, Denisone 28d, 1-8, Puhrman. Abhas Cole hoer Hail. Kane. Plynn.

SENECA TRAIL, Statefork M. 1-4, 11
Prin, Paul L. Sharp, 7-4,
Okie Walton, 5-4, SALISBURY, Boyer U, 1-7, 15 De Mildred Cumingham, PLEASANT VALLEY, Lobelle, U. 1-7 RUCKMAN, Milipolat, U. 1-7, 15 W. POAGE LANE, Clover Liek, T. 14

STONY BOTTOM, Stony Bottom U. SPRUCE, Skipfork U. 1-8, 16, Paul STILLWELL Marlinton, U. 1-8. Blanche Parterson 3-4. Elleabeth Hill. Collins.

WATOGA (N), Waton U, 1-7, 19 No. WEST DROOP, Spice II, 1-6, 13 Day WEST UNION MATHEMA C, 14, 15 Ja WILDELL, Durble, 7: 14, 18 Ho. TK Bonnie Nicholas. THORNWOOD, Barton. Ind. 1-3, 22 Po TOP ALLEGHENY Bartow, I' I'M. WESLEY CHAPEL Greebank 1-6. THORNY CREEK, Dunmore, C. 1-8. K. B. Wilmoth Reland Naro E Hamilton. W. A. Hirely ine Hughes. VanNerben MeMill

WOODROW, MACHINES, 2nd, 1-4, 12. Barkley

GIADE HILL SCHOOL On Wesley Chapel Road don't 3 miles from Will last achieve year 1902-1903 Dunmore, WI

The Glade Hill School stood in the front yard of the present Albert
Wilfong home. It was built before 1873 as a Sunday School was organized
there during that year. It was a log structure with two windows on the two sides.
A crude table, desks, and benches were the furnishings.

These teachers and incidents can be recalled:

Brown Yeager was a teacher.

James Gillespie was a teacher when Ulysses Nottingham hung a bucket of water over the door while Gillespie was outside. When Gillespie came in, the water spilled over him.

Emma Warwick taught there.

Bessie Patterson (Taylor) was a teacher when Arch Galford attended in the early 1890's.

Emma Ward taught there about 1896 - 7.

George Arbogast was believed to have taught there.

Nina Taylor (Sheets) attended her first school here. She walked past the Higgins Spring which is on the William Harrison Taylor farm.

Rella Taylor and Katie Kelly stole a candied pear from a student. Russell Taylor helped to eat it. Rella and Katie got a whipping for eating it.

Mrs. Belle Taylor Wooddell stated that the children of Addison Nottingham attended school there -- Albert, Ulysses, Victoria, and Lillie. Also Harvey Nottingham's children -- Bertie, Zack, Charlie, Lawrence, Virgie, and Bland. Other Nottinghams attending were: Add, Worth, Mary, Flora, Lee, and others. Belle remembered well the path thru the fields that her mother's people traveled to the school. It was well beaten into the earth. The Glade Hill School was not used after the late 1890's. It was replaced by the new Thorny Branch School.

The old building was lived in by the Charles Wilfong family when they first moved to the farm. They later tore the building down.

OAK GROVE SCHOOL

There were two Oak Grove Schools, the old one and the new ne. This information is about the old one that was located at he nead of Rosin Run where William and Annie Arbogast later lived. he nead of Rosin Run was in 1894 as the Wesley Chapel Church was his building was in use in 1894 as the Wesley Chapel Church was reganized there during that year. Church services were held in the reanized there during that year. Church services were held in the chool during the winter months and during the summer months, they chool during the winter months and during the summer months, they ere held in a grove of trees where Emmett Taylor's house now stands.

Ezra Woodell was a teacher at this school for many years.

Maude Hason taught there about 1905. She whipped Laurence elley, Russell and Robert Taylor for leaving school to ride with im Sutton on a sled to take a coffin up to the Alderman Place. auther Hudson tore his pants at this school as recalled by Russ aylor.

The Old Oak Grove School was closed when the new one was uilt on the Sheets Road. The new one was in use in 1908 when liss Mamie Orndorff was a teacher there.

lote: Before the old Oak Grove School was opened, there was an old ichool open for a few years down the hollow from the present inlip Sheets farm. James Cooper was a teacher there - probably before the Civil War.

marine Ourderff taught at The old Oak There School when I rook monnwant there

Henge Bright taught at Old Oak Herre School when Carl Manne went there

Lane Portraillement at Old Oak Grove School when Coak Manwent there. She whopped Cool and Fred Shine borry.

This school was located on the Wesley Chapel Road about 31/2 miles from Green Bank, W.Va.

THE NEW OAK GROVE SCHOOL

This school replaced the old Oak Grove School on Rosin Run.

It was located a half mile from the Wesley Chapel Road on the Sheets Road. The last term was 1941-42 and Glenna Gibson was the last teacher. There were enough students after Kent Galford moved his family to Green Bank.

Some of the teachers were:

Mamie Orndorff 1908 (later became Mrs. Tilden Brown)

Ezra Wooddell 2-4 terms

Lottie Edminston (Sheets, Ervin)

Lilliam Beard (married Burt Kerr)

Willie Sheets 1 term

Margaret Lightner

Frank menn went to school there when manue Oundriff, Ezertweethick, Willie Shoota and Cleve Shouter trought.

THE CROSS ROADS SCHOOL HOUSE

This school was located below Green Bank on the Dunmore road at the intersection of the Hill road and Rt.28. Dr. L.C. McCutcheon had an office near where the school was. It is believed that a tramp slept in the school and set it on fire. This school was in operation in the 1880's and 90's.

Anna Mayse taught there when Mrs. Minnie Sheets Ervin went to school there. Nelia McElwee Taylor went to school at the same time as the family lived at Stringtown.

THE CURRY SCHOOL

The Curry School was located on the Ellis Curry farm in the Hills. east of Dunmore W. Ja.

Some teachers were:

Mack Brooks - his first school

Mabel Conrad - Oct. 11, 1920 to April 12, 1921

Sylvia Gum - this was Berle Horner's first year

Kathleen Taylor - 1931-32

Elizabeth Oliver (McCutcheon)

Margaret Lightner - 1934

Arlie Curry

School Officers 1920-21 J.W. Goodsell, President J.H. Curry, Secretary Members: E.N. Curry J.A. Patterson

School Officers 1932 C.E. Flynn, County Superintendent H.M. Whidney, President W.F. Groff, Secretary Members: Dr. U.H. Hannah Roscoe Brown

Elizabeth Oliver had a time trying to keep Neil Horner and Ernest Sheets from fighting at the Curry School.

Getween Bank and

Henry and James Taylor built what was to be a store about with the typhoid fever epidemic struck the community before it got underway. The building was used to house some of the Taylor the got underway the severe seige of the fever. Rella Taylor and children during the severe seige of the fever. Rella Taylor and children during the severe seige of the fever.

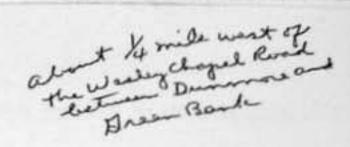
The building was used for a school for about three terms probably 1908 - 80 - 10. The Gum Springs School on the Will Taylor
farm was begun when the fever struck on Galford's Creek. The
school at the church was used mostly by the immediate residents the Taylors, Gums, Akers, Kelleys. The Hudsons went across the
hill to the Oak Grove School.

Teachers at the school were:

- 1. Mr. Talbert taught two months
- 2. Mr. Doddrill
- 3. Mr. Ezra Woodell

Note: After the building washo longer used as a school, it was lived in by Cecil Kellison. The building was sold to Dennis Fitzgerald who moved it up to his father's farm and lived in it. Jake and Minnie Mace were living in it when it burned. Russ Taylor was whipped by Ezra Woodell at this school. The children were on their way to school, Russ threw a rock at Woodsie Gumm but hit Charlie Hoover in the head instead.

THORNY BRANCH SCHOOL



The Thorny Branch School was a new frame building located in the low downstream from the Lawrence Kelly house. The building replaced the Glade Hill School.

The teachers were in order:

Susie McCarty from Little Levels in 1903. She boarded at Pete Oliver's and took Inez Oliver (aged 4 yrs.) to school with her Oliver's and took Susie McCarty married Ulysses Nottingham for her first grade. Susie McCarty married Ulysses Nottingham in 1904 and died at Bear Creek, Montana in 1906 giving birth in 1904 and died at Bear Creek, who died in 1922 of pneumonia.

Annie Fleshman

Cleffie Fitzgerald

Clownie Hull for 2 terms. Rella Taylor Sheets remembered that he could be heard giving lessons all the way up the hill in the road.

Cora Hedrick

The school was replaced by the Gum Spring School and Wesley
Chapel School as there were about 48 students during the last term.

The building was moved up on top of the hill by Sam Elliott who lived in it for some years. It was located on the Jack Taylor farm where the old well is still seen. George and Mandy Taylor had lived in a house nearby before they build the big house in the bottom. Nola and Jack Taylor lived in the old school after their marriage in 1930. And Jack Taylor moved the building across the bottom to use as a granary.

Belle Taylor Wooddell remembered the old Dr. Moomau visiting the school, also a Mr. Grimes. They were district school board presidents. Will Taylor, father of Belle, took a great interest in the school. When there were programs being presented, he was always urged to recite a poem. Belle attended the school from its beginning to the end. She has a picture of the school and scholars.

There was a slab pile downstream from the school where a saw mill had been. One time Clownie Hull was whipping Mac Wooddell when Mac had an accident in his pants. Andy and Forrest Taylor when Mac had an accident in his pants. Andy and Forrest Taylor when Mac down to the slab pile and build a fence around him using took Mac down to the slabs.

the slabs.

Clownie Hull was the teacher the first term that Emmett Taylor attended the school.

Stowers at Thomy Branch School occurding to Hollie Varmodice

Powers

Mr. Toylor - In Maria, Belle, Hokker, Willar, Jack

Mr. & Mr. P. P. Dliver - Mack, John alton

Mr. & Mr. P. Dliver - Mack, John alton

Mr. & Mr. C. M. Geord - Uerre, Power, Edgar, Olin, Lucin

Mr. & Mr. Mech Honer - Mrace, Conne, Marry, Ellett

Mr. & Mr. Mech Honer - Mose, Conne, Bertie, Lucy

Mr. & Mr. Henry Taylor - Joses, thonye, Bertie, Lucy

Mr. & Mr. Mart Hum - Wordsee, Hung, Wille, Knee

Mr. & Mr. Bils akers - Eve, Jey, Mard, Jre, (Burdy)

Mr. & Mr. Bils akers - Eve, Jey, Mard, Jre, (Burdy)

Mr. & Mr. Bils akers - Eve, Jey, Mard, Gre, (Burdy)

Mr. & Miller Rell - Katie, Lawrence, Eton, Vance

Jam Williams

?

Mr. & Mrs. Huny Taylor - Reller, Russell, Rebert, Vingre

Lyle Mettingham (?)

The Gum Springs School was built by C.M. Acord which was located on the Pete Oliver farm. It was a frame structure and is still standing. It began operation about 1908.

The first teacher was Vincent Clay McCoy.

Other teachers were:

Ollie Edminston (Sheets, Ervin)

Floyd Winters (1 term)

Clara Sheets (2 terms)

Lottie Edminston (1 term)

Lee Wooddell (1 term)

Ethel Armentrout (1 term)

Mamie Ginger about 1915 (Her father was George Ginger who lived at Huntersville where Claude Tracy bought. She taught the last year that Emmett Taylor attended.)

Norma (nee Dare) Johnson about 1916. She taught the next year at Wesley Chapel.

Willa (or Mamie) Higgins (1 term)

Hallie Taylor Vanosdale (1 term)

Ralph Geiger (1 term)

Brownie Trainor Hamed (1 term)

Mildred McKeever (1 term)

or between 5 min

THE WESLEY CHAPEL SCHOOL

The Wesley Chapel School was built by Will and Ed Taylor on land loaned by James and Nelia Taylor. The school was located about 300 yards down the road from the church. The school board furnished the desks for the school. The inside was plastered above the beaded wainscoting. The school had three windows on each side. The pot bellied coal stove with heat directing jacket around it was located in the right corner as the room was entered. A cloak room was passed through to get into the schoolroom. The smaller desks were on the left as the room was entered. The rows of desks were larger moving to the right. The teacher's desk and recitation bench were in the front of the room. In 1937 there was a 4 gallon stone water cooler with a cracked lid on it that was kept on a shelf in the left hand corner as the room was entered. There were forest designs on the outside of the cooler including a large buck deer. The cooler was broken and replaced with a barrel shaped white one that had blue bands around it. It was brought to the school in 1939 which also was the year that the teacher, Roland Sharp who left to study medicine, had a compartmentized wall cabinet made where each student kept a drinking cup. A common dipper had been used before except some students kept cups in their desks.

One Halloween night during the late 1930's, the local boys put Lanty Ryder's buggy on the school house porch.

Neil Sheets was the student assigned to put chlorine in the water cooler in 1937-38 to purify the water. The chlorine gave the water a bad taste.

That was the first year that Hubert Taylor attended the school. He carried water from home in a pint whiskey bottle in his lunch bucket. One cold morning while the bundled first grader was trying to put the dinner bucket up on the high shelf in the cloak room, the bucket fell and broke the whiskey bottle, spilling

the water, and embarassing the timid scholar.

The water for the school was carried from the home of Sam Elliott, Eugene Kelly, or Lawrence Kelley depending upon which two boys were chosen to get the water

and which families were feuding at the time.

An incomplete list of teachers follows:

1908 - 9 (?) Laura Porterfield who married Ed Galford

1910 (?) Clownie Hull

Ezra Wooddell

Clarence Everette

Anna Porterfield married Wm. McNeil Hudson

1913-14 Anna McKeever

Lula Liggett

Ethel Snodgrass

ms. Norma Dare Johnson

1920-21 J.K. Arbogast (only one year, his first)

Alice Varner

Ruth Sutton (boarded at Mary Gum's)

Mrs. Lennie Thompson Woods (dau. of 'Windy'Thompson of Cass, wife of Mack Woods of Arbovale)

Bernard Gorrell (?)

1925 -6 Kathaleen Taylor (dau. of Harry Taylor)

George Kerr

1927-28 Ezra Wooddell

1928-29 Cordie Wilfong (Smith)

1935-36 McNeer Kerr (Dolly)

1936-37

1937-38

1938-39 Hildreth Leader from Frank

1939-40 Roland Sharp

1940 -41 Mrs. Roland (Opal Price) Sharp

1941-42 Mrs. Grace Moore Sharp

1942-43 Glenna Gibson from Frost

1943-44

1944-45 Fannie Kane

1945-46 Ruth Riley (the last year the school was open)

The school house was later torn down by Troy Lusk and materials from it were used in building his house on the same location. The basement was dug the same year (49 or 50) that the Wesley Chapel Road was widened and hard topped. The basement was dug by a road crewman on Sunday while church services were being held in the church up the road. William Irvin complained about the competition of the bulldozer noise against the service.

HISTORY OF THE GREEN BANK SCHOOL

as told to Louise Brown by Roscoe Brown

From an early period, education of the higher and lower grades attracted the attention of the early settlers of the Green Bank community. A line of pay schools were established throughout the community which provided everyone an opportunity to the royal road of learning; and thereby, nearly every person had a chance to learn to read and write.

The Green Bank community, prior to the Civil War had but few achoel houses. The schools were generally held in some old building that was abandoned which would be chinked and daubed with mud. In the pioneer days the old open fire place was used. The windows were frequently made of greaged paper and the benches were made of split logs with pins bored in for legs. The students, patrons, and teachers maintained the schools, and the tuition was paid by patrons of the school on a per capita basis. It is true that the early schools were private in nature. They were paid for by a group of families who were willing to pay for the tuition and were interested in school activities. The early settlers were anxious that their children learned to read, write, cipher, and reed the Bible.

The community from an educational standpoint progressed very
much, and took great interest in school work which of course was limited to
reading, writing and ciphering. The work of shifting the schools from
place to place, and from one old log building to another became
monotonous. The citizens were anxious to have a permanent school
house erected in the community. In 1842 the Hon. John Grimes represented Pocahontas County in the Virginia Legislature. By a direct

appeal from the people of the community and from the county, it was upon his motion that charters were granted for three academies in localists County: at Hillsboro, Buntersville, and Green Bank.

The people were hilarious over the fact that they were going to have an Academy and that higher branches of learning would be taught.

The Green Bank Academy was built immediately after the charter was granted. It was a two room brick building with an open fire place in each end. The Academy was a great school center for a number of years. It was a great help in advancing school activities in the community. Many of the community of very best citizens attended school at the old brick academy when it was conducted under the private system.

In 1882 the Board of Education ordered that the old academy be repaired. This was the only repair work done to the building since it was erected. The old building answered the purpose for a school building under the free school system until 1893. The people began to complain about the building being unsanitary and too small. The Board of Education ordered that a new building be erected on the top of the old academy, making a two story building out of it. The building was finished in the month of December, 1893 for the sum of \$385.00. The old academy, after the annex was completed, looked like a mansion or palace and put a brilliant shine on the town of Green Bank which lasted until the year of 1907. The progressive school patrons of the Green Bank subdistrict wanted more advancement in school architecture. They petitioned the Board of Siucation to build a new building since the old academy had been in use since the Mexican War. The patrons claimed that the old brick wall was giving away, and therefore condemned it as unsafe. After due consideration the Board of Education ordered that the old building be torn down and that a new one be erected. The old brick academy was torn down in the year of 1907; after a period of 60 odd years of usefulness. No school building in the community had been more beneficial than this one.

The new building was erected on the site of the old academy. This was a one story building of frame structure with a folding partition in the center, whing two rooms. This was soon supplemed by the high school building.

In 1917 Green Bank Righ School was founded with the graded school being in the same building. The first levy of money called for enough money to build the part known a few years ago and the high school building. At first high school and grades were taught in the same building; but as enrollment increased, and an additional eight rooms were added to take care of this. A few years later the granusium and rooms above it were erected. This last work was completed in 1926.

In 1930, a separate VO-ag Building was constructed, which is used for an agriculture hall, Fanual Training Shop and a school room. As the students attending this school are mainly from an agricultural district, the work done in this department has proven its value, and its enrollment has constatly and rapidly increased. To take case of this overflow the building has been enlarged from year to year until it is now a sizable structure. This adds not only to the value affix and size of the school but also to the beauty of the grounds.

A hot lunch program was introduced about fifteen years ago which serves both the high and graded school.

The first class was graduated in 1919 and consisted of only one member.

The class of 1950 graduated 50 students showing an increase of 5000% during the 31 year period lapsing between these dates.

HILLSIDE SCHOOL on Wasley Chaptel Road

HILLSIDE SCHOOL on Wasley Chaptel Road

By Mrs. Mary Margaret Price Rarlow 1975

By Mrs. Mary Margaret Price Rarlow 1975

Hillside School was built by Charles Acord and others. Lanty Ryder worked on it. It was built in the winter of 1901 and Jan. 1902.

The first school opened in Feb. 1902 for 5 months.

The teachers were:

1902-03 Miss Emma Warwick

1903-04 Miss Emma Warwick

Spring 1904 Mrs. Alice McLaughlin Brooks

1904-05 no school

1905-06 Miss Lillie Milligan

1906-07 Miss Ollie Edminston (Sheets, Ervin)

1907-08 no school

1908-09 Miss Blanche Scott

1909-10 Miss Lillie Milligan

1910-11 Miss Mary Price McCarty

1911-12 Miss Mabel Gorrell (she boarded at Pete Oliver's, sister of Bernard Gorrell)

1912-13 no school

1913-14 Mrs. Jo Noel Bell

1914-15 Miss Elizabeth Herald

1915-16 Miss Stella Orndorff

1916-17 Mrs, Hallie Taylor Vanosdale

1917-18 Miss Stella Shinaberry

1918-19 Mrs. Maude Galford Dilley

1919-20 Miss Mamie Wilfong (Sheets)

1920-21 Miss Edna Wilfong

1921-22 Miss Jean Pritchard (?)

1922-23 Lyle McLaughlin

1923-24 Lyle McLaughlin

1924-25 Miss Lucille Friel

1925-26 Mrs. Gray Grimes Hiner

That was the last year the school was in session.

The building was bought by Garfield Grimes.

This building was on the bank above the road going up the hill from Brown impbell's where pines have now grown.

Mrs Mary Barlow attended this school from the terms of 1913-14 to 1919-20.

Mrs. Jane Price Sharp.

PANTA S. DILLE

Dear Jane:-

Thanks so much for the articles in last weeks Times. All of them had something about schools - even the taxpaper in Pocahontas of them had something the McLaughlin was very interesting and will The letter from Dorothea McLaughlin was very interesting and will The letter from bord a later article. Mrs. Levie Hannah's life story furnish material for a later article much school beannah's life story furnish material ing and contained much school backgroung information was very income useful to all who read the article.

I have started on what I hope will be the last Volume V. Believe that one of the books was divided into two or more parts and very well could have been taken apart and reassembled parts and very will probably do mine that way before sending to you into Vol.111. Will probably do mine that way before sending to you sometime next year.

Have four - three ring binders that have been written by myself and Louise McNeil that will evidentually find their way to you and the museum. Louise has a book at the publishers 'For the fifth time) and she writes that she will not change it again even if it is not published. It's about thirth off pages of Lorenzo Waugh about the same number of pages of my thirty years Naval Service taken from my papers that I gave to the University at Morgantown. The rest is about herself - G.D. and Pocahontas and West Virginia. Have about a hundred letters from her as we have been working together for ofwer five years on this.

Could not get to Lewisburg my last visit home to seehher and Rog. but have high hopes of coming back around the end of March. Had my three months cancer tests and Krays a week ago last Thursday and they were negative. So am feeling better now.

Today I received a packet of typed pages from Mr. Hubert Taylor. 1624 Borwood Doad, Wilmongton, Del. 19805. This consisted of a short letter and twenty typed pages of "Education in Green Bank District". Some date back to 1780 and are brought up to the present time. 1939-1940 - sixty odd schools with names of all the teachers. Glade Hill School, on Wesley Chapel road 3 miles below Dunmore. Oak Grove school; The New Oak Grove School; The Cross road School House; The Curry School; The Old Buildingin Front of the Wesley Chapet School; "Between Greenbank and Dunmore"; Thorny Branch School, about mile West of the Wesley Chapel Road; Thorny Branch School - t mile West of Wesley Chapel Road; Gum Springs School - 3 miles from Dunmore; The Wesley Chapel Road; Gum Springs School - 3 miles from Dunmore.; The Wesley Chapel School.on Wesley Chapel Road; History of the Greenbank School. as told to Louise Brown by Roscoe Brown.; Hillside School; By Mrs. Mary Margaret Price Barlow, 1975;

These schools list most of the teachers and many of the students plus general events at each - fights - lunches -atc. etc.
Thes and the article in the Times by Ids Beverage McNeill of last weeks paper. This is what I had been hoping to obtain for my Msc. Do you want an advance copy of the above? will only take a couple days and may help bring in more. Any how thanks for everything so far.

JUANITA S. DILLEY Box 65 RT 1. STONY BOTTOM WVA. Stony Battom, HV28979 Mar. 9. 1976 24974 Dear Sir I saw in The Pacahantes Simes where TOR I you wanted to know about the old LOV of schools, so I am sending what information tt) I have about the Prage Lane Schaol which 4) bas un l'and school, mart of the papile lived quite a distance, same as far as tiro miles, from the school and n el n in winter time were waded snow as much as the fact deep sametimes yet DIE OTH it Tenly eve surer thought of mussing school of we sould get there at all. and Ro ind my yours truly, ris bu Quanita Shinaberry Dilley faylor Poage Lane School house

Peage Lane School This school house was located Three miles west of Clover Liek on the road to martentan, It was built on land belonging tt) To Quincy It. Paage. I don't have the date when it was built, but I have a to) shotograph found among my parents belongings. This photograph was taken sametime in the 1890. The fallacing flaple I am able to identify: Charles Thinaberry (my father). Davis Shinaberry, Ira Shineberry, Harper Beverage, mystle mcClung, Low Poage, Emma Poage, Georgia Page (my mather), Woodsie Page, Lucy Paage, Iva Waugh, Grace Paage, Rasa Paage. Hoxie mcClung, adam mcClung, Deven eiters I am not able to identify. Miss annett Ligan was the Teacher, She rode Karseback from her hame two miles away year Clover Lick, Useather picture taken in 1910 with Walter Hively as teacher contains The fallowing Jupils: Hubert Grimes, Clarence Shinaberry Florence Shinaberry, Lillian Paage, Fille McClung, mal Hannah, Penie Hannah,

De that time teacher source tived by the Charles Shindhory, J. C. mann, amas J. Shery E. B. Hill, Genege Auchidge, Parter Killison, The select board incention were: Frank Mann, Herman allen. mann, Remus Hannah, Guiney Shuahany, John Shusking, namusu Shaye, Lack Talket Shay, Unald allen, Filed Lour, Mead Williams, Willes Shinabung medeing, Steel Shindhery, Bell Shindery, quante Stinatury, argel Welen, Ereic Mayone Hansel, Elice Sharp, Pearl Hennet, Hayel Shay, Grace Shindling, Malle Page, with alyde Bussered as teader. The fallering In a section securious dated 1915-1916 Hannede (7 Bedfield Shiesday, Delance, Elines. (H Wangle, Junille Shiding . Thillie Shindling. Wholle Party Shindling, Swine, Thenone, Irudie

as they are now most of the teachers bearded at the home of me. & mrs. quincy 2/3 The Paage In another school souvenir tt) dated 1918 with Hattie Halsapple-teacher to) The pupils evere: Quanita Shinaberry , Mable Paage, Frances Carr. Edna Setten, Elvie Sharp, Frank mann, Theal Williams, Randalph Carr, John Shinaberry, queincy Shinaherry, Grace Shinaherry, ut Mayne Hannah, Halla Jatten, Hayel Shorp, Opal Shinsberry, Lock Mann Remus Hannah, Habert Jatten, Dell Shinaberry, Glen Shinaberry, The had only fix months of schaal at this time, and we had to take a written test to graduate from 8 it grade and go on into high school Other leachers I remember were; George Beale, Paul Stewart, Ina Sharp, and later teachers were Glenna Darnes, Ethel Hannah, Ethel Cunningham, Kuth Cunningham, Maud Barnes, Edith May. Juanita Shinaberry. Same of the tother pupils were: Harry Higgins, James Higgins,

Daniel Higgins, Earl Shinahary, June Gragg. arline Higgins, Vida Gragg, 3 offic Gragg, Ernest Baxter, Frances Cale, Fred Cale, Trandraw Shinaberry, Elvern Jatten, Denzil Jacten, arnold mcclure, Ellett Higgins, tt) Ethel Higgins, Carl Higgins, Grace Higgins, Earl Beverage, Frank Mann gr. to) Bracks Barnett, artie Shinaherry, alvie Shinaberry, Elsie Shinaberry. In The 1940's The school was discontinued and the Children taken by bus to markinten, In 1950's The building was sald to Dewey Haarer and he built rooms to it, so it is now a part of his dwelling. Quanita Shinaberry Dilley Paret Church Supplement of the State of the

Pocahon Tas Times Jan. 17, 1935 7 Top Nochers 90+ Schools Jean Puscy - Euna Borner, Cornelia Borns Grassy Ridge Harrisen Pusey - Noah ? Cecil Mullemax tt) LeRoy Burner to) Jewell Taylor Bethel (Near William) L: llian Lock +idge Big Fill Fret. - Hubert Payton Blue Lick - Ruth Wamsley Brady - Roy Sheets - Jomes May-Hunter Monk Brush RUN (Near Beger Mensate Charch) Maud Smith, Julian Sharp- Dumire Brushy Flat Campbelltown - Irene Morrison - Jack Bostio Albert Church - Nerman Mcloeghlin - Pharr Cass Freida Bowling - Pat Mckisic Bestice Blackhort Pauline Cooner - Arden Corry-Launard Galford Josephine Hannah, A.C. Hill Denny Hiver Jack Hoover - Ruth Lawrence - Warren Shifflett

Howard Wilfong . Marie Dill - Billy Ervine

Cass

- Thormand Cosner, Harry B. Hill, Bertina OBTION - Artetta Phillips.

7)

Stony Bottom

- Florence Ella Bungardner-Alfred Curry

Cherry Grove

- Paul Houchin - Willtam Sutten, Helen Houchin tt)
Elles Curry . Johnnie Sotten .

to)

Cold RUN

- Rhoda Summerfield

Draft

- Madge Landis

Durbin

Mary Pezzuili - Hazel Forguson - Lucy Mayers Let
Jackie Michael - George Hull - Dick McPherson

Mary Hipps - Kathleen Snyder - Vada Simmons

Lucille Simmons - Savah Belle Hughes - Braunda

Matheny - Mabel Banton - Mildred Potter
Clyde Simmons - Jack Phillips - John Teansed

James taylor - Myrtle Simmons - Margaret

Arbogast - Margie Shumate - Kathryn

Simmons , Bessie Beverage - Opal Freeman

Salvia Lambert - Mary M. Rearode - Dahlia

Simmons - Leonard Collins - Ned Gochenour

Earl Houchin - R.M. Shumate - Raymond Starin

Alma Phillips .

Edray

Randolph Reynolds - FAITH toage Lee Carter - Jounita Carder, Green Hill - Margie Wanddell - Oleta Wanddell

Green - Jacoba Carpenter - Emma Cocklay

The Second Carpenter - Emma Cocklay

Marginer Melanghlin - Robert Woods

Marilee Campbell - Wallace Lightwer

H)

Fraderick Pritchard.

HosterMan

- Marguerite Bostic, Edna Ratliff. John Ratliff. Mary Davidson. Mabel Bostic Neale White, Irone Varner.

Lobelia

- Regina Armstrong - Lodge Walton Arlie - Vaugham.

Marlinton

John Hiner, Charles Humphreys. Albert
Moore Jr. Phyllis Sheets - Margaret Smith
Vicginia Weifard, James Nattingham James Boggs - Edward Wagner - Pat
Clendenen - Rhea Curry - Frank Hayes
Dick Moore - Charles Mc Elwee - Tappan
Thomas - Irene Barb - Lois Brill Katherine Bussard - Stella Jackson
Rochael Curry - Betsy kee Margaret
Long - Jay Malcomb, Billy Moore Buston
Wagner - Sam Brill, James Kirk Patrick
Mary F. Overholt - Margaret Smith Datta
Low Weiford - Sharon Clendenen.

Grady Hereld - Milhorn Waugh Minnehaha Springs -Ward Cleek. Oak Grove Polly Matheny - Janett Cassell tt) Lloyd Mc Clare RuckMaN to) Betty Je Maclead Seebert Reeba Beverage Spruce Flat 7 et Sterl Kramer Top Alleghany West UNION Norma Jane Kellison Beaver Creek Flossie Underwood-Enil Underwood Buckeye Dorothy tyree Douthard's Creek - Josephine Buchanon Green Bank B. 11 Dilley - Junior Riley - Margaret Gum - Jeanne Contad - Iva Murphy Hillsboro Carl Beard - Guy Dalton - Kothleen Mc Carty - Ronal Handrick, Billy Miller, EMM & Jo Hill, Sarah Mc Karty

Ruth Wells, Richard Klenk Hillshore 7) Christine Dilley Mt. Pleasant -Benny Maline Seneca Trail tt) Louise Sheets Spruce to, Wayne Hickman Tea Creek Jonior Dilley Thorny Creek Ruth McClure - Delvon Roberts Moodrow Hudson Hull was tracking at thorn wood

Hestey Chapel School was located Entween Dunmore and Green Bonk on Sulford Creek where Don morris Home now stande. Some teachers were tt.) Deorge Lerr Jaylor Xathleen Taylor 1930-31 31-32 32-33 33 - 34 tut 34-35 35-36 Mc Neer Kerr
" E.S. Clutter
Hilda Leader "
Roland P. Sharp " 36-37 37-38 38-39 39-40 40-41 Grace Moore Sharp " 41-42 Geodes 1 the 8 Parent Some who attended in 31-32 were (Willis Austin-Ernest-Bonnie, Ruby Bum (auch Bulford June - Raymond Galford Bestrice - Beulak - Marie - Bestrude - Den Dafford and Crystal - Merle Kelley Raymond Taylor Cangle Cangle Cangle Cangle Cangle Cangle Cangle (Katy Kelly

Slenna Juglar (Juglar) Ruth Hilfong (Charles)
Elsie Kelley (Kalley) Zed Jaylar (Juglar)
Billy Borean (Juglar howan)
Bernell - Loren - Jim Kelley (Kally)
Robert - Hoodsie - Betty Elliott (5. H. Elliott)
Bertheb - Hildreth - Beneva - Neal Shots (Clyto)
Bertheb - Bennis Fitzgerald
Elna Menn
There was a school between Theology
Chapel and Hill Jaylar Jeoperty but
I don't know the date nor name.

Board of Education

The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on November 8, 1976.

Leonard Howell presented the results of the school public opinion questionnaire to the Board. These results are given elsewhere in this issue of the paper. Mr. Howell indicated he represented only those who had worked on the questionnaire and thus could not make any recommendations to the Board from the Citizens Committee on how the Citizens Committee feels the Board should now move in meeting the building needs of the County's schools.

The Board approved the request of June Colaw to transfer to the bus route previously held by Johnny Nelson and employed Mark Kane as a regular driver to take the route now driven by Mr. Colaw.

The request of Mrs.

Mary Lynn Brock to transfer as custodian at the High
School to a similar position
at Marlinton was approved.

Mr. Louis Johnson was employed for the remainder of the school year as a custodian at the High School.

The Board approved the request from the High School to use a bus to take students of the Introduction to Vocations Class to the Charleston - Huntington area on December 2 and 3.

Also approved was a request from the Marlinton School to take 5 students to the Edray Fish Hatchery on November 23 by private car.

The Board approved the following requests for use of school facilities:

-Marlinton PTA to use the gym for a cake walk on November 13

-The Observatory to use the Green Bank gym and dressing room on Wednesday evenings for basketball, November through March.

-Pocahontas County Free Library to use the Hillsboro School library for a Board meeting on November 22

-Boy Scouts to use the art room and gym at Green Bank for meetings on Tuesday evenings and the Marlinton gym for meetings on Wednesday evenings

-Green Bank High School Class of 1942 to use the High School cafeteria for a class reunion on September 3, 1977;

-4-H Leaders Association to use the Marlinton gym on November 20 for a square dance;

-Louise Barnisky to use the Marlinton cafeteria on November 20 to feed the Shepherd College football team as they return from Concord College.

The Board reviewed and approved the Treasurer's Reports for September and October, the Financial Reports for August and September, the October payroll in the amount of \$188,891.89, and the report on current investments of Board money. The anticipated interest from current investments is approximately \$6,690.

The next regular Board meeting is November 22 at 7:30 p.m.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

Published every Thursday except the last week of the year. Entered at the Post Office at Marlinton, West Virginia 24954, as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION CHARGES

In Pocahontas County \$4.50 a year.

Elsewhere \$5.50 a year. In advance.

THURSDAY, NOV. 11, 1976

P. C. H. S. ATHLETICS

Varsity Football

PCHS 18 - Petersburg 6

Nov. 12, PCHS at Roosevelt - Wilson (Clarksburg)

Varsity Girls Basketball

PCHS 30 - Franklin 15 Richwood 55 - PCHS 35

Nov. 12 - PCHS at Greenbrier East

Nev, 16 - Circleville at PCHS 7 pm

Nov. 17 - PCHS at Union, 7 Nov. 19 - PCHS at Tygarts Valley, 7 pm

at the achool--the fact than

mel area. The Guldanes

High School. Any business person who has an optiture-pert-time, summer, or last time for comeons allow

netaris to realis available to

If you are willing to built

stowall us Charles.

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Repolition is making

affinit to set up

Career Guidance at Pocahontas County High School

In addition to the career guidance given to the students at Pocahontas County High School by the counselors at the school an effort is being made in two ways to involve the business and professional community of our county in helping students learn about careers.

The first is to invite people in various businesses, professions, and craft areas to speak to the students at the High School on their career field. Only a small amount of time is involved and you might be the one who can spark a pupil to planning a success-

ful career.

The second method of involving the business world in career guidance at the High School also tackles a major concern of the staff at the school-the fact that many students cannot find employment within the local area. The Guidance Department is making the effort to set up a job placement program at the High School. Any business person who has an opening-part-time, summer, or full-time for someone after graduation-is asked to let the High School have the details to make available to students. In return the school will provide factual information about any student a business is considering for employment.

If you are willing to help with either of these programs, please contact Lyla C. Howell or Charles E. Rexrode at PCHS, 799-6565

How to Visit Some folks are ashamed and apologize For things they do not own For the lack of those conveniences Their visitors might have But it's not the kind of heat you have Or your new electric comb It's the people who live in that house of yours That makes the place a home It's you we come to visit with Not your rugs and chairs Household stuff is bought and sold Almost anywhere But the fellowship of kindred souls Is gold that must be mined And through the heat of passing years Cherished and refined Don't knock the things around your home Don't rate your home so low Because your things can't quite compare With millionaires you know We're not concerned with what you have But with honey in the comb We come to see the folks That make your house a home Taken from an old newspaper and sent in by Mrs. R. L. McLaughlin, of Dun-

more.

States Invited to the

CHURCH NOTICES

REVIVAL SERVICES

Bartow Baptist Chapel
November 15 - 21
7 pm each evening
Evangelist: Floyd Tiddworth
Everyone welcome
Special Singing
November 14
7 p. m.

November 14 7 p. m The Singing Echoes

Mt. Grove, Va. REVIVAL SERVICES

There will be a Revival meeting at the Marvin Chapel Church starting Monday, Nov. 15, at 7:30 pm. Rev. Larry Albright of the Marlinton Methodist Church will be the Evangelist. The church is located 3 miles north of Hillsboro on Rts. 219 and 39.

Hillsboro Charge, United Methodist Church Preaching Schedule

First Sunday

Seebert	filles	10	a.	m.
Wesley	Chapel	11	a.	m.
Mount	Zion	7	p.	m.
The state of the s		Quaday		

Wesley Chapel 10 a. m.
Marvin Chapel 11 a. m.
Third Sunday

Mount Zion 10 a, m.
Wesley Chapel 11 a. m.
Seebert 7 p. m.
Marvin Chapel 11 a. m.
Rev. Bowman will speak

Fourth Sunday

Marvin Chapel 9:45 a. m. Wesley Chapel 11 a. m.

SING

Singing at the Edray United Methodist Church on Sunday, Nov. 14, at 1:30 pm. Everyone welcome,

Ministerial Association

The Pocahontas County Ministerial Association will meet on Monday, Nov. 15, at 10 am at the Presbyterfan Manse in Green Bank.

Bible Study

Tuesday, Nov. 16, at 7:30 pm, 811 Ninth St. in Marlinton, led by Dr. Eugene TenBrink. Please note change of time. Minnehaha Springs Methodist Charge Rev. Clyde Gum, Pastor Second Sunday Frost - 10 am

Huntersville - 11 am Upper Pocahontas Presbyterian Churches

Winter Schedule Alexander Memorial - every Sunday:

Sunday School 2 pm Worship Service 3 pm These times in effect until Spring or until a change is announced.

Baxter:

Sunday School 10:15 am Worship Service 11:15 am

Liberty:

Worship Service 10:15 am Sunday School 11 am

St. John's Episcopal Church Marlinton

Sunday, November 14 11 am - Service of Morning

Worship.

Please note change of time,

Free Will Gospel Sing

The Free Will Gospel Sing will meet Sunday evening, Nov. 14, at 7:30 p. m., at the Fairview Church.

Everyone is welcome

Prayer Meeting

The Rev. Ralph Priddy will hold a Prayer Meeting at the home of Donald Curry in Durbin at 7 pm on Friday, Nov. 12. Everyone welcome.

Stony Creek Presbyterian Church

There will be a Congregational Meeting at 10 am at the Stony Creek Presbyterian Church on Sunday, Nov. 14, for the election of Elders.

Preaching Mission

A Preaching Mission started at the Browns Creek Methodist Church on November 8 and will continue for two weeks. The Rev. Raymond Straight, of Jane Lew, is preaching. An Explanation

By Annie L. Cromer I thought my article in the October 21 issue of the Pecahontas Times was selfexplanatory but since a "teacher-taxpayer" misconstrued it, I will clarify.

Far from wanting children of our day to be subjected to educational systems of my public school days. I do think it is fitting to teach them all people were not as fortunate as they, lest the time comes when they may be forced to go back to ways of a few years ago when living was not as easy as it is

Have you ever imagined what would happen if our Social Security and Welfare programs would end? If the funds of the Federal Government would run out for school lunches, etc. and oil and gas would be no more?

Now and always I have been for the best schools possible. For years, I have expressed disgust that the Durbin and Green Bank school buildings were not

being kept up.

Few times I have clashed with the schools and very few. It would take pages for me to express my appreciation for the many good teachers that our children and I have had because I can think of something special about every one of them. There are many things, but I want to list just a few that I shall never forget: kindness from Swartz Hill and Jeanne Gragg at the time of the most disgusting time of my life, when I had two girls in one grade and was puzzled about getting enough books to go around, Marie Parg said, "It is necessary for each to have her own complete set of books. If you can buy one I will get the other." A minister said about a beautiful, kind and soft-spoken teacher, "Margaret Wilson means salvation to many children in the second grade."

I have told our children, Trouble at school means trouble at home." They knew I meant that. I have always cooperated with the teachers in stressing attendance, school supplies and whatever was required. My educational years are now. Every day I learn and seek to learn something new. Having gone from kindergarten through medical school with some of our children and paying a large county tax I believe I should be qualified to comment on educational procedures in the county. About teachers' salaries. I know nothing, neither have I found that interesting to me, but I imagine few would be on the job the second if they were not paid the first month. However, teachers are not the only ones that run the school system. I wonder how many of us ever told Russell Colaw how much we appreciated him as our Back Mountain bus driver. For thirty-four years, I believe, he transported our children without a single accident. There are those on the job to have the buildings warm and clean and the cooks who prepare the meals. We just expect the road crews to have our road in good shape by school time. Many more.

Follow one child to school. He is picked up at his home to ride a heated bus. If he is not well clothed don't know who is to blame. Clothing distribution centers are overflowing with good clothing for a dime or less. He is guarded across the road or street to and from school where he has time to work and play and eat a good meal. Books, classes, crafts, and sports are there. Take his choice. What else does any child deserve? Common sense tells us that school buildings should be safe and adequate. If teachers have to be reinforced some means should be used other than a crying child trying to do new math or to conjugate a verb at home.

Referring to "Letter." teachers, please do not invite me to listen and watch you for seven days and nights. If all you talked about was school and I couldn't say a word, we would both qualify for a straight-jacket.

About my age, I am looking forward to being

eighty. They say you are not responsible for any misdoing, it will be blamed on your age. I have a ways to go. If the writer is 58, I am not so many turns ahead that I can not look back and see her coming. If I happen to look so much older, I can only give the same reason as the little mouse as he looked up into the face of the huge elephant, "I been as big as you is but I been Shick."

RAN IN his

sed a teacher

yes, who has

Another thing, Mrs. Ialmost-said-her-name. made me feel like a president. At one time President Kennedy said, "I always have difficulty in understanding myself when I hear what I said from Mr. Nixon." Then, how I really appreciate the hundreds of people who call, write or comment on my writing to the paper. I am living a new life. Now that I have had only one to disagree I feel I have won by a bigger majority than Jimmy or Jay. Good Luck.

By Annie L. Cromer

(LEID-1881), ur grest-grand-

mor County, where he was a farmer

bervey Cooper, and in the photo-

145 Pendleton Drive Athens, Georgia 30601 August 14, 1976

Lt. Glen L. Vaughan 400 Melvin Avenue Annapolis, Maryland 21401

Dear Lt. Vaughan:

Your interest in early Pocahontas County, West Virginia, schools has come to my attention.

My great-great-grandparents were James Cooper (1780-1845) & wife Nancy Agnes Wooddell (1785-1861), who lived on Cooper Run near Green Bank. William T. Price, Historical Sketches of Pocahontas County, 1901, page 479, describes James Cooper as a "teacher of schools."

My cousin and good friend, Forrest Harold Wooddell of Green Bank, has in his Wooddell family papers an old piece of paper which reads:

Sundry due to James Cooper for teaching school:

	b	S	D
Thomas Coberly, Dn to Cash	ly, Dn to Cash 0 1 10 tingham, Dn to Cash 0 2 0		
S. Jacob Nottingham, Dn to Cash	0	2	0
James Nottingham, Dn to Cash	0	2	0
Stephen Dizard, Dn to Cash		12	0
John Suttain, Dn to Cash	0	12	0

Taken from the book -- it Being a Ballance Due me from the Employers January the 16th, 1804.

James Cooper

This old statement confirms that James Cooper (1780-1845) was indeed a teacher and that Virginia Pounds, Shillings, and Pence were still currency in Green Bank as late as 1804.

I would certainly like to know whether that book survives and, if yes, who has it today. The Wooddell family does not.

James and Nancy had a son, James Harvey Cooper (1810-1881), my great-grandfather, who settled in Ritchie County and Gilmer County, where he was a farmer and teacher. We have an old tintype of James Harvey Cooper, and in the photograph he is holding a book! His son Charles S., grandson Homer E., and greatgrandson Homer C. (myself) were educators.

James Harvey Cooper was married in 1836 to Julia Ann Whitman (1817-1903), who was reared by a Thomas Kerr. If you run across even one scrap of information about Julia Ann Whitman or Thomas Kerr, I would certainly appreciate it.

Hope the above is of interest!

Sincerely,

Home Cooker

Homer C. Cooper

Pager Days-hay being 7

The whole has marked

Christmas Parade

The annual Christmas Parade will be the first weekend in December. All clubs and organizations are urged to start thinking about a float or carolers. As of this writing, plans are not completed. Watch for details in next week's paper.

P. C. H. S. ATHLETICS

Varsity Football

PCHS 14 - Roosevelt-Wilson 6

Varsity Girls Basketball

Greenbrier East 68 - PCHS 26 PCHS 26 - Circleville 23

Nov. 19 - PCHS at Tygarts

Valley, 7 pm Nov. 23, Webster County at

PCHS, 7 pm

Nov. 24, PCHS at Petersburg, 1 pm

Ninth Grade Girls Basketball

After a cold and many

her and Jenuary will bely out. Then a very cold fatoriery and March are medicined. A dry spring and a very but summer one expended with hers than material subs in July and decreasable. The worn

Elkins 35 - PCHS 12 Elkins 25 - PCHS 5 Capitol Tree

The National Christmas
Tree at the Capitol in Washington will come from Pocahontas County for the second
time. A red spruce near Cranberry Glades has been chosen
by the Capitol architect, Paul
Pincus. It is 45 feet tall and
16 inches in diameter. Cranberry is in the Gauley District
of Monongahela National Forest. A tree was selected several
years ago from the Greenbrier
District near the 4-H Camp
at Thornwood.

The tree will be delivered to Washington by December 7. The lighting ceremony is December 15.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

STREET OF STREET, SOUTHWARE DESCRIPTION OF THE

gratic proving at an elevarion of 3,ATE fact case the

Name and Address of the Owner, or

Insufacey Clades

(Page 2)

Published every Thursday except the last week of the year. Entered at the Post Office at Marlinton, West Virginia 24954, as second class matter.

SUESCRIPTION CHARGES
In Pocahontas County \$4.50 a year.
Elsewhere \$5.50 a year. In advance.

JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, NOV. 18, 1976

Pioneer Days-July 8-10, '77

WEATHER

This winter has started out as one that will be talked about. That Indian Summer we looked for didn't appear.

We started looking through the Old Farmer's Almanac the other night and this is what they have

to say:

It would appear that the winter weather action will shift from the West to the East this year. The Northeast has enjoyed relatively mild winters for the last three years, but 1976-77 will be remembered east of the Mississippi and north of the Mason-Dixon line! February and March together should tax the heating systems and snow shovels of most residents in the Northeast. New England especially will be tested in February with extreme cold temperatures and snow-brimmed roads. Even the Middle Atlantic states will be cold and snowy from Groundhog-Day through the first day of Spring. .

Then the forecast for the Greater Ohio Valley . . .

After a cold and snowy
November, a mild December and January will help
out. Then a very cold
February and March are
predicted. A dry spring
and a very hot summer are
expected with less than
normal rain in July and
September. The warm
weather is expected to continue into October.

We shall see . . .

Guenina Capital



Capitol Christmas Tree

The Capitol Christmas Tree serving our Bicentennial year, 1976, will come from the mountains of West Virginia on the Gauley Ranger District of the Monongahela National Forest.

The tree selected is a 41 foot 40 year old native red spruce growing at an elevation of 3,475 feet near the Cranberry Glades.

The selected tree was located by Billy Wingfield. Timber Management Assistant of the Gauley Ranger District, and has received high endorsement of all those who have viewed the tree, including Paul Pincus from the Capitol Architect's Office.

Plans are set to cut the tree on December 2nd with proper ceremonies at the site with formal displays and additional ceremonies in the town of Richwood, on December 3 and 4. Transportation for the tree will be provided by the Richmond Cartage Co. to Richwood with transportation to the U.S. Capitol on December 5 provided by Wilson Freight Company.

The tree must be in Washington, D.C. no later than December 9th to allow enough time for pruning, manicuring, and decorating prior to the December 15th lighting ceremony.

This tree should not be confused with the White House Tree which is a living tree. After the tree has served the Nation's Capitol it will be placed in eternal rest as it will be ground into mulch for use on flower and shrub beds around the capitol grounds.

Two red spruce seedlings will be planted on the Gauley Ranger District of the Monongahela National Forest to replace this special tree from where it came.

Evening Capital

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Founded 1727

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U.S. Christmas tree headed for fireplace

WASHINGTON (AP) - A 44-foot Colorado blue spruce that has been the national Christmas tree is dying, and this season will be its last.

"It will be next year's Yule Log," said National Park Service ranger George Berklacy on Tuesday as workmen used a crane to adorn the 45-year-old tree.

The tree was transplanted in 1973 from Shickshinny, Pa., to the Ellipse in front of the White House to serve as the first permanent Christmas tree. Previously, cut trees were used for the Pageant of Peace each Christmas.

The tree's top branches remain a lush green and it has grown four feet in its three years here, but the lower and interior branches are dead.

In fact, the Park Service has spruced up the lower half with branches from a 25-foot blue spruce donated by a man in nearby Silver Spring, Md. The cuttings are wired on to the tree.

Berklacy said the tree suffered root damage, apparently from an inability to cope with Washington's hot, damp, lowland climate.

The Park Service plans to replace it with a new permanent tree next October, "but this time we will try to locate one in Virginia or Maryland and one from roughly the same elevation," Berklacy said.

For its finale, the tree will be decorated with 3,000 red bulbs and 57 ornaments. The lights will be turned on by President Ford when he opens the pageant Dec. 16.

As usual, reindeer from the National Zoo will roam in an enclosure and a Yule log will burn in a fire pit to ward off the chill of winter nights in Washington.

It is in this pit, Berklacy said, that the tree will be burned next Christmas.

"It's an absolutely magnificent tree," said Berklacy. "It's a damned shame it couldn't make it."





LAST TIME AROUND - The Colorado blue spruce that in 1973 became the nation's first "permanent" Christmas tree is decorated by workmen near the White House yesterday in preparation for illumination Dec. 16. Because the lower branches of the 45-foot tree are dying, workmen have "spruced" it up by wiring on bran-bes from another tree. This Christmas will be the tree's last.

PCHS Football Pocahonias County 14, Clarksburg R.W. 6.

Pocahonias fumbled on the first play from scrimmage and gave RW the ball on the 20 yard line. RW went in to score but PCHS bounced right back on a Rick Doyle touchdown then went ahead to stay on Ronnie Sharp's extra point.

The Warriors scored again in the second quarter on Mark Waslo's touch-down and again Ronnie Sharp's point was good.

Pocahontas defense shut out RW for three quarters keeping the presidents outside the 35 yard line. The defense was led by Rick Doyle, Mark Kinder, Richard Oref, Wayne Cassell, Melvin Ricottilli, Fred Tibbs and Tom Barnisky.

The Warriors closed out their season in the cold weather with a 5 and 5

record. Last week PCHS beat Petersburg 21-6. Touch-

downs were scored by Rick Doyle, Mark Waslo, and

Fred Tibbs.

The Warriors played well all season. The schedule was tough the first five games. We feel like we were in every ball game, losing twice by one point. The early loss of quarterback Tom Valencia slowed the Warriors for a while but Mark Waslo came on strong by mid season.

PCHS has a young ball team sporting 16 Sophomores and 11 Juniors out of the 27 returning next year. There will be 22 lettermen. The Sophomore group is the first class to attend PCHS that had the opportunity to play 7th and 8th

grade football.

We would like to recognize once again the five senior athletes who gave 100 per cent this season-Leading ground gainer and scorer, Albert Pondexter; Rick Doyle, leading defensive player who averaged 14 tackles a game from middle line backer; Fred Tibbs, who played well at line backer and fullback; at right guard; Lewis Fromhart, quick man on kicking team, and John Dilley, who gave 100 per cent every day.

Juniors were: Mark Waslo, QB; David L. Cassell, Tight End; Eddie Beverage LB; Melvin Ricottilli, MG; Robert Myers, G; Richard Faulknier, DE; Tom Bar-nisky T; Tony Wiley T; Mark Gum E; William Dil-

ley E HB.

Sophomores-Richard Pondexter, Mike Williams, children at PCHS. Ronnie Sharp, Tim Galford, The next Boosters Meet-Mark Kinder, Conrad ing will be December 1, Smith, Glenn Arbogast, 1976, at 7:30 at Pocahontas Craig Doss, Grant Galford, County High School. Greg Rose, Bruce Johnson, Phillip Hill.

The Team and Conching Staff would like to thank the Boosters Club for the support and meals they provided this season.

Thanks to Mrs. McGee and the cheerleaders for a job well done.

Marlinton Junior High

The Marlinton Junior High Copperheads ended their football season, Saturday, Nov. 6, at Green Bank by beating the Eagles, 20-15. This was the sixth win of the season for the Copperheads without a defeat. They had one tie game with Hillsboro.

Leading the Copperheads to victory was Mike Doss who scored two touchdowns and one extra point. Brett Withers scored the other touchdown for the Copperheads. Doss scored on runs of 55 and 10 yards, and Withers scored on a 4

yard run.

The defense again played an outstanding game. Leading the defense were Rick McCarty, John Barton, Donny Rose, Jess Heavener and Ricky Mayse.

This was the last game of the season and the players and coaches want to thank all the people for coming out and supporting our team and athletic program.

PCHS Athletic Boosters

The PCHS Athletic Boosters feel the Parents Night was a successful event and thank the parents for coming and being a part of us. Many people have helped this year and it is appreciated.

Football season has closed for the season but Girls Basketball is now going on and Boys Basketball is getting underway.

We hope the people of Oref, Wayne Cassell, Mike Pocahontas County will continue to support our



Bad luck struck this Senior Warrior in his first game between PCHS and Union. But Tom didn't let his interest die. He stood on the sidelines rooting for the Warriors every game.

Tom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Geronimo Valencia, of Green Bank. He belongs to the Letterman's Club of which he is vice president. He is also a class officer.

Fas Chek, of Marlinton, sponsors Tom and wishes him a complete recovery.

> Mike Buzzard, who averaged 40 yards per punt; Ronnie VanReenen, first team center who anchored the Warrior line; Ronnie Mullens, aggressive blocker

Albert person from

Board of Education

The Pocahontas County Board of Education met for a regular meeting on November 22.

The Board met with interested citizens and received from the special committee on the school public opinion poll a report based on these questionnaires. This report emphasized the categories which the committee felt to be the primary concerns of the public and contained recommendations in several areas. A copy of this report is to be found elsewhere in this issue of the paper. A long dialogue ensued between the members of the Board and the members of the public present on the report and other topics related to the County's schools.

The Board approved for each of the elementary schools a list of drivers to be used for all extra curricular trips for the remainder of the 76-77 school term.

Approval was given to the personnel for the Volunteer Aides Program at a Green Bank Elementary program. This program involves people from the community who are willing to donate an hour of their time each week to help with slow learners in the lower grades and has been in effect for the past two years.

Approval was given for the Marlinton gym to be used every Monday night through March for an adult basketball league.

The request from the high school for eight students to be taken by private vehicle to visit Fairmont Business College and Fairmont State College on November 23 was approved

The next regular Board meeting will be on December 15. The Board will meet for dinner as guests of the Marlinton School Cafeteria with their wives and the principals and wives with the business meeting to follow.

Public Opinion Poll

What the Public Opinion Poll Said—A Report from the Committee to the Pocahontas County Board of Education.

After thorough evaluation of the results of the
school public opinion poll,
this committee has prepared a report on the categories which seem to be the
primary concerns of the
people. We have outlined
and made recommendations in several areas which
are pertinent to the future
of Pocahontas County's educational system.
BOND ISSUE

Concern about the increase in property taxes was one of the main reasons for the defeat of the last bond issue. In addition, there is a strong feeling that non-property owners are not paying their share of the tax burden.

It is quite evident from the poll that a new bond issue should not be attempted before the present bond is retired. BUILDING PROGRAM

Since a large number of responders favor the renovation of existing buildings that are structurally sound, we recommend that you conduct a detailed cost analysis for repairing each school. This should be done by people independent of the present architect, preferably with qualified local people whenever possible. The results of this study should be published in the local paper along with comparable figures for new buildings.

There were several suggestions in the poll comments for two new schools; one for the Marlinton-Hillsboro area and one for the Green Bank-Durbin area. Perhaps this plan merits consideration as a possible way of cutting costs.

BUILDING MAINTE-

NANCE

Inadequate building maintenance in the past was listed as one of the prime reasons for the defeat of the last bond issue.

We strongly urge you to give top priority to a good maintenance plan, both for existing buildings and any new ones, as soon as possible. Building maintenance should have the highest priority on the budget, not the lowest.

Letter

Dear Mrs. Cromer,

The Times came today. That sentence doesn't indicate any earth shattering news. But one article in the Times by "Name with-held by request" which was critical of your observations did prompt me to write to you. I've intended many times to write to tell you how much I enjoy your articles, especially your write-ups of the "over 80 crowd." Don't let the comments of one "writer, parent, teacher, foster parent and grandmother discourage you from submitting more contributions to the Times.

I am also a product of a one room school in Pocahontas County. The encouragement that I received from my parents and teachers propelled me into the teaching field for fifteen years. My philosophy of home work is much the same as yours. At Open House PTA meetings at the beginning of each school year, I explained to parents that homework meant working at home. Examples of home work were washing dishes, cutting grass, raking leaves, and responsible jobs the child was capable of doing. Of course I stressed the importance of encouraging the student to pursue any extension of school work voluntarily done by the child, especially reading for pleasure. Most assigned "home-work" is handed in and never looked at by the teacher. I know some fellow teachers who kept elaborate records of "Home work handed in" but never knew what was handed in as the work was never checked. The student received grades for home work too. How ridiculous!

I just wanted you to know that some people agree with your intelligent observations that are based on the same foundation as our country—WORK. Too many people expect the "pie in the sky" to be handed to them.

The paragraph that you wrote about Mark showed how sensitive you are to children's needs. Three years ago tomorrow, Mark gave up looking for his place as you so aptly put it.

I only met Mark one time and we had a two to three hour talk. He had only praise for the Cromers. I recall he told with much interest about learning the history of the logging era from Mr. Cromer when they dug up utensils, etc. where the Italian camp had been. Whatever the articles were, I can't recall now, they were not taken when he left as he was still considering your homehis home.

I hope to continue to enjoy your common sense contributions to the Times. Hubert H. Taylor

Green Bank Receives Federal Property

Green Bank has received through two Quickclaim Deeds the transfer of eleven acres of federal property for community use. The announcement was made by Gorham L. Black, Jr., Regional Director Office of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW), Region III.

The two parcels of land, formerly part of the site of the National Radio Astronomy Observatory, measure 9.5 acres and 1.5 acres, respectively. According to Dr. E. Louise Weigman, Director of HEW's Region III Division of Federal Property Assistance, the larger parcel of land, adjacent to the Green Bank Elementary School (serving 341 students in grades One through Eight) will become a preserve for nature study and recreation, and will permit a more realistic compliance with West Virginia's requirement for minimum school sites. The smaller, 1.5 acres, provides the site for the new, 3,000 volume, Pocahontas County Free Library. Funds for its construction were derived from a grant of \$22,900, along with \$14,000 for library supplies and operating expenses, from the West Virginia Library Commission. Additional funds of \$2,000 were appropriated by Green Bank with another \$3500 coming from private donation sources. The library will serve an estimated 2000 persons.

Region III, HEW, is comprised of the states of Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia, and the District of Columbia.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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SUESCRIPTION CHARGES In Pocahontas County \$4.50 a year Elsewhere \$5,50 a year. In advance.

JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, NOV. 25, 1976

Pioneer Days-July 8-10, '77

Project for Marking Early Cabin Sites Approved!

The Pocahontas County Historical Society's project to locate, mark, and record the sites of the early pioneer cabins in Pocahontas County has been approved by Governor Moore for \$1300 in financial assistance from the W. Va. American Revolution Bicentennial Commission.

Work is underway in locating the cabin sites of the settlers living in what is now Pocahontas County during the Revolutionary War period. To date 23 sites have been agreed upon as being the location of pioneer homes. Also included in the project is the sites of the forts used by the early settlers for protection against the In-

The project provides for marking the actual cabin or fort site with a bronze plaque or a metal stake with the permission of current land owners. individualized bronze The markers will be paid for by the descendants of the pioneers. Six families have agreed to pay for markers to date. This financial support will help provide the matching funds necessary to obtain the WVARBC grant.

The WVARBC funds will be mainly used to purchase uniform metal highway signs to be placed on the public road nearest to each cabin location. These signs will give the pioneer's name, the date of the cabin and will identify this project as one officially approved by the WVARBC.

formal public document will be prepared and placed with the County records at the Courthouse. This document will contain for each pioneer the year he arrived and a description of his home site.

Larry Jarvinen has accepted the chairmanship of the Society's committee to complete this project. The other committee members are Katherine Beard. Jessie B. Powell, Harold Crist, Forrest Wooddell, Johnnie B. Hill, James Wooddell, Moody Moore, Grady Moore, Alfred McNeel, Sam Hill, and Bill McNeel.

A number of cabin sites are yet undetermined. The public is asked to furnish additional information to any committee member as soon as possible since the highway markers are to be ordered by mid-January. The bronze markers should also be ordered as soon as possible and the committee needs to know if additional families desire to have one placed on the cabin site of their Pocahontas County ancestor.

Mr. Sam Hill Hillpoint Hillsboro, W.Va.

BAHLIEL D. P.

KIN AREST

Door Mr. Hill:-

Regarding your articles in the Pocahontas of June 10th.
and November 25th. of 1976 as to home sites of men who served in the
service during the Revolutionary War I have the following to report.

DESCRIPTION TANKS. YO

for the erection of

My Great-Great Grandfather, James Waugh who
served three years according to Chaukleys History of Augusta County
Virginia. Wounded at Chadds Run - better known as the Battle of Brandy
wine - the Virginia troops of the Line under the command of Marcuis
de Lafayette who was also wounded. All the Colonial troops being under
the command of Gen. Washington. Although they lost the battle Col.

Lafayette was promoted to Major General.

Returning to James Waugh, his plantation was located along a strip of land on the East side of the Greenbrier river about three miles below Major Jacob Waricks Fort at Clover Lick according to the autobiography of Lorenzo Waugh his grandson. Two copies of his book is in the P.C.H.S. Library. When the river had washed away most of the good fields his family (Four children- 2 boys and 2 girls) moved over the mountain and settled at Dilleys Mill. Some of Lorenzo's brothers and cousins settled at Bethel in the Hill country. James 2nd. and Samuel (My Line). Here on the first county court of Focahontas County. I believe the best place for James Waugh's marker would be in Clover Lick. I remain

Clen L. Vaughan

IJE S BUD

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oon suit

med over

a manager

a Clover

children, n, Samuel ond wife. he died in

Thank you for your letter of December 1 with r LT. Vaughan, information regarding the first James Waugh. We l include this in the final plans for the erection of markers. This should be completed early next year.
I have some information that may not be new

I have some information newertheless.

you but I will pass it along newertheless.

you but I will pass it along newertheless. on March 30,1962 a committee consisting of polyment, wickline, Johnson and mill were rp, ontgromery, wickline, Johnson and mill were ing plans for the development of the recently acquired perty of the Buckskin Council, Boy Scouts of America, at leys Mill. We entered the riverfront property from leys Mill. We thicking about one mile. from the boundary. as advised this was the site of the old Rush Place merly the James Waugh farm. There is a small graveyard ut 100 yards NW of the river. There was a sulphur spring run on the left(north) on the right was a former rage or cache for the lumber company while the land being timbered early this century. The site of the being timbered early the direction to the farm mer farm house was apparent. The direction to the farm e"from the Brown's Creek road follow the old Mill path the Low Place, then to Apple Pen to low place, cross th to Hickory Flat, follow old tram road down Incline low to the old farm house.

The one grave stone that I could makeout said: James Waugh Born 3-19-1831 Died age 42 yr.-11m.0 19 d.- 1873

That this would be of interest.

Cordially.

THIS WAS GRANDSON OF JAMES WAUGH WHO FOUGHT IN THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR. JAMES THE WAS BORN SAME YEAR HIS FATHER DIED, ALSO SAME YEAR THE OF Edra LAST SIGNER OF DECLARATION OF INDEPEDENCE DIED. HIS UNCLE SAMUEL (MY LINE) ALSO DIED IN 1831,

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ELIZABETH WAUGH B. JAN. 2. 1796 CARLE JR. BORN MAY 21, 1798.

Born in 1782 died 1831

James Waugh, 1st. and his wife Mary were the parents of four children, of which we have data on was, James Waugh 2nd. the oldest son, Samuel the youngest son and Jane Waugh, who was Timothy McCartt's second wife. There is nothing on record as to the date of James, birth, but he died in 1831, the same year his brother Samuel died.

1831, the same year his brother Samuel died.

ELIZAZETH WAUGH MARRIED CALEB KNAPP JR.

James Waugh 2nd. was married to Rebecca McGuire, they were the parents of twelve children. The following ten children are all that we have data 2 girls, no data

on at the present time. Their names are:-

Morgan

Rachel Elizabeth Nancy James 3rd. Jacob

Allen Isabella Marcus

Lorenzo. 3 rd child olded an

about the life of James Waugh 2nd. have uncovered the following. He lived on the Greenbrier river and evidently had a smaller farm in the Hills, the land along the river must have been part of his fathers land and he called this The Plantation. His will was probated in Augusta county court in 1831, in which he provides; "That land be sold and the proceeds used to educate his children." Another clause in his will was, " I desire that my rifle gun be kept for the entire use of my plantation."

He was a member of the first court to sit in Pocahontas county and his presence at the August term of court in 1822 bears this out. He was a close neighbor and friend of Major Jacob Warwick, of Clover Lick. It was on the evidence of James Waugh and P. Bruffey who appeared in court tha-t a section of Jacob Warwick's will was carried out freeing his famous servant Ben. Warwicks will was dated March 7, 1818.

Work 1800 the records show about 150 families living in Pocahontas county, Samuel and James Waugh 2nd. being two of them.

THE CHILDREN OF JAMES 2nd.

Rachel was married to Frederick Fleming.

Elizabeth was married to John Ratliffe and lived on Clover Creek.

Nancy married Abraham Griffin and lived on Buckley Mountain, she had a daughter who married Claiborne McNeil, and lived near Buckeye.

Jacob married Mary Brown, daughter of Josiah Brown of Indian Draft, and moved to Upshur county. He was the father of fifteen children, only five lived to be grown. Jacob was a fine pensman and became clerk of the Upshur County Court, occuping that position for many years. Jacob Waugh's five children were, four boys, Brown, Enoch, *Homer and John William. and one daughter Leah who was the third wife of Dr. Pleasant Smith of Edray. His wife, Mary Brown was born April 13, 1812.

James Waugh 3rd, married Sally, the oldest daughter of John Cochran, and lived on the Greenbrier at the old homestead. His second wife was Hannah samb, from Highland county. Details of James Waugh will be found in Hardesty's Encyclopedia.

Jacob Waugh was the grandfather of Judge Waugh of Upshur County. * Father of Judge B. Roy Waugh, of Upshin County.
ELIZABETH WAVEN B. JAN. 2. 1796 CARLE JR. BORN MAY 21, 1798.

School Plans

The results of the recent school opinion poll showed several hundred persons to be more interested in repairing the present school buildings than in building new ones.

The committee reviewing the poll therefore thought more consideration should be given to repair and the estimated costs given a closer look.

There was not much time with holidays, deer season, etc., but Saturday a group of Pocahontas carpenters, electricians and the like went over the Green Bank school building. In this group were James Carpenter. Zane Taylor, June Riley, Bernard Shears, Alfred Collins, Lennie Howell, Kerth Friel, and Bill delGiudice.

On Monday night everyone interested in schools was invited to the High School to hear reports on school repair.

About 35 persons attended, but they were really interested and found some answers to their questions.

The estimates made by the architects to correct the major fire and safety defects found by the fire marshal were reported and the figures are as follows:

In the estimates, costs are figured at \$5.50 per square foot for electrical work (to include fire alarm systems), 50c per square foot to refinish interior walls and ceiling to required fire resistance standards, \$56 for an interior fire resistant door, \$100 for an exterior door, and \$350 to convert windows for use as emergency exits.

HILLSBORO

Gym (5,494 sq. ft.)

Electrical work	\$30	0.217
Refinishing 3250 sq.	ft	1625
Six interior goors		336
Three exterior doors	100	300
Total	32	.478

Cafeteria (3860 sq. ft.)
Electrical work \$21,230
Refinishing 4520 sq ft 2,260
Eight interior doors 448

Elementary Building
(11,748 sq. ft.)
Electrical work \$64,614
Refinishing
10,746 sq. ft. 5,370
Four exterior doors 400
21 interior doors 1,176
7 window conversions 2,450
2 fire escape towers 50,000

124,010
High School Building
(12,660 sq. ft.)
Electrical work \$69,630
Refinishing
21,300 sq. ft. 10,650
28 interior doors 1,568
4 exterior doors 400
10 window convers. 3,500

Two new stairs 30,000 125,742 Total for Hillsboro \$306,180

> GREEN BANK Main Building

(30,878 sq. ft.) Electrical work \$169,829 Refinishing 99,458 sq. ft. 49,729 50 interior doors 2,800 exterior doors 300 18 window conversions 6,300 1 fire escape tower 25,000 1 fire stair 15,000 New stairway 25,000 293,958 Cafeteria (7527 sq. ft.)

Electrical work 41,398
Refinishing 11,280 sq. ft. 5,640
14 interior doors 784
3 exterior doors 300

Total Green Bank \$343,076

20 interior doors 1,750 5 window convers. 50,000 2 fire escape towers 244,150

Cafeteria/Special Education Building (30, 400 sq. ft.) Electrical work \$167,200 Refinishing 31,000 sq. ft. 17 interior doors 183,652

Note: If the second floor of the Cafeteria/Special Education building is used for classrooms, then a fire escape tower will be needed, adding \$25,000 to the Marlinton costs.

DURBIN

Main Building (18,447 sq. ft.) Electrical work \$101,459 Refinishing 42,955 sq. ft. 21,477 56 interior doors 3,136

5 exterior doors 500
12 window convers. 4,200
New exit 500
2 fire stairs 30,000
Total Durbin \$161,273

Total County \$1,238,327

Some figures were considered to be a little low and some a little high but none clear out of the ball

park. James Carpenter spoke for the group which had looked over the Green Bank school. They found the buildings needed many things done that were not included in the fire safety oriented plan. The bricks need sandblasting and repointing (some bricks could be easily pulled out), the side walls bulge some, there are no subfloors in some rooms, there are openings which would provide flue-like drafts from basement through walls to second floor and to outside. the roof is of wooden construction which shook under the weight of one man, and some floors are definitely sagging. After the repairs it would still be an old building with many more needs. The inspection group agreed that it would not be economical to spend the money necessary on the old buildings.

They did not have time to go over the buildings in the

southern part of the County but they felt they knew enough about them to have the same opinion.

The Board of Education was present. They felt they had the options of trying the bond issue again, which the school opinion poll showed would be useless; repair the existing schools, which these local buildings and the architect agreed now was not practical; do nothing, which they felt was not a responsible decision; or move in a new direction. They had been discussing different possibilities the past month or so and had come up with the idea of building part of the classrooms now and completing the job after the present high school bond is paid off in 1980.

This plan would use the \$1,200,000 available from the State. With local labor, high school vocational classes and school maintenance personnel, the following could be built, not all at one time but within eighteen months:

Seven new class rooms at Hillsboro for kindergarten through fifth grade.

Fifteen new class rooms at Marlinton and possibly expand cafeteria space.

Ten new class rooms at Green Bank, to house grades one through five, bring Durbin students to Green Bank. Sewage and heating facilities installed would be sufficient for new facilities for the upper grades completed at a later time.

These plans would satisfy the fire marshal by getting students out of the most unsafe places and show that we are making progress toward providing safe school surroundings.

The Board members stated their support of this plan.

Almost everyone attending agreed to serve as a citizens committee and Leonard Howell was elected chairman.

By unanimous consent, it was voted to give support to the Board of Education to go to the State Board of Education and ask for the \$1,200,000 for this plan to build the three new units of class rooms now and to ask the people of the County to vote money later to complete the system with new class rooms for grades 6, 7, and 8, and gymnasium and library space.

The Board feels that in the completed plan the existing old high school building at Marlinton will have to be demolished and a new gymnasium with all-purpose space constructed.

Only rough preliminary plans have been made of proposed units and actual floor plans will be made only after the State Board of Education gives the go-ahead signal. Opportunity will be given to the public to see and comment on these.

St. Nicholas Day

THE ME DOE THE DOE HAS DESCRIBED THE PART BALL

The third annual St. Nicholas Day Celebration will be held this weekend, December 4 - 6, at the Pearl S. Buck Birthplace in Hillsboro.

The actual observance of St. Nicholas Day, December 5, which today is primarily limited to the old world, will draw attention to the old style traditions and customs of the maternal ancestors of Pearl Buck, the Stultings.

The Stulting Place will take on a Dutch flavor in Christmas decorations, food and drinks, with the assistance of the Marlinton Woman's Club. Also, just recently word was received from the North Pole that Santa Claus will depart from his busy schedule to pay respects to his forebears. The Hillsboro Kindergarten classes' behavior has warranted this visit and will meet Santa Monday.

In addition, Mona Dee Vance will provide further entertainment with a puppet show. The public is warmly invited to visit the "Stulting Place" and begin the sharing of the spirit of Christmas.

The Birthplace is open 9 to 5 Monday through Saturday and 1 to 5 on Sunday.

Christmas Parade

The annual Christmas Parade sponsored by the Marlinton Jaycees, Lions and Rotary Clubs, will be held Saturday, December 4, 1976. The Parade will start at Marlinton Elementary School promptly at 2 p. m. We urge all clubs, merchants, and the public to participate. Entries should be in front of the Elementary School by 1:30 p. m. for line-up. Trophies or money will be given in the following classes: club, floats, merchant floats, carolers.

Included in the parade will be the bands from Pocahontas County High School and Hillsboro, Marlinton, Green Bank, and Durbin Elementary Schools.

Immediately after the Parade, at the side of the First National Bank porch, children will receive a treat from Santa. Also, there will be a drawing for gift certificates from merchants and businesses.

to be been for his release.

Letter

I was just reading a little of Mrs. Levie Hannah's writing about her life story. Those things bring back to me my younger days when I was on the farm. She spoke of going down and standing where the cows had slept to warm her feet. We boys went barefooted until school time, so there would be a good frost on and I would go after the cows and they would be lying down and I would run them up and stand in their beds to warm my feet. A lot of the things she spoke of,

I used to help my mother with the work in the house and in the garden. On wash days I would help to wash our clothes on a wash board. I was jack-of-alltrades on the farm. I would help my Mom and my Grandma to card wool and spin yarn until ten o'clock at night to knit our school socks, gloves and toboggans. It was a wonderful time for us older folks, I could write a book and then not get started from the time I was four years old. You know I was a poor old farmer boy and came up the hard way. My father died when I was four years old and we moved from Doddridge County to Pocahontas, so I knew just about all of the Hannahs in Pocahontas-John Hannah, at Green Bank Store, Joe Hannah, of Cass, Ira Hannah, Boud Hannah, Layton Hannah, but I just don't remember this lady, she is two years older than I. I would just like to hear from some of those old folks, as I always loved old folks.

As Ever, Mr. Sutton Mr. Sutton's address is: F. M. Sutton, 22-31st St. EST, Nitro, W. Va. 25143

Memories

Fond memories of growing up in our wonderful town. There was a young man whom I will never forget. He was none other than Garland McFerrin. When his father and brother Herman came into town in the morning to open the Bank of Marlinton they always brought Garland. They would leave him sitting in front of the Bank in his wheelchair. By the time the Bank closed for the day-Garland would have been on every corner in town. He would motion with his hand as to where he wanted to go, whether it be in front of Richardsons Hardware or Paul Overholt's Mens Shop.

I am sure a lot of people such as the Richardson boys, John Hayslett, Clarence Smith, Jim McGraw and many more have fond memories of wheeling Garland all over town.

By the end of the day-Garland would always end up in front of Harry Sharp's News Stand. At the ripe old age of sixteen, I was considered the best "Sodajerk" in town, ha! ha! The last thing that Garland would have every day was a big milkshake. Then I would wheel him over to the bank for his return home with his father and brother Herman.

It was the fine people of our community and all of Pocahontas County, that gave Garland many, many happy days. In return Garland always made our days more pleasant.

Tony and Mildred Colson

Museum

The Historical Society has received copies of the Marlinton High School yearbooks from 1922, 1926, 1927, 1931, 1933, 1939, and 1946, from Marlinton Elementary School. Mr. George Alt arranged to have these yearbooks transferred to the Society and they will be placed in the library at the County Historical Museum.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2) Published every Thursday except

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SUBSCRIPTION CHARGES is Possbontas County \$4.50 a year, laswhere \$5.50 a year. In advance. JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, DEC. 2, 1976

Letter

To the Editor:

My announcing return to college is regrettably late but may be twofold. Recent articles reminiscing of others' childhood years in Poca hontas County has fascinated me. I am now enrolled at San Francisco State University as a Junior. My major is transportation under the School of Business. My minor is Social Psychology. Four more years of night attendance will produce my Bachelor Degree. I then envision work towards

a Masters Degree.

I have found it a wonderful experience and have great happiness for the system here which allows adults an opportunity for a second chance to get their higher education that they missed on the way to adulthood. Completion of high school is not required as long as the individual can somewhat pass the college entrance exams. The State additionally has a community college program, which encompasses night high schools and or community centers, whose mission is to provide meaningful quality education to fill the needs of these individuals, whether it be basic education, high school education or continuing education. I am enthused to recognize that West Virginia is now also offering off-campus courses. I truly believe it advantageous to all who can take or participate in these opportunities. After all, we must keep up with modern times, especially those of us who were prevented higher education for one then excusable reason or the other.

I also read with great interest the recent Times articles concerning WVU sponsored programs relative to Blacks in Pocahontas County. It proves that West Virginia is keeping up with the times. It is believed that such initiation many years ago before many of us had left may have been an inspiration towards our outlook and higher education. We were never even solicited to attend the then all black West Virginia State College at Institute, although we had not yet attended the nearest Black high school in the State as sponsored by the State at the time. I suppose some recognition was given to the brighter of us as I do remember attendance by some at Storer (Storr) College, Harpers Ferry.

I was more overwhelmed when our own Pocahontas Countians, Drs. Vernie **Bolden and Howard Hinson** spoke at the Seebert Lane School from which they had earlier attended. I deeply regret that Greenbrier Hill School, Marlinton, was not amongst one of the schools honored or that one of its own in such high standings was not asked to participate. Such emphasis on this latter school is its being my Alma Mater. Others could recognize at least the mentioning of their one room schoolhouses in the County such as Cass, Frank and I believe at one time Watoga. A Dr. Cole and others resided and reared children in Watoga. We often visited there by car and a man ran a boat service over to Watoga (across the Greenbrier River).

I many times played as well as grew up with Drs. Bolden and Hinson. If they or their families subscribe and are reading this article in the Times, they may recall my brother, John, and I visiting them many times with our Uncle Winston and Aunt Mae Stewart.

Their teachers were a Mr. Bolden, no relation I believe, and maybe Mrs. Mitchell at Seebert Lane School. I think Mrs. Mitchell still lives in the County. She must be proud of them and I know Mr. Bolden would be. I seem to have met him more often than ! ever did Mrs. Mitchell. had met him when visiting Aunt Mat Tibbs in Hills boro where he resided. He was an inspiring gentleman and I believe many idolized him. These old teachers would crack the whip when it came to obedience and studying. Teachers then seemed to have a greater interest in their jobs, not to sound prejudiced towards current ones, and we defi-

nitely had great respect. Maybe the current situation is the lack of support for teachers from parents.

It may be debatable, but I believe that Greenbrier Hill School had the largest attendance ever, supposedly by Marlinton being the largest town in the County. You may recall an article that I wrote about one room school houses and printed in Times, April 9, 1970.

Your recent article, "Early Schools of Pocahontas County," in the Times October 21,1976, was obviously seeking information much further back. However, I would like to contribute for the record my years at Greenbrier Hill School.

The building may still stand, but presumably deteriorating on upper Greenrier Hill between the then residents of Mr. Walter Tibbs and Cousin Lizzie Robinson. It also set above the then regularly used railroad coal tipple. The building consisted of two large rooms separated by a hallway which contained cloakrooms and restrooms. Playgrounds were on both sides although dangerously not protected from falli over into the roadway. Each

room is estimated to have had seating capacity of 35 or 40 persons. Only one room was used throughout my stay. It was said that both were once used with an additional teacher. Someone older would have to comment further and as to who were the two teachers at that time. During my stay, the second room was used for hot lunches, once prepared by my mother, Virginia "Virgie" Jordan Linsday, and then by Cousin Mary Tibbs.

I vividly remember the school being used once in the 1930's to shelter many of our families from the spring floods which had practically covered the low lying areas of town.

The cold winter morning walks to school are still remembered. The winters do not seem to be the same or as severe as back then. When my Dad, Enoch "Bunk" Lindsay, was not working, he would drive us and many other kids to school. We had to walk from the Tannery Row. The whippings in the hallway for mischief or not studying lessons is well remembered also. But, the more pleasant moments would be the much looked for recesses and lunch time when we would hike the mountain or play softball or football. We

generally had a school closing picnic at Watoga State Park and I believe the Brownsburg School used to join us. I took the test at the local high school and passed for the Golden Horse Shoe by having the highest score of competing Black County schools, and then the Charleston trip under the guidance of Mr. Mack Brooks. Then came time for graduation which occurred as a consolidated event of the Black schools in the County. Such events were normally held in a church of the area hosting that particular year.

I commenced the First Grade at the age of five, September 1937, since I would customarily turn six before the first of the year. Mrs. Edna C. Knapper, who now lives in Chambersburg, Pennsylvania, and I frequently communicate; she was teacher then. I understand she taught my mother and all her brothers and sisters. In fact, I understand she taught many parents of the persons going to school when I did. I will send her a copy of this article and hopefully she may add or contribute to the history of that time. I truly believe she was and still is a tremendous inspiration and contributed to all my efforts in acquiring higher education, even if late in life. It is my belief that one should never relax the mind but continuously keep it busy even if there is cause to relax the body. I remember many of the teachers returning to Bluefield State Teachers College or others during summer recess to advance or update their education. I admit that lots was learned in these one room school houses after leaving and comparing those who attended city schools. The discipline was strict but later learned to be of a necessity. I am certain that all coming from beneath these roofs can make the same admittance.

Although my recollection fails me as to who entered the First Grade with me, I could readily assume after comparing ages. I do, however, vaguely remember being in the third grade with Paul Daugherty and William "Junior" Evans. This was one of my grades in which I was being retained. I was again held back in the Fifth Grade because of my having to baby sit my sister, Patty, after mother died, March 5, 1943. I just could not complete the year. I graduated with Vivian Morris from our

school, Libby or Betty Church from Seebert Lane School and, Mary Joy and Gale Boggs, from Brownsburg School. Faintly, I remember possibly someone from Cass School, but definitely no one from Frank

(Durbin) School.

It is deeply regretted if any names have been omitted, but I list here some of the persons attending Greenbrier Hill during my eight years: Roy, Mary Lou, Jean, Jane Jordan; Rosabelle Stewart; Guy, Jr, James Barnes; Eleanor, George Wesley, Phillip Stewart; Carl Smith, Jr.; Viola Cashwell; Mildred Gilmore; Alice Cashwell; Geraldine, Henrietta Carter; Roy Ethel, Frances, Irene Spriggs; Harrison Evans, Jr.; William "Junior," Norman, Libby Evans; Mary Ella, Della Hunter; Roy, Lucy Mae, Clinton, Adam, Jackie, Jimmy Lee Gary; Don Hill; Gladys Walker; Finley, Richard, Ida, Vivian Morris; Houston Jefferson, Jr.; Harriet Roland; William, Doris Merchant: Golean Loving; Ada Cashwell; George, Geraldine, Mary Catherine, Jimmy, Bobby, Arnold Jackson: Marlene. Luther, Jr., Zulena, Jr., Wayne, Marva, Nancy Robinson; Eugene, Sally Faye Stewart; Paul, Sonny, Shirley Daugherty; and, my brother and sister, John and Patty Lindsay.

Hopefully, someone reading this article can contribute more. It is imperative that the recent history of our magnificent County is on record. I may one day write a list of all Blacks that I remember living in the County and other occurrences that are so vivid to me.

To close, and for the sake of history, and not as a derogative statement, the recently stated Alexander Cemetery in Huntersville is the Jordan Family Cemetery on the old home place of my great-grandfather. Aaron Jordan. It was somewhat ill stated when my grandfather, John Andrew Jordan was buried there in March 1976. My mother, brothers and sisters, and all the Jordan family and their kin is buried there.

William "Billy" Lindsay

San Francisco, California



POCAHONTAS TIMES

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, DEC. 9, 1976

Christmas

The Poage Lane Church will hold their Christmas program on Sunday, Dec. 19, at 7:80 pm. Everyone welcome.



The Christmas program at Mary's Chapel will be held on Christmas Eve at 7:30 pm.



The Edray Youth Group will be presenting their Christmas play at the churches of the Edray Charge on the following schedule:

Edray - Monday, Dec 20 -7:30 pm

Slatyfork - Tuesday, Dec. 21 - 7:30 pm

Swago - Wednesday, Dec. 22

- 7:30 pm

White Chapel - Thursday, Dec. 23 - 7:30 pm



The Church of God on Beard Heights will present a Christmas play, "No Pillow For His Head," on Wednesday, Dec. 22, at 7:30 pm. Everyone welcome.



The Christmas program at Marvin Chapel will be Thursday, Dec. 23, at 7:30 pm. All are welcome.



There will be a Christmas play at the Mace Methodist Church on Wednesday, Dec. 22, at 7 pm. Everyone wel-



The Edray Methodist Church will have a short Christmas program on Sunday, Dec. 12, at 11 am. Everyone welcome.



There will be a Christmas carol singing service at the Marlinton Presbyterian Church on Sunday, Dec. 12, at 7:30 p. m. Everyone invited.



At 5 pm on Sunday, Dec. 19. the Marlinton Presbyterian Church will present its annual Joy Gift Pageant, this year entitled, "Keeping Christmas To-day." Everyone welcome.



The Buckeye Presbyterian Church will have its Christmas program on Wednesday, Dec. 22, at 7:30 pm. Everybody is welcome.



The Mt. Zion Extension Homemakers will present a short Christmas program on Monday, Dec. 13, at 7:30 pm at the Browns Creek Church. The public is invited and there will be a treat for the children.

All Club members bring secret sister's gift.



The New Hope Church of the Brethren will have a special Christmas worship service on Thursday, Dec. 16, at 7:30 The youth will present pm. two short plays. Everyone is welcome.



The Kerr Chapel Brethren Church will have its Christmas program on Tuesday, Dec. 21, at 7:80 pm. All welcome.

Pioneer Food Recipes

These are some Pioneer food recipes gathered for Miss Shultz's Marlinton Third Grade Colonial Days: Food

Ash cake—Corn bread wrapped in cabbage leaves and baked in ashes.

Corn dodger-Corn meal and lard baked in lumps.

Hasty pudding—Corn meal mush; often eaten with milk or gravy or sweetened with maple sugar, honey, or molasses and used for a dessert.

Fried mush—cold hasty pudding, sliced and fried in a skillet.

Hoe cake-Cornbread baked on the blade of a hoe. The hoe was taken off the handle, cleaned and set in

Johnny cake—Usually made of corn meal, salt boiling water, and milk. Some people added wheat flour if they had it; others added sugar or eggs. It was baked in an oven over the fireplace or in an iron pot with a cover or on a board

in front of the fire. Cook some for yourself

Hasty Pudding 3 cups of water 1/2 teaspoon of salt 1/2 cup of cornmeal

Put the water and salt in a saucepan. Bring to a boil. Sprinkle the cornmeal into the boiling water a little at a time. Stir all the time so that it will not get lumpy. Cook for 45 minutes. Serve with milk and syrup.

Corn Pone

Measure one cup of sour milk and pour into a mixing bowl. Add enough corn meal and a little wheat flour until you have a thick batter. Add 1/2 teaspoon of salt and a tablespoon of melted butter. Dissolve a teaspoon of soda in a small amount of water and add to the batter. Mix well. Pour into a greased pan and bake at 375 degrees for about 25 minutes, or until a golden brown.

Parched Corn

Put some dry field corn kernels in an iron skillet or in a covered iron kettle. Add some salt and butter. Parch over medium heat stirring constantly until golden brown.

Hominy

Put one quart of husked dry field corn into two quarts of water. Add two tablespoonfuls of baking soda. Boil until the hulls of the grain come off easily. Wash in clear, cold water. Cook the hominy in milk, seasoned to taste with butter and salt; or boil in water, and season to taste. It may be eaten with or without milk.

Vinegar Pie

Use prepared pie dough for the pie shell, or ask your mother to help you make one.

1 egg, well beaten
3 tablespoons of cidervinegar
1 teaspoon lemon
flavoring
4 tablespoons flour
1 cup sugar
1 cup of boiling water

I baked pie shell
Mix sugar and flour thoroughly together, then add boiling water. Cook five minutes. Add well-beaten egg and cook in top of double boiler two minutes. Add lemon flavoring and vinegar. Pour into baked pie shell.

Sauergraut

Part of the cabbage grown in the garden was often made into sauerkraut. The cabbage was cut into small pieces on a cabbage cutter-a board with sharp knife-like blades on it. The head of the cabbage was rubbed back and forth across the knifes until it was cut in small pieces. It was then mixed with salt and put in a big barrel or earthenware jar a layer at a time. Each layer was pressed down with a wooden pestle until brine or salty water came out of it. When all the cabbage was packed in, it was covered with a cloth and a board. A large stone was put on the top of the board to keep the cabbage under the brine. The jar or barrel was set in a warm place so that bacteria would grow quickly in the mixture. This bacteria made the cabbage ferment. After a few days the brine began to bubble. It did not have a very pleasant odor. The scum that came to the top was skimmed off. The cabbage was left to stand until it got sour. Then it was put in a cool place so bacteria could not grow as fast. It was now ready

Durbin of Old

Who remembers Durbin before 1930? The town was a combination of businesses.

The C&O Railroad and the Western Maryland were very active. Each morning at 6 a. m. a fast passenger train came from Elkins. There was a C&O passenger waiting and a transfer of express, baggage and passengers was made.

When the transfer was made both trains left Durbin. The Western Maryland went back to Elkins and the C&O headed for Ronceverte.

At 12:00 noon two passengers met again at Durbin. They made another transfer and departed. In all there were four trains each day coming into Durbin on the C&O and Western Maryland. Four trains on each line. At six o'clock in the evening the two lines had trains meet again in Durbin. The C&O staved over night but the Western Maryland went back to Elkins. It arrived in Elkins at 8:00 p. m.

There was a good mine prop business in Durbin at that time. The props were stacked across the track from where Everette East lived. They were hauled in wagons by George and Scott Darnell. There was no lumber mill there at that time

The tannery was going strong and Durbin was having growing pains.

Durbin got its first water system in 1928. A dam was built in a canyon above the bridge in West End. The system had no pumps. It was a gravity system. It seemed to have lots of pressure.

This writer doesn't remember if this was domestic water or just fire protection. Either way Durbin needed it. The best garage in Durbin in the twenties was Dodd Dixons. He sported two gas pumps out front. Both had 10 gallon glass containers on top but they had electric pumps.

John Flinner was a busy cattle dealer. He had access to pasture land above Bartow.

Cal Bailor and Johnnie Williams operated dray wagons then. They hauled anything that people wanted moved. They sometimes delivered coal in the winter for the Durbin Mercantile. They hauled freight from the depot each day.

Hiner's Hardware was a busy place. It was near the Durbin Grade School. In fact one of the Hiner girls taught there. Her name was Dolly Payne Hiner and she taught the second grade in '28.

This was about the time that Whitman Hull learned to drive the family car. It was a '22 or '23 Model T Ford. Gene Lawton wondered (aloud) if Whitman had a driver's license. It was the first time on the streets with the car.

Stanley Robinson operated a restaurant near the depot and Frank Hyre had a restaurant on the corner by Dixon's Garage.

Myra Goodsell seemed to be the one who operated the Post Office. She was Gene Lawton's mother.

Dr. Wilhide owned the only drug store in Durbin at that time. It was next door to the Post Office. He was the father of Mike and Jim Wilhide. Jim married Zoe Kirkpatrick, of Cass, where she was a school teacher. Dr. Wilhide later moved to Cass.

A few people lived in Durbin and worked in Cass. They came home on weekends.

Sam Moore owned a store in Durbin and lived in Hosterman. He went home every evening. He drove a 25 Hudson.

The Durbin Mercantile used to have a prize package day for the people. They wrapped small items in packages and threw them from the front porch roof into the crowd; whoever caught one of the packages could keep it.

Lake Oliver was a wheel in the Durbin Mercantile in the 1920's.

Were the good old days better than our todays?

> Bruce Nelson 1414 E.Edgemont Phoenix, Arizona

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, DEC.23, 1976

Board of Education

The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on December 15.

Present at the meeting were several members of the Citizens Advisory Committee and Haskell Brown, architect with the firm of K. F. Weimer Associates, the the Board's architectural

The Superintendent presented to the Board his report on the public meeting held at the High School on November 29. At this meeting the Architect's estimate --total \$1,238,327-of the cost of repairing the existing school buildings to meet the standards required by the State Fire Marshal were reviewed by the citizens present and found to be reasonable. The group then reviewed the options open to the Board in trying to meet the building needs of the County's school students and, after discussion, gave approval for a plan of using the \$1,200,000 available now to the County from the Better School Amendment to build classroom space at Hillsboro, Marlinton and Green Bank for grades 1-5 now and go to the citizens for a bond issue for new facilities for grades 6-8 after the High School bonds are retired. A complete report of this meeting is in the December 2 issue of this

Mr. Brown presented floor plans and elevation drawings for the proposed classroom buildings as follows-Hillsboro, 7 classrooms for

grades 1-5, \$266,428.

Marlinton, 15 classrooms for grades 1-5, 8542,856.

Green Bank, 10 classrooms for grades 1-5 8367,577

All buildings include toilets, teacher work space and independent heating system. These classrooms would enable students to be removed from the oldest building at Hillsboro, the Durbin building, and eliminate use of the old high school structure at Marlinton except for the gym. It is also hoped to be able to enlarge the cafeteria at Marlinton at this time, depending upon the amount of money that the Fire Marshal will require to be spent on existing buildings.

This project will be a phase one of the County's school building program, with phase two dependent upon the passing of a local bond issue after the High School bonds are paid off. Phase two will complete the County's building program very much as outlined at the time of the bond issue election in May. The major difference is at Marlinton where the existing gym building will be demolished and replacing it with a gymnasium-auditorium combination and constructing a new library and media center.

The Board and Committee members asked many questions of Mr. Brown and a good discussion was held. The general Concensus was for the Board to move ahead with this phase of the

building program.

As the first step in obtaining the \$1.2 million from the State, the Board approved an amendment to the Comprehensive Educational Facilities Plan for Pocahontas County for submission to the State Department of Education and the State Board of Education. This amendment changes the County plan into a two phase project as outlined above. instead of a single phase plan as submitted to the voters in May.

As far as is known now the amendment will be submitted to the State Board for approval at its meeting on January 14 after being reviewed by the State Department.

In other business the Board approved the use of the Marlinton Gym on January 1 by the Marlinton Jaycees for a dance and by the Huntersville Baptist Church on December 18 for recreation.

The request of the High School for students to go to Charleston on January 7 and 8 for All-State Band tryouts and to Virginia Tech at Blacksburg, Virginia, on January 14 and 15 for the Annual High School Band Music Reading Clinic was approved.

Approval was given to advertise for sale at public auction the following vehicles-

Five 1961, 1957, 1956, and 1959 60 passenger school buses; one 1958 54 passenger school bus; one 1952 GMC truck tractor; one 1953 Chevrolet panel truck; one 1958 Ford dump truck without bed; and one 1967 Ford van.

The Board approved the employment of Sarah Chamblee as school psychologist for the remainder of the 76-77 school year.

Albert Kelley was hired as an additional employee for the maintenance staff. Twenty-seven applications had been received for this position.

A revision was made in the personal leave policy for Board employees.

The Board approved various financial reports submitted by the Treasurer. Betty Lambert.

The next Board meeting will be on January 3, 1977. Old Eagle Tale

The following reprint of a story carried in The Pocahontas Times of several years ago was brought to us last week.

Tragedy in Our County

I recently read in some magazine where a writer doubts the truth of old traditions of eagles carrying off young children, remarked Editor Calvin Price in his Pocahontas Times of recent date. The editor then relates the following story of our county. I have at least a true story of such a tragedy. Along about the year 1851 this

terrible thing did happen in Bath County, Virginia. J. L. Kenney, of Marlinton bears witness of having heard of it often from the lips of his mother.

In that year a young married couple, Mr. and Mrs. Moorman Gilland, lived in a house on the place of Samuel Clark, the grandfather of Mr. Kenney. This farm was at the big bend of the Cowpasture River, some ten miles above the Windy Cove Church. The Gilland home was on the east side of the river opposite a great rock cliff, rising sheer from the waters edge upward of 150 feet.

The farm at the big bend of the Cowpasture is still owned and occupied by a Clark. It is now the home of Benjamin Clark, a grandson of Samuel Clark. The site of the Gilland home today is marked by a pile of chimney stones. On the Big Bend Farm is Abes Hill. Here the Confederate States Government worked the dirt for salt petre, to make gun powder during the War between the States. Great mounds are still to be seen, where dirt was piled after being leached in hoppers to run

off the nitrogen.

Gilland was a carpenter, and went one day to the mansion house Andrew Sitlington some miles down the river to perform some work. The young mother prepared to do the weeks washing at the river, perhaps a hundred yards away. She took her babe in her arms. She laid the little boy on the clothes and started back to the house for something she needed. As she was going she heard the baby scream, and turning to look, she was horrified by the sight of a great golden eagle, known locally as a black eagle, flying away with her child. Across the river it went to a shelf under an overhanging ledge, about 100 feet up. Above this shelf was a perpendicular face of rock of perhaps 50 feet, and the whole cliff a mile or so long.

Can you imagine a more

The Clark house was a mile away and the frantic young mother hurried there. All the men folks were away from home, and Mr. Kenneys mother, then a girl of fifteen years set out to bring together for help the thinly settled community.

tragic situation.

When the men were finally gathered, they let an active young Allegheny Mountaineer down the face of the cliff with a rope. He found but the head of the child and its bloody gar-

ments.

Whether there was more than one eagle, and they consumed the little body there, or carried it away to the nest was never known.

Editors Note- The above tale has been authenticated by several of the older generations who heard of the incident from their elders. George B. Venable heard his father relate the story on several occasions. The land marks mentioned in the story remain unchanged to this day.

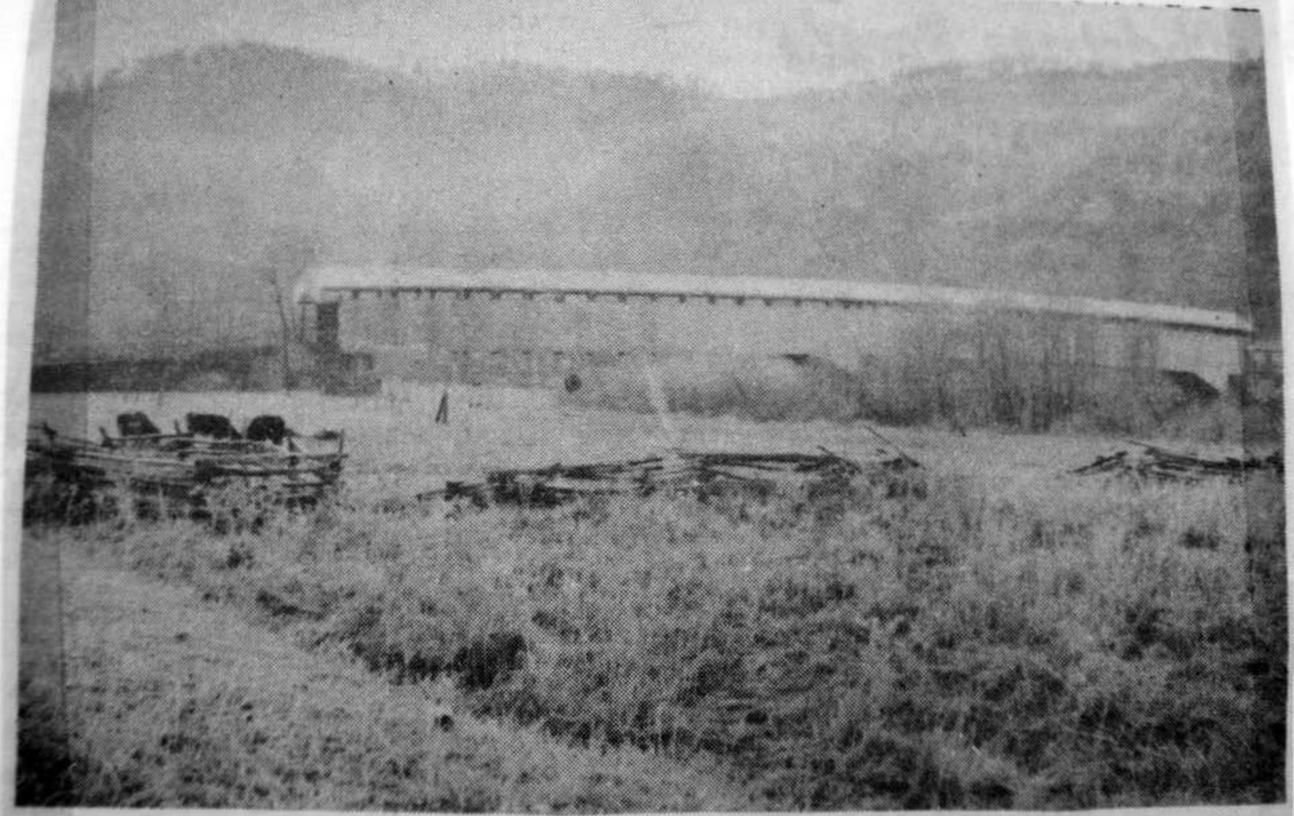


OLD TIME MARLINTON

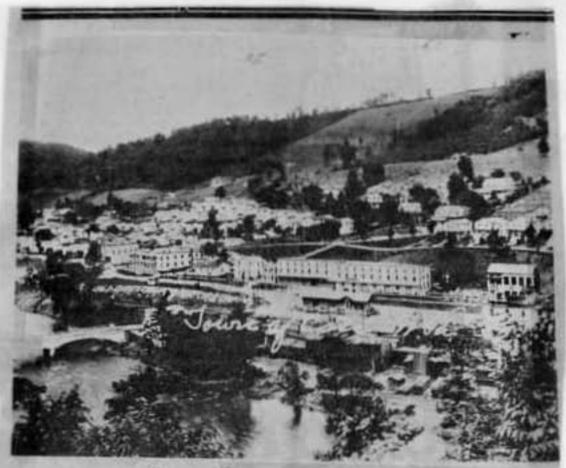


These are two views of the covered bridge at Marlinton, built in 1854 and replaced in 1915. Both photos were taken by Dr. N. R. Price on glass negatives in the 1890's. The original negatives are part of the photo collection of the Pocahontas County Historical Society.





These are two views of the covered bridge at Marlinton, built in 1854 and replaced in 1915. Both photos were taken by Dr. N. R. Price on glass negatives in the 1890's. The original negatives are part of the photo collection of the Pocahontas County Historical Society.



Town of Cass about 1910

Cass

The deed for the Town of Cass was recorded in the County Clerk's Office Tuesday. The deed was made from Mower Lumber Company to the State of West Virginia, for use of the Department of Natural Resources; the consideration was \$669,611 for about twenty pages of tracts and parcels of land.

Governor Moore at a news conference last week announced the purchase had been completed and the town would be restored as a logging town in the early 1900's.

In a telephone call Tuesday, Kermit McKeever, Chief of the Division of Parks and Recreation, Department of Natural Resources, said first attention would have to go to basic operations such as water, sewage, etc., and determination of leases. The land is an addition to the already existing Cass Scenic Railroad State Park. Otherwise no definite plans have been made for the restoration.

Letter

Dear Mrs. Sharp · The picture of Cass in 1910 surely brought old memories back to me, because my father, mother and four children moved to Cass that spring from Alton. He was a sawmill man, Isaac Samuel Pringle. I remember so many nice people where the mill sat, especially the Cassells and often thought how I would like to meet them again. My father's first work was for a Max Curry, from Marlinton. My father later went from portable to band mills at Grove City just below the tunnel. The Mc-Clures (especially Ovid) Jane McClure became my aunt, married George Sparks from Baptist Valley close to Princeton.

Hoping to hear from some one that remembers as I have a lot of interesting stories to tell concerning the lumber business.

Letha Sparks
P. O. Box 721
Elyria, Ohio 44035

the two

For a number of years people of Bethel and surrounding communities worshiped in the different school houses. The old The old Moore school house, built out of logs and located a short distance from the Hosterman Road, was named for Jackson Moore. The Hoover school house, built on Abel Hoover's farm and named for him, was another place of worship and school. In later years it was replaced by a new building. Another school house named the Big Fill, located on Route 250 at the base of Cheat Mountain. got its name from a fill made in the road across the

The above named school houses were the first to be built. In later years a school house was built on F. K. Moore's farm and named the Cherry Grove School because a number of cherry trees stood close by.

Two school houses were built in Hosterman; one in the town and the other one a short distance up the creek from town. They took their name from the town.

Also, at Boyer Siding a school house was used for a number of years or until the band mill finished sawing.

All of the above named places served a two-fold purpose, a place of worship and school too, but time brings vast changes, so as more people came into the different communities the need for a church was seen.

In the early spring of 1904, a few sawmill men who were doing some sawing for F. K. Moore, one beautiful Sunday evening made the remark that this would be a good time to go to church. Since there was no church to go to, it was decided that two men go up the road and two down to see if a church was wanted.

The men found everyone in favor of a church. No further plans of a place or size were decided between the Brethren and the Southern Methodist, so in the early summer of 1904 the Brethren began building their church on the Samuel Hevener farm and the church was dedicated late that summer.

This delayed the building of the Bethel Church for a time, but in the summer of 1905 a building committee was formed consisting of Ben Simmers, Wallace Curry, Thomas Houchin and Forrest K. Moore. This committee made plans as to location, size and building material being donated.

Forrest K. Moore gave one acre of ground for the church and cemetery. The present location of the church was the one selected for the building. In the early summer of 1906 carpenters began work on the new church. The head carpenter was Fred Mauzy and a helper, a Mr. Mullenax. By early fall it was completed and shortly thereafter was dedicated as the Southern Methodist Church. However, since the merger of the two branches. it is now a United Methodist Church.

In those days a dedication with a free dinner on
the ground always drew a
large crowd. People came
in buggies, road wagons,
horseback, and some walked ten miles or more, but
not an auto was there. The
dedicatorial sermon was
preached by Rev. Jackson
Lamber, of Maryland. The
first preacher to serve on
the Bethel charge was Rev.
Albert Vandevender; the
next was Rev. H. Q. Burr.

The church has recently been enlarged by the addition of four Sunday School rooms, a kitchen, running water, a modern furnace and aluminum siding was put on the outside for covering. The inside was covered with paneling. A new foundation of concrete blocks, a vestibule and a bell donated by Mrs. Lennie Nottingham was placed in the belfry. At first, chairs were used to seat the people but they proved unsatisfactory, so pews A piano, were added. tables, chairs and a library are used.

Well we know that Old Father Time brings vast changes in communities and churches. Of the large crowd that attended the dedication. less than a dozen are alive today. All of the above named school houses are gone. A church built by the Progressive Brethren near the Hoover school house burned down. The Hevener Brethren Church stands idle for lack of enough members. A few members attend the Brethren Church at Durbin.

The Bethel Church needs more members. We have preaching each Sunday at 9:45 followed by Sunday School.

Mistakes have been made and are still being made in building churches. For lack of cooperation between the Methodist and Brethren, two churches were built while one would have served the needs of the members and saved cost and upkeep of two churches.

May the Bethel Church long continue to function as a place for Christians to worship their Maker and Redeemer while on earth and its influence shed a light on lost souls.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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THURSDAY, JAN. 27, 1977

Settlers in Pocahontas County Before 1800

A special committee of the Pocahontas County Historical Society is completing the final work necessary to locate the cabin sites of the pioneers living in Pocahontas County before the year of 1800. A number of cabin sites have been found but there are still a large number of sites which have not been located.

Once all of the possible cabin sites are located, the sites will be permanently marked and the locations recorded at the Pocahontas County Courthouse. The committee has determined that the following settlers lived in Pocahontas County before the year 1800. The cabin sites of those names marked with an asterisk * have already been located.

Buckeye-Marlinton-Knapps Creek Area

Alderman, Ezekial, Auldridge, William, Sr., Baxter, John; Baker, Henry; Bradshaw, John; Bridger, James; Bridger, John; Brown, Joseph; Brown, Josiah; *Buckley, Joshua; Cleek, Michael; Daugherty, Michael; Drinnon, Charles; Drinnon, Lawrence; Drinnon, Thomas; Ewing, John; Ewing, William; Friel, Jeremiah: *Galford, Thomas, Sr.; *Gay, Robert: Gregory, Knapp; Grimes, Felix: Holcomb, Timothy: Johnson, John; Kee. George; *Lightner, Peter; Marlin Jacob; Matthews, Sampson; McCarty, Timothy; McCollum, William; McNeil, Thomas; Moore, Aaron; Moore, James; Moore, John; Moore, Joseph; Moore, Levi, Sr.;
*Moore, Moses; Moore,
Robert; Moore, William;
Poage, James; *Sewall,
Stephen; Sharp, John;
Sharp, William, Sr.; Slator,
Patrick; Smith, John; Wanless, William; Webb, John;
Waugh, James; Waugh,
Samuel; Young, William.

Indian Forts
*Drinnon Fort; *Greenbrier
Fort

Hillsboro-Mill Point Area Beard, Josiah; Brinnell, James; Burgess, Nathan; Burgess, John, Jr.; Burnsides, John; Burnsides, James: Cackley, Valentine: *Callison, James; Clendennin, William; Clendenning, Charles; Cochran, John; Cochran, Thomas; Day, David; Day, John; Day Nathaniel; David, Thomas; Davis, John; Dick, John; Edmiston, William; Evans, Griffith; Gilliland, Samuel; Gillion, Nathan; Hannah, David, Sr.; Harper, Henry; Hill, John; *Hill, Richard; Hughes, Ellis; James, David; Jordan, John; *Kinnison, Charles; Kinnison, David; Kinnison, Edward; Kinnison, Jacob; Lewis, James; Mayse, William; McGennis, John; Mc-Neel, Abraham; McNeel, Isaac; *McNeel, John; Mc-Neil, Jonathan; Naylor; Oldham; Pennell, John; Poage, John; Poage, William; Salisbury, William; Scott, Thomas; Seybert, Jacob; Switzer, John; Waddell, Alexander: Waddell, William.

Indian Forts

Fort Austin, Fort Burnside, Fort Clendenen, *Fort Day, (Fort Buckley), Fort Ellis. Dunmore-Green Bank-

Bartow Area Arbogast, Adam; *Bible. Jacob; *Burner, Abram; *Collins, John; *Conrad, John H.; *Cooper, James; Gillispie, Jacob; Griffin, Benona; Higgins, William; Hartman, Godlip; Ingraham, Abraham; Ingraham, Peter; Jarvis, Thomas; Kerney, James; *Kerr, Daniel; McCartee, James; McKamey, James; *Nottingham, William, Sr.; Rucker, James; Rucker, James, Jr.; Sitlington, Robert; *Slaven, John; Sloan; *Sutton, John, Sr.; Tallman, James; Tallman, Samuel; Taylor, William: Warwick, Andrew: Warwick, Jacob; *Warwick. John; Warwick, John, Jr. Warwick, William; *Wooddell, Joseph; Wooddell, Thomas; *Yeager, John.

Indian Forts
Mouth of Deer Creek
Fort, Joseph Wooddell
Fort, Warwick Fort at Clover Lick, Warwick Fort at
Dunmore, *Warwick Fort
at Green Bank.

If you have any information on the above settlers or additional names to add to the list, please contact Larry Jarvinen, Chairman, 824 15th Avenue, Marlinton, W. Va. or any Pocahontas

Pocahontas in 1823

The extract printed below is from a letter written by Col. J. Howe Peyton, the first commonwealth's attorney of this county, on his first term of the "Superior Court" which was held after the formation of the county. The two buildings, which he speaks of, were situated on the site of Mr. C.R. Moore's house. The county in 1830 contained 2,542 people. Col. Peyton traveled with Judge Stuart from Staunton, and as his letter shows, he was considerably impressed with the crudeness of the manner of living west of the Alleghany:

"On Tuesday at two o'clock we arrived at Huntersville, the seat of Justice of Pocahontas County-a place as much out of the world as Crim Tartary. Owing to the bad condition of the roads we were fatigued and bore many marks of travel stain. The so called town of Huntersville consists of two illyconstructed time worn, though it is not time which has worn them,) weather beaten cabins built on logs and covered with clapboards. My negro cabins on Jackson's River are palaces in comparison with them.

One of these wretched hovels is the residence of John Bradshaw, the other is called the loom house for these people are self sustaining. They spin and weave. The big wheel and the little wheel are birring in every hut and throwing off the woolen and linen yarn to be worked up for family purposes. home-spun cloth, too, is stronger and more durable than that brought by our merchants from Northern manufacturers.

In Bradshaw's dwelling there is a large fireplace which occupies one entire side, the gable end. The chimney is enormous and so short that the room is filled with light which enters this way. It is an ingenious contrivance for letting all the warmth escape through the chimney, whilst most of the smoke is driven back into the chamber. In the chimney corner I prepared my legal papers before a roaring fire, surrounded by rough mountaineers, who were drinking whiskey and as night advanced, growing riotous. In the back part of the room two beds were curtained off with horse blankets-one for the Judge and one for myself. To the left of the fireplace stood old Bradshaw's couch. In the loft, to which

they ascended, by means of a ladder, his daughter and the hired woman slept, and at times of a crowd, a wayfarer. The other guests were sent to sleep in the Loom House, in which was suspended in the loom a half-woven piece of cloth. Three beds were disposed about the room, which completed its appointmentsone was allotted to Sampson Mathews, a second to George Mays, and John Brown. The loom was used as a hat rack at night and for sitting on, in the absence of chairs in the day. As there was not a chair or stool beyond those used by the weaving women, my clients roosted on the loom while detailing their troubles and receiving advice.

"Bradshaw's table is well supplied. There is profusion, if not prodigality in the rich, lavish bounty of the goodly tavern. We had no venison, as this is a shy season with the deer, but excellent mutton with plenty of apple sauce, peach pie, roasting ears. As a mark of deference and respect to the Court, I presumed, we had a table cloth-they are not often seen on Western tables and when they are, are not innocent of color-and clean sheets upon our beds. This matter of the sheets is no small affair in out of the way places, as it not unfrequently happens that wanderers communicate disease through the bedclothing. Old Bradshaw's family is scrupulously clean which is somewhat remarkable in a region where cleanliness is for the most part on the outside. A false modesty seems to prevent those salutary ablutions which are so necessary to health, and I did not commend myself to the good graces of the hired woman by insisting on my footbath every morning.

We remained five days at Huntersville closely engaged in the business of Court, which I found profitable. Pocahontas is a fine grazing county, and the support of the people is mainly derived from their flocks of cattle, horses and sheep, which they drive over the mountains to market. There is little money among them except after these excursions, but they have little need of it-every want is supplied by the happy country they possess, and of which they are as fond as the Swiss of their mountains. It is a pretty country, a country of diversified an beautiful scenery in which there is a wealth of verdure and variety which keeps the attention alive and the outward eye delighted.

Some Snow!

During the winter of 1855, the Trotter Brothers had a contract with the U.S. Govern ment to carry the mail between Huttonsville (Randolph County) and Staunton, Virginia. The brothers had made the trip from Huttonsville to Staun ton and a severe snow storm came up while they were in Staunton and on their return trip could not cross Cheat Mountain, and as the result of this delayed trip, the people in the Tygart Valley complained to Postal Authorities about the delay in delivery of their mail. The Postal authorities wrote the brothers for an explanation, and the following is an exact worded copy of their answer.

Mr. Postmaster General, Washington, D. C. Sir:

If you knock the gable end out of Hell and back it up against Cheat Mountain and rain fire and brimstone on it for forty days and forty nights, it won't melt the snow enough to get your d---- mail through on time.

Yours Truly Trotter Brothers By: (s) James Trotter"

This letter was kept in the office of the Postmaster General in Washington, D.C. as late as 1934, framed and hung on the wall. I obtained a copy on the official Postal Department stationary during that year.

GLV

CCC

Letter

Dear Sirs:

Between 1934 and 1935 approximately two score Civilian and Soil Conservation Service work camps were established in West Virginia from Hancock to McDowell counties and at Cabell to Berkeley Counties and at most counties between.

I was fortunate to have lived in and worked at two of these camps for six years. In fact, I met my wife to be and was married the last two years of camp. I know today only six of the hundreds I lived and worked with. I supposed many died during the interven-

ing 35 years.

Every group worth its salt should have at least one Homecoming during a lifetime. I would like to suggest or propose that the newspapers in this State sponsor such a homecoming; extending invitations to the States of Kentucky, Ohio and Indiana, who sent boys into this State, that I know of, and suspect from many other states. Would further suggest a date or dates in July or August 1977. Each member would return to his choice of campsites to meet with old friends and inspect the sites with all their improvements-parks, campgrounds, farmland and forests. I am mailing copies of this letter to the editor of approximately a dozen newspapers that I know of and trust your judgment whether the expenses and effort required is justified. Thank you.

Vellar C. Plantz 640 Maple Ave.No.4 New Martinsville, WV 26155

This paper certainly endorses Mr. Plantz's idea for reunions of the men that worked in various CCC Camps although we are not in the position to be the organizers of the ones in Pocahontas County. The history of the CCC camps in Pocahontas and other counties does need to be recorded and is a worthwhile project for someone to undertake. It seems that most historical projects are begun at least one generation too late-after the participants have passed from this life. With the CCC camps the situation is different providing the work of writing their history is begun before too many more years pass and reunions are a good way to collect a good deal of thismaterial.

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The following article on the CCC was written by Meade L. Waugh for the Glen Vaughan collection of Pocahontas County history.

Recollections of the Civilian Conservation Corps. [CCC] 1933-1937

Written for the
Lt. Glen L. Vaughan
"Pocahontas County
Bicentennial

The CCC was established in March 1933 by an Act of the 73rd Congress. It was an agency born of hope from the devastating economic and social catastrophe of the "great Depression."

sion." The purpose of the CCC was generally twofold. First it was to provide a means whereby thousands of young men, from economcally depressed families could be given gainful employment and at the same time assist their fathers, mothers, sisters and brothers at home. The second general purpose of the CCC was to provide the manpower for the conservation and renewal of our devastated forests and establishment of public parks and recreational areas through out the nation.

CCC Camps, of about 200 men each, were setup at appropriate locations all across the country. The Army was given responsibility of administration, housing, clothing, feeding, paying and of having the men ready for work each day. At that time the Army in the United States was organized into Corps Areas. The V Corps comprised the states of Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky and West Virginia. Fifth Corps tteadquarters was located at Fort Hays, in Columbus, Ohio. Each state was a Military District. West Virginia District Headquarters was in Charleston. The districts were divided into sectors, Marlinton, Elkins, Richwood, Lewisburg, Clarksburg etc.

Various technical services, i e, National Forest Service, State Forest Service, National and State Park Service, etc, were given the responsibility for the projects of the camps located in their forests or parks.

The first camps were established and administrated primarily by personnel from the regular Army (there were a few Navy and Marine personnel). It is interesting to recall that the Standing Army in 1932 was only about seventy thousand men, and a private's pay was \$21 per month. Gradually members of the Officers Reserve Corps

were called to active duty and assigned to the CCC The camps were operated as military companies, army clothing, bedding and feeding were handled on army basis. The Mess Officer was given a ration allowance, about thirty five cents per man per day. He bought fresh vegetables, fruit and other perishables from local suppliers and requisitioned "dry" stores from the Corps Area Quartermaster. (The purchase of a great deal of equipment, supplies and services within the local communities, was a considerable economic help during the depression). Most camps had their own vegetable gardens and some raised a few hogs and chickens. These projects were carried on by the men after working hours, and served to supplement the regular army rations.

Each enrouses was p \$30 per month of which \$25 was sent to his parents by allotment and he would receive \$5 in cash. In addition the enrollee ceived housing, clothing, food and medical attention. Any one who lived during those depression days. knows of the economic help this \$25 a month provided those families. The benefits derived by the thousands of young men who were given meaningful jobs in the CCC is immeasurable. Thousands of them learned skills which equipped them for good jobs later on. Many learned machine and equipment operation and maintenance, welding, truck driving, forestry, surveying and many learned office skills such as typing and bookkeeping. Hundreds became cooks and medical assistants. Most of all it gave them hope at a time when things looked rather hopeless. When the country went to war in December 1941, the men with CCC experience performed a great service in forming the nucleus of administration for the rapidly expanding army.

The work performed by the CCC under the direction of the various technical services was near miraculous. Prior to the CCC our forests and timber land were burned over almost without control, each spring and fall. Brush thickets and charred tree trunks covered our hillsides. Mountain streams were clogged and littered, and wildlife suffered the ravages of this forest neglect. With the help of the CCC the Forest Service built fire roads, cleared up streams and planted millions of trees throughout the vast forests of our country. The Park Services built and rehabilitated hundreds of state and national parks all over the nation.

and parks stand as living evidence of the efforts of thousands of young men who were without hope, but were organized into one of the great "experiments" of our country to the benefit of themselves, their families and the enduring public

good.

The writer was privileged to have had a part in the CCC. I had earned a commission as a Reserve Officer in the army through attendance at Civilian Citizen Military Training Camp during the summers of 1929-1932 so was ordered to duty during the CCC expansion in the spring of 1935. I served in various camps throughout West Virginia, including Black Black Mountain Camp F 15 and Camp Thornwood F 6 in Pocahontas County. My assignments ranged from Camp Commander, mess officer, exchange officer,, finance officer, and on some occasions, all at the same time. As a very young officer I had to learn quickly, I made many mistakes and received much help from all sides. I want to mention a few people that I knew and was associated with in the CCC who were from Pocahontas County or who had connections there.

The only Reserve Officer with whom I was acquainted in the CCC from Pocahontas was Lt. Quinn L. Oldaker, of Durbin. He was a member of the Cadre that established Camp Thornwood. Capt. Wilfred Jackson was at Black Mountain along with Lt. Floyd Ingram. Capt. Jackson lived a number of years in Marlinton and Lt. Ingram was married to the former Miss Billie Nelson, of Marlinton. Bill Kramer, of Bartow, was camp superintendent at Black Mountain and Pete Hanlon was superintendent at Thornwood. Lt. Fred Reilly married the daughter of Tim Kenealy, of Cass. Also several young ladies of Pocahontas found good husbands through the CCC. Among them were Miss Kathryn Adkison married Julian Fawcett, and Miss Mabel McNeill married "Bunk" Conrad, of Hammond, Indiana, Alice Fortune married Carl Ballentine (ips)

While I was at Camp Nicholas at Cowen, Rev. H. H. Orr, former Presbyte-

rian minister at Marlinton. who was at that time in Richwood, conducted services at least once a month at the camps in that area. Mrs. Orr would play a portable organ which they carried in the trunk of the car. Rev. and Mrs. Orr were wonderful, unselfish people who served God's children wherever they found them. E. C. Daetwyler, long associated with the First National Bank in Marlinton, was during CCC days a banker in Webster Springs. He was always helpful to the CCC personnel.

My brother-in-law, Bruce Crickard served in several different camps including Camp Watoga where he helped supervise the building of the dam for Watoga Lake. Odie Clarkson, of Cass, who later lived in Marlinton, served with the technical service at Thornwood while I was there and Neal McKissic, who married Oleta Rhea and settled in Marlinton, was an equipment operator at Black Mountain. Of course there were many more local people who served so well and contributed much to the success of the CCC.

The hard work, the snow, rain, mud and at times bitter cold or stifling heat: the seemingly endless inspections, the CCC pills seems pretty small now in light of the lasting accomplishments in conservation of forests and parks, and of thousands of American youth of the "Great Depression."

Meade L. Waugh May 31, 1976 Fort Wayne, Ind. Whiskey's Tale

I am a bottle
They call my name whiskey
They buy me and drink me
And think they feel frisky

Though I make them vomit And get them in jail They always come back on The day of my sale

Though I make a fellow Best up on his wife And threaten to cut off Her head with a knife

And cuss her and drive her Right out in the snow Without any clothes on And nowhere to go

And swear at the children And scold them and rave And threaten to brain them If they don't behave

And smash up the bureau and furniture all And kick down the pictures That hang on the wall

Though I cause a fellow To hit his own dad And yell at his mother And make her feel bad

Or jerk her and shove her Around in the house Till she feels as happy As a cornered mouse

And then puke all over The bed and the floor And swoon into slumber And slobber and snore

For me they are willing
To shell out the cash
Which would buy their
family
Some bread and some hash

My fury is seen in My sparkle and foam So they bag the bottle To carry me home

A little ashamed for The people who spy To look through the bottle And know it is I

But when they get somewhere Where no one can see They turn up the bottle And fill up with me Then all their shame leaves them And all their respect Till even good husbands Will not be henpecked

When I am no more than The essence of grain Or fruit and am needed No one should abstain

But when I am polluted With drugs and with dirt Then people who drink me Do so to their hurt

To drug me and sell me Is very unkind Someday in God's Kingdom I shall be refined

Turn now to Isaiah Read twenty five, six And Amos nine, fourteen God's clock of time ticks

See John, second chapter Where Jesus made wine Which tickled the tipplers Who said it was fine

Harper Anderson

I found this poem among some of my valuable possessions, that is to me they are. Some of my children call it Mom's junk, and I do save everything I think I may use or perhaps someone else may be able to. I get my temper up once in awhile, when I go to clean, and will throw something away. Then I will go through it a time or two before completely disposing of it.

One thing I can say I am really thankful for is that I voted against intoxicating drinks. I told one lady that I was going to vote against it; she said, "Oh, no, Mildred, then the moonshiners will take over. I told her, well, if they did that we wouldn't be held responsible that it would be the ones that bought it and drank it. I never did know how she voted but I often wondered.

I will never forget the time when I ran upon a still which was upon a wooded hill from what we use to call the Taylor hollow. This is the honest truth, it isn't one of Pete Taylor's lies. I saw the smoke from our old home place and of course "Old Nosey" went to in-vestigate. When I looked down the nozzle of that gun, I thought, Oh my, this is it. I am telling you I took down off of that hill and said I won't tell no one and I didn't. I am not saying yet who was standing there with that gun. Well anyway the still was moved to where I never did know and surely didn't try to find out. I was around eight or nine years old at that time, so that would have been around the year 1922.

I know that it has been a long time since this poem "Whiskey's Tale" was published for on the back of the copy I have is an advertisement from the A & P Store, which states:

Eight o'Clock Coffee-21 cents per lb., 3 lbs. 59 cents.

Bar H Candy Bars-3 for 10 cents.

Red Cross Towels-2 rolls-19 cents

Florida Oranges—8 lb. bag—63 cents.

Iceburg lettuce—head— 8 cents.

California Carrotsbunch-8 cents.

Maine Potatoes—peck bag—63 cents Golden Yams—lb. 10

cents White House Milk-4 tall

cans-35 cents
Lux toilet soap-Cake-7

Donuts-dozen-15 cents

There was also an advertisement For Sale—11-4 hp gasoline engine with belt; small feed mill and woodsaw outfit; one two horse sled, one good typewriter—See H. H. Beard, Beard, WV.

Mildred McLaughlin

Frontier Forts
Pocahontas County Rich
In Historical Localities

The old forts used in Indian time as shown by records and tradition in territory now comprising Pocahontas were as follows:

Fort Burnside—On Greenbrier River. Location not definitely known. Supposed to be near the station Burnside on the Greenbrier division of the C&O Railway.

Fort Clover Lick.— On Clover Creek about one and a half miles from its mouth, near the north fork of the creek, and about 300 yards from the residence of the late C. P. Dorr.

Fort Drennen—West of the public road, about 300 yards, in an old orchard, at the foot of Elk Mountain, half a mile northwest of Edray.

Fort Buckley—At Mill Point on the site of the home of Isaac McNeel, on the northern bank of Stamping Creek about one and one half miles from Greenbrier River. Sometimes called Fort Day or Fort Price.

Fort Warwick-Located on Deer Creek about three miles from its mouth and about four miles from Cass. This Fort was near the home of Peter H. Warwick.

There was also an old fort near Green Bank on land formerly owned by James Wooddell and now owned by Henry Wooddell. The name of this fort is not known. The old building was still standing a few years ago and may still be there.

There was also an old fort on Greenbrier River near the mouth of Stony Creek on the Levi Gay Farm, now owned by Pat Gay. It was at this place Baker was killed by the Indians. Richard Hill, the ancestor of all the Hills in the Levels, and Baker in the early morning went to the river to wash for breakfast, when the indians fired on them killing Baker but Hill escaped to the fort. The alarm was given that Indians were in the country and about twenty men came from the Levels but no trace could be found and upon their return to the

Levels, the Bridger boys left the main party and took a near cut and were killed in the low place on the mountain now owned by W. H. Auldridge where they were waylaid and killed by Indians.

Previous to the time of the forts named above, General Andrew Lewis, acting on instructions from the Governor of Virginia, in the year of 1755, established a fort known as Fort Greenbrier on the land that he had prior to that time surveyed at the mouth of Knapps Creek on the Greenbrier River. The river had been named in 1751, and this is demonstrated by the order to establish the fort at Greenbrier. This fort stood about where the Court House stands now. General Lewis was at this place when he marched his company to join Braddock. He was in the disastrous battle near Pittsburgh where Braddock was slain and left 800 men dead on the field. These bodies were not buried, until their bones were collected years after. It is probably the most savage occurrence in the history of the English

The work has begun to preserve the traditions of our ancestors. Every native born should see to it that the memory of our forefathers is not to perish from the earth. In the early history of Virginia, these men stood like a living wall between the savages of the west and the happy colonial homes of Virginia. And the line was never broken in the seventy odd miles of the frontier represented by the bounds of Pocahontas County.

The blood still runs in our veins. We hope and believe that it is the same heroic blood and that it will endure the test when it comes, as it most surely will. In the meantime, the least that we can do is to keep green the memory of the pioneers.

Reprinted from Pocahontas Times January 25, 1917.

POCAHONTAS COUNTY BICENTENNIAL

These few pages and the reprints from the Pocahontas Times and articles sent by friends interested in our counties history and our people over these two hundred years, though not written in any special style.

To Louise McNeill Pease our counties most famous poet I owe the insperation and urge to spend many long hours and trial and error to get these few articles bound together although not in any uniform order either in space or vears. This work should be dedicated to many people of Pocahontas, but looking back to 1910 to the present I must give credit to those who sent articles and their names are contained in their events and lines or stories given me. To cover everyone would take too much space so for space I add the following, which should be in first book.

This work I hereby dedicate to the following men, who in my younger years played such a lasting impression on my life. To my friends and life long advisors:-

I DEDICATE THIS PAPER

Mr. G.D.McNeill. Mr. C.W. Price. Mr. C.E. Denison.

/s/ Glen L. Vaughan